#### **Town of Ramapo**

# Comprehensive Plan Amendment for the Northeast Ramapo Development Plan and Comprehensive Plan Update of Town-wide Existing Conditions and

**Code Amendments for Northeast Ramapo** 

# DRAFT GENERIC ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT (DGEIS) APPENDICES – VOLUME IV OF IV:

#### APPENDICES L THROUGH M

#### **Lead Agency:**

Town of Ramapo Town Board Town Hall, 237 Route 59 Suffern, NY 10901

Contact: Michael Specht, Supervisor, Town of Ramapo

Phone: (845) 357-5100 Spechtm@ramapo-ny.gov

#### **Project Sponsor:**

Town of Ramapo Town Board Contact: Michael Specht, Supervisor Contact: Pam Corry, Building Department Town Hall, 237 Route 59 Suffern, NY 10901

#### **Prepared By**

M.J. Engineering & Land Surveying, P.C. 1533 Crescent Road Clifton Park, New York 12065 Contact: Jaclyn Hakes Phone: (518) 371-0799

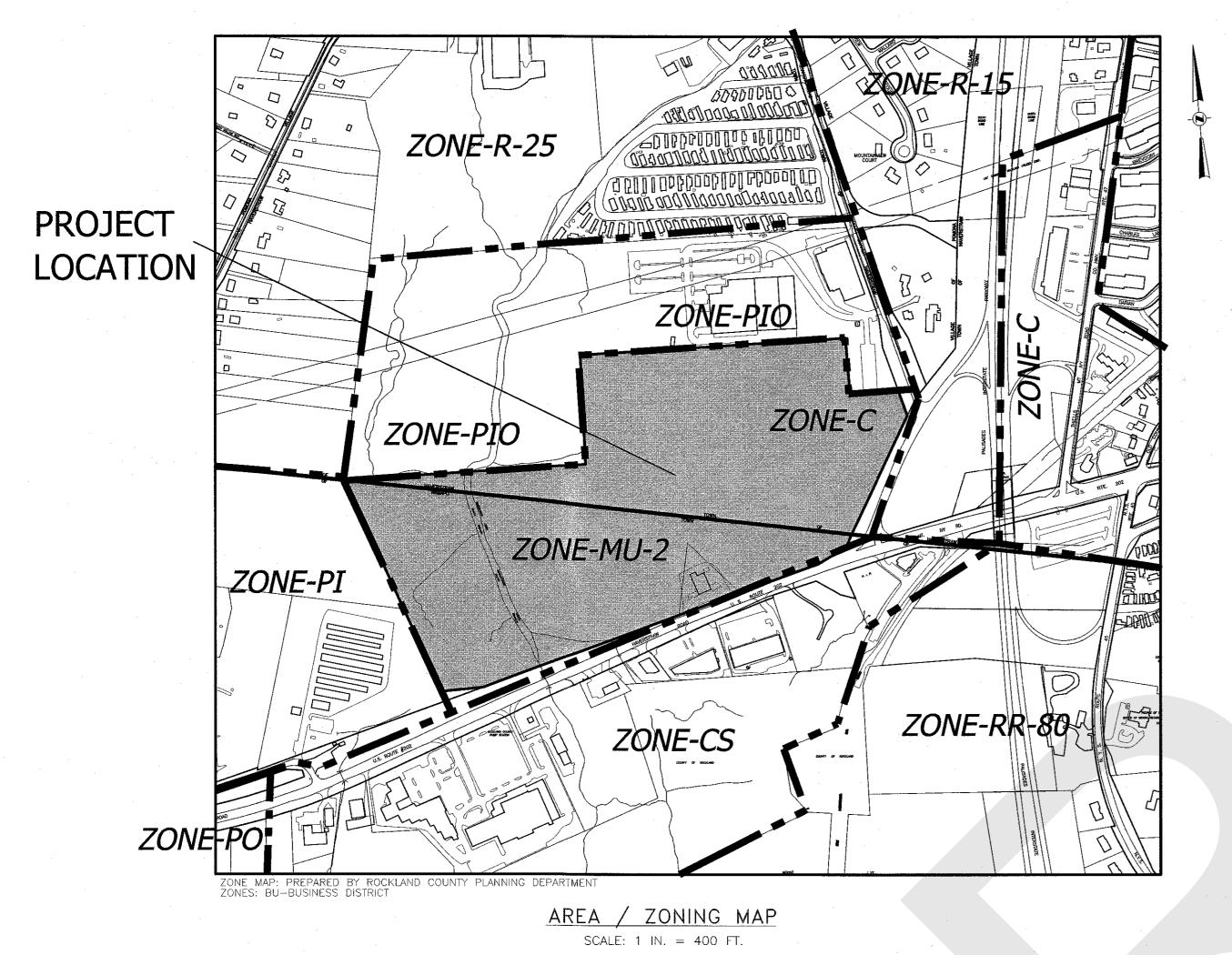
jhakes@mjels.com

#### **Table of Appendices - Volume IV of IV**

- L. Minisceongo Park Site Plan Information
- M. Miller's Pond Project Information and Correspondence

# APPENDIX L: MINISCEONGO PARK SITE PLAN INFORMATION

# PROPOSED MINISCEONGO PARK TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW TOWN OF RAMAPO ROCKLAND COUNTY, NEW YORK



# ADDITIONAL GOVERNING AGENCIES CONTACTS:

	UTILITY/ GOVERNING AGENCIES CONTACTS	CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITY—
CAS	JACQUELINE BUBENKO ROCKLAND ELECTRIC COMPANY 1 LETHBRIDGE PLAZA—SUITE 32 MAHWAH, NJ 07430 PHONE: 201—236—6017	-COORDINATE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES WITH GAS COMPANY TO ENSURE INSTALLATION OF GAS LINES ARE COMPLETED PRIOR TO ASPHALT OR CURB PLACEMENT AND PER THE GAS COMPANY REQUIREMENTS
TELEPHONE	CHRIS HERRITY VERIZON 500 SUMMIT LAKE DRIVE VALHALLA, NY 10595 PHONE: 914-741-8349	-COORDINATE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES WITH TELEPHONE COMPANY TO ENSURE INSTALLATION OF UNDERGROUND LINES ARE COMPLETED PRIOR TO ASPHALT OR CURB PLACEMENT  -PROVIDE AND INSTALL 2-4" SCHEDULE 40 PVC CONDUITS WITH PULL ROPES, INCLUDING ALL TRENCHING AND BACKFILLING, FROM THE RISER POLE UP TO THE BUILDING -PROVIDE AND INSTALL PULL BOXES AS PER TELEPHONE COMPANY REQUIREMENTS
ELECTRIC	JACQUENLINE BUBENKO ROCKLAND ELECTRIC COMPANY 1 LETHBRIDGE PLAZA SUITE 32 MAHWAH, NJ 07430 PHONE: 201-256-6017	-COORDINATE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES WITH ELECTRIC COMPANY TO ENSURE INSTALLATION OF UNDERGROUND LINES ARE COMPLETED PRIOR TO ASPHALT OR CURB PLACEMENT  -PROVIDE AND INSTALL 2-4" SCHEDULE 40 PVC CONDUITS WITH PULL ROPES, INCLUDING TRENCHING AND BACKFILLING, FOR THE UNDERGROUND PORTIONS OF THE PRIMARY FROM THE RISER POLE UP TO THE TRANSFORMER. SCHEDULE 80 PVC CONDUITS SHALL BE USED ON THE RISER POLE AND RIGID METAL, LONG RADIUS, ELBOWS SHALL BE USED WHERE THE UNDERGROUND PORTION MEETS THE RISER POLE AND TRANSFORMER PAD AS PER THE ELECTRIC COMPANY'S SPECIFICATIONS  -PROVIDE AND INSTALL ALL SECONDARY SERVICE AND MATERIALS
SANITARY SEWER TOWN OF RAMAPO	JOSEPH LAFIANDRA ROCKLAND COUNTY SEWER DISTRICT #1 4 ROUTE 340 ORANGEBURG, NEW YORK 10962 FAX: 845-365-6666 PHONE: 845-365-6111	-PROVIDE AND INSTALL SANITARY SEWER LINES AND ASSOCIATED APPURTENANCES PER THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATION -ALL PUBLIC AND PRIVATE SANITARY SEWER LINES SHALL BE PVC AND RATED SDR 26 -COORDINATE REQUIRED INSPECTION SERVICES WITH ENGINEER OF RECORD AND ROCKLAND COUNTY SEWER DISTRICT #1
SANITARY SEWER TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW	PATRICK BRADY, P.E. HAVERSTRAW JRSB, ECOLOGY, LANE WEST HAVERSTRAW, NY 10993 PHONE: 845-429-5715	
WATER	FRANK MCGLYNN SUEZ 60 DEVOE PLACE HACKENSACK, NY 07601-6105 FAX: 201-457-7970 PHONE: 201-457-7964	-PROVIDE AND INSTALL ALL WATER MAINS AND ASSOCIATED APPURTENANCES PER THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATION -ALL PUBLIC AND PRIVATE WATER MAINS SHALL BE C-900 PVC, DR14 CLASS 200 -ALL PORTIONS OF THE FIRE PROTECTION WATER SYSTEM SHALL BE INSTALLED BY A LICENSED FIRE SPRINKLER CONTRACTOR -COORDINATE REQUIRED INSPECTION SERVICES OF MAINS WITH UNITED WATER
STORM SEWER TOWN OF RAMAPO	TED DZURINKO, DIRECTOR PUBLIC WORKS 15 PIONEER AVENUE TALLMAN, NY 10982 PHONE: 845-357-0591	-PROVIDE AND INSTALL ALL STORM SEWER LINES AND ASSOCIATED APPURTENANCES PER THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATION -REFER TO GRADING PLAN FOR INFORMATION ON ALLOWABLE STORM SEWER MATERIALS
STORM SEWER TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW	PATRICK BRADY, P.E. STORMWATER MANANGEMENT OFFICE 1 ROSEMAN ROAD E-MAIL PBRADY@JRSB.ORG FAX: 845-429-4701	

UTILITY RESPONSIBILITY MATRIX FOR THIS PROJECT

FAX: 845-429-4701

PHONE: 845-429-2200

IAN SMITH, DEPUTY BUILDING INSPECTOR 845-357-5100 (EXT. 326) MalliaA@ramapo-ny.org TOWN OF RAMAPO FIRE INSPECTOR MICHAEL LEPORI, FIRE INSPECTOR 845-357-5100 (EXT. 216) TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW BUILDING INSPECTOR GEORGE BEHN JR., BUILDING INSPECTOR 845-942-3710 TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW FIRE INSPECTOR FREDERICK J. VIOHL, FIRE INSPECTOR 845-429-2200 NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION JOE TAYLOR, P.E., PERMIT ENGINEER 845-634-1892 **DEVELOPER**:

TOWN OF RAMAPO

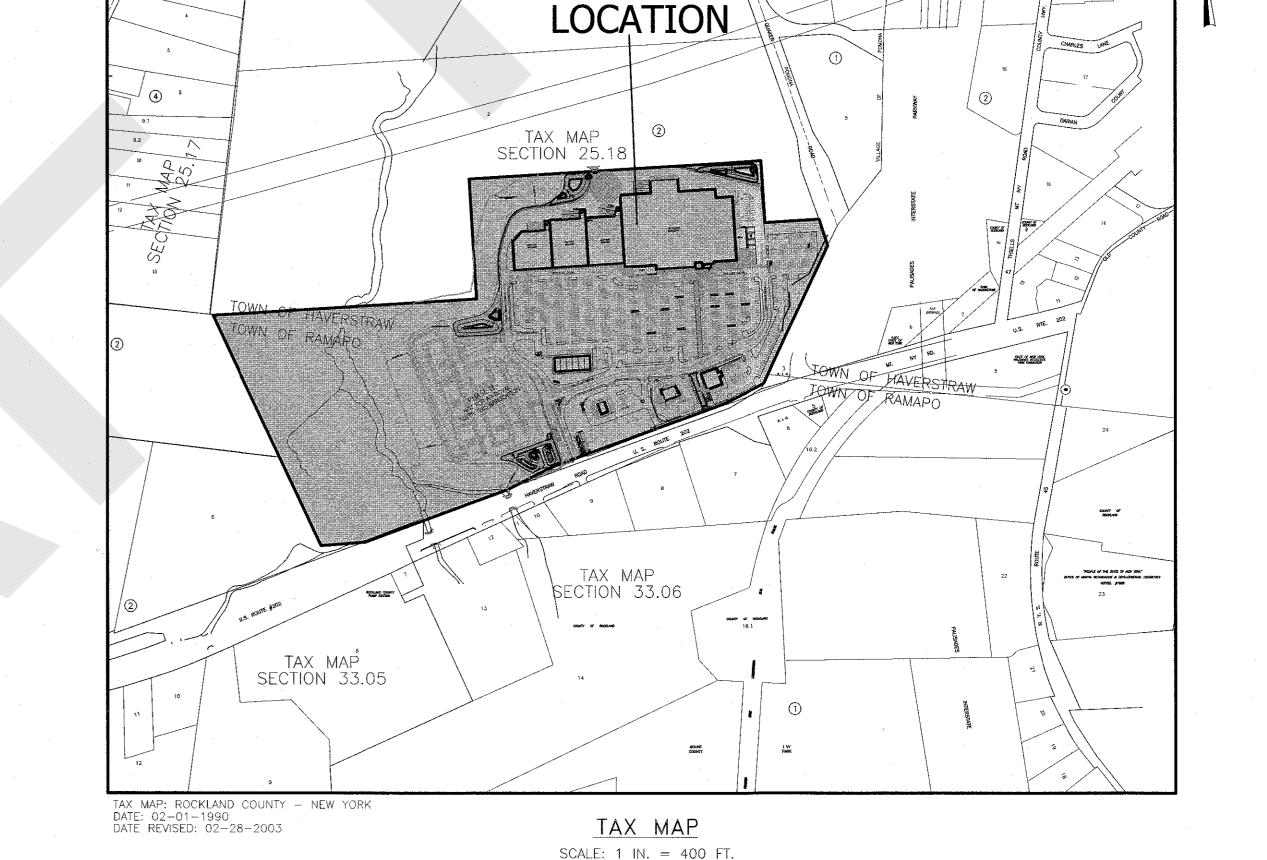
BUILDING, PLANNING AND ZONING

MT. IVY PARTNERS, LLC 2050 CENTER AVENUE-SUITE 670 FORT LEE, NEW JERSEY 07024

# TAX LOT REFERENCE:

TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW TAX LOTS 25.18-2-3 AND 25.18-2-4

TOWN OF RAMAPO TAX LOTS 33.06-1-1 AND 33.06-1-2



**PROJECT** 

### DRAWING LIST

CHAIRMAN PLANNING BOARD

TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW

DRAWING DESCRIPTION

DRAWING

NUMBER

DLI	·	MOMPEN	<u></u>	
-	COVER SHEET	P1.	MINISCEONGO BOULEVARD AND LIMITED ACCESS	ROAD PROFILES
	EXISTING CONDITION	P2.	WEST BRANCH DRIVE PROFILE	
	CONCEPT PLAN PHASE I	P3.	TWOTOWN DRIVE PROFILE STA 0+00 TO 8+00	
	HAVERSTRAW SITE PLAN	P4.	TWOTOWN DRIVE PROFILE STA 8+00 TO 14+00	
	RAMAPO SITE PLAN	P5.	PARKING LOT PROFILE	
	DELINEATION OF PARKING SPACES & SERVICE AREA	P6.	EMERGENCY ACCESS ROAD & WATER MAIN PRO	FILE
	FIRE APPARATUS ACCESS AND SIGNAGE	P7.	SEWER PLAN & PROFILE	
	OVERALL GRADING PLAN	P8.	SEWER PLAN & PROFILE	
	SITE GRADING PLAN - NORTHWEST QUAD	P9.	WATER MAIN PROFILE ALONG NORTH SIDE	
).	SITE GRADING PLAN - NORTHEAST QUAD	W-1	PROPOSED WALL PLAN	
١.	SITE GRADING PLAN - SOUTHWEST QUAD	W-2	PROPOSED WALL PLAN	
2.	SITE GRADING PLAN — SOUTHEAST QUAD	W-3	PROPOSED WALL PLAN	
3.	OVERALL UTILITY PLAN	W-4	PROPOSED WALL PLAN	
4.	SITE UTILITY PLAN - NORTHWEST QUAD	W-5	PROPOSED WALL PLAN	
ō.	SITE UTILITY PLAN — NORTHEAST QUAD			
5.	SITE UTILITY PLAN - SOUTHWEST QUAD		DRAWING LIST OF MASER CONSULTING	
7.	SITE UTILITY PLAN — SOUTHEAST QUAD	GN-1	GENERAL NOTES	
3.	OVERALL LIGHTING PLAN	MD-1	MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS	
9.	OVERALL LANDSCAPING PLAN	TS-1	TYPICAL SECTIONS	
0.	SITE LANDSCAPING PLAN - NORTHWEST QUAD	CGD-1	CONSTRUCTION, GRADING & DRAINAGE PLAN	
1.	SITE LANDSCAPING PLAN — NORTHEAST QUAD	CGD-2	CONSTRUCTION, GRADING & DRAINAGE PLAN	A BREATTER BY DE A SUBJECTION OF DE
2.	SITE LANDSCAPING PLAN - SOUTHWEST QUAD	CGD-3	CONSTRUCTION, GRADING & DRAINAGE PLAN	APPROVED BY PLANNING BOARD TOWN OF RAMAPO
3.	SITE LANDSCAPING PLAN — SOUTHEAST QUAD	CGD-4	CONSTRUCTION, GRADING & DRAINAGE PLAN	
4.	SIDEWALK, CURB AND PAVEMENT DETAILS	CGD-5	CONSTRUCTION, GRADING & DRAINAGE PLAN	AS
5.	WATER MAIN	SP-1	SIGNING & STRIPING PLAN	ON
6.	UNITED WATER NEW YORK WATER MAIN EXTENSION DETAILS	SP-2	SIGNING & STRIPING PLAN	
7.	POND DETAIL 1 (POND #1 & #2)	SP-3	SIGNING & STRIPING PLAN	SIGNED BY:
8.	POND DETAIL 2 (POND #4 & #5)	SP-4	SIGNING & STRIPING PLAN	
9.	POND DETAIL 3 (POND #3 & #6)	SP-5	SIGNING & STRIPING PLAN	DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS
0.	POND LANDSCAPING PLAN	T-1	TRAFFIC SIGNAL PLAN	
1.	DETAILS (PAVEMENT MARKINGS)	T-2	TRAFFIC SIGNAL PLAN	CHAIDMAN
2.	DETAIL SHEET	MPT-1	MAINTENANCE & PROTECTION OF TRAFFIC	CHAIRMAN
3.	STAGE 1	MPT-2	MAINTENANCE & PROTECTION OF TRAFFIC	
4.	STAGE 2	CS-1	CROSS SECTIONS	DIRECTOR OF BUILDING
5.	STAGE 3, 4 & PHASE II	CS-2	CROSS SECTIONS	PLANNING & ZONING
6.	EROSION CONTROL PLAN	CS-3	CROSS SECTIONS	
7.	EROSION CONTROL DETAILS	GR-1	GUDE RAIL DETAIL	
		ST-1	CULVERT #3 PLAN, ELEVATION AND SECTION	
		ST-2	CULVERT #4 PLAN, ELEVATION AND SECTION	"UNAUTHORIZED ALTERATIONS OR ADDITIONS TO A SURVEY MAP B LICENSED LAND SURVEYOR'S EMBOSSED SEAL IS A VIOLATION OF 7209, SUB-DIVISION 2, OF THE NEW YORK STATE EQUICATION LAW
		ST-3		"ONLY COPIES FROM THE CIRGINAL TRACING OF THIS SURVEY MAP OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK WITH THE LAND SURVEYOR'S EMBOSSED SEAL SHALL BE CONSIDER
		ST-4	CULVERT DETAILS DRAWINGS AND/OR SPECIFICATIONS, UNL	SON ALTERING ANYTHING ON THESE VALID TRUE COPIES." THE ACCOMPANING ESS IT IS UNDER THE DIRECTION PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE EXISTING CODE OF PRACTICE PRESSIONAL ENGINEER: WHERE SUCH LAND SURVEYOR'S ADOPTED BY THE DELAWARE — HUBON LAND

DRAWING

NUMBER

DRAWING DESCRIPTION

DATE



FINAL PLANNING BOARD APPROVAL TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW APPROVED BY RESOLUTION OF THE PLANNING BOARD OF THE TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW, ON THE\_\_\_\_\_DAY OF\_\_\_\_\_,20\_\_, SUBJECT TO ALL REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS OF SAID RESOLUTION AND REQUIRED IMPROVEMENT AND AGREEMENTS, ANY CHANGE, ERASURE, MODIFICATION OR REVISION OF THIS PLAT AS APPROVED SHALL VOID THIS APPROVAL

CHAIRMAN, PLANNING BOARD

TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW

RECTOR OF BUILDING PLANNING & ZONING "UNAUTHORIZED ALTERATIONS OR ADDITIONS TO A SURVEY MAP BEARING A LICENSED LAND SURVEYOR'S EMBOSSED SEAL IS A VIOLATION OF SECTION 7209, SUB-DIVISION 2, OF THE NEW YORK STATE EQUICATION LAW, "ONLY COPIES FROM THE GIRGINAL TRACING OF THIS SURVEY MAP MARKED WITH THE LAND SURVEYOR'S EMBOSSED SEAL SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO BE VALID TRUE COPIES."

"CRITICATION INDICATED HERE ON SIGNIFY THAT THIS SURVEY WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE EXISTING CODE OF PRACTICE FOR LAND SIGNIFYON'S AND OTHER BY THE PIE MARKE — HIDSON LAND. ROCKLAND COUNTY, NEW YORK

7	3-10-14	PER MASER COMMENTS ON R.O.W.
. 6	6-12-13	REVISION PER RCDA COMMENTS 8-29-12, P1-P6 & P-9 WATER MAIN DETAILS
5	11-28-12	VARIANCES GRANTED DATE, NOTE 8 ON SHT. 3 & 4, NOTE 23 ON SHT. 3 & 5, ROAD IMPROVEMENT AT ACCESS TO P.I.P, LIGHT QTY., LANDSCAPING LEGEND
4	9-27-12	SIGNATURE BOXES, GENERAL NOTES, MINOR LANDSAPING AND LIGHTING REVISION, NEW DRAWINGS 33-37 & P-9
3	6-18-12	PROFILES, RETENTION DETAILS, VARIANCES
2	5-15-12	MAJOR REDESIGN ITEMS: RELOCATION OF EMERGENCY ACCESS, ADDITONAL RETENTION PONDS, ADDITIONAL EMERGENCY ACCESS BETWEEN PADS D & I PHASE II DEPICTED, 20 FT. LANDSCAPE BUFFER ALONG THE EAST BOUNDAR
1	1-13-12	FIRST SUBMISSION DRAWINGS 1-23
REVISION	DATE	DESCRIPTION

ENGINEERS-SURVEYORS-PLANNERS

P.O. Box 636

9-13-17 PER COURT ORDER DWG. 1-7

8-21-15 REVISION PER NEW USER PAD "C"

3-11-15 PER RCDA COMMENTS 10-3-14

6-27-14 PER RCDA COMMENTS 9-17-13

10-24-17 PAD "C" REVISED ALL MAPS, UPDATE CONTACT PEOPLE



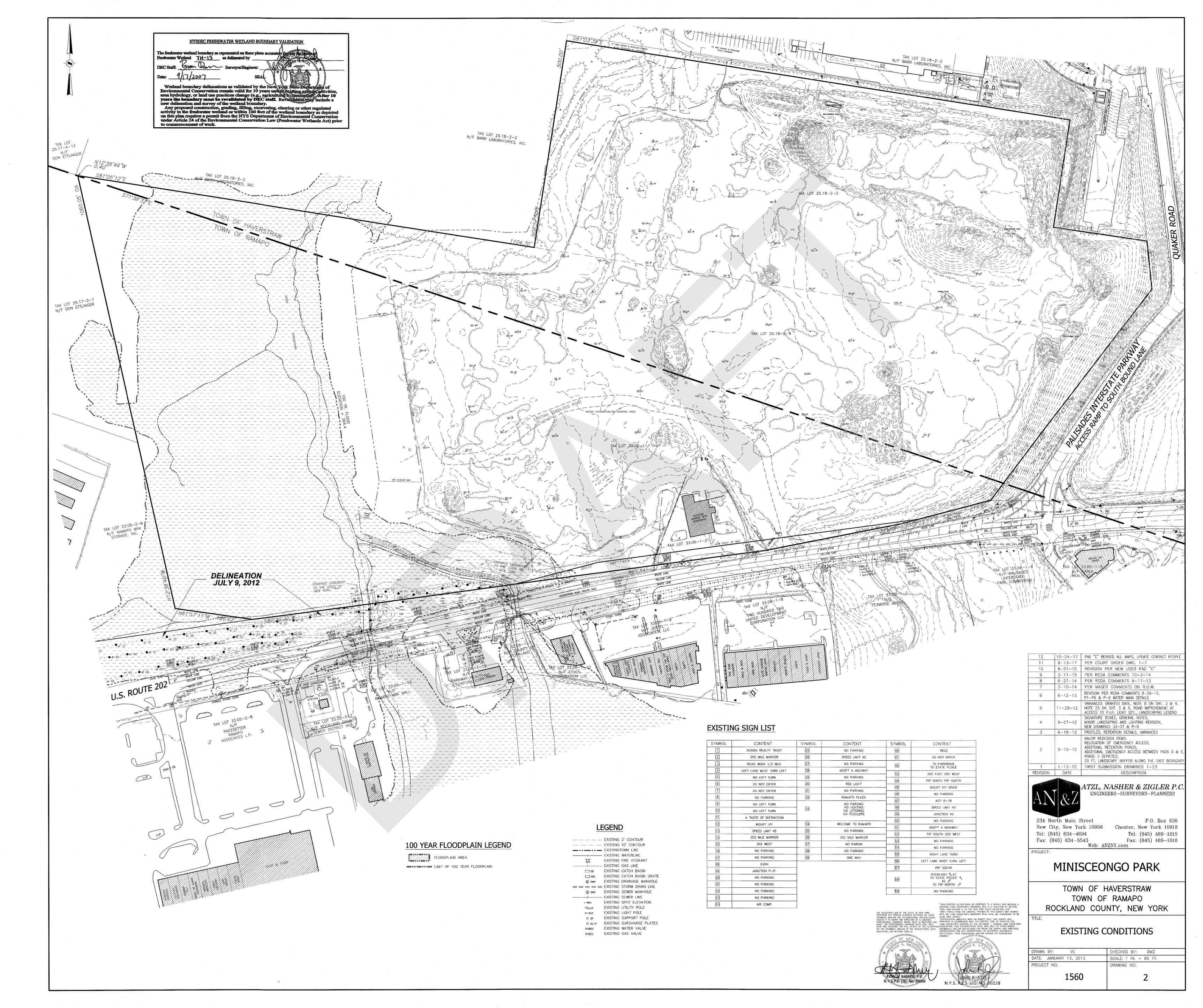
Chester, New York 10918 Tel: (845) 469-1015 Fax: (845) 634-5543 Fax. (845) 469-1016 Web: ANZNY.com PROJECT:

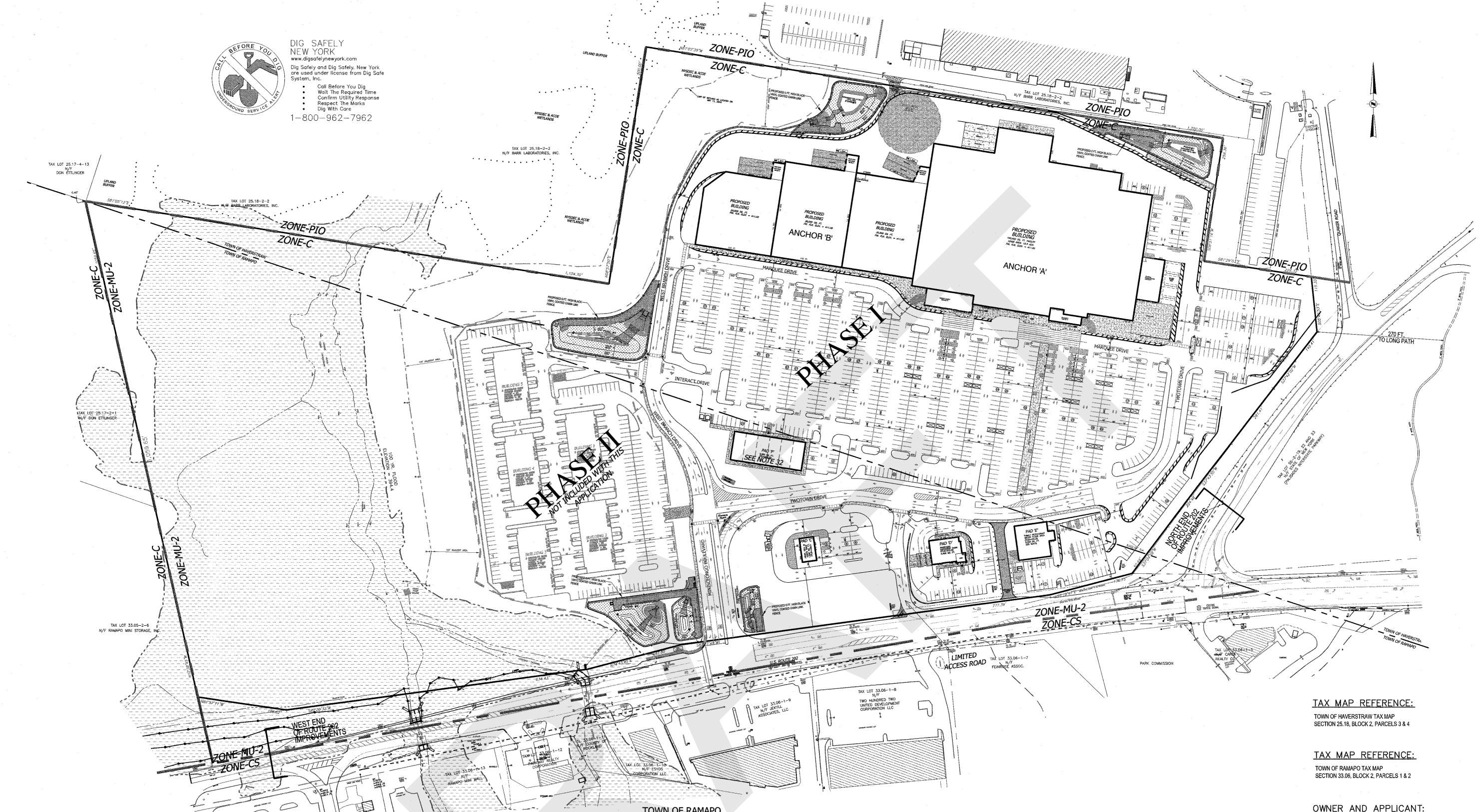
MINISCEONGO PARK (PHASE I)

NYSDOT PIN AW.08.02.70J TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW TOWN OF RAMAPO

### **COVER SHEET**

DRAWN BY: VC	CHECKED BY: DMZ
DATE: JANUARY 13, 2012	SCALE: AS NOTED
PROJECT NO:	DRAWING NQ:
1560	1





#### TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. THIS PLAT DOES NOT CONFLICT WITH THE COUNTY OFFICIAL MAP, AND HAS BEEN APPROVED IN THE MANNER SPECIFIED IN SECTION 239 L & M OF THE GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW.
- 2. THIS PLAT IS SUBJECT TO ALL NOTES, BULK REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS OF PLANNING BOARD, AS SHOWN ON MAP OF MINISCEONGO PARK, LAST DATED \_ APPROVED BY RESOLUTION OF THE TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW PLANNING BOARD ON
- 3. AT LEAST ONE (1) WEEK PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WORK INCLUDING THE INSTALLATION OF EROSION CONTROL DEVICES OR REMOVAL OF TREES AND VEGETATION, A PRE CONSTRUCTION MEETING MUST BE HELD WITH THE TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW BUILDING DEPARTMENT, SUPERINTENDENT OF HIGHWAYS AND ENGINEER. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE PROPERTY OWNER TO ARRANGE SUCH A MEETING.
- 4. NO BUILDING PERMIT FOR A BUILDING SUBJECT TO SITE PLAN APPROVAL SHALL BE ISSUED BY THE BUILDING INSPECTOR EXCEPT UPON AUTHORIZATION OF AND IN CONFORMITY WITH THE SITE PLAN APPROVED BY THE PLANNING BOARD.
- 5. THE DEPICTED SIGN AT THIS TIME IS FOR LOCATION ONLY, NO DETAILS ARE AVAILABLE.
- 6. "AS-BUILT" DRAWINGS OF THE SANITARY SEWER ARE TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE ROCKLAND COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT.
- 7. SANITARY SEWER INFILTRATION AND EXFILTRATION LIMIT IS 25 GALLONS PER INCH DIAMETER PER MILE PER DAY. CERTIFICATES OF OCCUPANCY MAY NOT BE REQUESTED NOR ANY OCCUPANCY PERMITTED UNTIL A CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE, CERTIFIED BY A LICENSED NEW YORK STATE PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER IS SUBMITTED AND APPROVED AND COPIES OF THIS CERTIFICATE SHOULD ALSO BE SENT TO THE ROCKLAND COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND TO THE ROCKLAND COUNTY SEWER DISTRICT No. 1 AND
- 8. ROCKLAND COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH(RCDOH) APPROVAL IS LIMITED TO 5 YEARS AND SHALL EXPIRE 5 YEARS FROM THE DATE OF THE FILING OF THE PLAT IN THE TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW CLERK'S OFFICE. TIME EXTENSIONS MAY BE GRANTED BY THE RCDOH BASED UPON DEVELOPMENT FACTS AND THE SITE PLAN REGULATIONS IN EFFECT AT THAT TIME. A NEW PLAN SUBMISSION MAY BE REQUIRED TO OBTAIN A TIME EXTENSION.
- 9. ALL PYLON SIGN LOCATIONS INDICATED ON PLANS ARE FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES ONLY. FINAL APPROVAL FOR ALL PYLON SIGNS SHALL BE PROVIDED THRU A SEPARATE
- 10. ANY BUILDING MOUNTED FIXUTRES WHICH ARE NOT LED SHALL BE FULLY SHIELDED TO MINIMIZE GLARE AND LIGHT POLLUTION.
- 11. THE COUNTY OF ROCKLAND OFFICE OF FIRE AND EMERGENCY SERVICES RECOMMEND A GENERATOR FOR EMERGENCY INDEPENDENT POWER FOR FUEL DISPENSING AND FOOD MARKETS DURING LONG TERM PERIODS WITHOUT POWER.
- 12, SEE TOWN OF RAMAPO NOTES.

JOINT REGIONAL SEWERAGE BOARD.

13. ALL WALLS OVER 4 FT MUST BE DESIGNED, CERTIFIED, INSPECTED BY THE CONTRACTOR / OWNERS / ENGINEER.

### BULK REQUIREMENTS: TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW

	ZONE-C	PROPOSED	ANCHOR 'A'	ANCHOR 'B'
MIN. LOT AREA:	10,000 SQ. FT.	26.3084 ACS.	26.3084 ACS.	26.3084 ACS.
MIN. LOT FRONTAGE:	100 FT.	680 FT.	1,800 FT.±	1,800 FT.±
MIN. FRONT YARD SETBACK	25 FT.	283 FT.	318 FT.	735 FT.
MIN. SIDE YARD SETBACK	10 FT.	193 FT.	127 FT.	164 FT.
MIN. TOTAL SIDE YARD SETBACK	35 FT.	321 FT.	291 FT.	291 FT.
MIN. REAR YARD SETBACK	25 FT.	50 FT.	50 FT.	190 FT.
MAX. BUILDING HEIGHT:	35 FT.	35 FT.	35 FT.	35 FT.

VARIANCES REQUIRED: ARTICLE IX CHAPTER 167-68 (B) F SIZE OF PARKING SPACE REQUIRED: 10 FT. WIDE, LENGTH OF 20 FT.

REQUESTED: 9 FT. WIDE, LENGTH OF 19 FT.

2) ARTICLE III CHAPTER 167-9 DISTRICT C, COLUMN 7, ITEM 1

OFFSTREET PARKING REQUIREMENT 1 SPACE PER 150 sq ft OF GROSS FLOOR AREA (235,800 sq ft) REQUIRED: 235,800 sq ft / 150 = 1572 PARKING SPACES

REQUESTED: 235,800 sq ft / 250 = 945 PARKING SPACES VARIANCES GRANTED BY THE TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS ON OCT. 10, 2012.

### BULK REQUIREMENTS: TOWN OF RAMAPO (1)

	MU-2 - ZONE USER GROUP n	PROPOSED	DESCRIPTION	VARIANCE
MIN. LOT AREA:	10 ACRES	21.5853 Acs.		NO
MIN. STREET FRONTAGE:	600 FT.	2,030 FT.±	ROUTE 202 & PIP RAMP	NO
MIN. FRONT SETBACK	100 FT.	75 FT.	(PAD 'E')	YES *
MIN. SIDE SETBACK	80 FT.	1,190 FT.	(PAD 'F')	NO
MIN. TOTAL SIDE SETBACK	100 FT.	1,190 FT.	(PAD 'F')	NO
MIN. REAR SETBACK	50 FT.	2 FT.	(PAD 'E' & PAD 'F')	YES *
MIN. FRONT YARD	20 FT.	10 FT.		YES *
MIN. SIDE YARD	20 FT.	617 FT.	ADJACENT AREA TO WETLANDS	NO
MIN. REAR YARD	10 FT.	0 FT.	(PAD 'E' & PAD 'F')	YES *
MAX. BUILDING HEIGHT	45 FT.	30± FT.		NO
MAX. DEVELOPMENT COVERAGE	65%	15%		NO
MAX. FLOOR AREA RATIO	0.65	0.03		NO -

- 1. CALCULATIONS DO NOT INCLUDE PHASE II
- 2. CALCULATION ARE BASED ON CHAPTER 376, SECTION 66 (B), USE GROUP n
- 3. CALCULATIONS ARE BASED ON A CORNER LOT REQUIREMENT \* VARIANCES GRANTED BY THE TOWN OF RAMAPO ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS ON OCT. 25, 2012.

LOT AREA:	26.5853 ACS.
LANDS UNDERWATER 0.97 AC. (50% CREDIT):	(0.485) AC.
WETLANDS 9.17 ACS. (50% CREDIT):	(4.585) ACS.
ZONING AREA:	21.5153 ACS.
TOTAL COMMERIAL AREA:	4.66 ACS, PER THIS F

### TOWN OF RAMAPO

- **GENERAL NOTES:** 1. THIS IS SECTION 33.06 BLOCK 1 LOT 1 & 2, AS SHOWN ON THE TOWN OF RAMPAO TAX MAP.
- AREA OF TRACT: 1158,055 SQ. FT. OR 26.5853 ACRES. ZONE: MU-2
- 4. PROPOSED USE: LOCAL CONVENIENCE COMMERCIAL & RESIDENTIAL RECORD OWNER: MT. IVY PARTNERS, LLC
- 2050 CENTER AVENUE SUITE 670 FORT LEE, NEW JERSEY 07024 APPLICANT: MT. IVY PARTNERS, LLC
- 2050 CENTER AVENUE SUITE 670
  - FORT LEE, NEW JERSEY 07024
- FIRE DISTRICT: MONSEY FIRE DEPARTMENT 8. SCHOOL DISTRICT: EAST RAMAPO SCHOOL DISTRICT
- WATER DISTRICT: NR 1

FINAL PLANNING BOARD APPROVAL

CHAIRMAN PLANNING BOARD

TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW

TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW

- WATER SUPPLY BY: UNITED WATER 11. SEWER DISTRICT: ROCKLAND COUNTY SEWER DISTRICT No.1 AND JOINT REGIONAL SEWER BOARD
- 12. DATUM: U.S.G.S.
- 13. ALL UTILITIES ARE EXISTING. IN ROUTE 202
- 14. THERE ARE COVENANTS, DEED RESTRICTIONS, EASEMENTS AND OTHER RESERVATIONS OF LAND RELATIVE
- 15. NO SIGN(S) OTHER THAN THOSE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING ARE PERMITTED WITHOUT PRIOR APPROVAL OF THE PLANNING BOARD (TENANTS ARE TO BE ADVISED OF THIS CONDITION).
- 16. PRIOR TO THE ISSUANCE OF A CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY, AN AS-BUILT LANDSCAPING DRAWING SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE BUILDING INSPECTOR, PLANNING BOARD AND DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS WHICH IS CERTIFIED BY A LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT LICENSED TO PRACTICE IN THE STATE OF NEW YORK. SAID CERTIFIED LANDSCAPING DRAWING SHALL INDICATE HE DEGREE OF COMPLETION OF SAID LANDSCAPING
- IMPROVEMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED SITE PLAN. 17. PLANS ARE BASED ON FIELD ENGINEERING DATA AND CERTIFIED HERETO:

### LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER / LAND SURVEYOR DATE

- 18. ATTACHED HERETO ARE ARCHITECTURAL PLANS PREPARED BY:
- 19. THE UNDERSIGNED, OWNER AND/OR APPLICANT, AS A CONDITION OF APPROVAL OF THIS SITE PLAN, HEREBY AGREES TO COMPLETE THE WITHIN DEVELOPMENT SITE PLAN DRAWN AND ALL IMPROVEMENTS SHOWN THEREON, AS A CONDITION OF THE ISSUANCE OF A BUILDING PERMIT. THE APPLICANT / OWNER IS AWARE THAT NO CHANGE OF THIS PLAN MAY BE MADE UNLESS APPROVED BY THE PLANNING BOARD.

APPLICANT DATE OWNER DATE

CHAIRMAN, PLANNING BOARD

TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW

APPROVED BY RESOLUTION OF THE PLANNING BOARD OF THE TOWN OF

HAVERSTRAW, ON THE \_\_\_\_\_\_DAY OF \_\_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_, SUBJECT TO

OR REVISION OF THIS PLAT AS APPROVED SHALL VOID THIS APPROVAL.

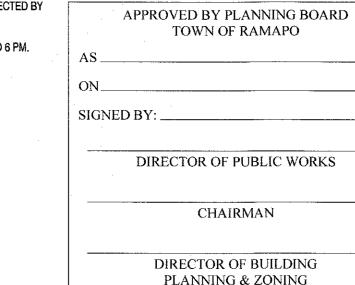
ALL REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS OF SAID RESOLUTION AND REQUIRED IMPROVEMENT AND AGREEMENTS, ANY CHANGE, ERASURE, MODIFICATION

- 20. ALL PYLON SIGN LOCATIONS INDICATED ON PLANS ARE FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES ONLY, FINAL
- APPROVAL FOR ALL PYLON SIGNS SHALL BE PROVIDED THRU A SEPARATE APPLICATION. 21. ANY BUILDING MOUNTED FIXUTRES WHICH ARE NOT LED SHALL BE FULLY SHIELDED TO MINIMIZE GLARE AND
- LIGHT POLLUTION. 22. THIS PLAT DOES NOT CONFLICT WITH THE COUNTY OFFICIAL MAP, AND HAS BEEN APPROVED IN THE MANNER
- SPECIFIED IN SECTION 239 L & M OF THE GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW. 23. ROCKLAND COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH(RCDOH) APPROVAL IS LIMITED TO 5 YEARS AND SHALL EXPIRE 5 YEARS FROM THE DATE OF THE FILING OF THE PLAT IN THE TOWN OF RAMAPO CLERK'S OFFICE. TIME EXTENSIONS MAY BE GRANTED BY THE RCDOH BASED UPON DEVELOPMENT FACTS AND THE SITE PLAN REGULATIONS IN EFFECT AT THAT TIME. A NEW PLAN SUBMISSION MAY BE REQUIRED TO OBTAIN A TIME
- 24. "AS-BUILT" DRAWINGS OF THE SANITARY SEWER ARE TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE ROCKLAND COUNTY HEALTH
- 25. SANITARY SEWER AND WATER SERVICE LINE SHALL BE LAID IN SEPARATE TRENCHES, WITH A MINIMUM
- HORIZONTAL SEPARATION OF 10 FEET. 26. FOR DETAILS OF WATER AND SANITARY SEWER FACILITIES, REFER TO ADDITIONAL PLANS ON FILE WITH THE
- 27. SANITARY SEWER INFILTRATION AND EXFILTRATION LIMIT IS 25 GALLONS PER INCH DIAMETER PER MILE PER DAY. CERTIFICATES OF OCCUPANCY MAY NOT BE REQUESTED NOR ANY OCCUPANCY PERMITTED UNTIL A CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE, CERTIFIED BY A LICENSED NEW YORK STATE PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER IS SUBMITTED AND APPROVED AND COPIES OF THIS CERTIFICATE SHOULD ALSO BE SENT TO THE ROCKLAND COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND TO THE ROCKLAND COUNTY SEWER DISTRICT No. 1 AND JOINT REGIONAL SEWERAGE BOARD.
- AT LEAST ONE (1) WEEK PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WORK INCLUDING THE INSTALLATION OF EROSION CONTROL DEVICES OR REMOVAL OF TREES AND VEGETATION, A PRE CONSTRUCTION MEETING MUST BE HELD WITH THE TOWN OF RAMAPO BUILDING DEPARTMENT, SUPERINTENDENT OF HIGHWAYS AND ENGINEER.
- IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE PROPERTY OWNER TO ARRANGE SUCH A MEETING. 29. THE COUNTY OF ROCKLAND OFFICE OF FIRE AND EMERGENCY SERVICES RECOMMEND A GENERATOR FOR EMERGENCY INDEPENDENT POWER FOR FUEL DISPENSING AND FOOD MARKETS DURING LONG TERM PERIODS WITHOUT POWER.
- 30. SEE TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW GENERAL NOTES.

DATE

ROCKLAND COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.

- 31. ALL WALLS OVER 4 FT MUST BE DESIGNED, CERTIFIED AND INSPECTED BY THE CONTRACTOR / OWNERS / ENGINEER.
- 32. ALL DELIVERIES TO PAD "F" SHALL OFF PEAK HOURS OF 11 AM TO 6 PM.



OWNER AND APPLICANT: MT. IVY PARTNERS, LLC 2050 CENTER AVENUE - SUITE 670 FORT LEE, NEW JERSEY 07024

TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW: 1145,993 SQ.FT. OR 26.3084 ACS. TOWN OF RAMAPO: 1158,055 SQ.FT. OR 26.5853 ACS.

10-24-17 | PAD "C" REVISED ALL MAPS, UPDATE CONTACT PEOPLE 9-13-17 PER COURT ORDER DWG. 1-7 8-21-15 | REVISION PER NEW USER PAD "C" 3-11-15 | PER RCDA COMMENTS 10-3-14 6-27-14 | PER RCDA COMMENTS 9-17-13 3-10-14 PER MASER COMMENTS ON R.O.W. REVISION PER RCDA COMMENTS 8-29-12, P1-P6 & P-9 WATER MAIN DETAILS VARIANCES GRANTED DATE, NOTE 8 ON SHT. 3 & 4, NOTE 23 ON SHT. 3 & 5, ROAD IMPROVEMENT AT ACCESS TO P.I.P, LIGHT QTY., LANDSCAPING LEGEND SIGNATURE BOXES, GENERAL NOTES 9-27-12 MINOR LANDSAPING AND LIGHTING REVISION, NEW DRAWINGS 33-37 & P-9 6-18-12 PROFILES, RETENTION DETAILS, VARIANCES MAJOR REDESIGN ITEMS: RELOCATION OF EMERGENCY ACCESS, ADDITONAL RETENTION PONDS, ADDITIONAL EMERGENCY ACCESS BETWEEN PADS D &

PHASE II DEPICTED,



PROJECT:

ATZL, NASHER & ZIGLER P.C ENGINEERS-SURVEYORS-PLANNERS

20 FT. LANDSCAPE BUFFER ALONG THE EAST BOUNDARY

234 North Main Street New City, New York 10956 Tel: (845) 634-4694

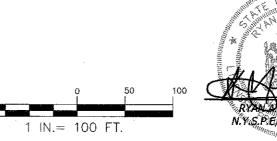
P.O. Box 636 Chester, New York 10918 Tel: (845) 469-1015 Fax: (845) 634-5543 Fax: (845) 469-1016 Web: ANZNY.com

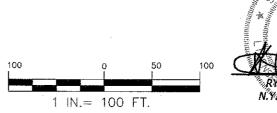
MINISCEONGO PARK

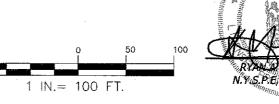
TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW TOWN OF RAMAPO ROCKLAND COUNTY, NEW YORK

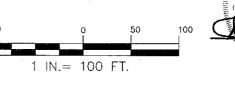
> CONCEPT PLAN (PHASE I)

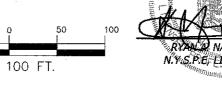
DRAWN BY: CHECKED BY: DMZ DATE: JANUARY 13, 2012 SCALE: 1 IN. = 100 FT. PROJECT NO: DRAWING NO: 1560

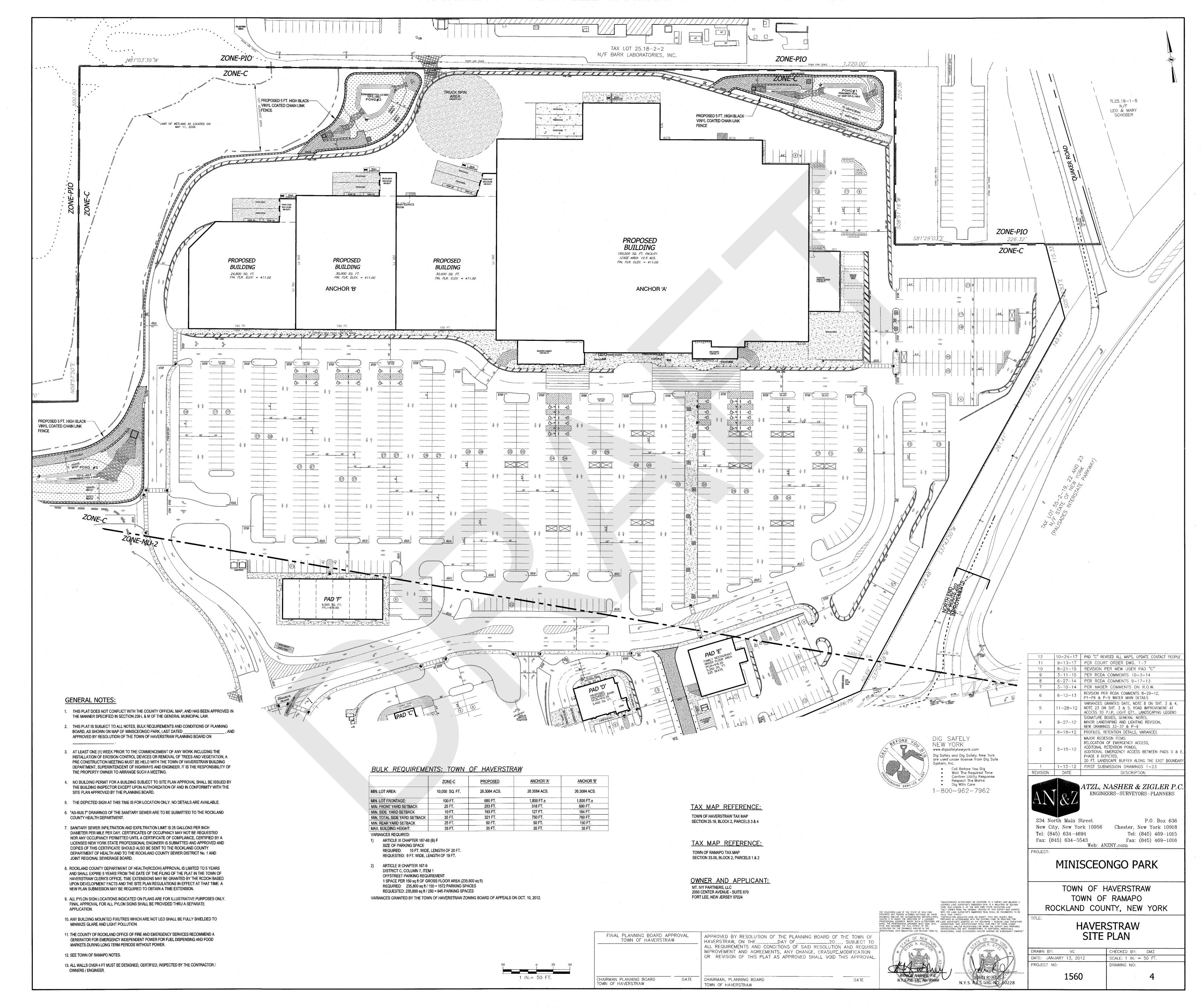


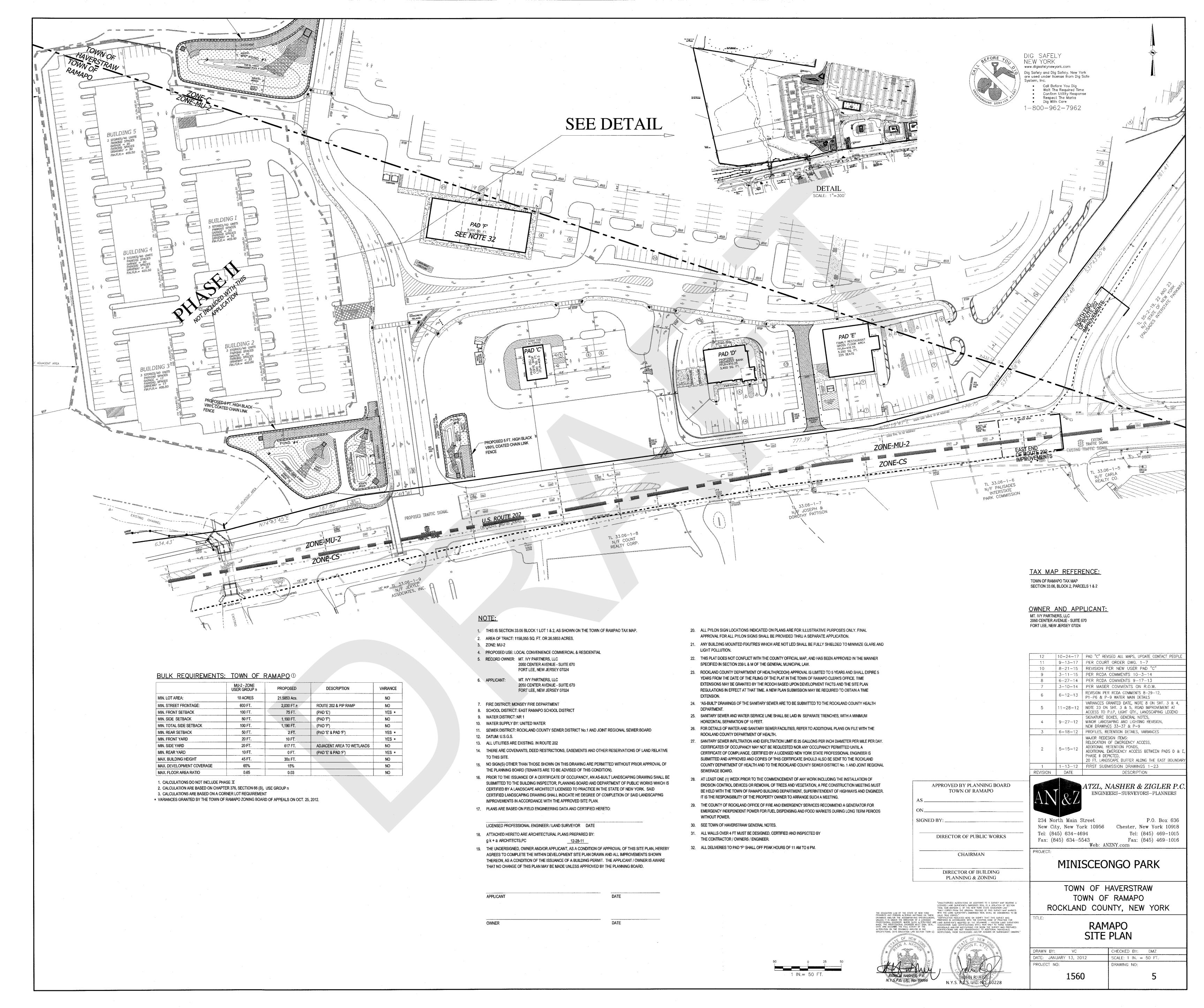


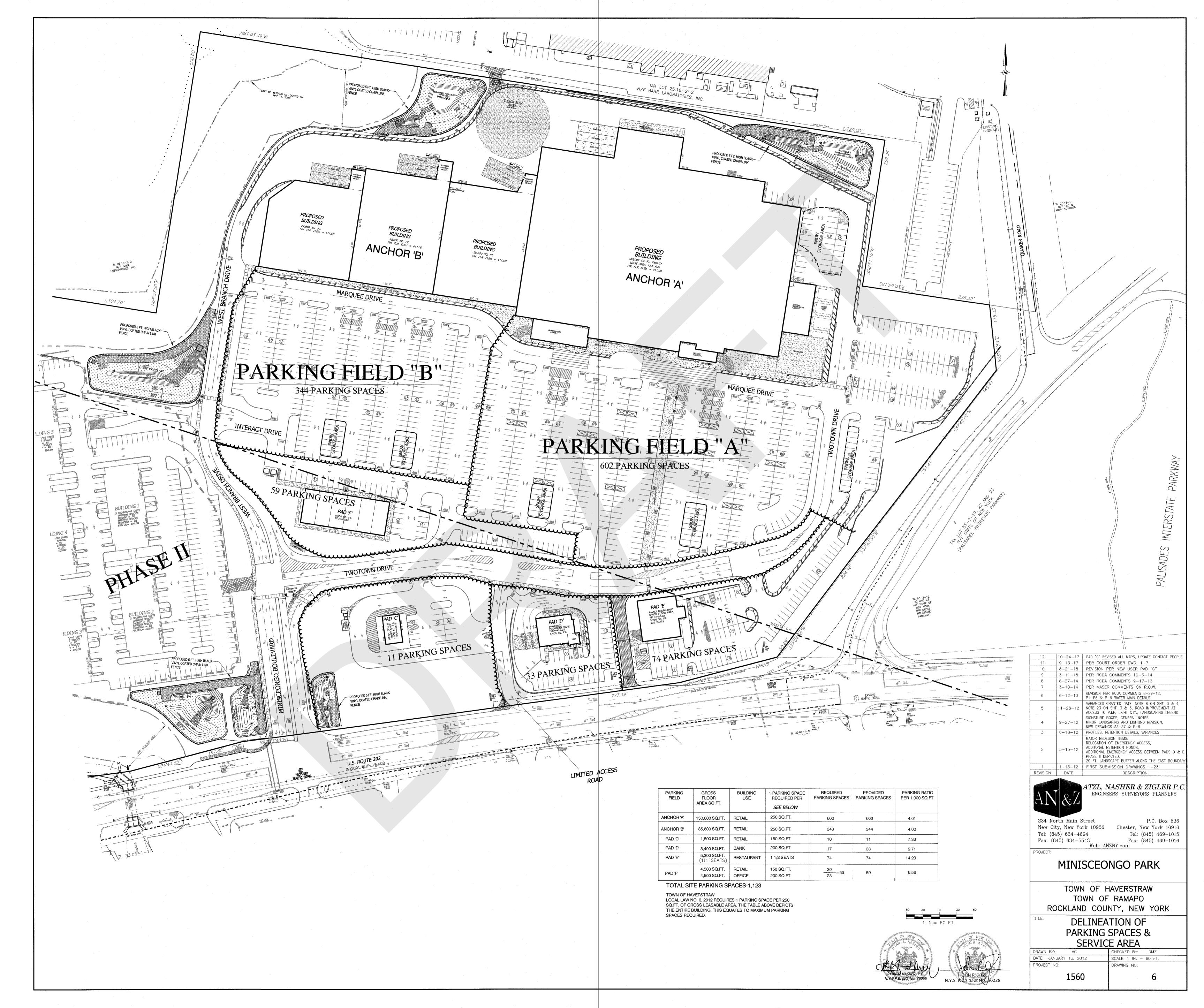


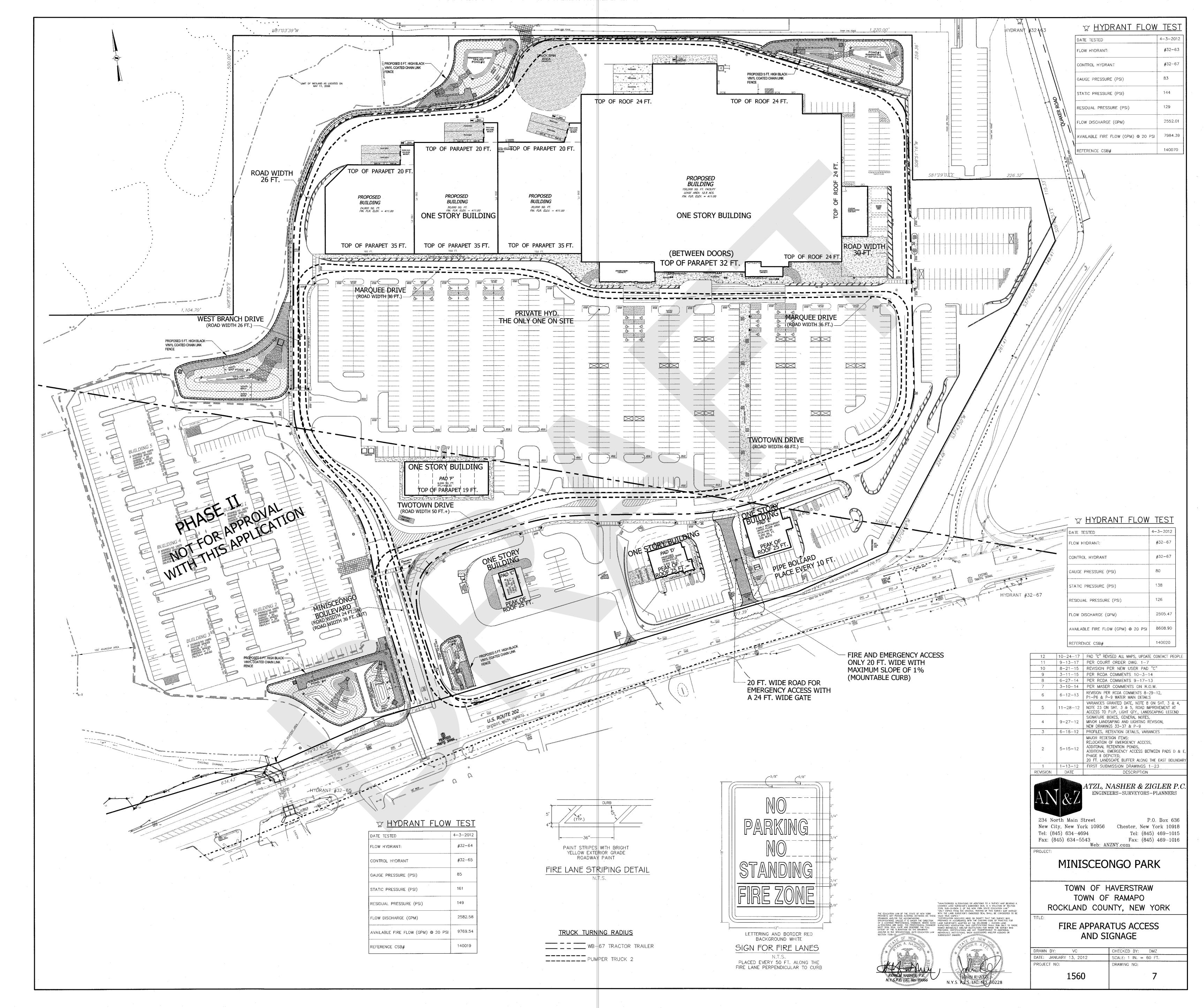


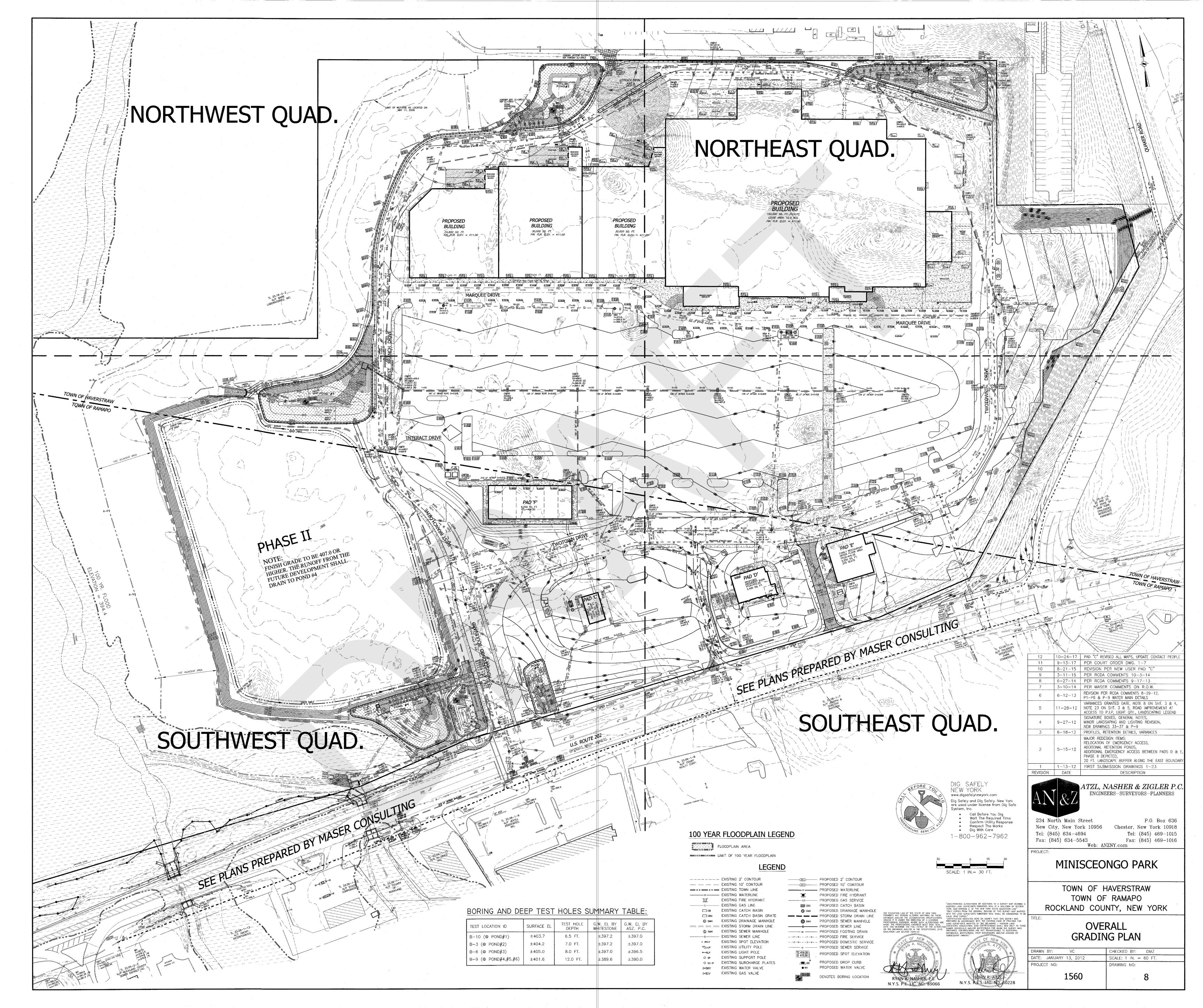


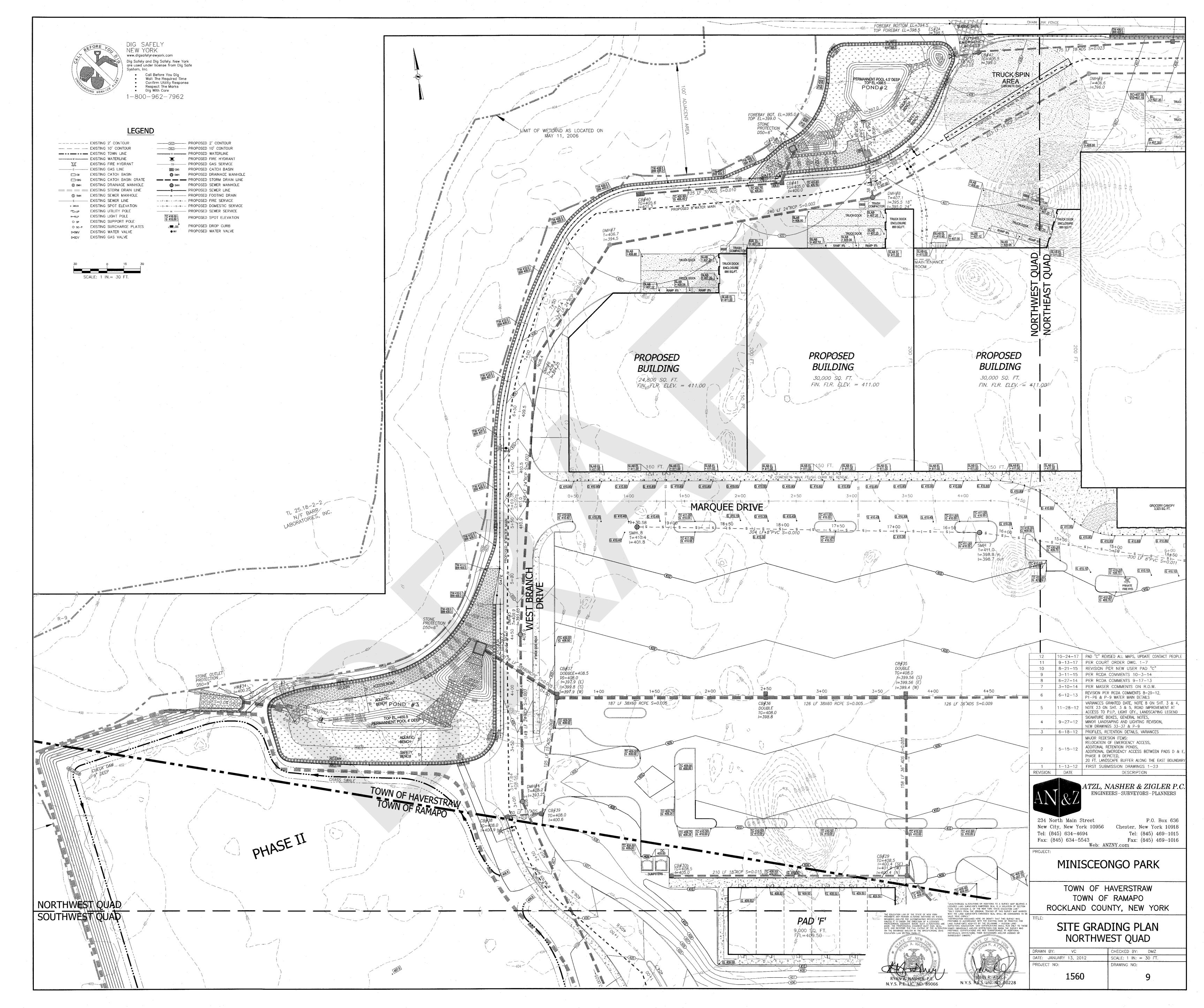


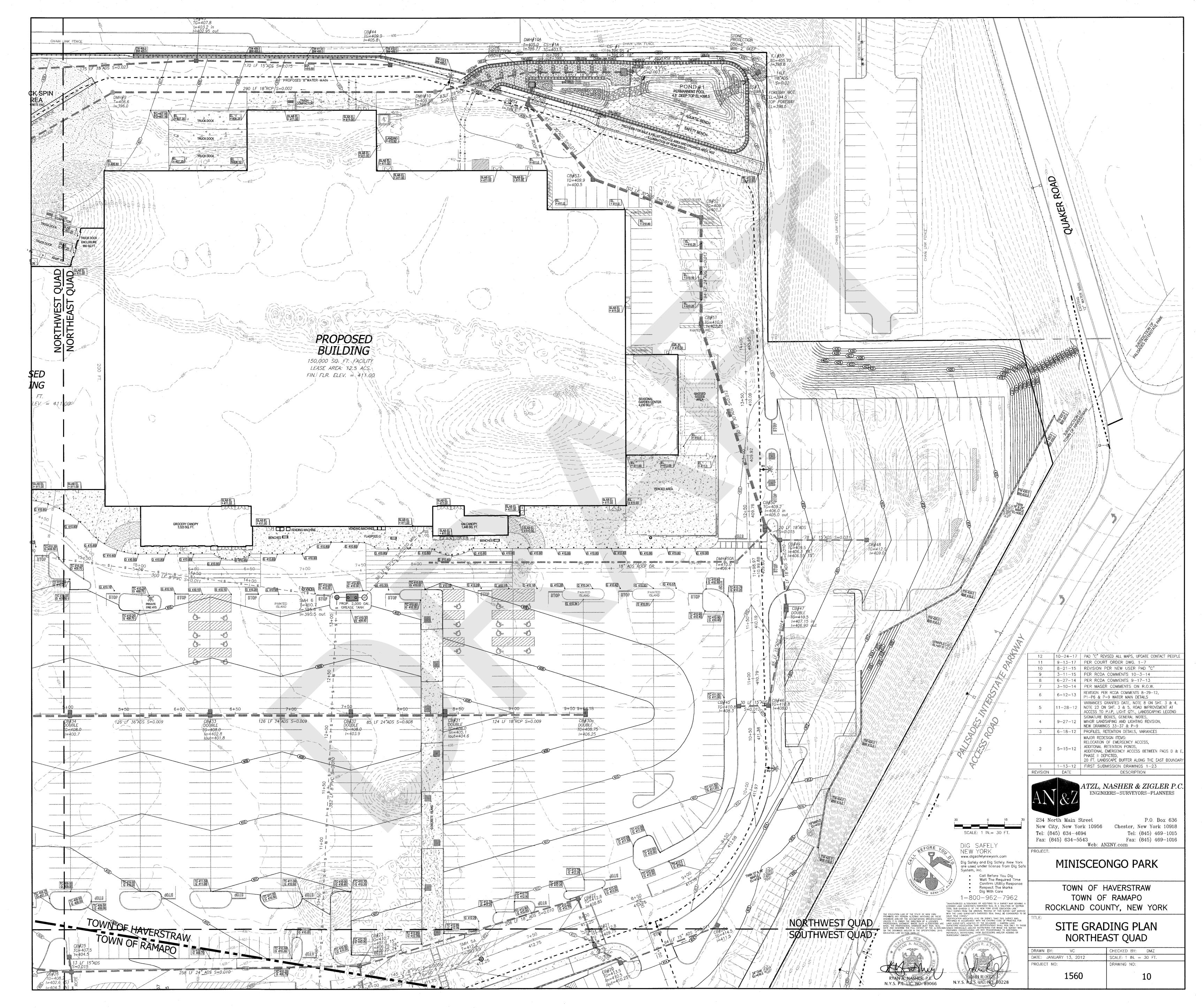


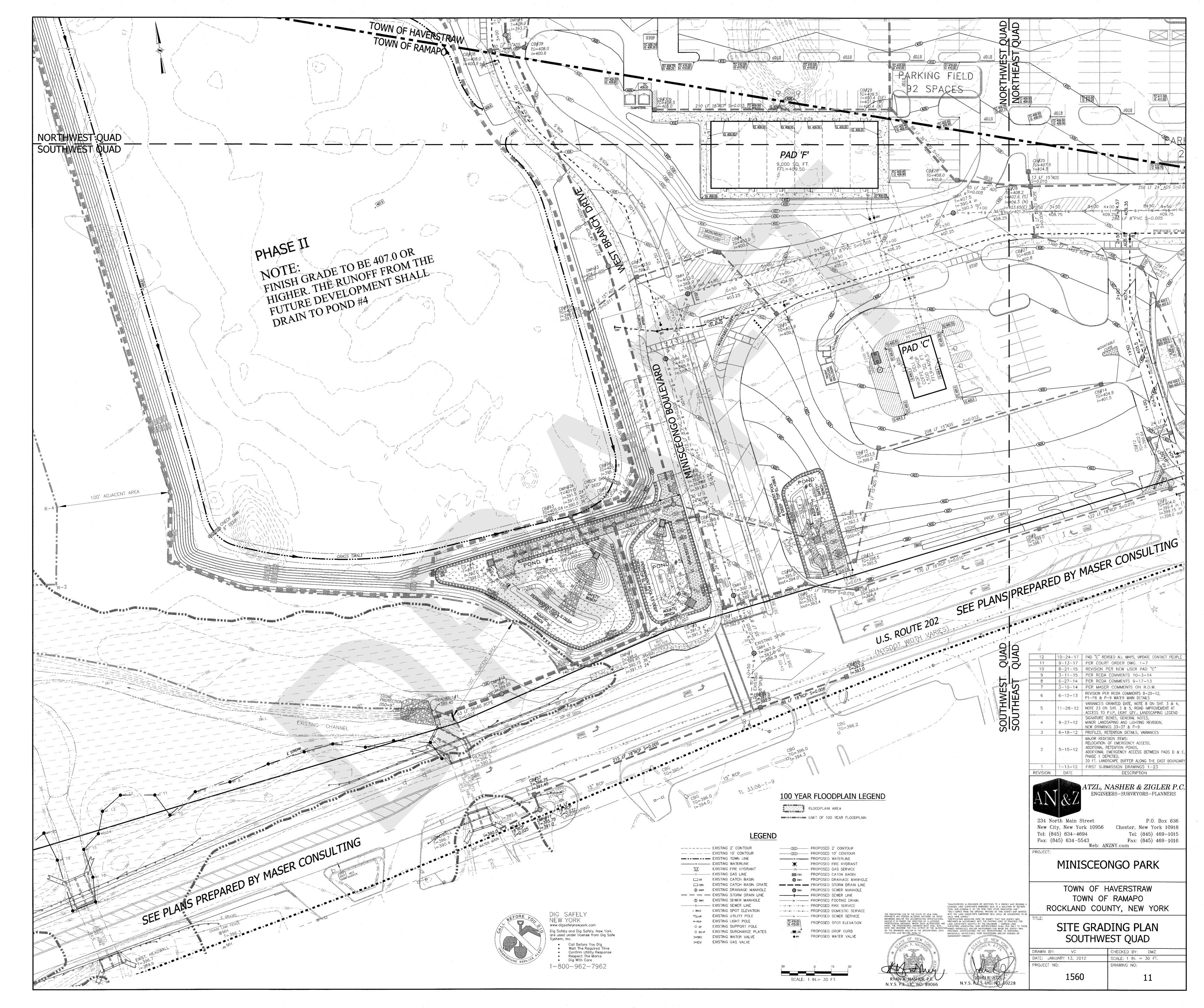


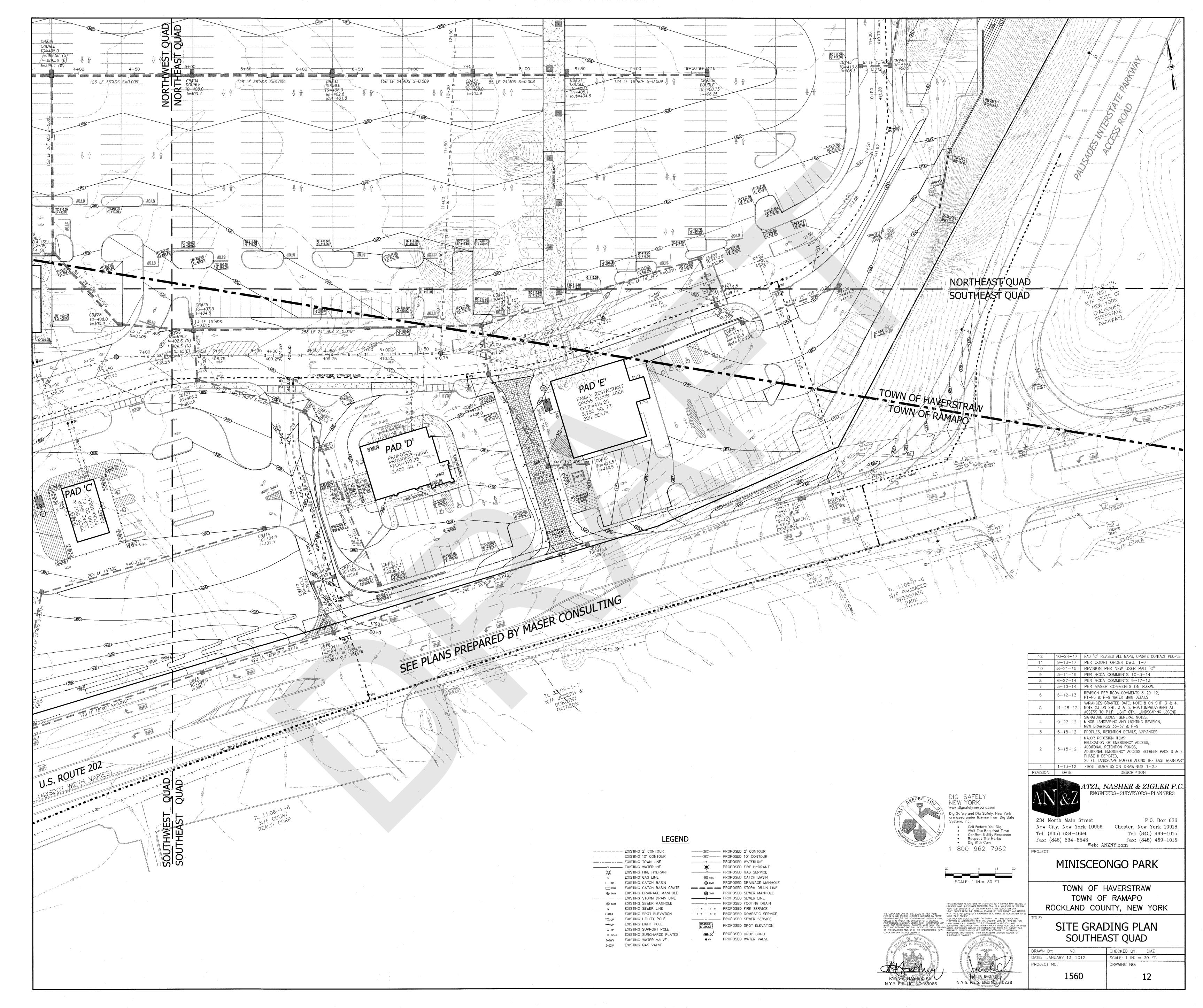


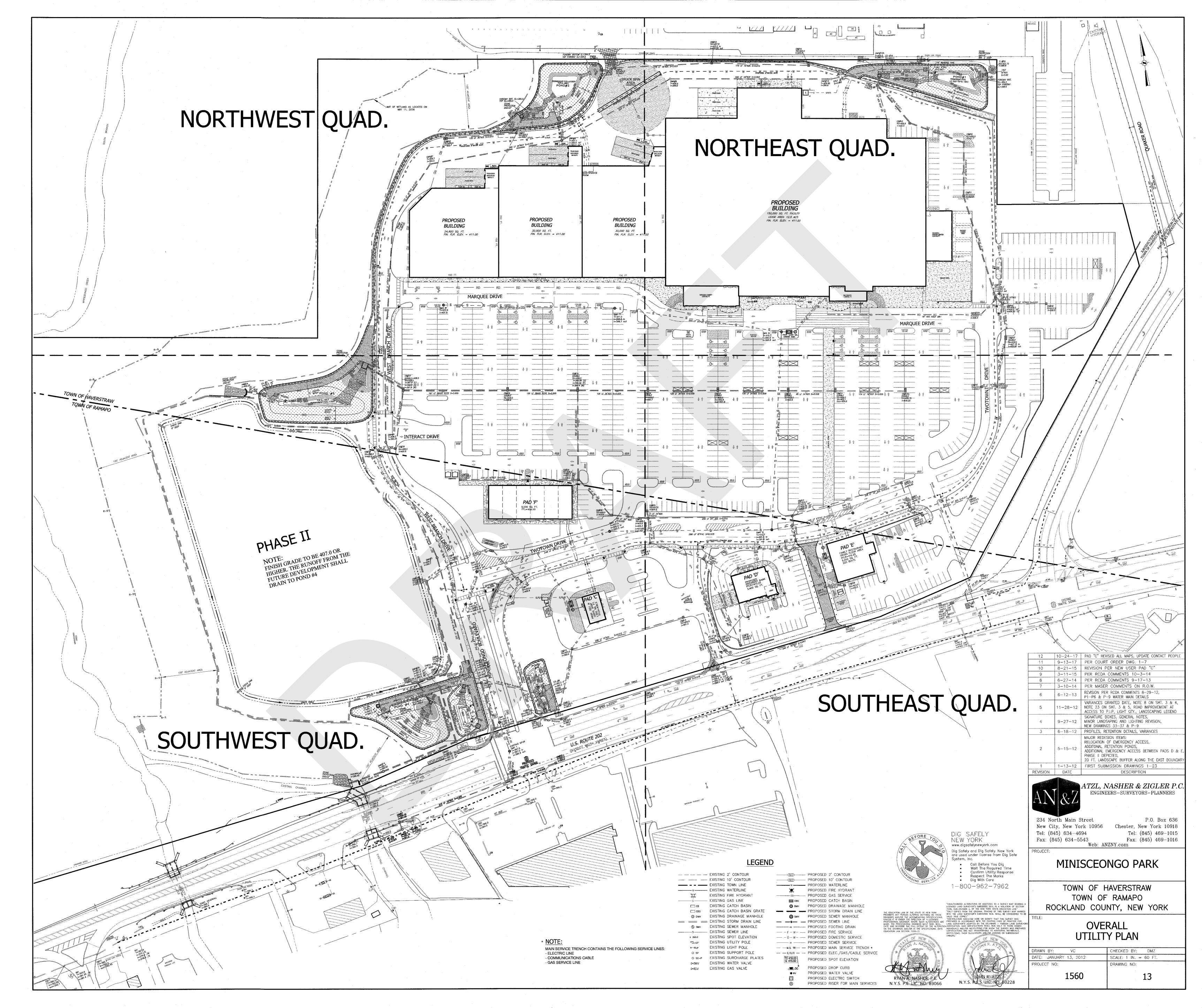


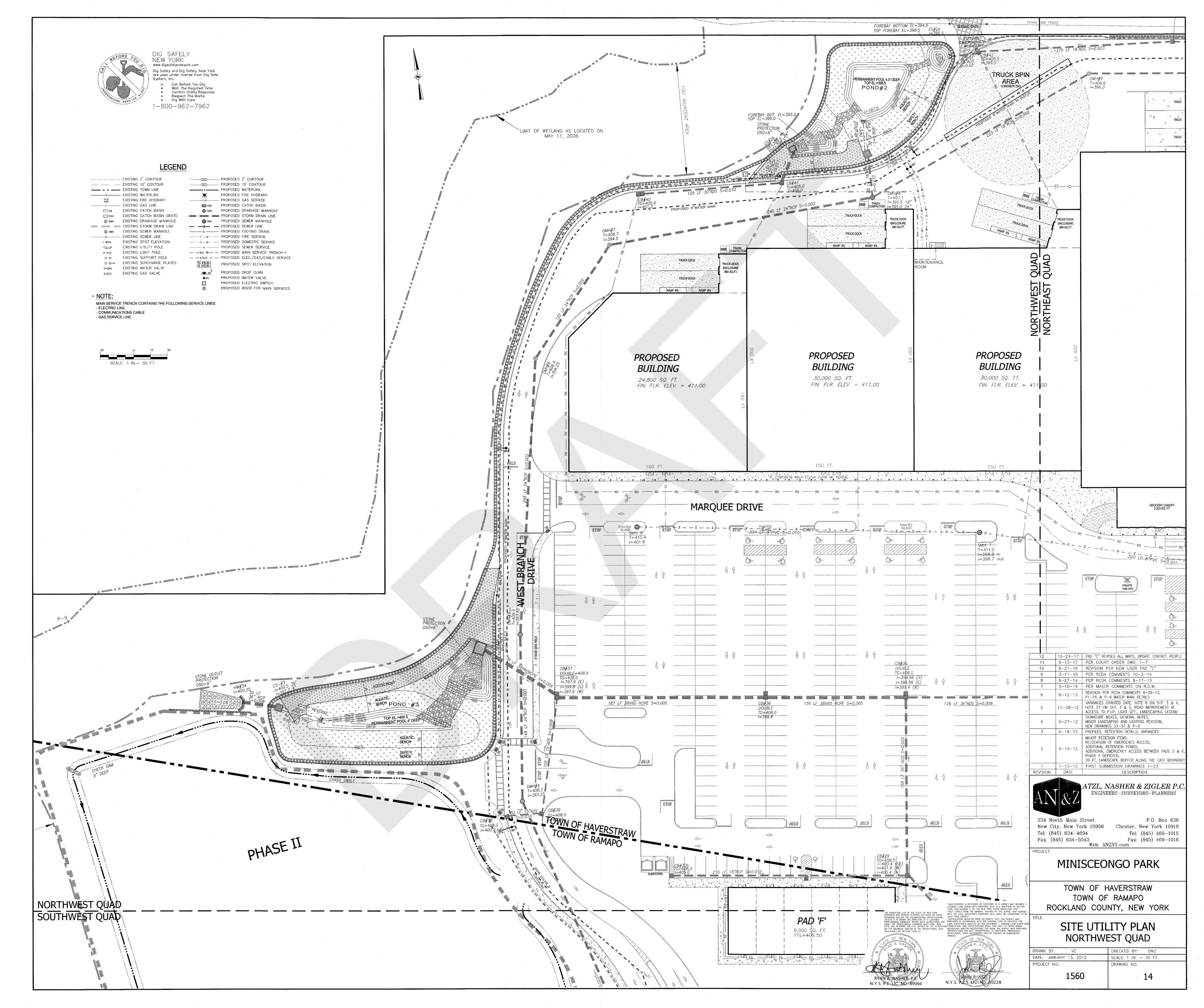


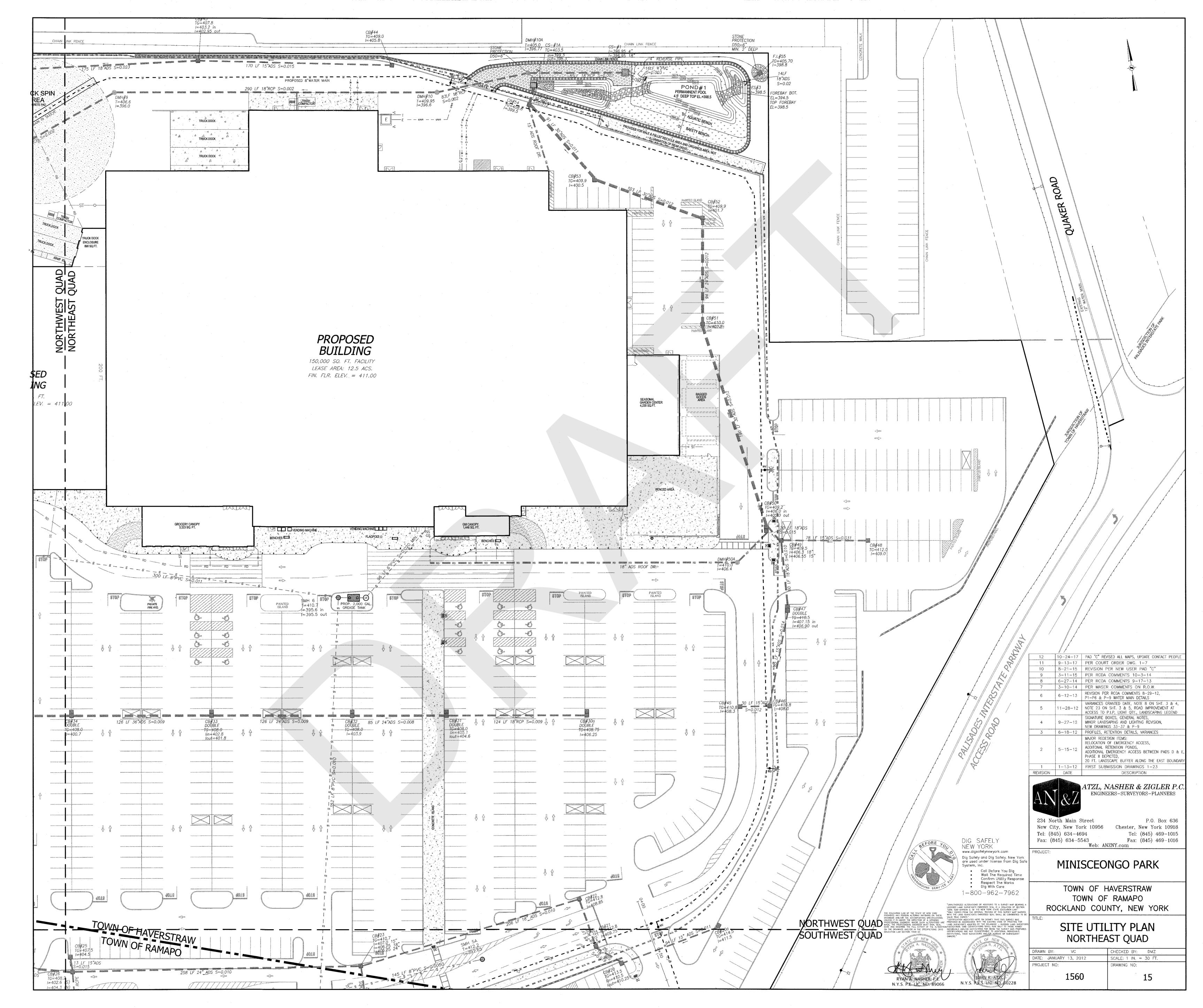


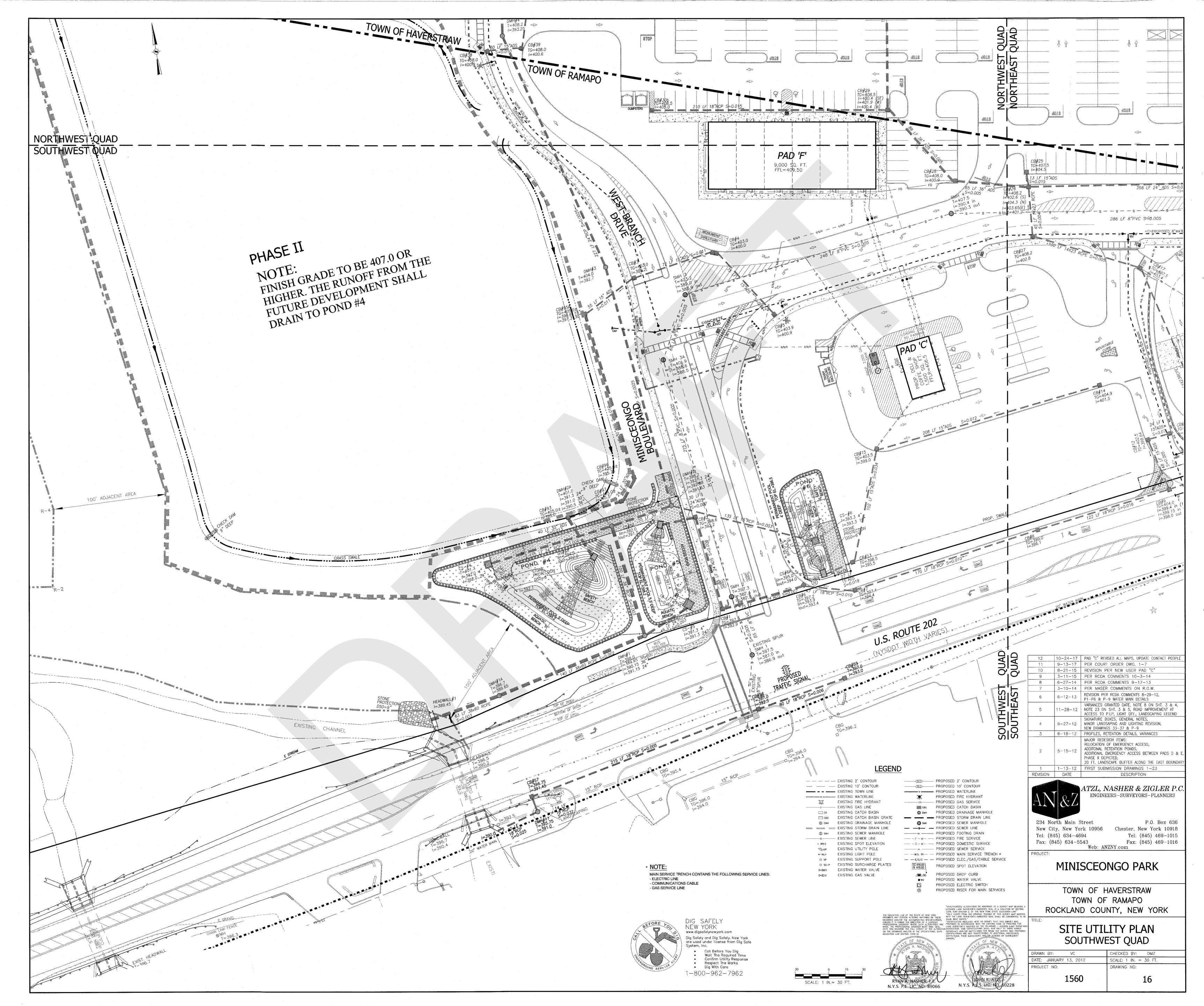


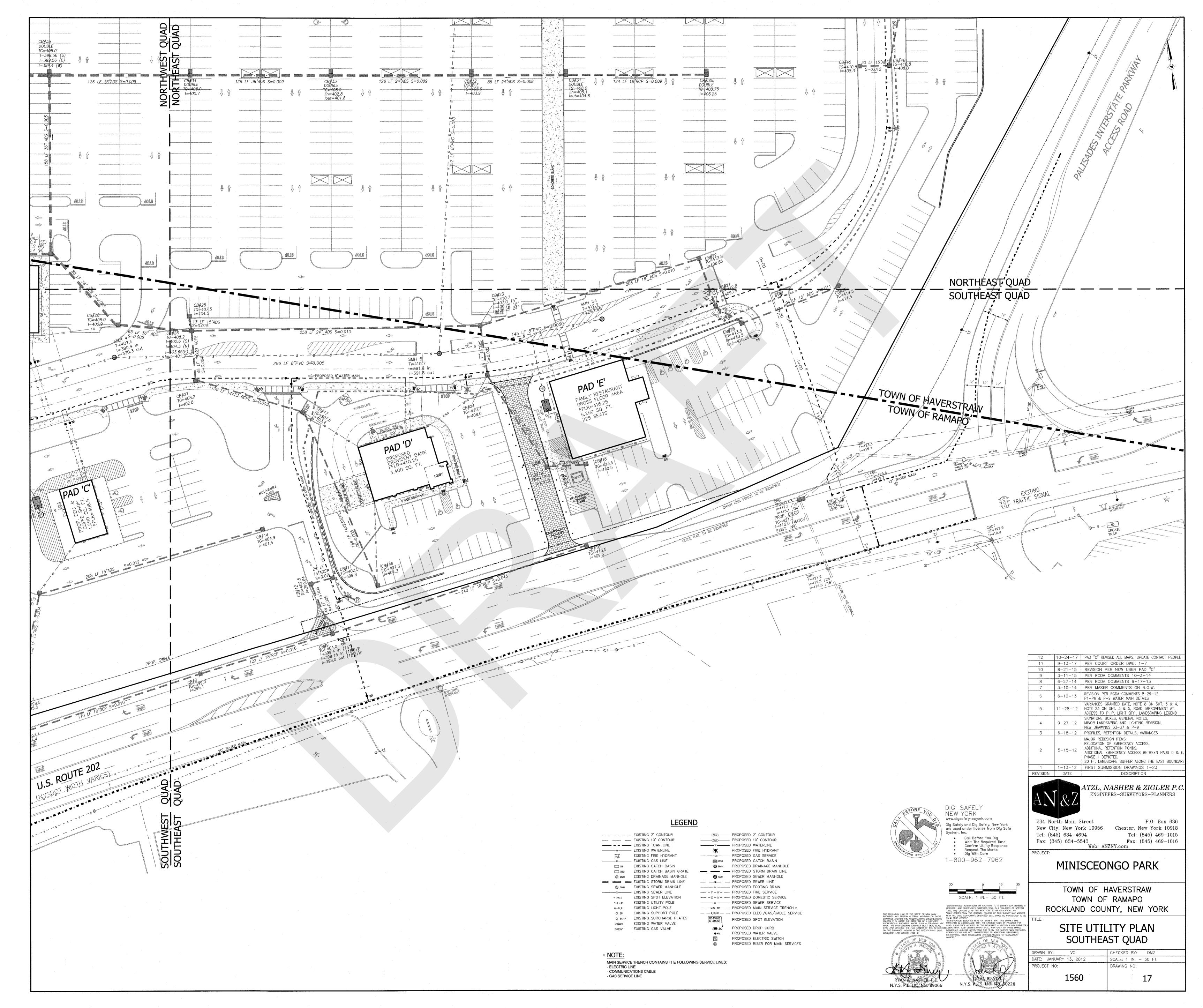


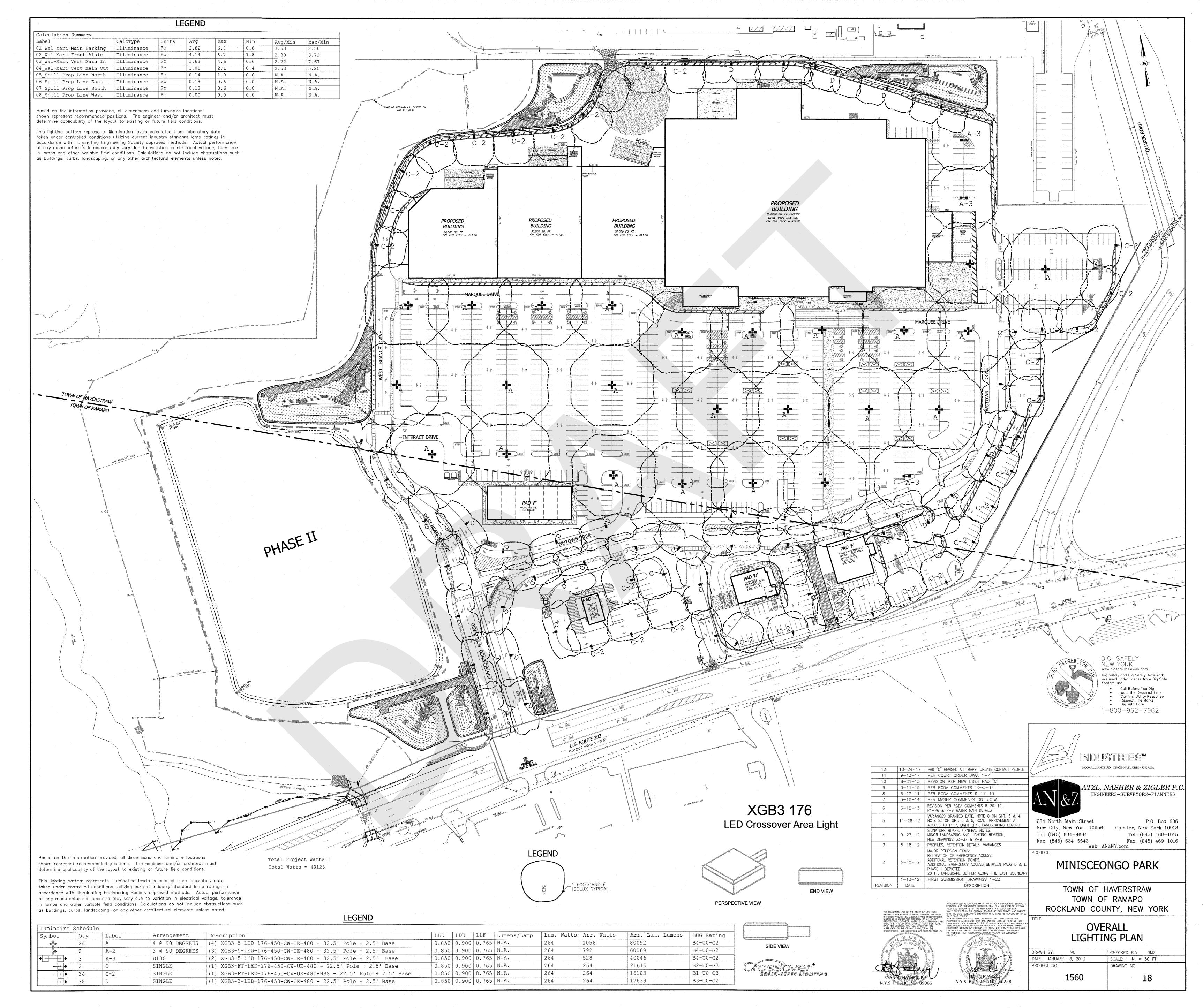


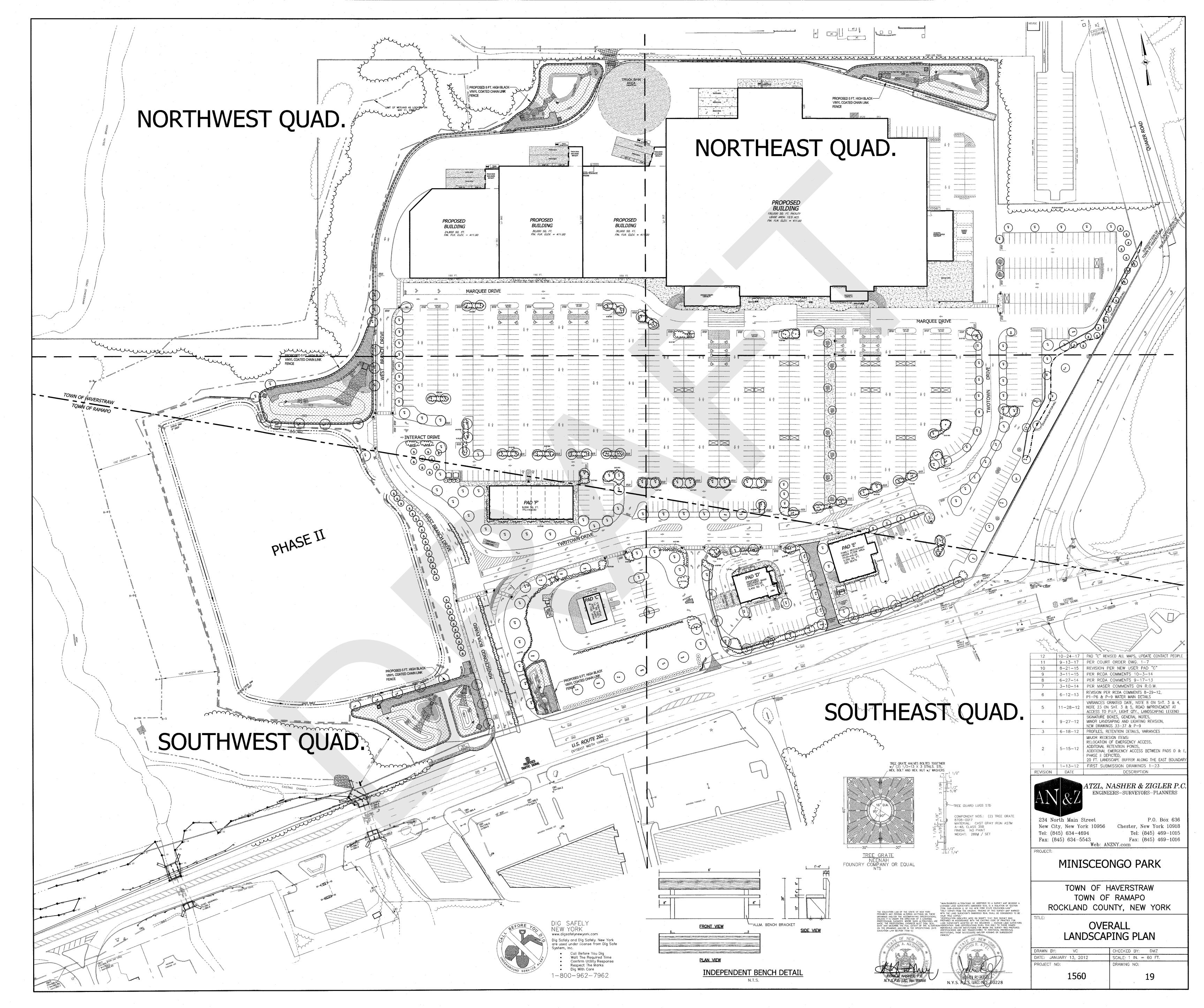


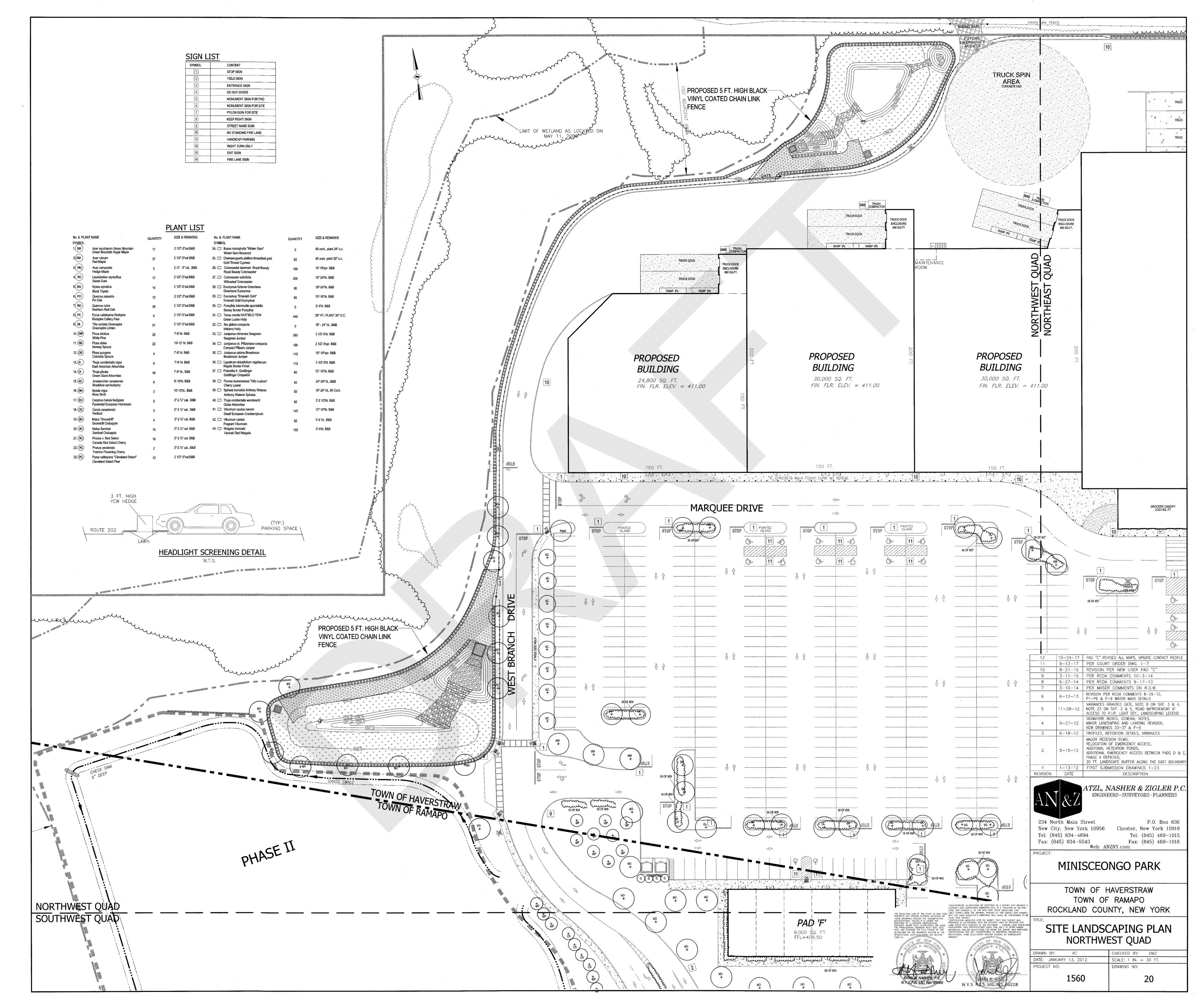


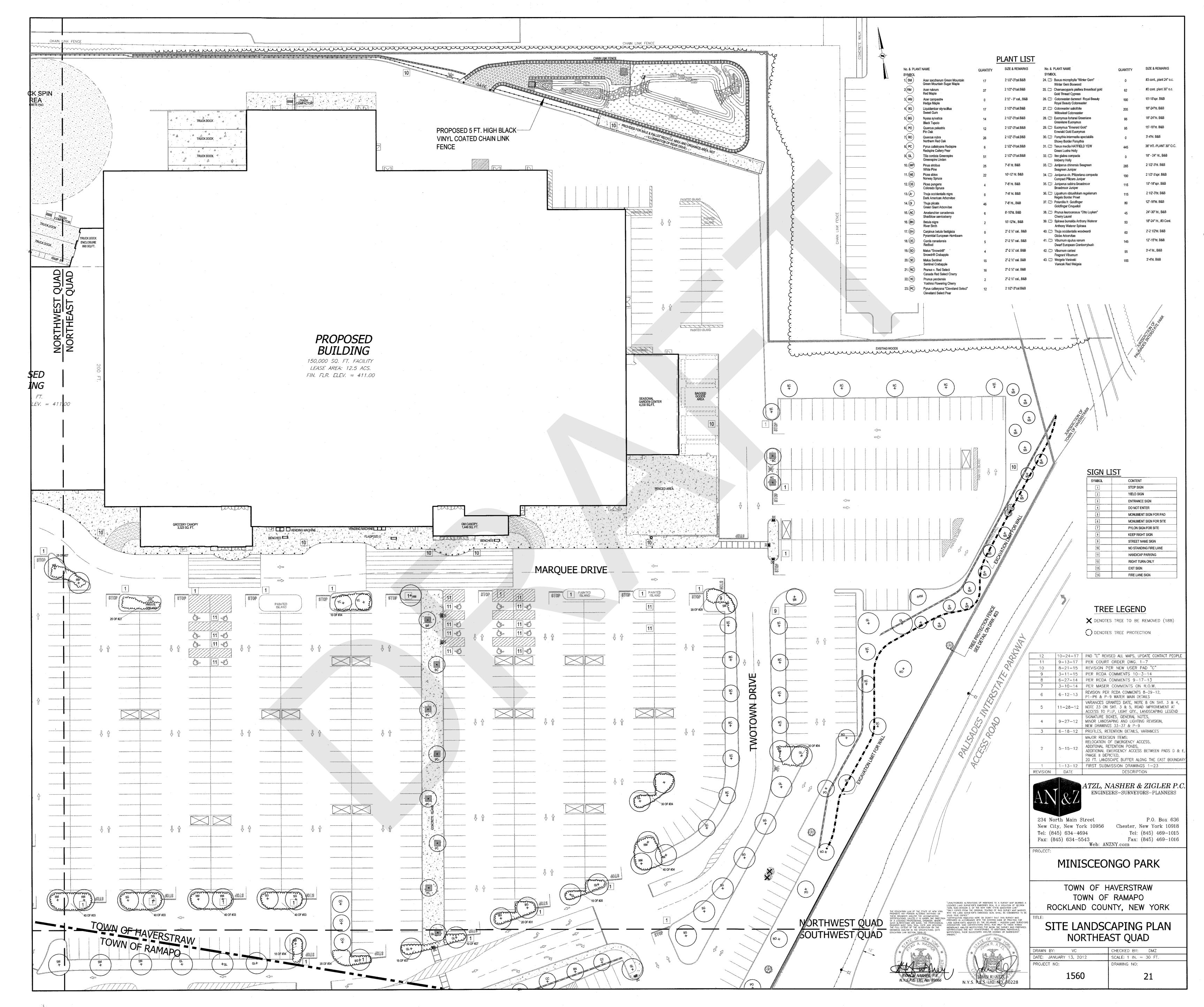


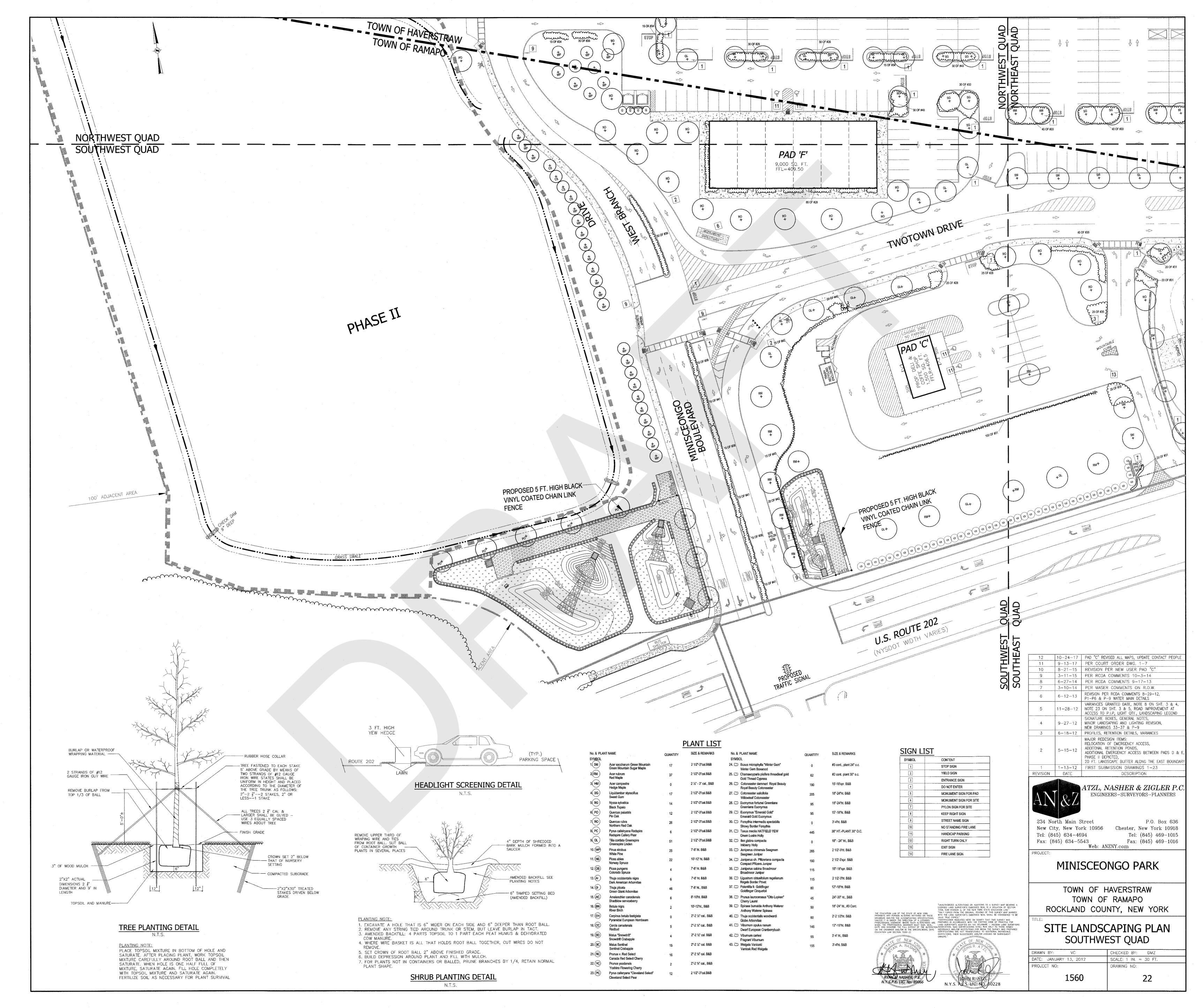


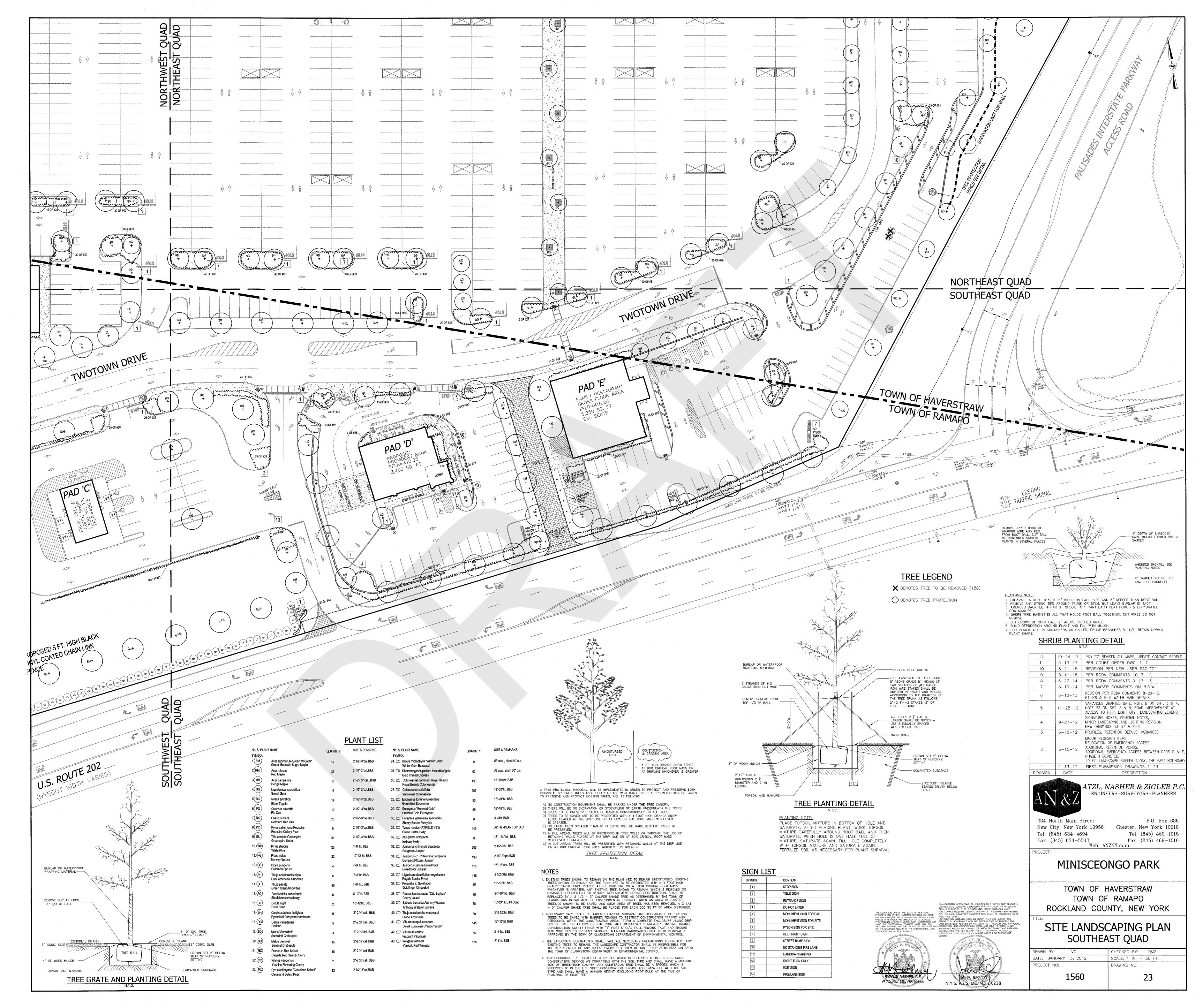


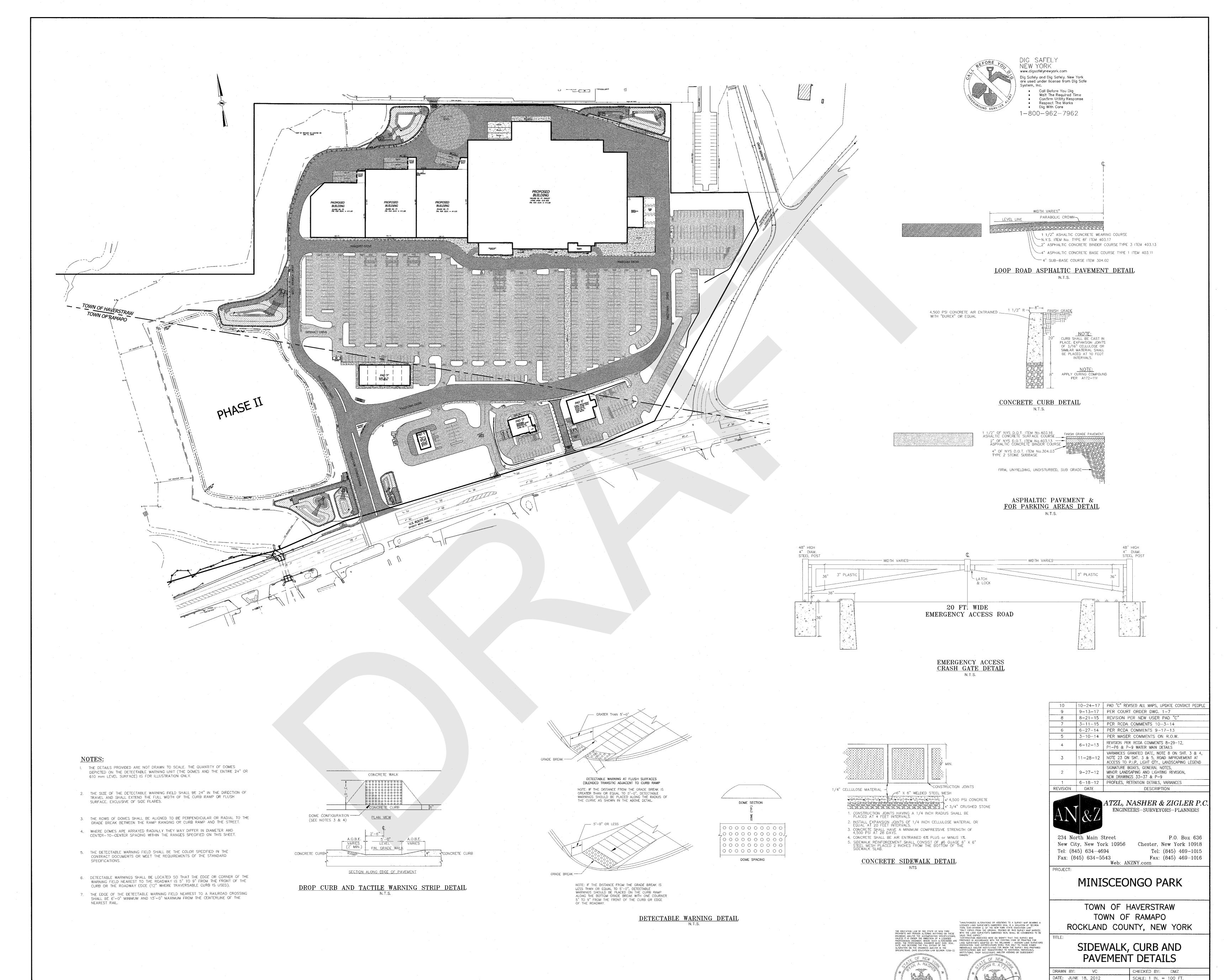






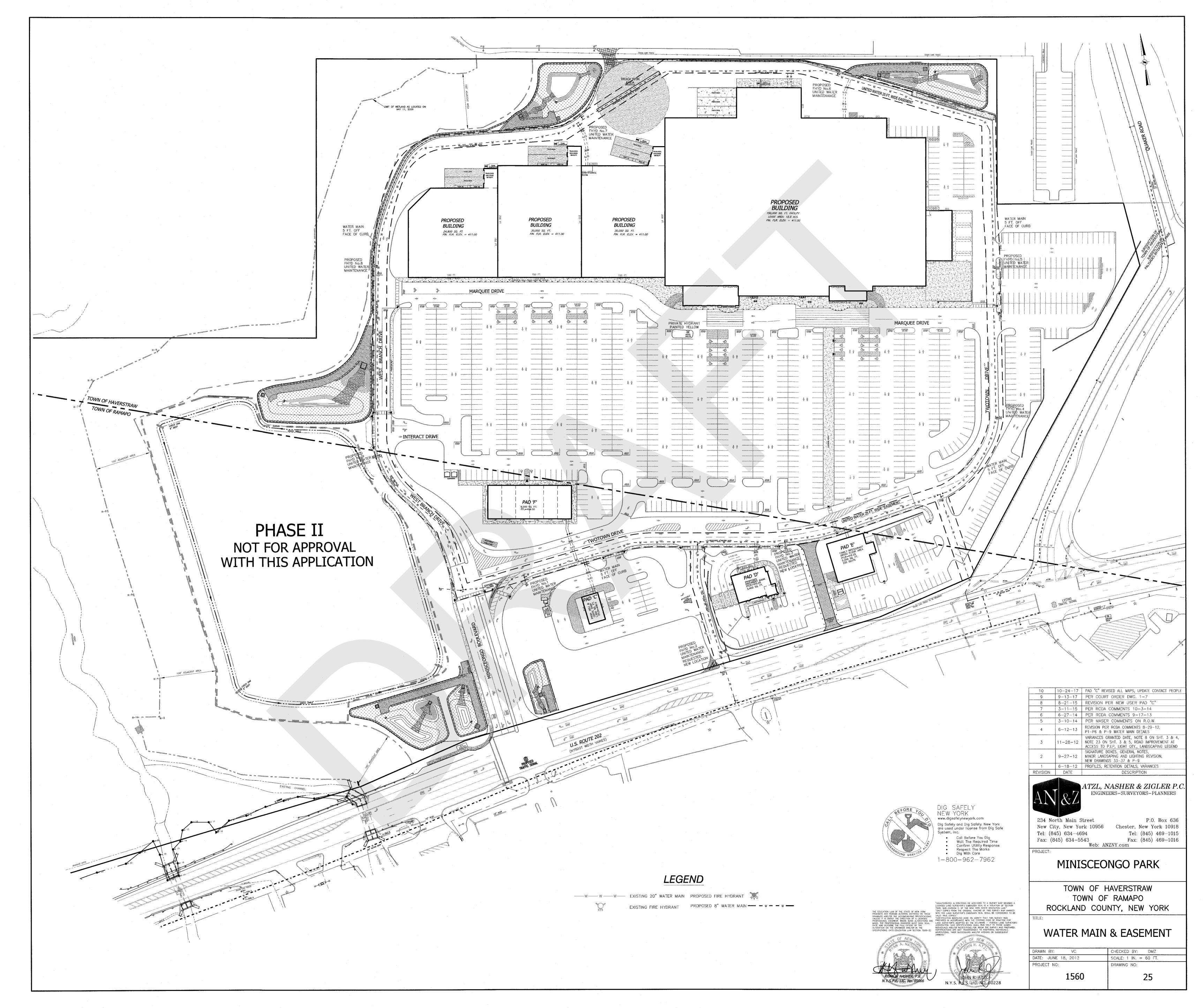






1560 DRAWING NO: 24

PROJECT NO:



# **NOTES**

- . ALL WATER SYSTEM INSTALLATIONS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF UNITED WATER NEW YORK, THE ROCKLAND COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, THE LATEST AWWA STANDARDS, AND "RECOMMENDED STANDARDS FOR WATER
- WORKS" (2DD3-GLUMB) 2. THESE PLANS INCLUDE BY REFERENCE "STANDARD AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR
- UNITED WATER NEW YORK, NOVEMBER 2010". 3. PIPING IS DUCTILE IRON, CEMENT LINED, CLASS 54 WITH PUSH ON JOINT, RUBBER GASKETS, AND BRONZE WEDGES.
- 4. DISINFECTION AND TESTING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH AWWA C651. 5. PRESSURE AND LEAKAGE TESTING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH AWWA C600. 3. SUPPLIERS RECORDS INDICATE ADEQUATE PRESSURE AND CAPACITY IS AVAILABLE. 7. ALL ELEVATIONS BASED ON TOPOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION PREPARED
- BY ATZL, SCATASSA & ZIGLER, P.C.. 8. PIPE DLAMETER SHOWN IN PROFILE REPRESENTS THE NOMINAL DIAMETER OF DUCTILE 9. AVAILABLE INFORMATION AS TO THE LOCATION OF EXISTING SUBSTRUCTURES AND UTILITIES HAS BEEN COLLECTED FROM VARIOUS SOURCES THE RESULTS OF SUCH

INVESTIGATIONS, AS MAY BE SHOWN ON THE CONTRACT DRAWINGS, ARE NOT

- GUARANTEED AS TO ACCURACY. ALL EXISTING UTILITLES ARE SHOWN FOR INFORMATION ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DIG TEST PITS AS REQUIRED TO VERIFY TRUE AND EXACT LOCATIONS OF UNDERGROUND LINES. 10. ALL PROFILES INDICATE APPROXIMATE GROUND PROFILES.
- 11. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY ALL UTILITY COMPANIES, AND DIG SAFELY NEW YORK (1-800-962-7962), A MINIMUM OF 72 HOURS PRIOR TO EXCAVATION. AND SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL CURRENT MARKOUT REQUIREMENTS OF DIG SAFELY NEW YORK.
- 12. EXCAVATIONS OR TRENCHING WITHIN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO UNDERGROUND FACILITIES OR UTILITY POLES WILL REQUIRE PROTECTION TO PREVENT DAMAGE OR INTERRUPTION OF SERVICE TO UNDERGROUND FACILITIES. THE COST TO PROVIDE THIS PROTECTION WILL BE BORNE BY THE CONTRACTOR.
- 13. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO PROTECT EXISTING THRUST BLOCKS WHICH ARE RESTRAINING EXISTING UTILITIES. EXISTING THRUST BLOCKS SHALL NOT BE
- 14. ALL TRENCH LINES SHALL BE CUT OR MILLED. 15. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL ROAD OPENING REQUIREMENTS AND ORDINANCES OF THE GOVERNING AGENCY.
- 16. RESTORATION, INCLUDING THE REMOVAL OF EXCESS EXCAVATED MATERIAL AND PLACEMENT OF TEMPORARY PAVEMENT, SHALL BE PERFORMED AND COMPLETED ON A DAILY BASIS. ALL ROADS SHALL BE PASSABLE TO VEHICULAR TRAFFIC AT THE END OF EACH WORK DAY. 17. ALL TRENCHES SHALL BE BACKFILLED WITHOUT DELAY. OPEN TRENCHES SHALL BE
- KEPT TO A MINIMUM. OPEN TRENCHES SHALL BE STEEL PLATED. UPON BACKFILLING THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BROOM SWEEP STREETS, USE APPROPRIATE METHODS TO CONTROL DUST AND HOSE DOWN THE PAVEMENT TO KEEP SURFACE CLEAN.
- 18. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF ALL EXCESS EXCAVATED MATERIAL TO AN OFF-SITE LOCATION. 19. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FURNISH AND INSTALL CORPORATIONS WHEREVER NECESSARY FOR PRESSURE TESTING AND DISINFECTING THE WATER MAIN. CORPORATIONS SHALL BE 3/4" FOR MAINS SMALLER THAN 16" AND 1" FOR MAINS 16" AND LARGER. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL AS MANY CORPORATIONS AS ARE REQUIRED FOR
- PROPER TESTING, FLUSHING, AIR BLEEDING AND DISINFECTION. 20. TO MAINTAIN THÉ HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ALIGNMENT SHOWN ON THE PLANS, PIPE JOINTS MAY BE DEFLECTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS, UNLESS THE SPECIFICATIONS INDICATE A MORE STRINGENT REQUIREMENT. IF NECESSARY, EITHER TO MAINTAIN THE ALIGNMENT SHOWN OR TO ADJUST THE ALIGNMENT TO MEET ACTUAL FIELD CONDITIONS, ADDITIONAL FITTINGS
- SHALL BE INSTALLED AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO THE OWNER OTHER THAN THE 21. ALL STATIONING SHOWN ON PLANS IS APPROXIMATE. 22. ALL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES ARE TO BE CONFINED TO THE PUBLIC RIGHT-O-WAY
- OR TO THE LIMITS DEPICTED ON THE CONTRACT DRAWINGS. 23. THE WATER MAIN SHALL BE INSTALLED WITH A MINIMUM OF FOUR (4) FEET OFT.
- ANY DEVIATION FROM THIS WILL REQUIRE AUTHORIZATION FROM UNITED WATER NEW YORK'S RESIDENT OBSERVER IN THE FIELD. 24. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE STEPS NECESSARY TO PRESERVE EXISTING CURB AND MINIMIZE THE LENGTH OF CURBING THAT MUST BE REPLACED.
- 25. THE CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT ALL SANITARY LATERALS AND UTILITY SERVICES HAVE NOT BEEN LOCATED. WHEN THE CONTRACTOR ENCOUNTERS AN OBSTRUCTION AND CANNOT ADJUST THE ALIGNMENT USING ALLOWABLE JOINT DEFLECTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REFER TO THE WATER MAIN DETAIL SHEETS. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PROMPT REPAIR OF DAMAGED UTILITIES, AND SHALL RESTORE THE SITES AS NEATLY AS POSSIBLE TO THEIR ORIGINAL
- 26. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT ALL STRUCTURES, ROADS, PIPELINES, TREES, SHRUBBERY, GRASS AREAS, ETC. DURING THE PROGRESS OF THE WORK AND SHALL REMOVE DAILY FROM THE SITE ALL DEBRIS AND UNUSED MATERIALS. UPON COMPLETION OF THE WORK, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL RESTORE THE SITES AS NEATLY AS
- POSSIBLE TO THEIR ORIGINAL CONDITION. 27. ALL SIDEWALK AREAS SHALL BE PASSABLE AND BROOM SWEPT AT THE END OF EACH
- 28. DURING FLUSHING AND PRESSURE TESTING OF THE MAIN, THE WATER COMPANY WILL OPERATE ALL VALVES. 29. REFER TO DETAIL SHEET FOR STANDARD DETAILS.

BEARING AREA (FT. 2)= ---

THRUST FORCE (LBS) BEARING CAPACITY OF (INDISTURBED SOIL (LBS/FT2)

THRUST FORCE (LBS) GRAVITY BLOCK SIZE (FT. 3)= ---DENSITY OF BLOCK MATERIAL (LBS/FT3)

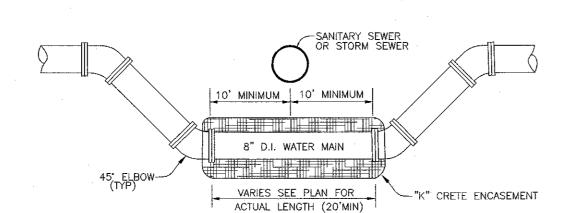
#### 1. PLACE 4 ml. POLYETHYLENE BETWEEN CONCRETE AND FITTING

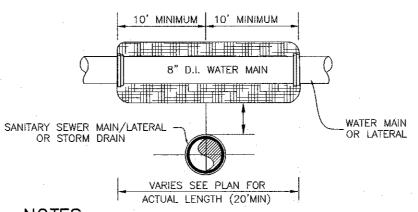
- (CONCRETE SHALL NOT INTERFERE WITH JOINT). 2. MIN. CONC. THICKNESS SHALL BE 12 INCHES.
- 3. THE HORIZONTAL DIMENSION (b) OF THE BEARING AREA SHALL BE BETWEEN 1.0 AND 2.0 TIMES THE VERTICAL DIMENSION (h).
- 4. THE VERTICAL DIMENSION (h) OF THE BEARING AREA SHALL BE EQUAL TO ONE-HALF THE TOTAL DEPTH (H) TO THE BOTTOM OF THE THRUST BLOCK BUT NOT LESS THAN THE OUTSIDE DIAMETER (Do) OF THE FITTING (Do < h <= H/2 ).
- 5. THRUST BLOCK ORIENTATION SHALL BE SUCH THAT THE CENTER OF THE FITTING CORRESPONDS WITH THE CENTER OF THE THRUST BLOCK. 6. THE MINIMUM ALLOWABLE ANGLE (EITHER VERTICAL OR HORIZONTAL) SHALL BE 45 DEGREES.

RESULTANT THRUST AT FITTINGS AT 100 PSI WATER PRESSURE					
NOM. PIPE DIA. (IN)	DEAD END	90° BEND	45° BEND	22 1/2° BEND	11 1/4° BEND
3	1,232	1,742	943	481	241
4	1,810	2,559	1,385	706	355
6	3,739	5,288	2,862	1,459	733
8	6,433	9,097	4,923	2,510	1,261
10	9,677	13,683	7,406	3,776	1,897
12	13,685	19,351	10,474	5,340	2,683
14	18,385	26,000	14,072	7,174	3,604
16	23,779	33,628	18,199	9,278	4,661
18	29,865	42,235	22,858	11,653	5,855
20	36,644	51,822	28,046	14,298	7,183
24	52,279	73,934	40,013	20,398	10,249
30	80,425	113,738	61,554	31,380	15,766
36	115,209	162,931	88,177	44,952	22,585
42	155,528	219,950	119,036	60,684	30,489
48	202,683	286,637	155,127	79,083	39,733
54	260,214	367,999	199,160	101,531	51,011

60 | 298,121 | 421,606 | 228,172 | 116,321 | 58,442

1. TO DETERMINE THRUST AT PRESSURE OTHER THAN 100 PSI MULTIPLY THE THRUST OBTAINED IN THE TABLE BY THE RATIO OF THE PRESSURE TO 100.





1. WATER MAIN MAY BE LOOPED ABOVE OBSTRUCTION IF 4'-0" MINIMUMT IS MAINTAINED ABOVE MAIN. 2. WATER MAIN SHALL BE CLASS 54 DUCTILE IRON CEMENT LINED PIPE. ALL FITTINGS SHALL BE MECHANICAL JOINTS WITH CONCRETE THRUST BLOCKS. 3. MINIMUM VERTICAL CLEARANCE BETWEEN SANITARY OR STORM SEWER AND WATER MAIN SHALL BE 18" MINIMUM; WHEN LESS THAN MINIMUM SPECIFIED CLEARANCE, A 6" MINIMUM CONCRETE CRADLE OR ENCASEMENT SHALL BE PROVIDED, CLEARANCE BETWEEN WATER MAIN AND OTHER OBSTRUCTIONS SHALL BE 12" 4. WATER MAIN INSTALLATION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH UNITED WATER NEW YORK SPECIFICATIONS. ANY DEVIATION MUST BE APPROVED BY UNITED WATER NEW YORK PRIOR TO INSTALLATION. 5. FITTINGS TO BE POLY WRAPPED PRIOR TO THE INSTALATION OF THE "K"CRETE ENCASEMENT.

# "K" CRETE ENCASEMENT AT SANITARY OR STORM SEWER

TYPICAL THRUST BLOCKING DETAIL

POURED CONCRETE-

8" D.I. WATER MAIN

TRENCH DETAIL IN UNPAVED AREAS

SURFACE TO BE RESTORED IN KIND, MINIMUM

COMMON BACKFILL

0.D. PIPE 1'-0"

OR 2'-8" MINIMUM

1. BACKFILL SHALL BE PLACED IN MINIMUM 6" LIFTS AND COMPACTED USING

2. WOOD BLOCKING SHALL NOT BE USED BENEATH THE PIPE AS A MEANS OF

MECHANICAL MEANS OF COMPACTION OR AS APPROVED BY UNITED WATER.

3. ROCK AND SOIL EXCAVATION PAY LIMITS SHALL BE BASED ON A 4 FEET OF

24 INCHES. COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH OVEREXCAVATION SHALL BE AT THE

BETWEEN MAIN AND SEWER CAN NOT BE MAINTAINED THE MAIN SHALL BE

COBBLES GREATER THAN 4INCHES, AND JAGGED RIPPED ROCK. THE COST

BEDDING. THE TRENCH WIDTH SHALL BE BASED ON THE PIPE DIAMETER PLUS

DEPTH TO PIPE CROWN, PLUS THE DIAMETER OF PIPE AND 6 INCHES OF

4. WHERE A 10 FOOT HORIZONTAL AND A 18 INCH VERTICAL SEPARATION

. COMMON BACKFILL SHALL CONSIST OF COMPATABLE SOILS FREE OF

FOR BACKFILLING SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE CONTRACTORS

K-CRETE ENCASED. SEE SEWER SEPARATION DETAIL

BLOCKS

8" D.I. WATER MAIN

- POURED CONCRETE

CLASS 54 DUCTILE IRON

UNDISTURBED

8" D.I. WATER MAIN

--- EARTH

BLOCKS

UNDISTURBED ~

FARTH

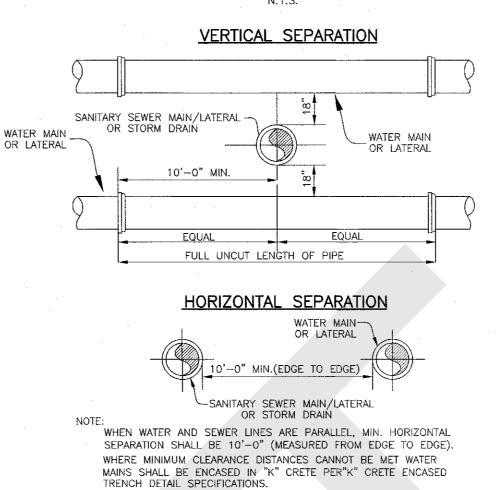
UNDISTURBED :

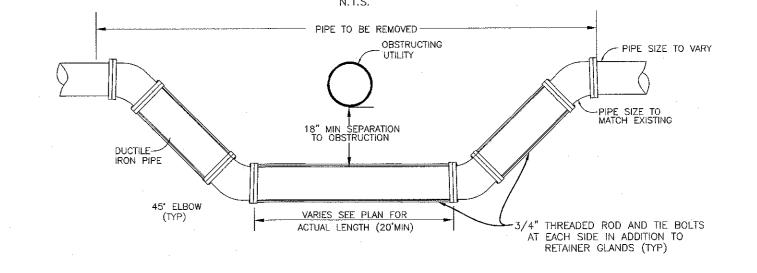
POURED CONCRETE-

8" D.I. WATER MAIN

EARTH

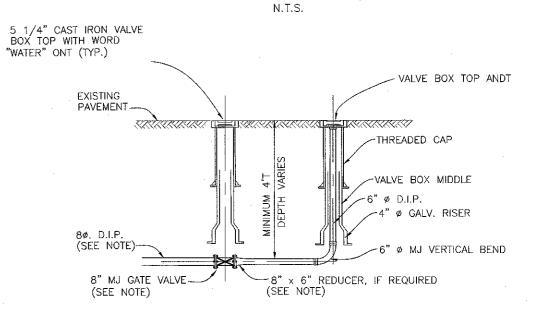
# WATER AND SEWER CROSSING



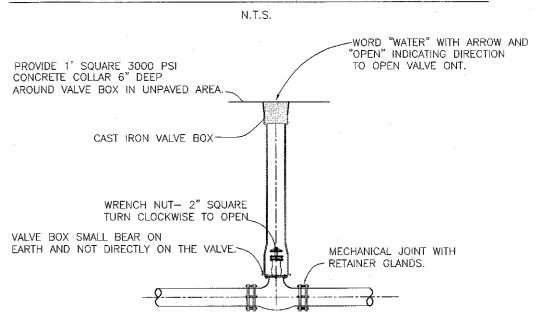


WATERMAIN OFFSET

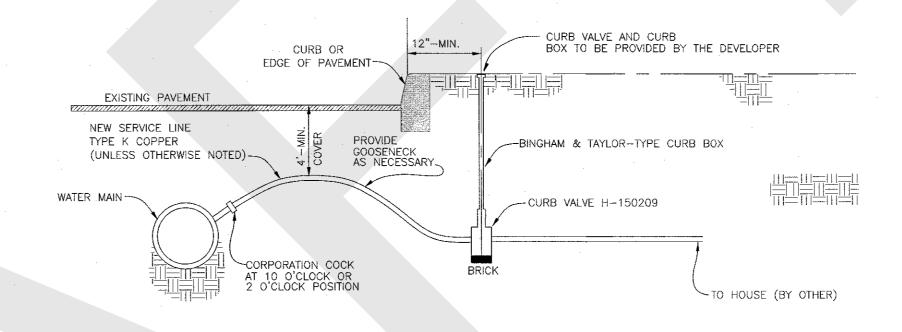
### **BLOW-OFF ASSEMBLY DETAIL**



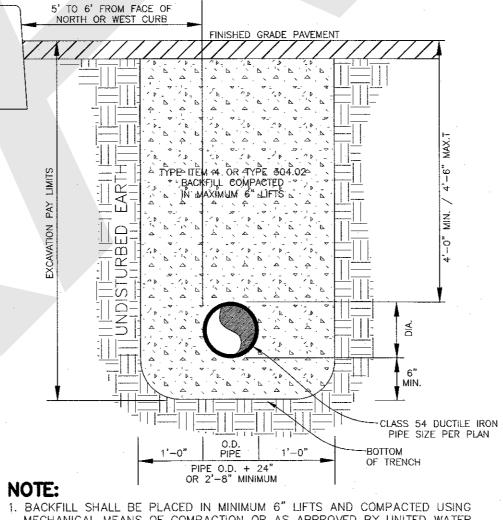
#### GATE VALVE INSTALLATION DETAIL



# **NEW SERVICE CONNECTION DETAIL**



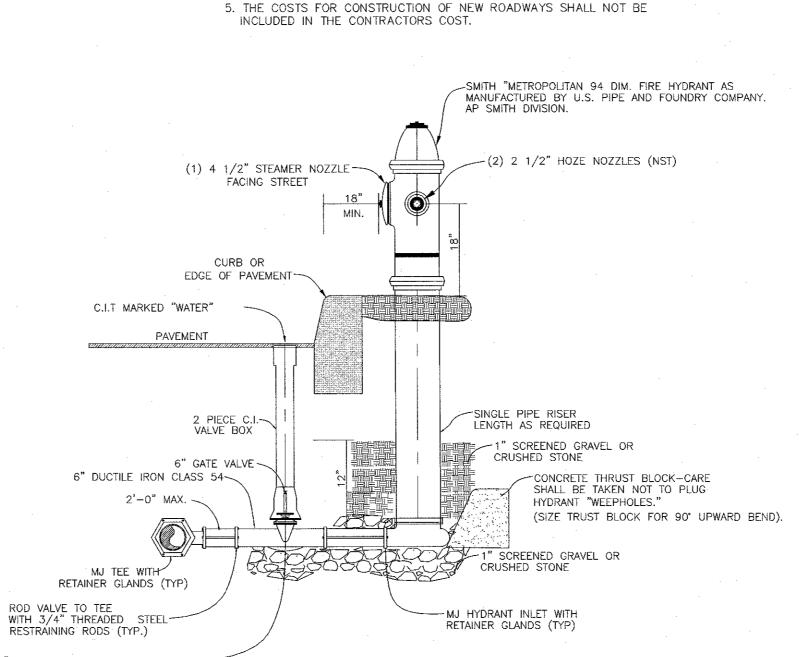
# TRENCH DETAIL IN NEW PAVED ROADS



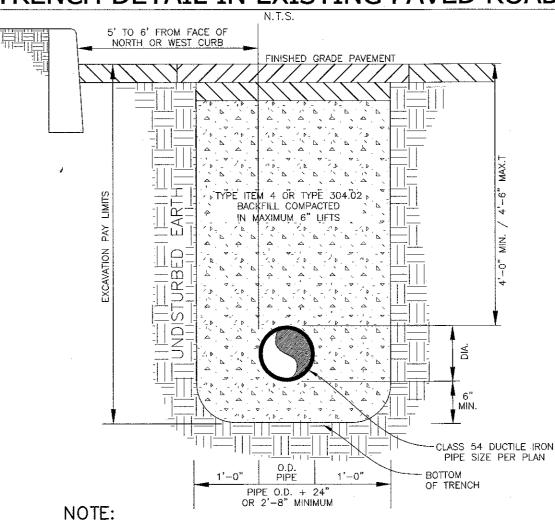
MECHANICAL MEANS OF COMPACTION OR AS APPROVED BY UNITED WATER. 2, WOOD BLOCKING SHALL NOT BE USED BENEATH THE PIPE AS A MEANS OF SETTING GRADE. 3. ROCK AND SOIL EXCAVATION PAY LIMITS SHALL BE BASED ON A 4 FEET OF DEPTH TO PIPE CROWN, PLUS THE DIAMETER OF PIPE AND 6 INCHES OF BEDDING. THE TRENCH WIDTH SHALL BE BASED ON THE PIPE DIAMETER PLUS 24 INCHES. COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH OVEREXCAVATION SHALL BE AT THE CONTRACTORS EXPENSE 4. WHERE A 10 FOOT HORIZONTAL AND A 18 INCH VERTICAL SEPARATION

MAIN SHALL BE K-CRETE ENCASED. SEE SEWER SEPARATION DETAIL

BETWEEN MAIN AND SEWER CAN NOT BE MAINTAINED THE



# TRENCH DETAIL IN EXISTING PAVED ROADS



- 1. BACKFILL SHALL BE PLACED IN MINIMUM 6" LIFTS AND COMPACTED USING MECHANICAL MEANS OF COMPACTION OR AS APPROVED BY UNITED WATER. 2. WOOD BLOCKING SHALL NOT BE USED BENEATH THE PIPE AS A MEANS OF
- SETTING GRADE. 3. ROCK AND SOIL EXCAVATION PAY LIMITS SHALL BE BASED ON A 4 FEET OF DEPTH TO PIPE CROWN, PLUS THE DIAMETER OF PIPE AND 6 INCHES OF BEDDING. THE TRENCH WIDTH SHALL BE BASED ON THE PIPE DIAMETER PLUS 24 INCHES, COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH OVEREXCAVATION SHALL BE
- AT THE CONTRACTORS EXPENSE 4. WHERE A 10 FOOT HORIZONTAL AND A 18 INCH VERTICAL SEPARATION BETWEEN MAIN AND SEWER CAN NOT BE MAINTAINED THE MAIN SHALL BE K-CRETE ENCASED. SEE SEWER SEPARATION DETAIL 5. PAVEMENT SHALL BE RESTORED IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, SLATE, OR COUNTY PERMIT REQUIREMENTS, ALL COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH RESTORATION INCLUDING SAW CUTTING, AND MILLING SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE UNIT

COST FOR EXCAVATION AND RESTORATION OF PAVEMENT

10	10-24-17	PAD "C" REVISED ALL MAPS, UPDATE CONTACT PEOPLE
9	9-13-17	PER COURT ORDER DWG. 1-7
8	8-21-15	REVISION PER NEW USER PAD "C"
7	3-11-15	PER RCDA COMMENTS 10-3-14
. 6	6-27-14	PER RCDA COMMENTS 9-17-13
5	3-10-14	PER MASER COMMENTS ON R.O.W.
4	6-12-13	REVISION PER RCDA COMMENTS 8-29-12, P1-P6 & P-9 WATER MAIN DETAILS
3	11-28-12	VARIANCES GRANTED DATE, NOTE 8 ON SHT. 3 & 4, NOTE 23 ON SHT. 3 & 5, ROAD IMPROVEMENT AT ACCESS TO P.I.P, LIGHT QTY., LANDSCAPING LEGEND
2	9-27-12	SIGNATURE BOXES, GENERAL NOTES, MINOR LANDSAPING AND LIGHTING REVISION, NEW DRAWINGS 33-37 & P-9
1	6-18-12	PROFILES, RETENTION DETAILS, VARIANCES



PROJECT:

ATZL, NASHER & ZIGLER P.O ENGINEERS-SURVEYORS-PLANNERS

DESCRIPTION

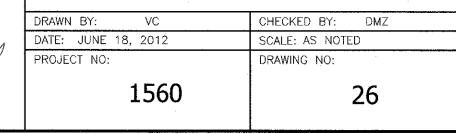
234 North Main Street New City, New York 10956

P.O. Box 636 Chester, New York 10918 Tel: (845) 634-4694 Tel: (845) 469-1015 Fax: (845) 634-5543 Fax: (845) 469-1016 Web: ANZNY.com

MINISCEONGO PARK

TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW TOWN OF RAMAPO ROCKLAND COUNTY, NEW YORK

UNITED WATER NEW YORK WATER MAIN EXTENSION **DETAILS** 



#### 12" EXISTING WATER MAIN REMOVE 12" PLUG PROP. 12X8 REDUCER ROUTE 202

EXISTING EDGE OF PAVEMENT

- PROPOSED 8" WATER MAIN

PROP. 90° ELBOW -

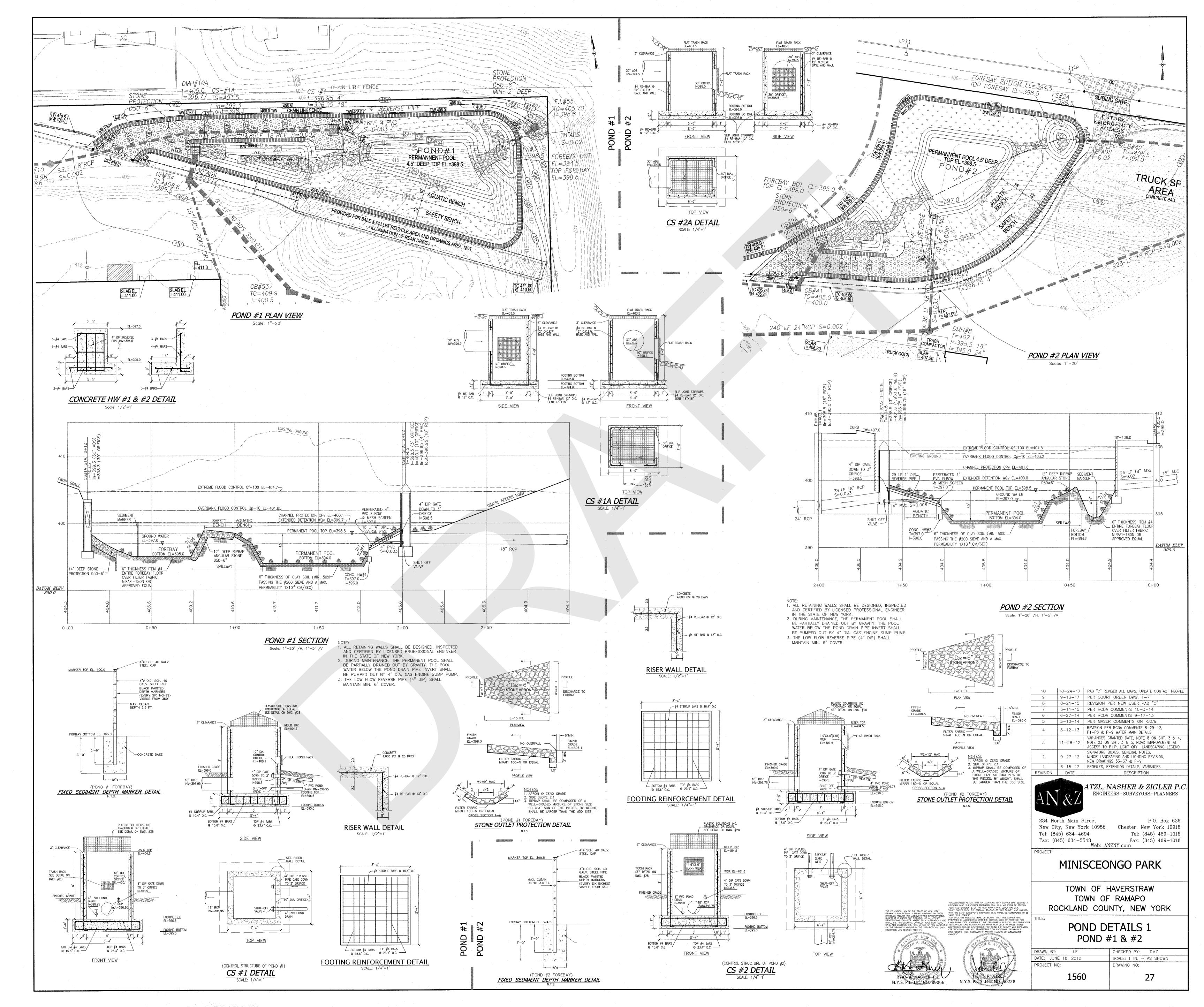
SETTING GRADE

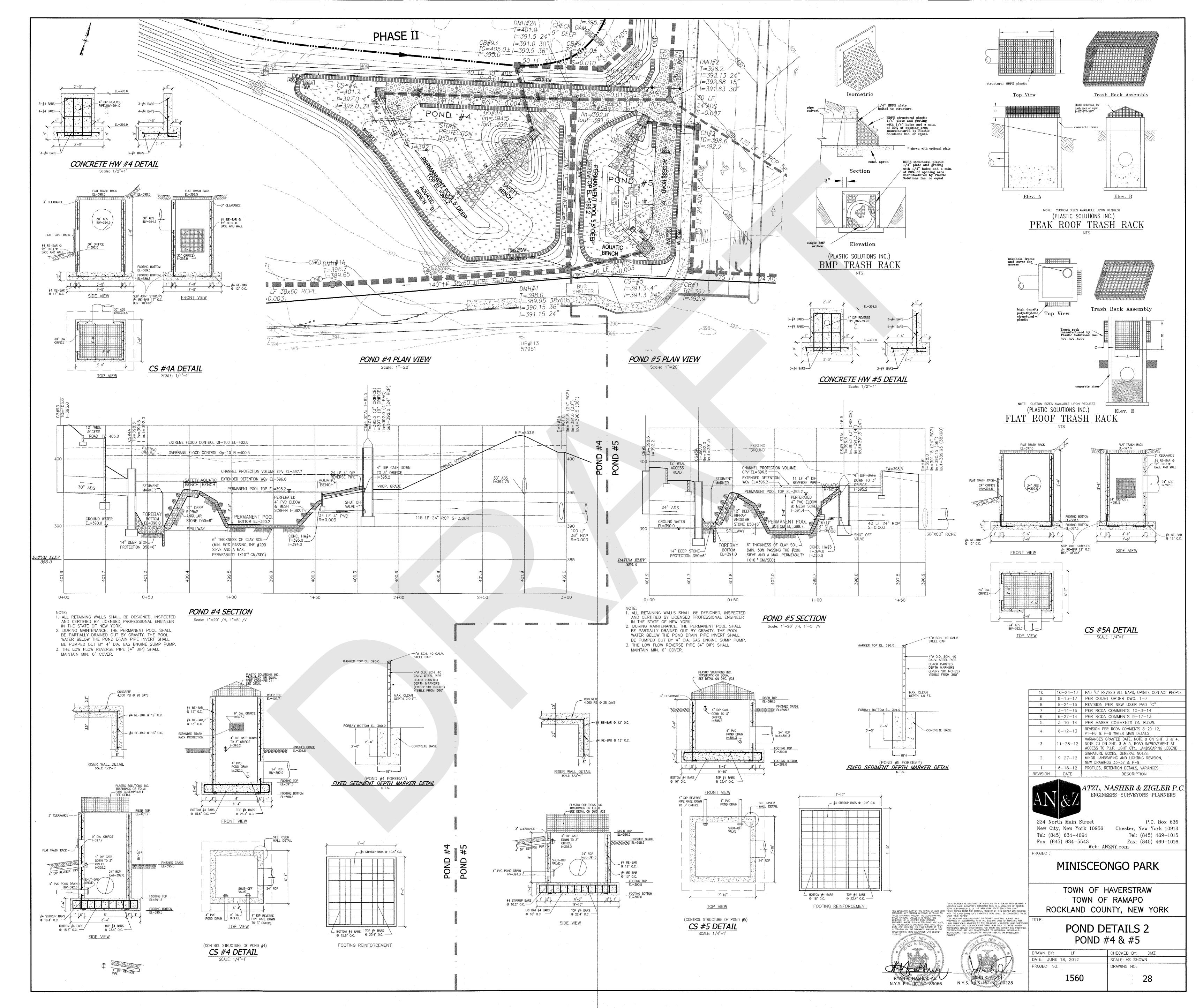
CONTRACTORS EXPENSE

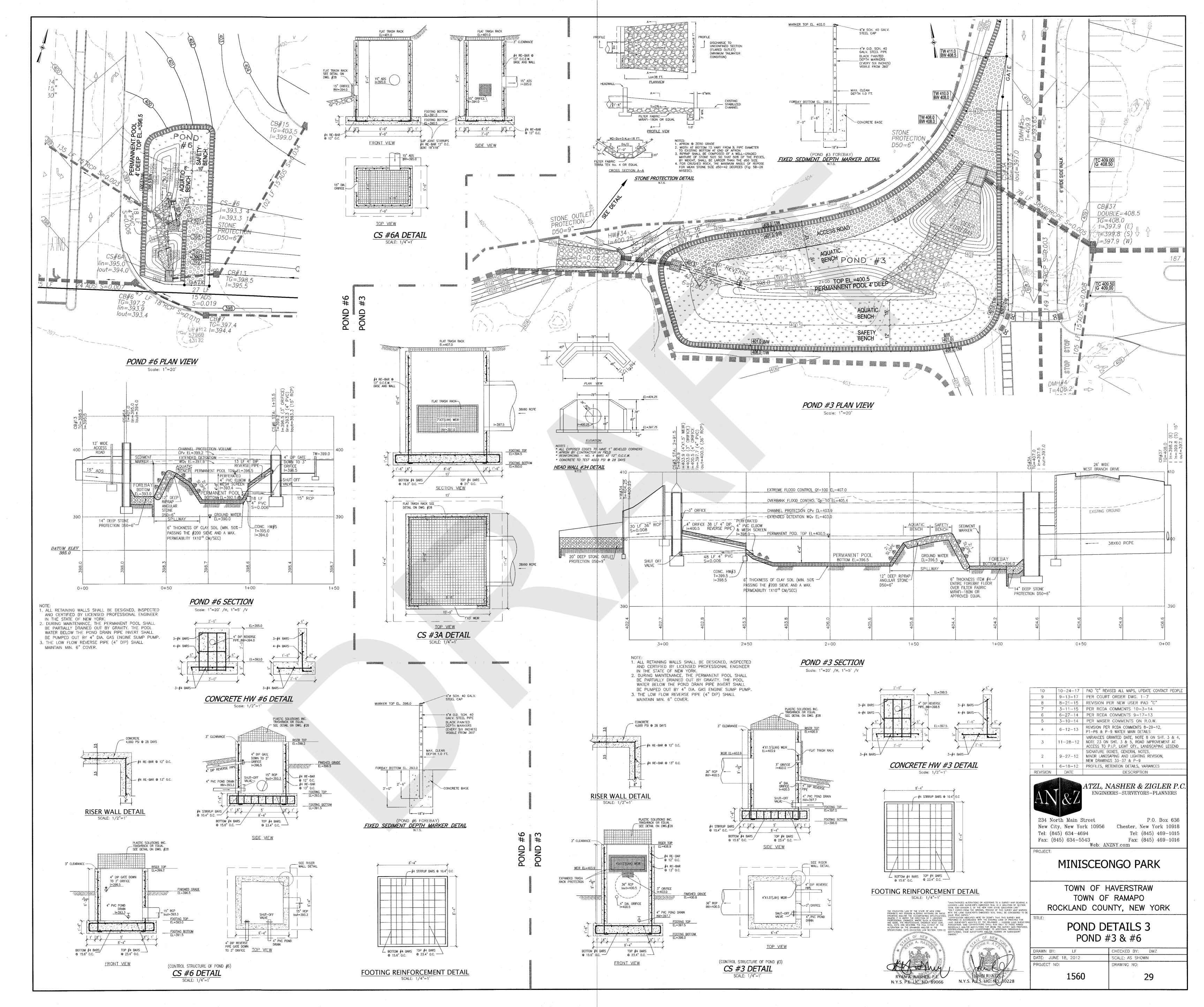
COST OF EXCAVATION.

WATER MAIN CONNECTION AT ROUTE 202 DETAIL

6" AWWA NON-RISING GATE VALVE -U.S. PIPE AND FOUNDRY COMPANY OR EQUAL, WITH MJ RETAINER GLANDS. FIRE HYDRANT DETAIL







#### Hydrologic Zones Description and Hydrologic Conditions per NYSDEC SWMDM

#### Zone 1: Deep Water Area (1- 6 Feet)

Zone 1 consist of deep pools range from one to six feet in depth, and are best colonized by submergent plants, if at all. The function of the planting is to reduce resedimentation and improve oxidation while creating a greater aquatic habitat. Plant material must be able to withstand constant inundation of water of one foot or greater in depth.

- Plants may be submerged partially or entirely.
- Plants to be placed at approximate 24 inch. Spacing throughout. Plants should be able to enhance pollutant uptake.
- Plants may provide food and cover for waterfowl, desirable insects, and other aquatic life. Pool floor seeding mix for wildlife and plant diversity. Application rate is recommended to

#### Zone 1 Plant Listing:

#### Planting Percentage/Plant Name/Note

40% Water Weed (Elodea canadensis) Good water oxygenator. High nutrient, copper, manganese and chromium removal.

25% Wild Celery (Valisneria americana) Tolerant of murkey water and high nutrient loads. 30% Pond Weed, Sago (Potamogeton pectinatus) Removes heavy metals. 5% Long-leaved Pond Weed (*Potamogeton nodosus*) Rapid spread/Salinity < 0.5 ppt. Flowers float on surface, Aug. - Sept.

#### Zone 2: Shallow Water Bench (Normal Pool to 1 Foot)

Zone 2 includes all areas that are inundated below the normal pool to a depth of one foot, and is the primary area where emergent plants will grow in a stormwater wetlands. Zone 2 also coincides with the aguatic bench found in stormwater ponds. This zone offers ideal conditions for the growth of many emergent wetland species. These areas may be located at the edge of the pond or on low mounds of earth located below the surface of the water within the pond. When planted, Zone 2 can be an important habitat for many aquatic and nonaquatic animals, creating a diverse food chain. This food chain includes predators, allowing a natural regulation of mosquito populations, thereby reducing the need for insecticidal

- Plant material must be able to withstand constant inundation of water to depths between six inches and one foot deep.
- Plants to be placed at approximate 24 inch. Spacing throughout. Plants will be partially submerged.
- Plants should be able to enhance pollutant uptake. Plants may provide food and cover for waterfowl, desirable insects and other aquatic life.
- Plants will stabilize the bottom of the pond, as well as the edge of the pond, absorbing wave impacts and reducing erosion, when water level fluctuates.
- Plant also slow water velocities and increase sediment deposition rates. Application rate is recommended to be 10 lbs per acres. Plants can reduce resuspension of sediments caused by the wind.
- Plants can also soften the engineered contours of the pond, and can conceal drawdowns during dry weather.

#### Zone 2 Plant Listing:

#### Planting Percentage/Plant Name/Note

25% Common Three-Square (Scirpus pungens) High metal removal.

25% Duckweed (Lemma sp.) High metal removal. 10% Hardstem Bulrush (Scirpus acutus) Quick to establish, fresh to brackish. Good for sediment

stabilization and erosion control. 10% Spatterdock (Nuphar luteum) Fast colonizer. Tolerant of fluctuating water levels.

5% Arrowhead, Duck Potato (Saggitaria latifolia) Aggressive colonizer. 5% Soft Rush (Juncus effusus) Tolerates wet or dry conditions.

5% Switchgrass (Panicum virgatum) Tolerates wet/dry conditions.

5% Arrow arum (Peltandra virginica) Full sun to partial shade. 5% Pickerelweed (Pontederia cordata) Full sun to partial shade.

5% Rice Cutgrass (Leersia oryzoides) Full sun although tolerant of shade. Shoreline stabilization.

#### **Zone 3: Shoreline Fringe (Regularly Inundated)**

Zone 3 encompasses the shoreline of a pond or wetland, and extends vertically about one foot in elevation from the normal pool. This zone includes the safety bench of a pond, and may also be periodically inundated if storm events are subject to extended detention. In order to stabilize the soil in this zone, Zone 3 must have a vigorous cover.

- Plants should stabilize the shoreline to minimize erosion caused by wave and wind action
- Plant material must be able to withstand occasional inundation of water. Plants will be partially submerged at this time.
- Plant material should, whenever possible, shade the shoreline, especially the southern exposure. This will help to reduce the water temperature. Plants should be able to
- enhance pollutant uptake 4. Plants may provide food and cover for waterfowl, songbirds, and wildlife. Plants could also be selected and located to control overpopulation of waterfowl.
- Plants should be located to reduce human access, where there are potential hazards, but 6. Plants should have very low maintenance requirements, since they may be difficult to
- 7. Plants should be resistant to disease and other problems. Chemical application is not advised in stormwater ponds.

#### Zone 3 Plant Listing:

Planting Percentage/Plant Name/Note

20% Arrowwood Viburrium (Viburrium dentatum Grows best in sun to partial shade 20% Buttonbush (Cepahlanthus occidentalis) Full sun to partial shade. Will grow in dry areas.

20% Elderberry (Sambucus canadensis) Full sun to partial shade. 20% Silky Dogwood (Cornus amomium) Shade and drought tolerant. Good bank stabilizer. 20% Winterberry (Ilex verticillata) Full sun to partial shade. Seasonally flooded areas.

#### Zone 6: Upland Slopes (Seldom or Never Inundated)

The last zone extends above the maximum 100 year water surface elevation, and often includes the outer buffer of a pond or wetland. Unlike other zones, this upland area may have sidewalks, bike paths, retaining walls, and maintenance access roads. Care should be taken to locate plants so they will not overgrow these routes or create hiding places that might make the area unsafe.

- Plant material is capable of surviving and will tolerate any inundation. Ground covers should emphasize infrequent mowing to reduce the cost of maintaining
- Placement of plants in Zone 6 is important since they are often used to create a visual focal point, frame a desirable view, screen undesirable views, serve as a buffer.
- Plant will provide shade to allow a greater variety of plant materials. Particular attention should be paid to seasonal color and texture of these plantings.

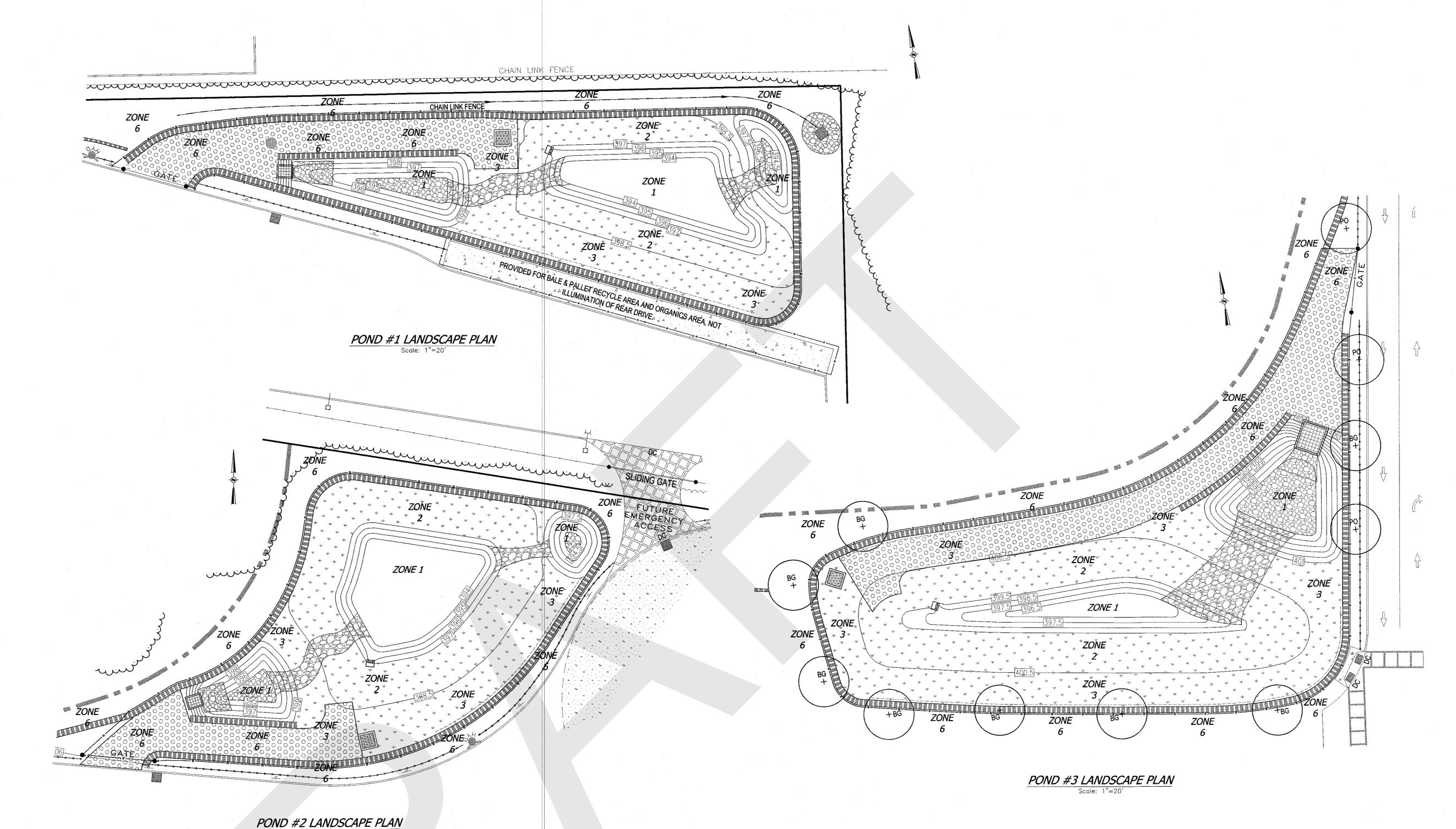
# Zone 6 Plant Listing:

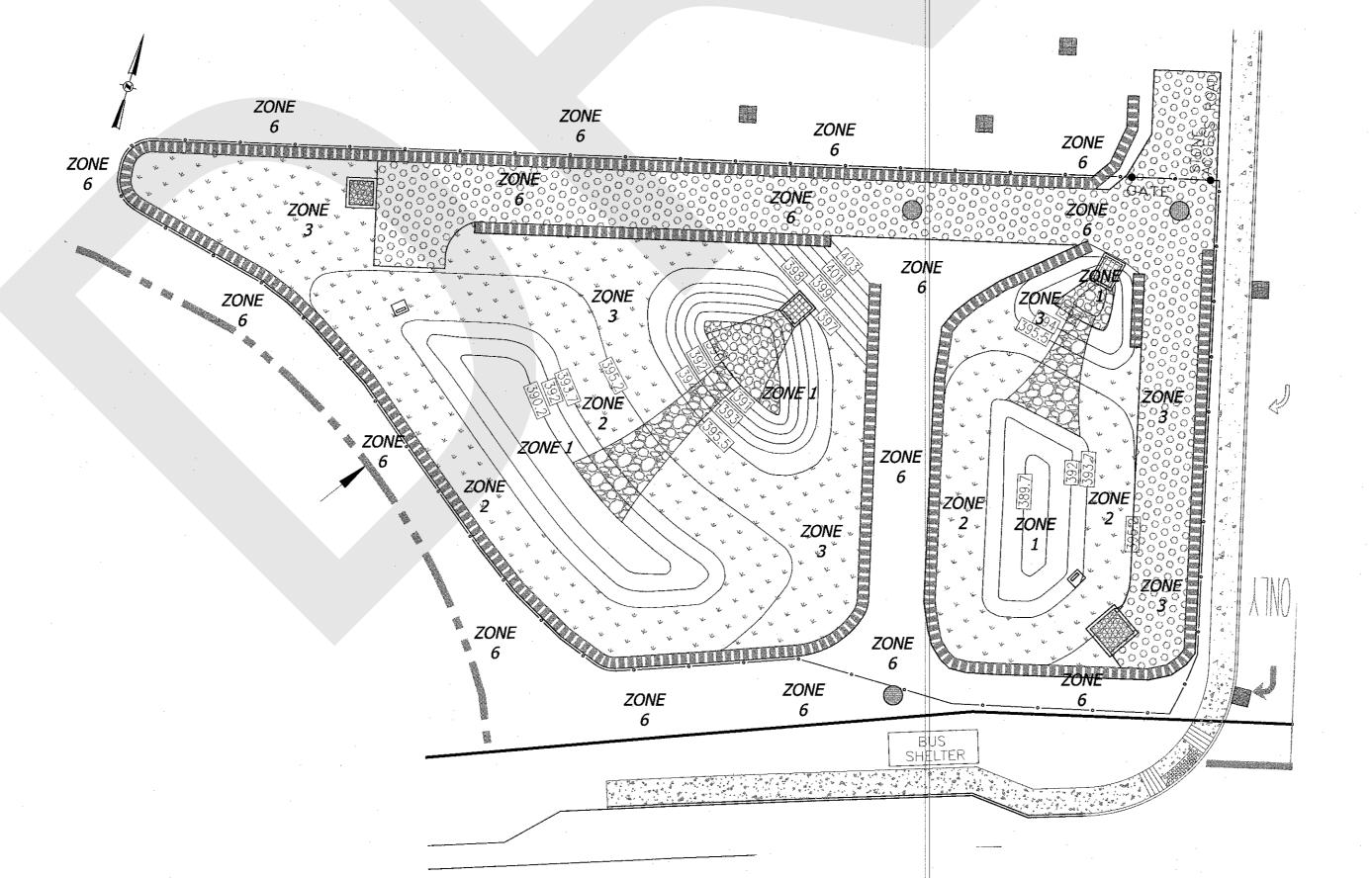
### Planting Percentage/Plant Name/Note

20% Elderberry (Sambucus canadensis) Full sun to partial shade. 20% Shadowbush, Serviceberry (Amelanchier) High wildlife value. Nesting, cover, food for birds and

20% Birdfoot deervetch (Lotus Corniculatus) Infrequent inundation. High wildlife value, food for birds. 20% Cardinal flower (Lobelia cardinalis) Tolerates partial shade20%Switchgrass (Panicum virgatum)

- PLANTING NOTES, MAINTENANCE AND SPECIFICATION: 1. ALL PLANTING SHALL BE LOCATED, INSPECTED AND APPROVED BY A CERTIFIED LANDSCAPE
  - 2. PLANTS SHALL BE MIXED IN GROUP IN ALL DESIGNATED ZONE 1, 2, 3 & 6 3. PLANTS TO BE PLACED AT APPROXIMATE 24 INCH. SPACING THROUGHOUT IN ZONE 1, 2
  - 4. PLANTS TO BE PLACED IN GROUPS OF 5 TO 7 ALONG THE BANK AT APPROXIMATE 10 FT.
  - SPACING THROUGHOUT IN ZONE 6. 5. ALL PLANTS SHALL BE NURSERY GROWN UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIALLY PERMITTED IN EACH INSTANT.
  - 6. PLANTS SHALL HAVE NORMAL, WELL-DEVELOPED BRANCHES AND BE DENSELY FOLIATED 7. PLANTS SHALL BE VIGOROUS AND FREE FROM DEFECTS, DISEASE, INSECT PESTS, EGGS OR
  - LARVAE, SUN SCALES, INJURIES AND ABRASIONS OF THE BARK. THEY SHALL HAVE WELL-DEVELOPED ROOT SYSTEMS. 8. PLANTS SHALL BE CONTAINER GROWN OR BURLAP BALLED. FRESHLY DUG PLANTS, HEELED
  - IN PLANTS OR PLANTS FROM COLD STORAGE SHALL NOT BE ACCEPTABLE. 9. MEASUREMENT OF SHURBS SHALL BE TAKEN WHEN THEIR BRANCES ARE IN NORMAL POSITION. THE HEIGHT AND SPREAD DIMENTION SHALL BE APPROVED BY A CERTIFIED LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT.
  - 10. GROUND COVER PLANTS SHALL BE FURNISHED IN POTS, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. THE PLANT SHALL HAVE SUFFICIENT GROWTH TO HOLD SOIL IN PLACE WHEN REMOVE FROM 11. ALL THE PLANT SHALL BE SELECTED AND PLANTED AS SPECIFIED IN THE TABULATE LIST
  - ABOVE ACCORDING TO THE NYSDEC STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DESIGN MANUAL IN APPENDIX H. 12. PLANTING SOIL SHALL BE COMPOSED OF A MIXTURE OF ONE PART TOPSOIL AND ONE PART
  - ROOTED MANURE OR PEAT. 13. MULCH SHALL BE GROUND FIR, SPRUCE OR HEMLOCK, FREE FROM WEED SEEDS, TANNIN OR OTHER COMPOUNDS DETRIMENTAL TO PLANT LIFE. MULCH SHALL HAVE A SIZE RANGE OF
  - 1/4 INCH TO 1 INCH WITH A MAXIMUM OF 50% PASSING A 1/2 INCH SCREEN. 14. FERTILIZER SHALL BE A STANDARD COMMERCIAL GRADE OF ORGANIC OR INORGANIC FERTILIZER OF (5-10-5) OR APPROVED EQUAL.
  - 15. MAINTENANCE OF ALL PLANTS SHALL BE REQUIRED FROM THE TIME OF PLANTING UNTIL THE INITIAL ACCEPTANCE. MAINTENANCE SHALL INCLUDE WATERING, WEEDING, TIGHTENING. AND REPAIRING, RESETTING PLANTS TO PROPER GRADES OR UPRIGHT POSITION AND REMOVAL OF DEAD MATERIALS. NO PLANTS WILL BE ACCEPTABLE UNLESS THEY SHOW A HEALTHY AND SATISFACTORY FOLIAGE CONDITION.



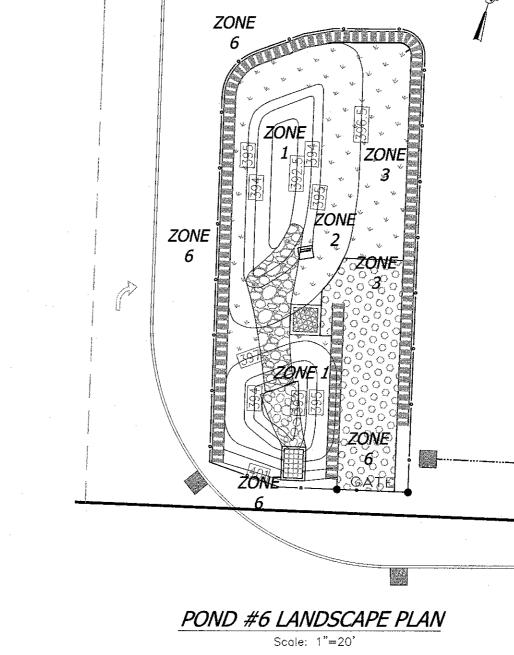


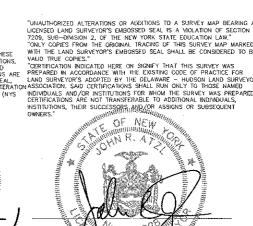
POND #4 LANDSCAPE PLAN

Scale: 1"=20'

POND #5 LANDSCAPE PLAN

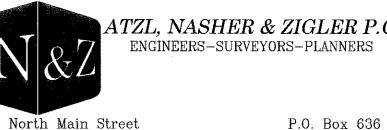
Scale: 1"=20'





9	9-13-17	PER COURT ORDER DWG. 1-7
8	8-21-15	RÉVISION PER NEW USER PAD "C"
7	3-11-15	PER RCDA COMMENTS 10-3-14
6	6-27-14	PER RCDA COMMENTS 9-17-13
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1	6-18-12	PROFILES, RETENTION DETAILS, VARIANCES
REVISION	DATE	DESCRIPTION
		AMZI MACITED 0 ZICLED D.

10 10-24-17 PAD "C" REVISED ALL MAPS, UPDATE CONTACT PEOPLE



234 North Main Street New City, New York 10956 Tel: (845) 634-4694 Fax: (845) 634-5543

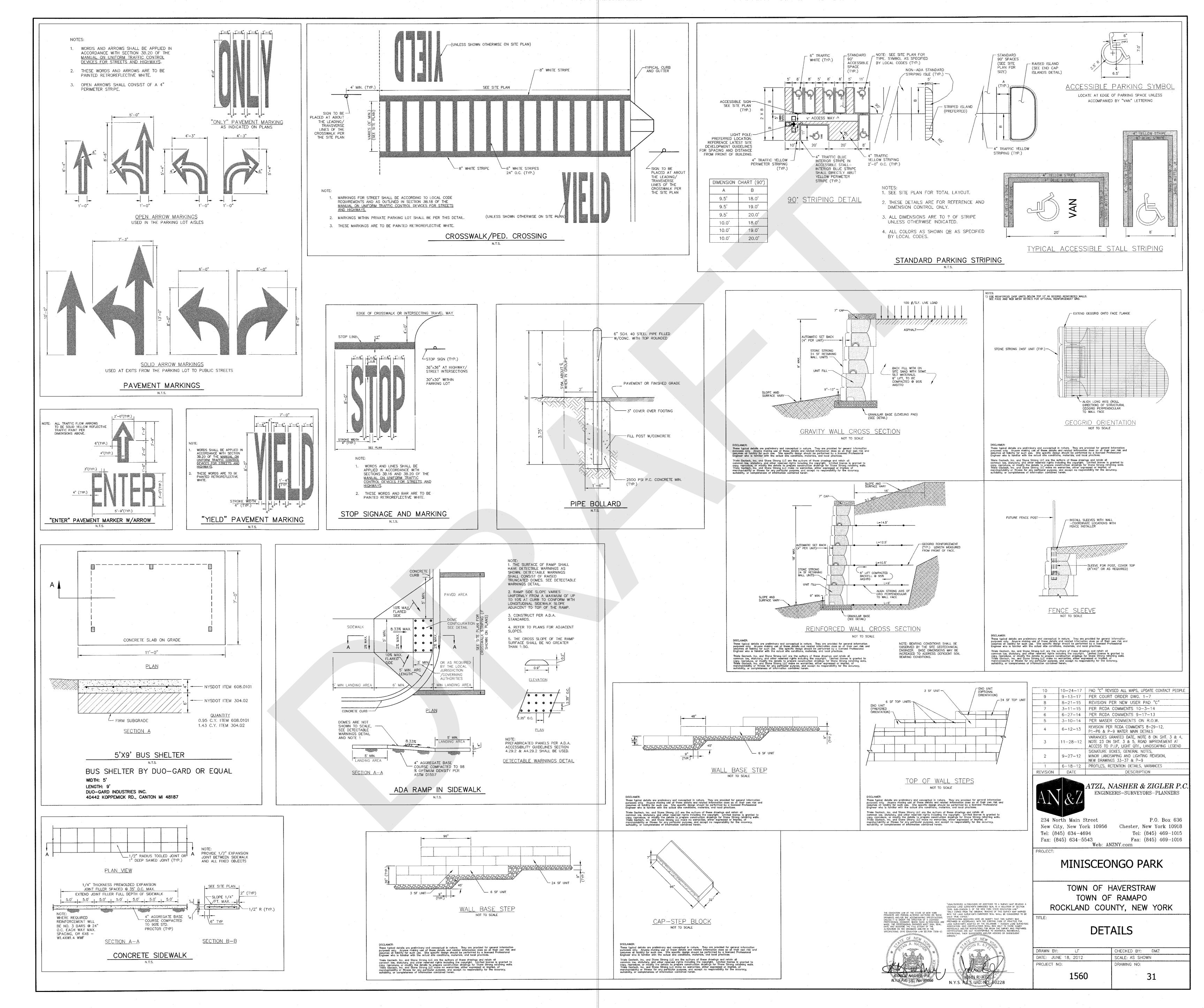
Chester, New York 10918 Tel: (845) 469-1015 Fax: (845) 469-1016 Web: ANZNY.com PROJECT:

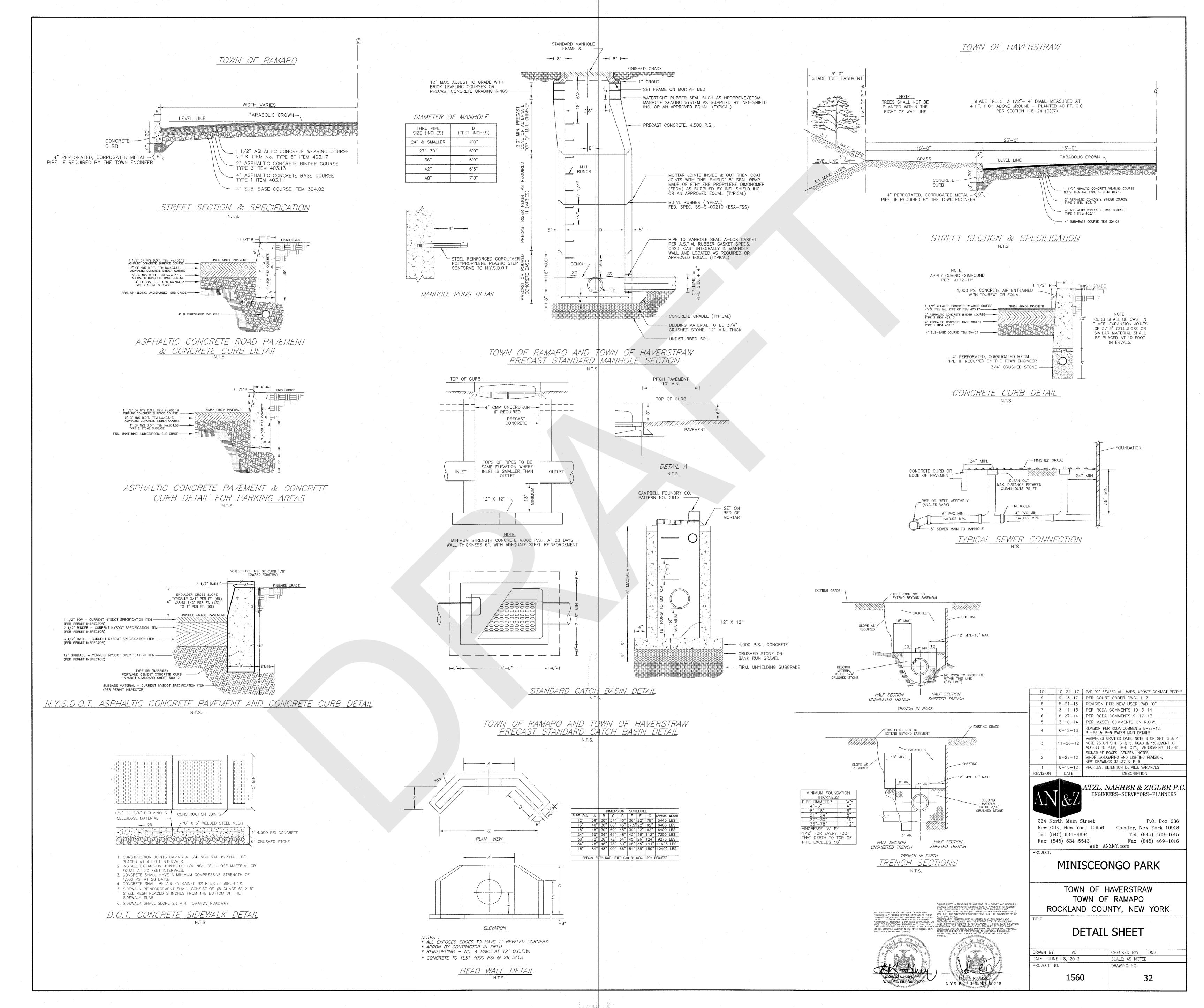
# MINISCEONGO PARK

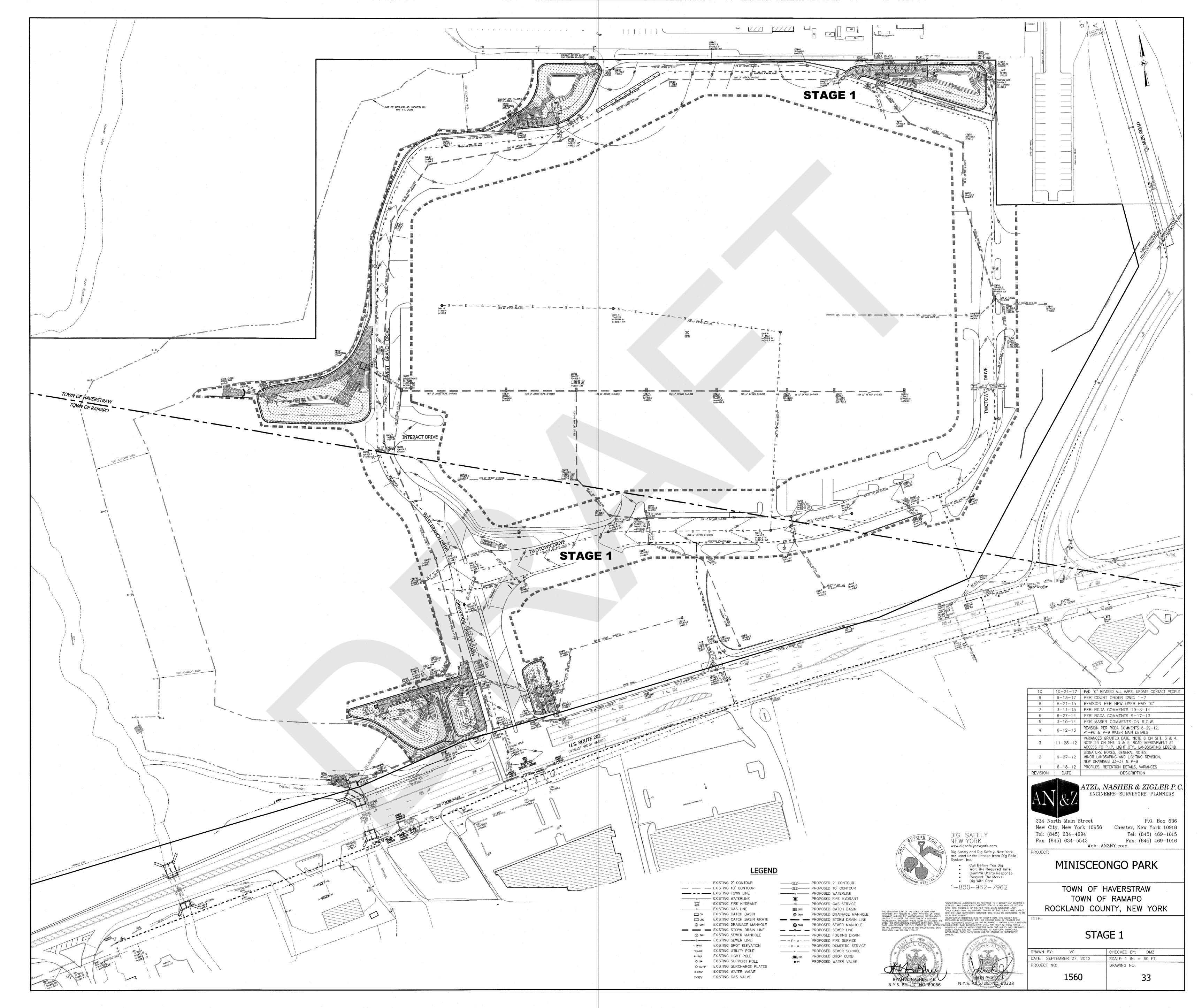
TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW TOWN OF RAMAPO ROCKLAND COUNTY, NEW YORK

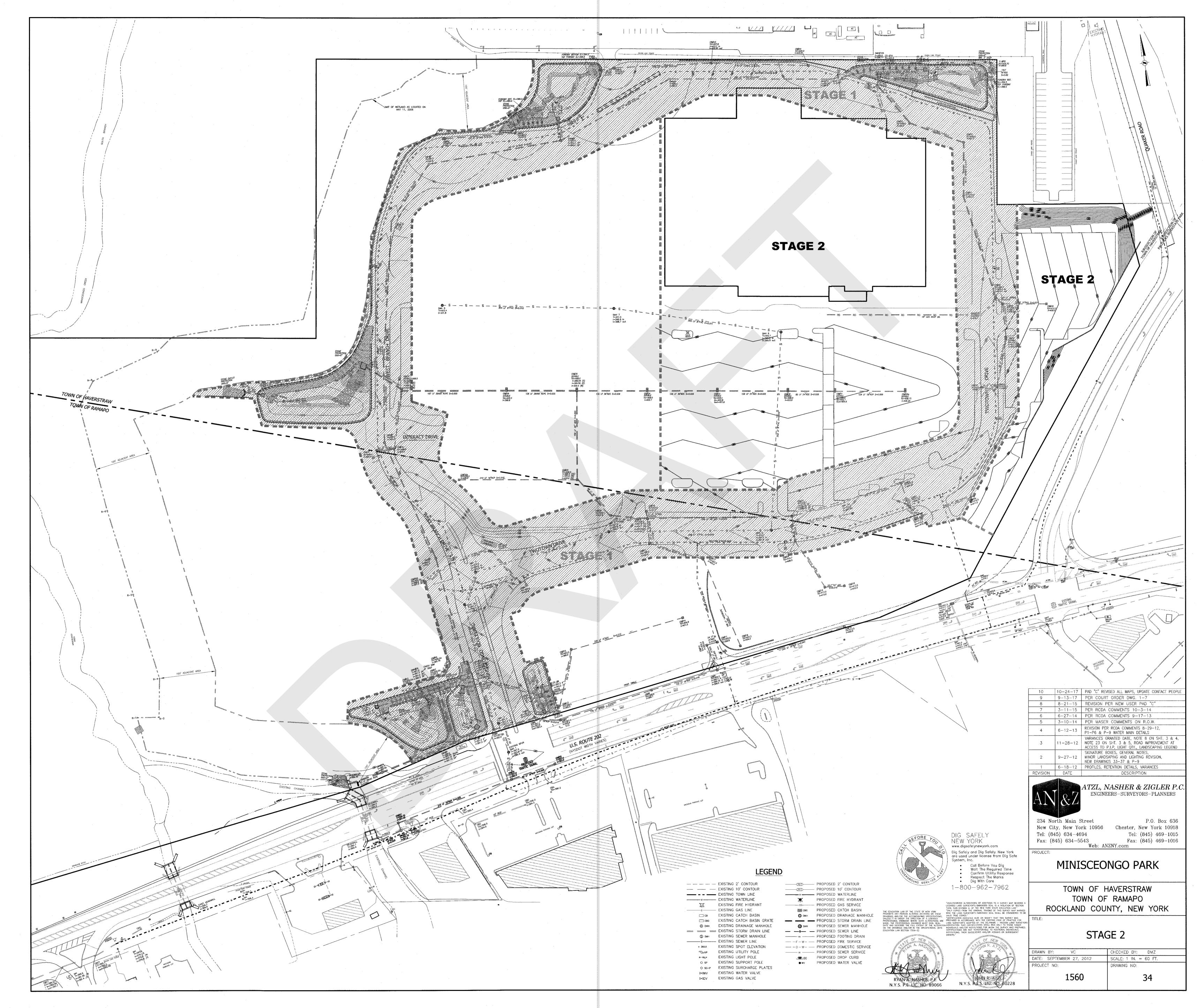
## POND LANDSCAPING PLAN

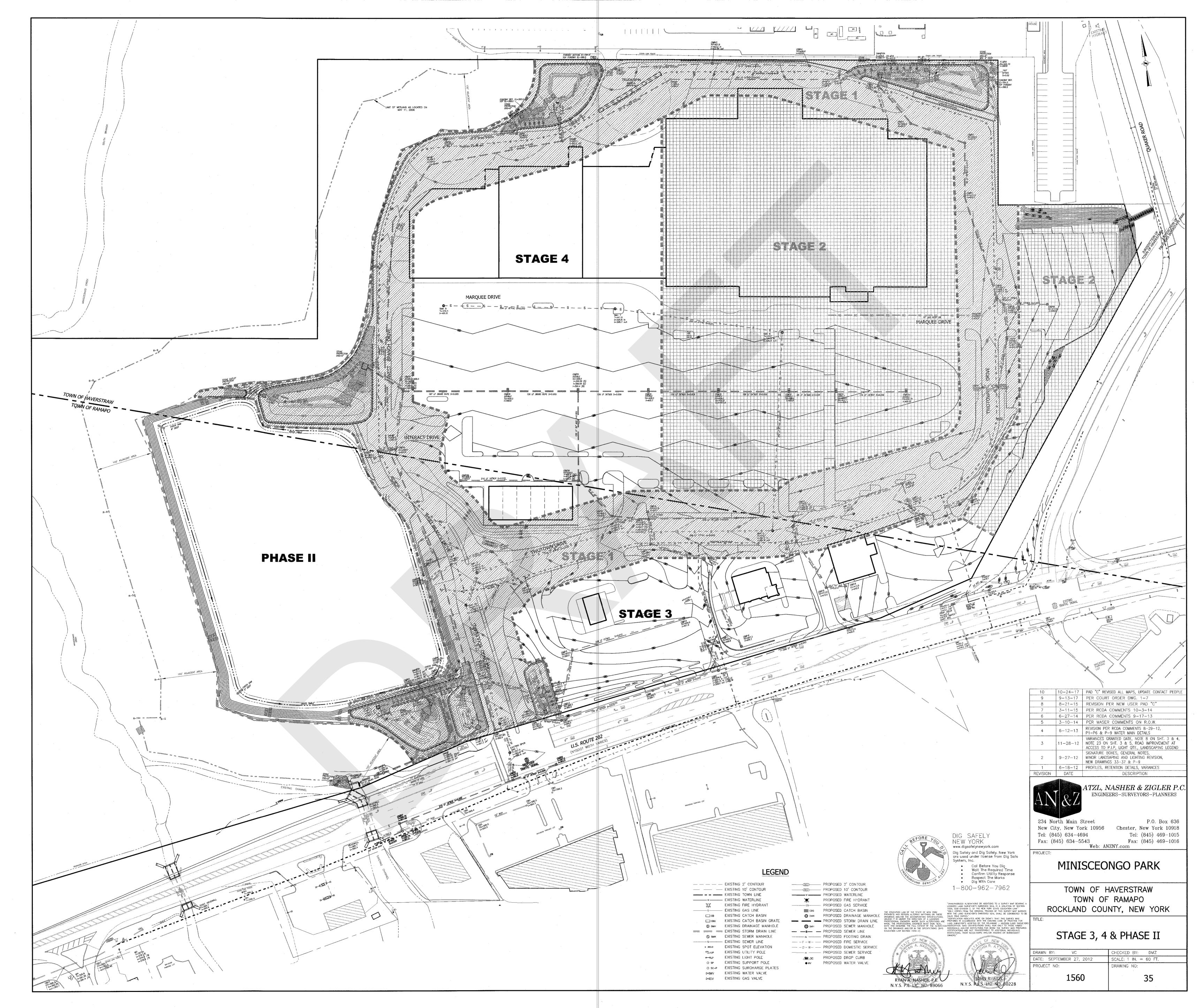
1560	30
PROJECT NO:	DRAWING NO:
DATE: JUNE 18, 2012	SCALE: 1 IN. = 30 FT.
DRAWN BY: VC	CHECKED BY: DMZ

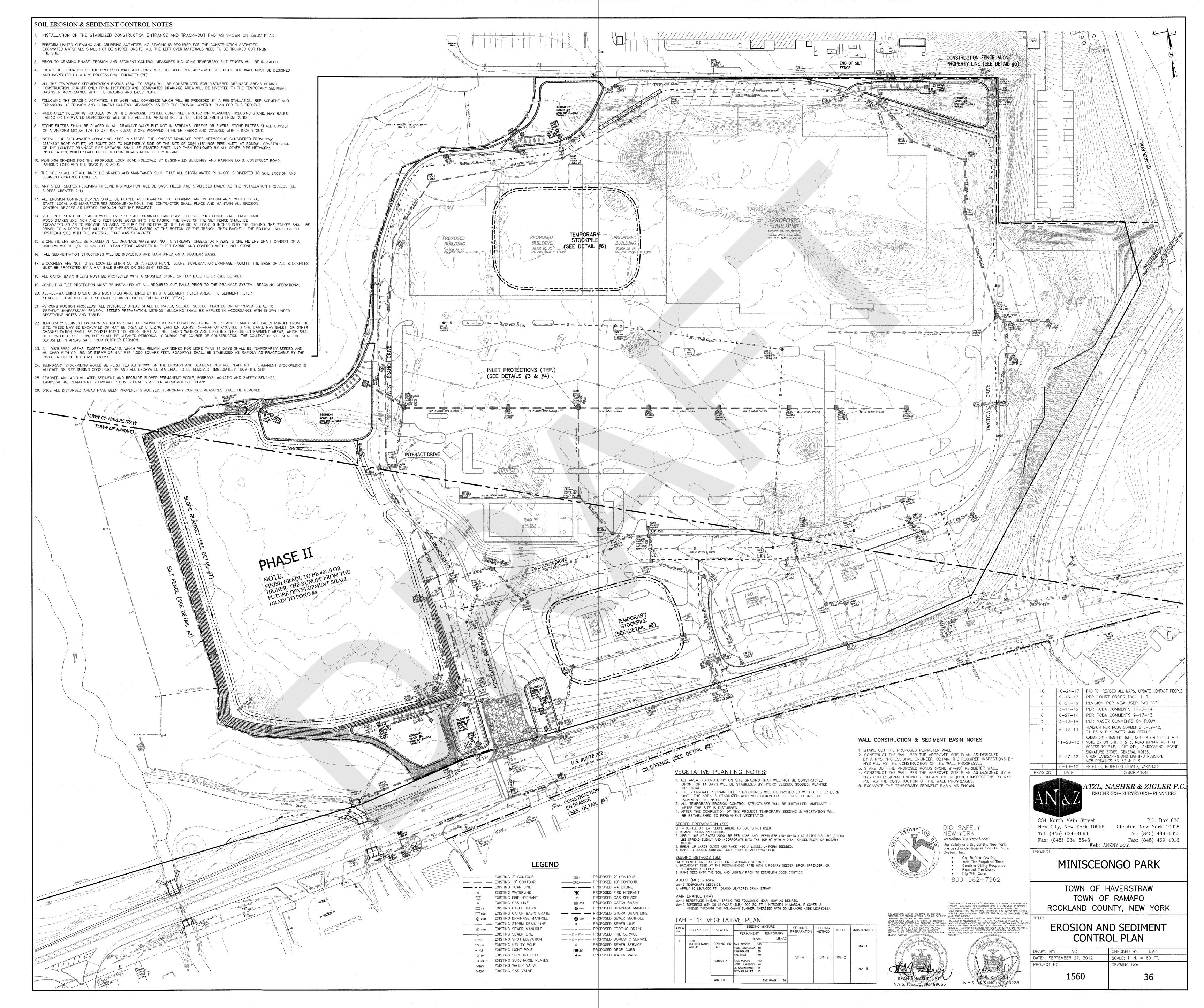


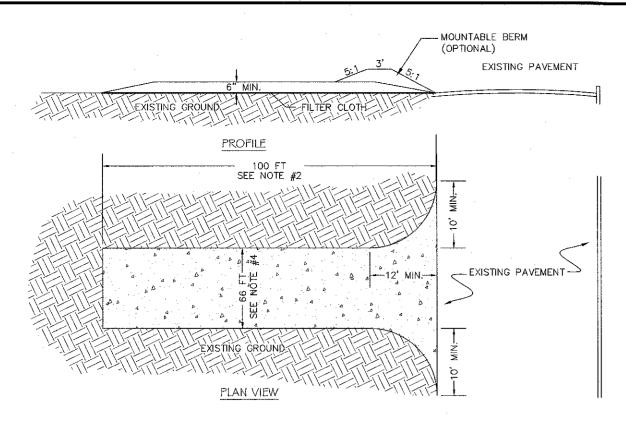










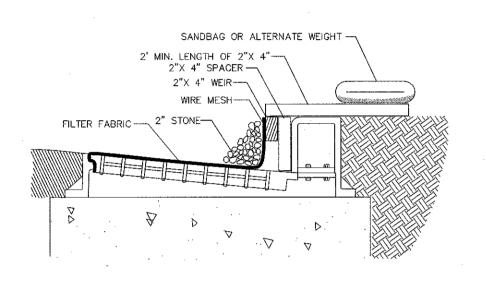


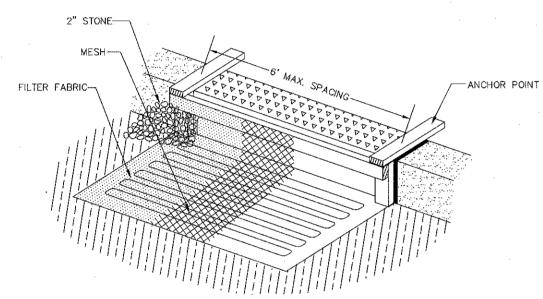
## DETAIL #1 CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE 1. STONE SIZE - USE 2" STONE, OR RECLAIMED OR RECYCLED CONCRETE 2. LENGTH - NOT LESS THAN 50 FT. (EXCEPT ON A SINGLE RESIDENCE LOT WHERE A 30 FT. MINIMUM LENGTH WOULD APPLY). 3. THICKNESS - NOT LESS THAN 6 IN.. 4. WIDTH - 12 FT. MINIMUM, BUT NOT LESS THAN THE FULL WIDTH AT POINTS WHERE INGRESS AND EGRESS OCCUR. 24 FT. IF SINGLE ENTRANCE 5. FILTER CLOTH — WILL BE PLACED OVER THE ENTIRE AREA PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF STONE. 6. SURFACE WATER - ALL SURFACE WATER FLOWING OR DIVERTED TOWARD CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES SHALL BE PIPED ACROSS THE ENTRANCE. IF PIPING IS IMPRACTICAL, A MOUNTABLE BERM WITH 5:1 SLOPES WILL BE

7. MAINTENANCE — THE ENTRANCE SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION WHICH WILL PREVENT TRACKING OR FLOWING OF SEDIMENT ONTO PUBLIC RIGHT—OF—WAYS. ALL SEDIMENT SPILLED , DROPPED, WASHED, OR TRACKED ONTO PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAYS MUST BE REMOVED IMMEDIATELY. 8. WHEN WASHING IS REQUIRED, IT SHALL BE DONE ON AN AREA STABILIZED WITH STONE AND WHICH DRAINS TO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT TRAPPING

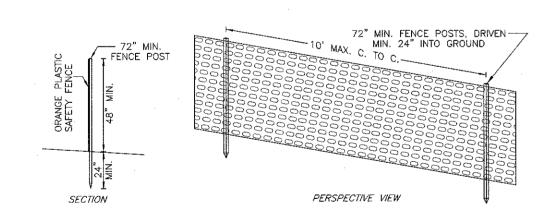
PERIODIC INSPECTION AND NEEDED MAINTENANCE SHALL BE PROVIDED AFTER EACH RAIN.

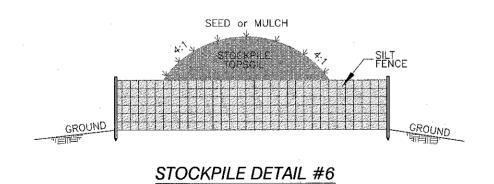




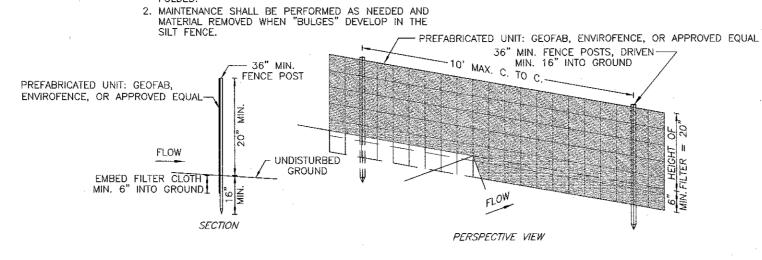
# DETAIL #4 CURB INLET PROTECTION

SPECIFICATIONS FOR CURB INLET PROTECTION 1. FILTER FABRIC SHALL HAVE AN EOS OF 40-85. 2. WOODEN FRAME SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF 2"X 4" CONSTRUCTION GRADE LUMBER. 3. WIRE MESH ACROSS THROAT SHALL BE A CONTINUOUS PIECE 30" MINIMUM WIDTH WITH A LENGTH 4 FT. LONGER THAN THE THROAT. IT SHALL BE SHAPED AND SECURELY NAILED TO A 2"X 4" WEIR. 4. THE WEIR SHALL BE SECURELY NAILED TO 2"X 4" SPACERS 9" LONG SPACED NO MORE THAN 6 FT. APART. 5. THE ASSEMBLY SHALL BE PLACED AGAINST THE INLET AND SECURED BY 2"X 4" ANCHORS 2 FT. LONG EXTENDING ACROSS THE TOP OF THE INLET AND HELD IN PLACE BY SANDBAGS OR ALTERNATE WEIGHTS.





CONSTRUCTION NOTES FOR PRE FABRICATED SILT FENCE PREFABRICATED UNIT: GEOFAB, ENVIROFENCE, OR APPROVED EQUAL 1. WHEN TWO SECTIONS OF FILTER CLOTH ADJOIN EACH OTHER THEY SHALL BE OVERLAPPED BY SIX INCHES AND



SILT FENCE DETAIL #2
N.T.S.

## SEDIMENT & EROSION CONTROL NOTES

1. FABRIC FENCE WILL BE INSTALLED ALONG THE PROPOSED ROAD AND THE ADJACENT PROPERTY OWNERS AND ALL DISTURBED AREAS. 2. TEMPORARY SEEDING SHALL BE APPLIED TO DISTURBED AREAS THAT ARE LEFT BARE FOR 15 DAYS UNLESS CONSTRUCTION WILL BE BEGIN WITHIN 30 DAYS. IF CONSTRUCTION IS SUSPENDED OR COMPLETED,

AREAS SHALL BE SEEDED OR MULCHED IMMEDIATELY 3. STRUCTURAL MEASURES MUST BE MAINTAINED TO BE EFFECTIVE. IN GENERAL, THESE MEASURES MUST BE PERIODICALLY INSPECTED TO INSURE STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY, DETECT VANDALISM DAMAGE, AND FOR MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR WHENEVER NECESSARY.

4. A STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE SHALL BE INSTALLED AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PROPOSED ROAD. 5. MACADAM SURFACES SHALL BE SWEPT "BROOM CLEAN" AT THE

END OF EACH DAY DURING CONSTRUCTION. 6. CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT SHALL BE LIMITED TO AREAS WITHIN THE SILT FENCE SEDIMENT PROTECTION AREA.

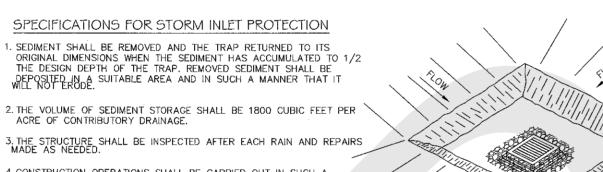
## EROSION CONTROL PHASING

PHASE I - IMMEDIATELY AFTER CLEARING 1) STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE (DETAIL #1) SILT FENCING (DETAIL #2)

PHASE II - IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING INSTALLATION OF SEWER & DRAINAGE 1) STORM INLET TRAP (DETAIL #3) AROUND ALL CATCH BASINS

PHASE III - IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING PAVING OF ROADWAY & PARKING LOT

1) CURB INLET PROTECTION (DETAIL #4) AROUND ALL CATCH BASINS IN ROADWAY & PARKING AREAS. NOTE: STORM INLET PROTECTION (DETAIL #3) ARE TO REMAIN FOR FIELD INLET & OUTLET STRUCTURES IN TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASINS.



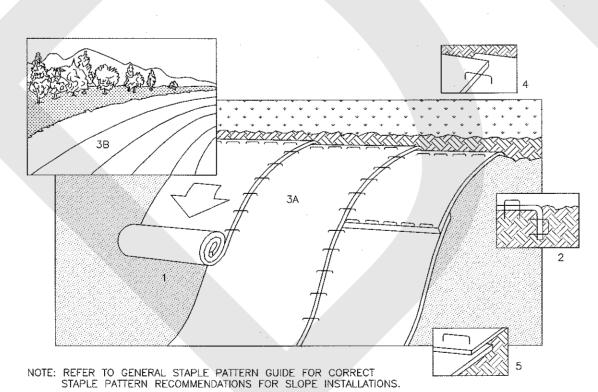
4. CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS SHALL BE CARRIED OUT IN SUCH A MANNER THAT EROSION AND WATER POLLUTION SHALL BE MINIMIZED. 5. THE SEDIMENT TRAP SHALL BE REMOVED AND THE AREA STABILIZED WHEN THE CONSTRUCTED DRAINAGE AREA HAS BEEN PROPERLY STABILIZED.

6. ALL CUT SLOPES SHALL BE 1:1 OR FLATTER.

YARD DRAIN EXCAVATED DEPTH GRAVEL- SUPPORTED BY HARDWARE CLOTH TO ALLOW DRAINAGE AND RESTRICT

DETAIL #3 STORM INLET PROTECTION

SEDIMENT MOVEMENT



. PREPARE SOIL BEFORE INSTALLING BLANKETS, INCLUDING APPLICATION OF LIME, FERTILIZER,

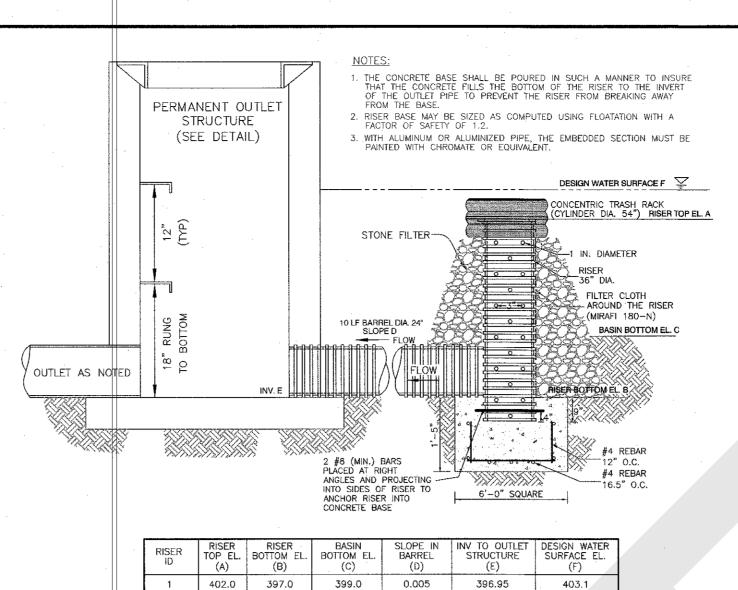
AND SEED. NOTE: WHEN USING CELL-O-SEED DO NOT SEED PREPARED AREA. CELL-O-SEED MUST BE INSTALLED WITH PAPER SIDE DOWN. 2. BEGIN AT THE TOP OF THE SLOPE BY ANCHORING THE BLANKET IN 6" DEEP X 6" WIDE TRENCH.

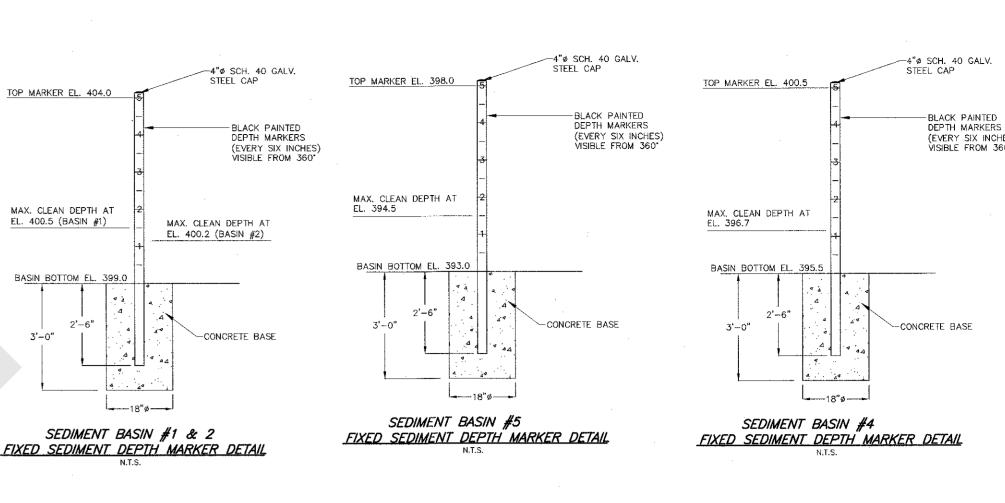
BACKFILL AND COMPACT THE TRENCH AFTER STAPLING. 3. ROLL THE BLANKETS (A.) DOWN OR (B.) HORIZONTALLY ACROSS THE SLOPE.

4. THE EDGES OF PARALLEL BLANKETS MUST BE STAPLED WITH APPROXIMATELY 2" OVERLAP.

WHEN BLANKETS MUST BE SPLICED DOWN THE SLOPE, PLACE BLANKETS END OVER END (SHINGLE STYLE) WITH APPROXIMATELY 4" OVERLAP. STAPLE THROUGH OVERLAPPED AREA, APPROXIMATELY 12" APART.

SLOPE BLANKET INSTALLATION DETAIL #7





SEDIMENT BASIN RISER #1, 2, 4 & 5 DETAIL

0.025

0.010

0.010

396.75

392.0

390.9

404.9

399.1

396.2

399.0

395.5

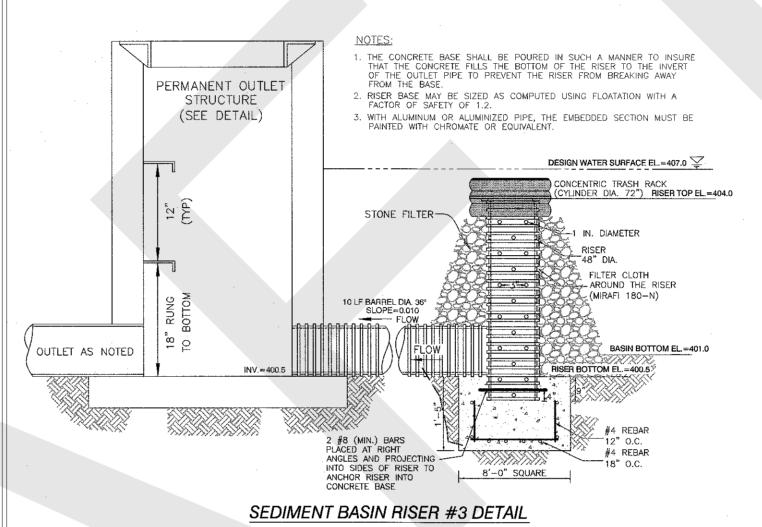
393.0

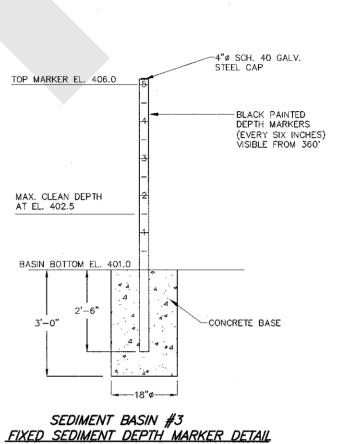
397.0

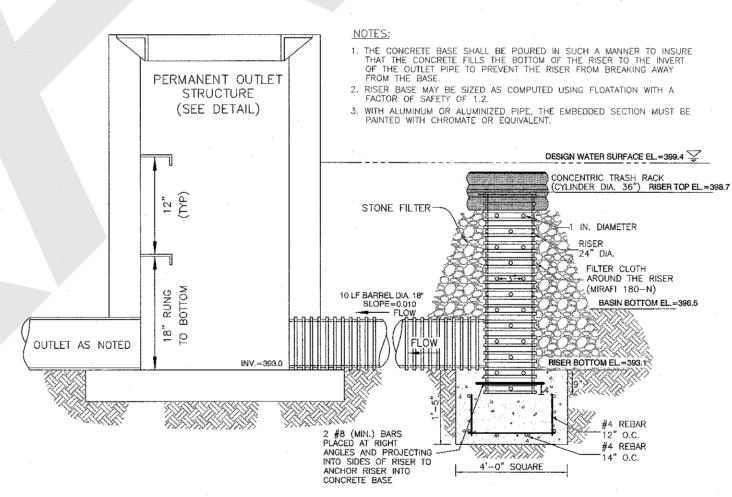
392.1

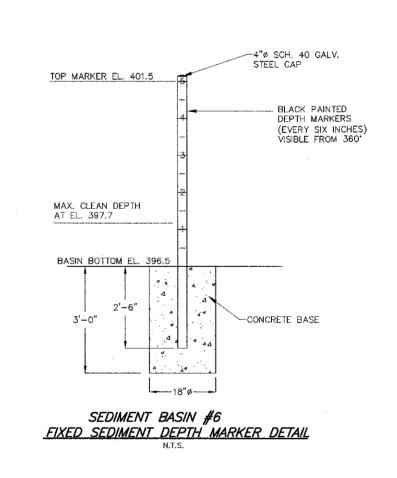
401.5

398.0

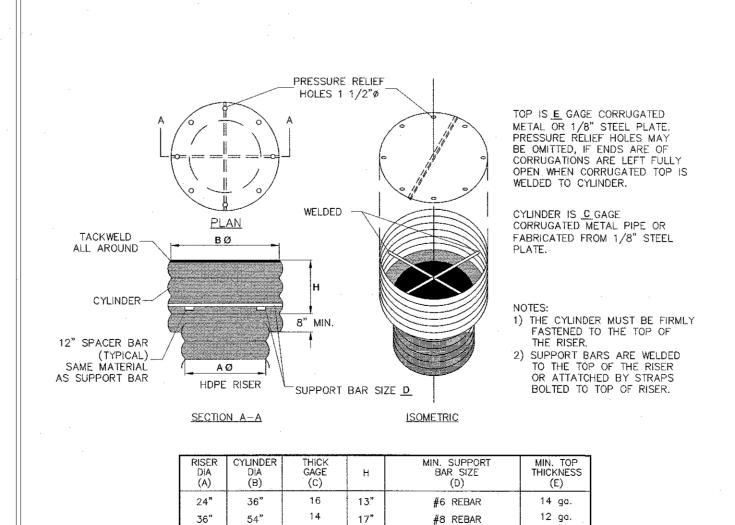








SEDIMENT BASIN RISER #6 DETAIL

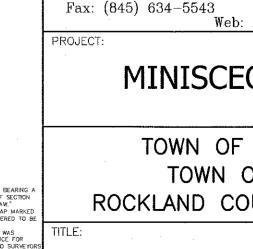


CONCENTRIC TRASH RACK & ANTI-VORTEX DEVICE DETAIL

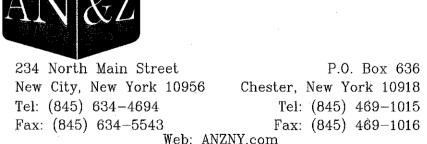
1 1/4" PIPE OR

1/4x1 1/4x1/4 ANGLE

10 ga.



		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
10	10-24-17	PAD "C" REVISED ALL MAPS, UPDATE CONTACT PEOPL
9	9-13-17	PER COURT ORDER DWG. 1-7
8	8-21-15	REVISION PER NEW USER PAD "C"
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	0.7	ATZL, NASHER & ZIGLER P. C ENGINEERS-SURVEYORS-PLANNERS



Fax: (845) 469-1016 Web: ANZNY.com

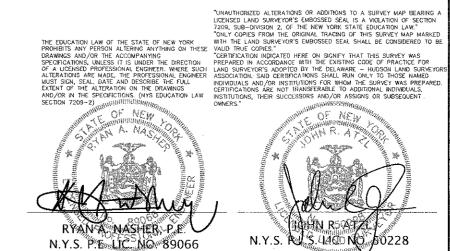
P.O. Box 636

# MINISCEONGO PARK

TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW TOWN OF RAMAPO ROCKLAND COUNTY, NEW YORK

# **EROSION CONTROL DETAILS**

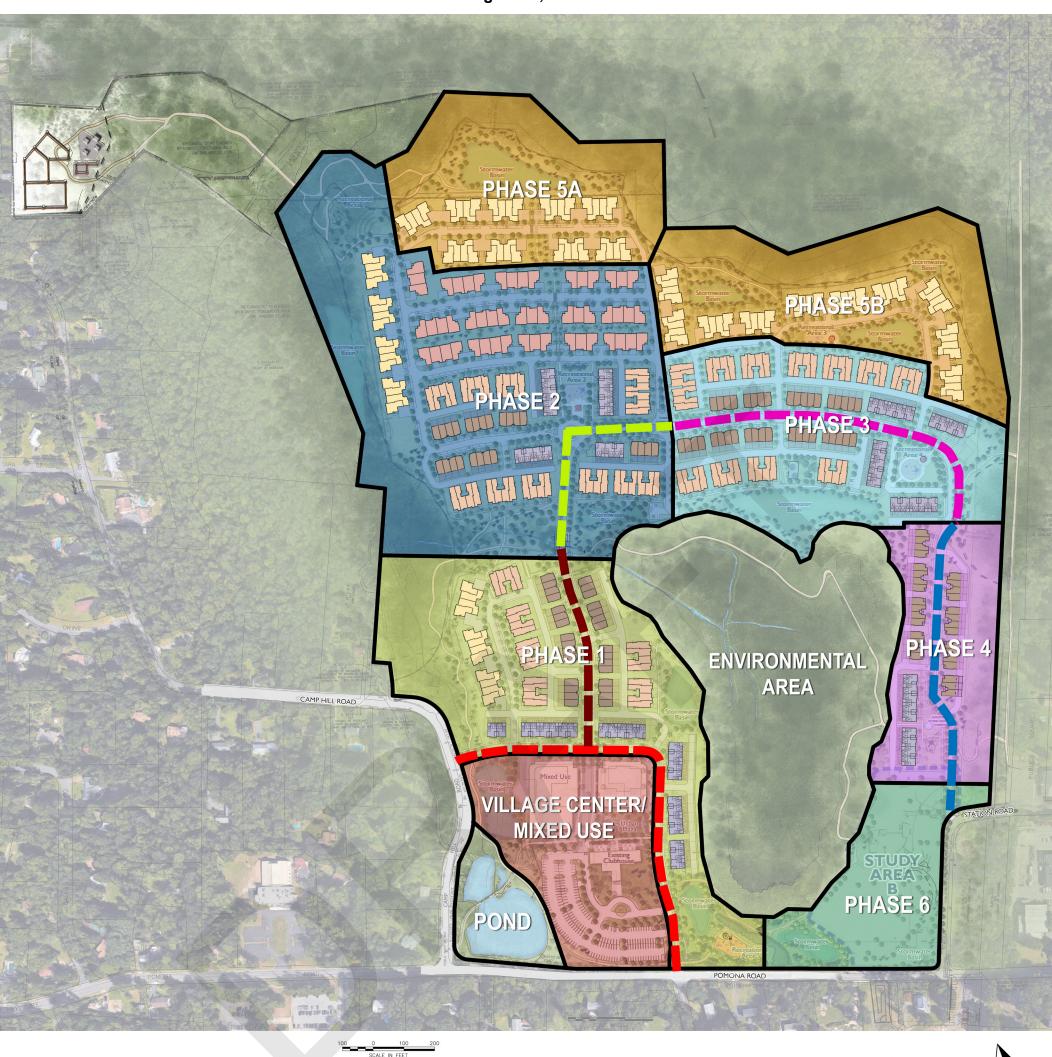
1560	37
PROJECT NO:	DRAWING NO:
DATE: SEPTEMBER 27, 2012	SCALE: 1 IN. = 60 FT.
DRAWN BY: VC	CHECKED BY: DMZ



# APPENDIX M: MILLER'S POND PROJECT INFORMATION AND CORRESPONDENCE

## **MILLERS POND - PHASING PLAN DIAGRAM**

August 21, 2020



#### **LEGEND** Mixed Use Building <u>Roads</u> ■■■ Spine Road Phase IA ■■■ Spine Road Phase 3 Commercial Building ■■■ Spine Road Phase IB ■■■ Spine Road 4 Existing Club House Spine Road Phase 2 Courtyard TH Main Street Decked TH Village Center/Mixed Use Stacked Decked Manor House **Residential** O.S.T.H. (On Street Town House) Phase I Phase 4 Quads Phase 2 Phase 5A & 5B ★ Community Center House Phase 3 Phase 6 Exisiting Trail









	PHASING KEY						
Ph	Phase Area	Developable Area	BuildingTypology	Unit Name	# Bldgs	# Units	# Bdrms
			Main Street DeckedTH (Laneway)	-	8	30	120
			Valley EdgeTH (Laneway)	VE-1 &VE-2	0	0	0
			Courtyard TH (Laneway) - End	CY-1	6	12	60
			CourtyardTH (Laneway) - Int	CY-2	Ů	12	60
			Stacked Decked Manor House (Lower)	SD-1		24	72
1	19.18 Acres	15.02 Acres	Stacked Decked Manor House (Upper)	SD-2	6	24	120
			Stacked Decked Manor House - Custom	С		3	18
			On StreetTown House (OSTH) - Int	ST-2	0	0	0
			On Street Town House (OSTH) - End	ST-1		0	0
			Quads Large - Int	QT-1		6	30
			Quads Small - End	Н	3	2	10
			******	QT-2		4	20
			TOTAL		23	117	510
			Main Street DeckedTH (Laneway)	-	6	24	96
			Valley EdgeTH (Laneway)	VE-1 &VE-2	0	0	0
			Courtyard TH (Laneway) - End	CY-1	11	22	110
			Courtyard TH (Laneway) - Int	CY-2		18	90
			Stacked Decked Manor House (Lower)	SD-1		17	51
			Stacked Decked Manor House (Upper)	SD-2	4	17	85
2	29.41 Acres	22.75 Acres	Stacked Decked Manor House - Custom	С		1	6
			On StreetTown House (OSTH) - Int	ST-2	15	23	115
			On Street Town House (OSTH) - End	ST-1	13	30	150
			Quads Large - Int	QT-1		8	40
			Quads Small - End	Н	4	6	30
				QT-2		2	10
			TOTAL		40	168	783
			Main Street DeckedTH (Laneway)	<u> </u>	9	39	156
			Valley EdgeTH (Laneway)	VE-1 &VE-2	0	0	0
			CourtyardTH (Laneway) End	CY-1	12	24	120
			CourtyardTH (Laneway) Int	CY-2		22	110
			Stacked Decked Manor House (Lower)	SD-1		19	57
			Stacked Decked Manor House (Upper)	SD-2	4	19	95
3	15.88 Acres	14.98 Acres	Stacked Decked Manor House - Custom	C		1	6
			On Street Town House (OSTH) - Int	ST-2	0	0	0
			On StreetTown House (OSTH) - End	ST-1		0	0
			Quads Large - Int	QT-1	0	0	0
			Quads Small - End	QT-2	25	124	0
			Main Street Declard TU (Language)		25	124	544
			Main Street DeckedTH (Laneway)	VE 1 0 VE 2	0	0	0
			Valley Edge TH (Laneway)	VE-1 &VE-2	8	31	171
			CourtyardTH (Laneway) - End	CY-1	0	0	0
			CourtyardTH (Laneway) - Int	CY-2		0	0
			Stacked Decked Manor House (Lower)	SD-1	<u> </u>	9	27
4	0.01 / 6405	5 70 Acres	Stacked Decked Manor House (Upper)	SD-2	2	9	45
4	8.01 Acres	5.78 Acres	Stacked Decked Manor House - Custom	C		0	0
			On Street Town House (OSTH) - Int	ST-2	0	0	0
			On Street Town House (OSTH) - End	ST-1		0	0
			Quads Large - Int	QT-1	0	0	0
			Ounds Conall Fired	OT 2	ı ~	_	_ ^
			Quads Small - End TOTAL	QT-2	10	0 49	243

			PHASING KEY				
Ph	Phase Area	Developable Area	BuildingTypology	Unit Name	# Bldgs	# Units	# Bdrms
			Main Street DeckedTH (Laneway)	-	0	0	0
			Valley EdgeTH (Laneway)	VE-1 &VE-2	0	0	0
			CourtyardTH (Laneway) - End	CY-1	0	0	0
	CourtyardTH (Laneway) - Int	CY-2	]	0	0		
		Stacked Decked Manor House (Lower)	SD-1		0	0	
			Stacked Decked Manor House (Upper)	SD-2	0	0	0
	11.18 Acres	7.29 Acres	Stacked Decked Manor House - Custom	С	] "	0	0
5A			On Street Town House (OSTH) - Int	ST-2	0	0	0
			On Street Town House (OSTH) - End	ST-1	] "	0	0
			Quads Large - Int	QT-1		18	90
		Quads Small - Ext	Н	9	8	40	
	Quada Siridii Ext	QT-2		10	50		
			TOTAL		9	36	180
		Main Street DeckedTH (Laneway)	-	0	0	0	
		Valley EdgeTH (Laneway)	VE-1 &VE-2	0	0	0	
			CourtyardTH (Laneway) - End	CY-1	0	0	0
			CourtyardTH (Laneway) - Int	CY-2	]	0	0
			Stacked Decked Manor House (Lower)	SD-1		0	0
			Stacked Decked Manor House (Upper)	SD-2	1	0	0
5B	12.63 Acres	7.47 Acres	Stacked Decked Manor House - Custom	С	0	0	0
			On Street Town House (OSTH) - Int	ST-2		0	0
			On Street Town House (OSTH) - End	ST-1	0	0	0
			Quads Large - Int	QT-1		20	100
			Ounds Small Fut	Н	10	11	55
			Quads Small - Ext		1	9	45
			TOTAL		10	40	200
6	6.66 Acres	3.75 Acres	N.A				
			1			1	
		Unit GFA	BuildingTypology	Unit Name	# Bldgs	# Units	# Bdrm
	ĺ	2,543 - 2,597 ft <sup>2</sup>	Main Street Decked TH (Laneway)	-	23	93	372

		Unit GFA	Building Typology	Unit Name	# Bldgs	# Units	# Bdrms
	2,543 - 2,597 f		Main Street DeckedTH (Laneway)	-	23	93	372
		3,210 - 3,577 ft <sup>2</sup>	Valley EdgeTH (Laneway)	VE-1 &VE-2	8	31	171
		3,198 ft <sup>2</sup>	CourtyardTH (Laneway) End	CY-1	29	58	290
⊢		3,194 ft <sup>2</sup>	CourtyardTH (Laneway) Int	CY-2	29	52	260
JEC		2,105 ft <sup>2</sup>	Stacked Decked Manor House (Lower)	SD-1		69	207
PRO	TOTAL PROJECT	3,355 ft <sup>2</sup>	Stacked Decked Manor House (Upper)	SD-2	16	69	345
₹		2474 ft <sup>2</sup>	Stacked Decked Manor House - Custom	С		5	30
2	3,337 ft <sup>2</sup>	On StreetTown House (OSTH) - Int	ST-2	15	23	115	
		3,738 ft <sup>2</sup>	On StreetTown House (OSTH) - End	ST-1	15	30	150
		3,345 ft <sup>2</sup>	Quads Large - Int	QT-1		52	260
		3,355 ft <sup>2</sup>	Ouads Small - Ext	Н	26	27	135
		3,33310	Quado Siliali Ext	QT-2		25	125
			OVERALLTOTAL		117	534	2,460

# MILLERS POND - PHASING PLAN CHART

Areas - Building Typology - Unit - Rooms March 30, 2020











# CRIS PROJECT NOTIFICATION, ATTACHMENT 01\_PHASE IA MEMORANDUM

**TO:** NEW YORK STATE OFFICE OF PARKS, RECREATION AND HISTORIC

PRESERVATION, COMPLIANCE REVIEW

**FROM:** CAROL S. WEED, M.A. (RPA #989090)

**SUBJECT:** MILLER'S POND, TOWN OF RAMAPO, ROCKLAND COUNTY, NY, PHASE IA DUE

**DILIGENCE REVIEW** 

**DATE:** DECEMBER 20, 2019

CC: FILE 2019-002\_KH\_MILLERS POND/DELIVERABLE\_NYSHPO NOP

The Phase IA due diligence assessment that follows was prepared under contract to Kimley-Horn, White Plains, NY, as consultant to Mount Ivy LLC (Applicant), by Carol S. Weed, MA (RPA #989090). The due diligence assessment is focused on property which, until recently, was the site of the Minisceongo Golf Course (Figures 1 and 2; Photographs 1-33).

Located at 110 Pomona Road, Pomona, NY, the property consists of three Town of Ramapo tax parcels (Section 33.13, Block 2, parcel 6 and Section 33.09, Block 2, parcels 31 and 37) and it was developed as a golf course in 1993-1994. The golf course is extant but no longer operating.

This cultural resources Phase IA assessment is being conducted in support of the State Environmental Quality Review (SEQR) of proposed improvements and uses of most of the golf course site. Figure 2 shows the extent of the 2019 Limits of Disturbance for proposed development. The area within the orange line will be under SEQR review. The plan also shows the locations of extant buildings, structures, landscape features, and wetland buffer boundaries.

The Applicant has developed a general plan for the re-development of the project site. At present, the re-development will include residential units (townhomes and apartments), some commercial uses in a small "Village Center", a community recreation center in the re-purposed golf course clubhouse, roads and infrastructure, parks, and natural open spaces with walking trails. The design concept includes planning the new development around two stone towers, an existing cemetery related to the original EuroAmerican occupations, an archeological conservation area that is protecting NYOPRHP Unique Site Number (USN) 08704.000055 (MPS1), and NYSDEC wetlands and their 100-foot regulated buffers.

Prior to the development of the golf course in the early 1990s, the project site was subject to SEQR review. The results of that SEQR review were presented in a draft Environmental Impact

Statement (DEIS)<sup>1</sup> and a Final EIS (FEIS)<sup>2</sup> both of which were dated 1992. In support of the SEQR process, Phase IA through Phase III data recovery archaeological investigations were completed by Hartgen Archaeological Associates, Inc. (HAA) and Collamer & Associates (Collamer). The Hartgen investigations were under the field direction of Douglas Mackey; Jeanette Collamer signed-off on the Collamer Phase IB investigations. 3,4,5,6

Mackey also completed a New York State Office of Parks, Recreation, and Historic Preservation Building-Structure Inventory Form for the Five Point Farm/School for Disadvantaged Children which encompassed the buildings and structures present on the property in 1991. The form is dated October 1991 and is included in Section V (Appendix II: Studies/Background Materials Prepared in Response to Comments), Part H (Building Structure Inventory Form, Addendum to Comment Response HA-3) of the FEIS. A Unique Site Number (USN) does not appear to have been assigned to the Five Point Farm building/structure complex. However, two archaeological sites identified during the Phase IB investigations were assigned USNs 08704.000055 and 08704.000056. A third archaeological site form was created by Collamer but the artifact in question was determined to an isolated find and no USN was assigned.

The results of the cultural resources background review and field walkover are presented below in two sections: Literature Review (Archaeology and Buildings/Structures with Extant Conditions) and Conclusions/Recommendations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Bergstol Enterprises. 1992. Final Environmental Impact Statement for Minisceongo Golf Club Pomona Road, Town of Ramapo, Rockland County, New York. Prepared by the LA Group, P.C; John Collins Engineers, P.C.; Hartgen Archaeological Associates, Inc.; and Collamer and Associates, Inc.. Submitted to the Town of Ramapo Planning Board (in support of SEQR review).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Hartgen Archeological Associates, Inc. (Douglas P. Mackey, preparer). 1991 (October). SEQR Stage IA Report for Archeological Potential The Minisceongo Golf Course Project Town of Ramapo, Rockland County, New York. Report submitted to Bergstol Enterprises, New City, New York.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Hartgen Archeological Associates, Inc. (Douglas P. Mackey, preparer). 1992 (April). Stage II Investigations of Two Prehistoric Sites at the Minisceongo Golf Course Project, Town of Ramapo, Rockland County, New York. Report submitted to Bergstol Enterprises, New City, New York.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Hartgen Archeological Associates, Inc. (Douglas P. Mackey, principal author). 1994 (March). Data Retrieval Investigations of a Multi-Component Site (MPS1) at the Minisceongo Golf Course Project, Town of Ramapo, Rockland County, New York. Report submitted to Bergstol Enterprises, New City, New York.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Collamer & Associates. 1992 (revised February 14). (Jeanette Collamer, Principal Investigator and signatory). Stage 1B Cultural Resource Investigation (SEQR Report) Minisceongo Golf Course Town of Ramapo Rockland County, N.Y. Submitted to Bergstol Enterprises, New City, NY. Original submission date, 12/27/1991, 1st revision 01/20/92.

#### Literature Review

### Archaeology

As noted, in 1991, Hartgen and Collamer conducted Phase IA and IB investigations of the proposed golf course site. Douglas Mackey (1991, October 28) reported the Phase IA investigations. In that manuscript he detailed the results of the background and literature review and the historic period land-use of the project site.

He offered three important conclusions about those occupations. First, based on proximity to Mt. Ivy Swamp (adjacent to the north), other potable water sources, arable land, and previously reported Native American sites in proximity to the project site, he concluded that there was a high probability of encountering pre-European archaeological sites in the 1991 project site. Second, based on a death date marked on a tombstone in the cemetery, he believed that farmstead occupation of the area could have been as early as 1751. Third, he provided the timeline for land uses after the farmstead era beginning with the original Five Points House of Industry in the 1920s. The Five Points House eventually was renamed the Happy Valley School for Disadvantaged Children. The Happy Valley School operated until 1969 when it was taken over by the "...Greer Woodycrest Group and made into a school for mentally handicapped children." At the time of Mackey's 1991 work, the school was referred to as Crystal Run Village. Based on the available lines of evidence, Mackey recommended that Phase IB investigations were warranted.8

The Phase IB investigations were initially reported in late December 1991 by Collamer & Associates. That report was revised twice and the final is dated February 14, 1992. Collamer<sup>9</sup> noted Mackey's 1991 report "...researched and photographed the historic structures, the early historic cemetery and the field stone cisterns within the project area for evaluation by the Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation (OPRHP)." The Phase IA report had photographs of

- 1) cemetery tombstones (HAA 1991, photos 3 and 4);
- 2) buildings identified as Administration, Camp Junior, Willow Lodge, Perkins Cottage, Russell Cottage, stone tower near center of the project (HAA 1991, photos 5-10); and
- 3) the Albert Mills house built in 1941 (HAA 1991, photo 13).

It also contained a schematic of the tombstone layout in the cemetery and a listing of the tombstone inscriptions in Appendix III. It had no functional or architectural description of the buildings or structures except that offered in the photo captions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> HAA, 1991, pg. 9

<sup>8</sup> Ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Collamer, 1992, pg. 1

Collamer reported that the entire project site was walked at 30 to 50 foot intervals and that it was proposed to excavate 851 round shovel tests in "areas of proposed construction." No shovel tests were conducted "outside of the grading limits, in areas where the slope of the land is greater than 15%, disturbed or graded areas, or wetlands." Eventually, Collamer divided their study area into three sections and added plow transects to the mix as well (Figure 3). Table 1 in their report<sup>11</sup> summarized the proposed work and in accompanying text on pages 8 and 9, they reported the actual work completed. All of these data are summarized on the table below.

Section #	Proposed Shovel Tests	Shovel Tests Completed	Proposed Linear Feet of Plowed Transects	Surface Features Identified	Archaeological Sites Identified
1	749	562	9,090 (Transects 7 to 30 on survey map)	Fieldstone cistern, 2 historic middens, historic cemetery, 2 foundations, 2 millstones	MPS #1 (USN A08704.000055 Foundation #1 (USN form but no USN number) Foundation #2 (USN form but no USN number)
2	51	39	1,600 (Transects 1 to 5 on survey map)	Fieldstone cistern	MPS #2 (USN 08704.000056)
3	10	10	500 (Transect 6 on survey map)	Stone lined mill race, mill pond, pump house	MPS #3 (no USN form)
Note: MSP	= Minisceongo	Prehistoric Site;	USN = Unique	Site Number (NY	SHPO)

Collamer also detailed all the areas not subject to either plow transects or systematic shovel testing. To a large extent, these areas were confined to the southwest quadrant of the project site (see Figure 3). This was the area most disturbed by existing playgrounds and buildings. Also, no testing was done in the extreme northwest corner of the land. This area is separated from the main part of the property by a wood causeway over a swampy wetland.

<sup>11</sup> Collamer, 1992, pg. 8

4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Collamer, 1992, pg. 6

The NYSHPO accepted the recommendation that MPS #1 and #2 be subjected to Phase II testing. This work was conducted by HAA under Mackey's direction as was the subsequent data recovery on MSP #1. MSP #1 was marked by the presence of discrete features and deposits dating to the early Middle Archaic, Late Archaic, Transitional (Terminal) and Early Woodland periods. A possible Contact-era feature also was found but its Native American association could not be confirmed.

The conclusion after the Phase III work was completed was that the site area as defined by the Phase II work would be conserved and deep fill deposits were placed over the site in its entirety. The current Applicant will continue to treat this area as conserved space as will be the cemetery and its 100-ft buffer.

#### **Buildings and Structures**

In October, 1991, Mackey (for HAA) filed an NYOPRHP Building-Structures Form with NYOPRHP for the Five Point Farm/School for Disadvantage Children (Five Point Farm). The site form was accompanied by a plan map which showed the outlines of 12 numbered buildings, 19 buildings designated by the letters 'M' and 'G', 6 undesignated buildings, two stone water towers, a pavilion, 2 storage and maintenance buildings, and a cemetery (Figure 4). Mackey indicated on the form that the various buildings and structures were built in the 20<sup>th</sup> century though as he noted in the Phase IA report gravestones in the cemetery had inscribed death dates between 1751 and 1918.<sup>12</sup> A red line is drawn through the 1991 buildings and structures that were demolished when the golf course was demolished.

The Five Point Farm historic site is not plotted in NYOPRHP's CRIS system though the Native American archaeological sites are plotted. Further, no comment form from the agency has been found for the building complex. It is currently unknown if the building/structure complex has been evaluated for its eligibility for listing under either State or National historic preservation laws. The current status of the buildings and structures called-out on the Mackey 1991 plan map are summarized in the next subsection, Extant Conditions.

**Extant Conditions:** At present, there are 8 numbered buildings within the project area (see Figure 2). In addition to the buildings, there are 20 labelled structures including the cemetery, stone towers (T1, T2), a tennis court (S1), a swimming pool (S2), three wood causeways (C1, C2, C3), and 12 stone retaining walls (W1 to W12) (see Figure 2). The 18-hole golf course has approximately 22,540 feet of paved golf cart paths, 75 golf tees, and 21 golf greens. With the exception of the current clubhouse, the two stone water towers, and the cemetery, none of the buildings, structures, or golf course features will be retained. The water pump house also will be retained but it is outside of the limits of disturbance.

The table that follows summarizes the status of all of the buildings and structures identified by Mackey and that were added during the golf course period on the project site.

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<sup>12</sup> HAA, 1991, pg. 8

1991 Building # on Figure 4	1991 Building Name	2019 Figure 2 Status and/or Designation	2019 Proposed Action
1 (with unnumbered satellite building)	Perkins Cottage	Not present. Demolished for golf course.	
2	"Camp"	Not present. Demolished for golf course.	
3	Willow Cottage		Retaining Wall W10 may have been associated with this cottage. The wall will be demolished by the proposed project.
4	Camp Junior	Not present. Demolished for golf course	
5	Russel Cottage (foundation)	Not present. Demolished for golf course.	
6	James Cottage	6	To be demolished for proposed project
7 (with unnumbered satellite building)	Wheelock Cottage	7	To be demolished for proposed project
8	Weeks Cottage	Not present. Demolished for golf course.	
9	Ford Cottage	9	To be demolished for proposed project

1991 Building # on Figure 4	1991 Building Name	2019 Figure 2 Status and/or Designation	2019 Proposed Action
10 (with unnumbered outbuilding)	Director's House	10	To be demolished for proposed project
11	Administration / School	11	Will be used by the proposed project.
12	Gymnasium	12	To be demolished for proposed project.
M1, M2 (each has an unnumbered satellite building)	1940s Albert Mills structures	Demolished for golf course	
G (n=16)	1970s Greer Woodcrest structure	Demolished for golf course	
No#	1952 Storage & Maintenance buildings	Demolished for golf course	
No #	Stone water tower (n=2)	T1, T2	Will be conserved by the proposed project. T2 will require restoration because of 2018 water damage.
No #	Pavilion	Demolished for golf course	
No #	Tennis courts	S1	To be demolished for proposed project.
No #	Pool House	S2	To be demolished for proposed project.

1991 Building # on Figure 4	1991 Building Name	2019 Figure 2 Status and/or Designation	2019 Proposed Action
No #	Wood causeway	C1, C2, and C3	To be demolished for proposed project.
Not present	Golf Course restroom	2019-7	To be demolished for proposed project
Not present	Pond water pump house	2019-8	Outside of impact line for proposed project.

#### **Conclusions and Recommendations**

The archaeological investigations conducted by HAA and Collamer in support of the golf course SEQR review investigated or documented disturbance in all parts of the proposed 2019 project site. The reports were reviewed and the results accepted by the NYSHPO at the time. Further archaeological investigations are not recommended herein.

Photographs were taken of the buildings and structures extant in 1991 for the earlier SEQR filing and additional photographs were taken in 2016 and 2019 and reported with this current filing. However, no professional architectural historian has inventoried the 1920s-1969 era buildings/structures. I recommend inventory and assessment by Secretary of the Interior-qualified architectural historians who have experience in New York preferably with institutional facilities.

If you have any questions or concerns, I can be reached at csw13108@gmail.com or 646.276.2460.

Sincerely,

Carol S. Weed, M.A. (RPA #989090)

cc: Bonnie Von Ohlsen

Carol S. Weed

### **References Cited**

Bergstol Enterprises. 1992. Final Environmental Impact Statement for Minisceongo Golf Club Pomona Road, Town of Ramapo, Rockland County, New York. Prepared by the LA Group, P.C; John Collins Engineers, P.C.; Hartgen Archaeological Associates, Inc.; and Collamer and Associates, Inc.. Submitted to the Town of Ramapo Planning Board (in support of SEQR review).

Collamer & Associates. 1992 (revised February 14). Stage 1B Cultural Resource Investigation (SEQR Report) Minisceongo Golf Course Town of Ramapo Rockland County, N.Y. Submitted to Bergstol Enterprises, New City, NY. Original submission date, 12/27/1991, 1st revision 01/20/92. [Title of the Phase IB version received from CRIS on 8/26/19).

Hartgen Archeological Associates, Inc. (Douglas P. Mackey, preparer). 1991 (October). SEQR Stage IA Report for Archeological Potential The Minisceongo Golf Course Project Town of Ramapo, Rockland County, New York. Report submitted to Bergstol Enterprises, New City, New York.

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Hartgen Archeological Associates, Inc. (Douglas P. Mackey, principal author). 1994 (March). Data Retrieval Investigations of a Multi-Component Site (MPS1) at the Minisceongo Golf Course Project, Town of Ramapo, Rockland County, New York. Report submitted to Bergstol Enterprises, New City, New York.

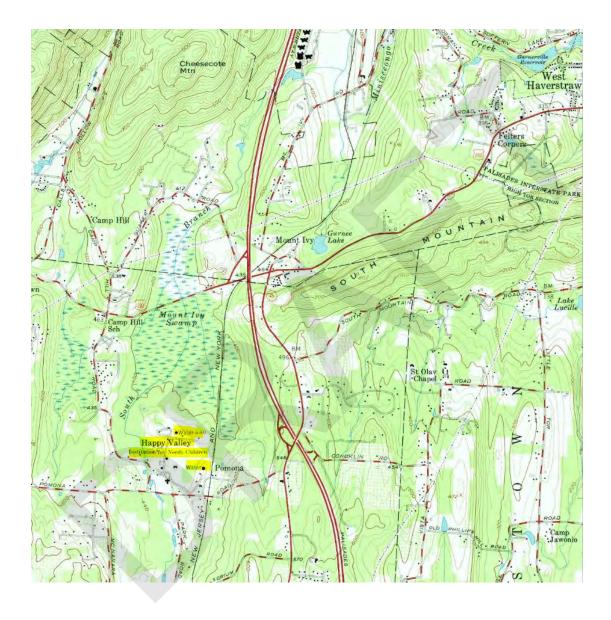
## **Attachment 01 Figures**

Figure 1 – USGS Project Location

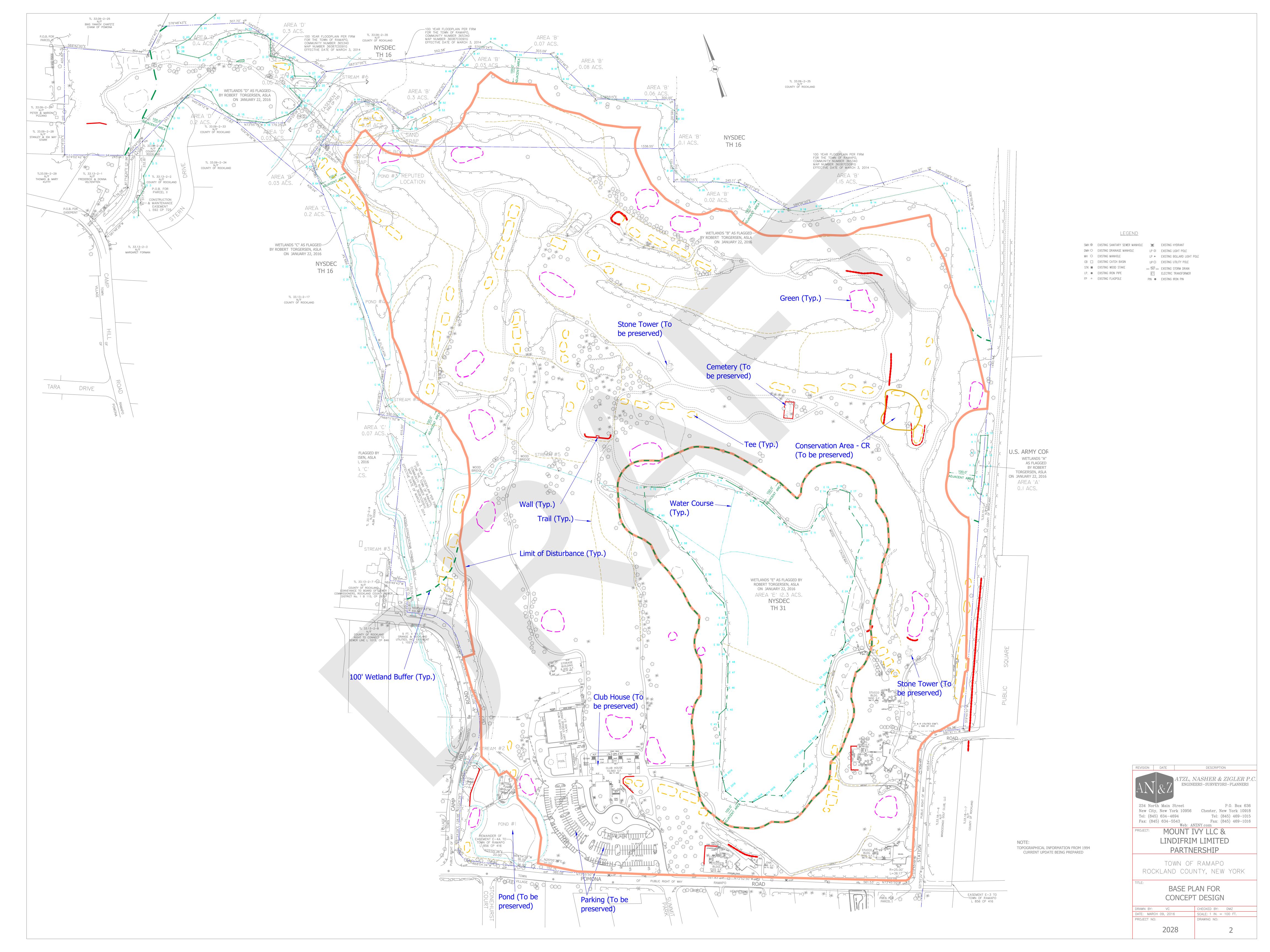
Figure 2 – Limits of Disturbance Map with Buildings, Structures, and Landscape Features Marked

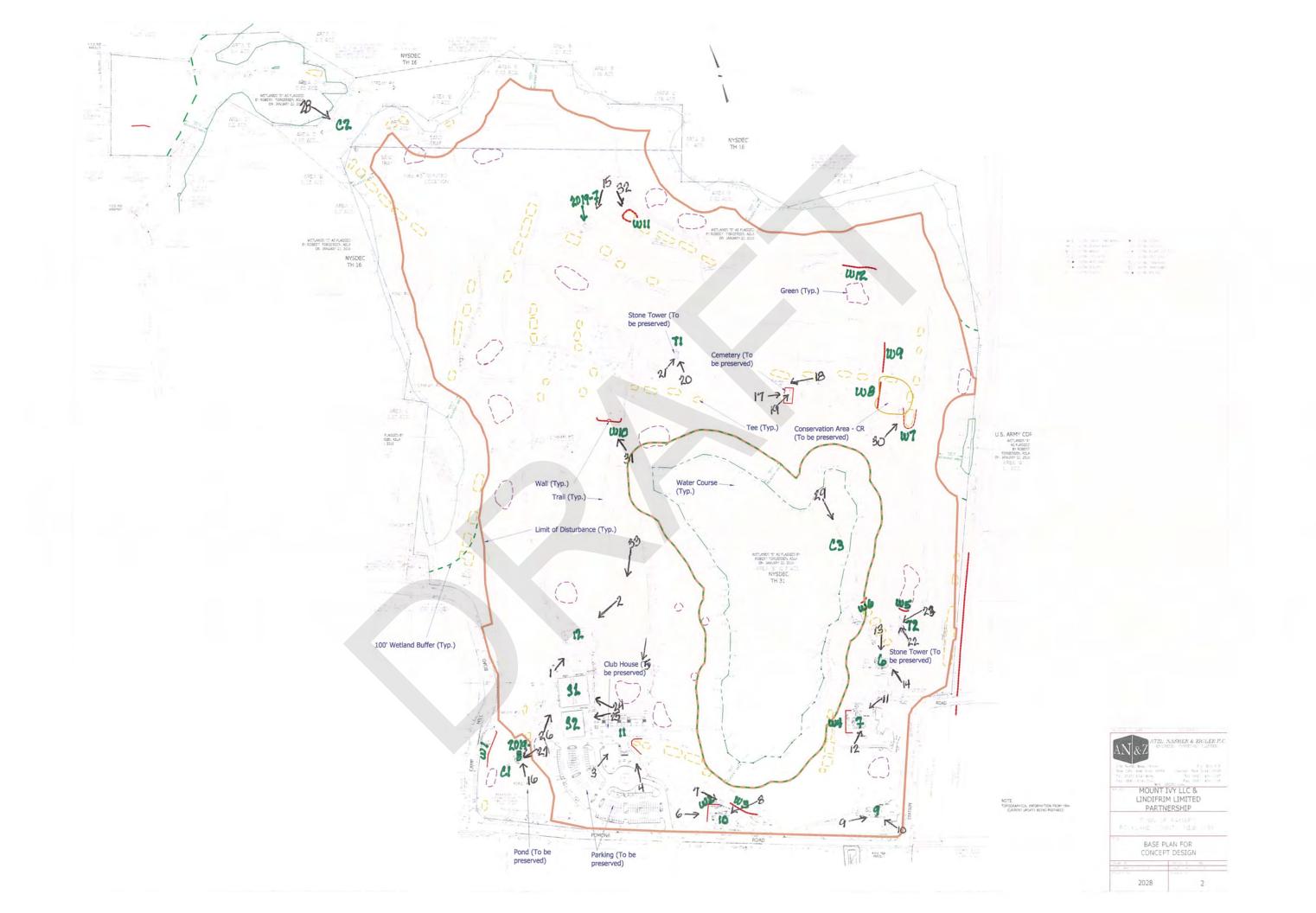
Figure 3 – 1991 Collamer Phase IB Survey Map

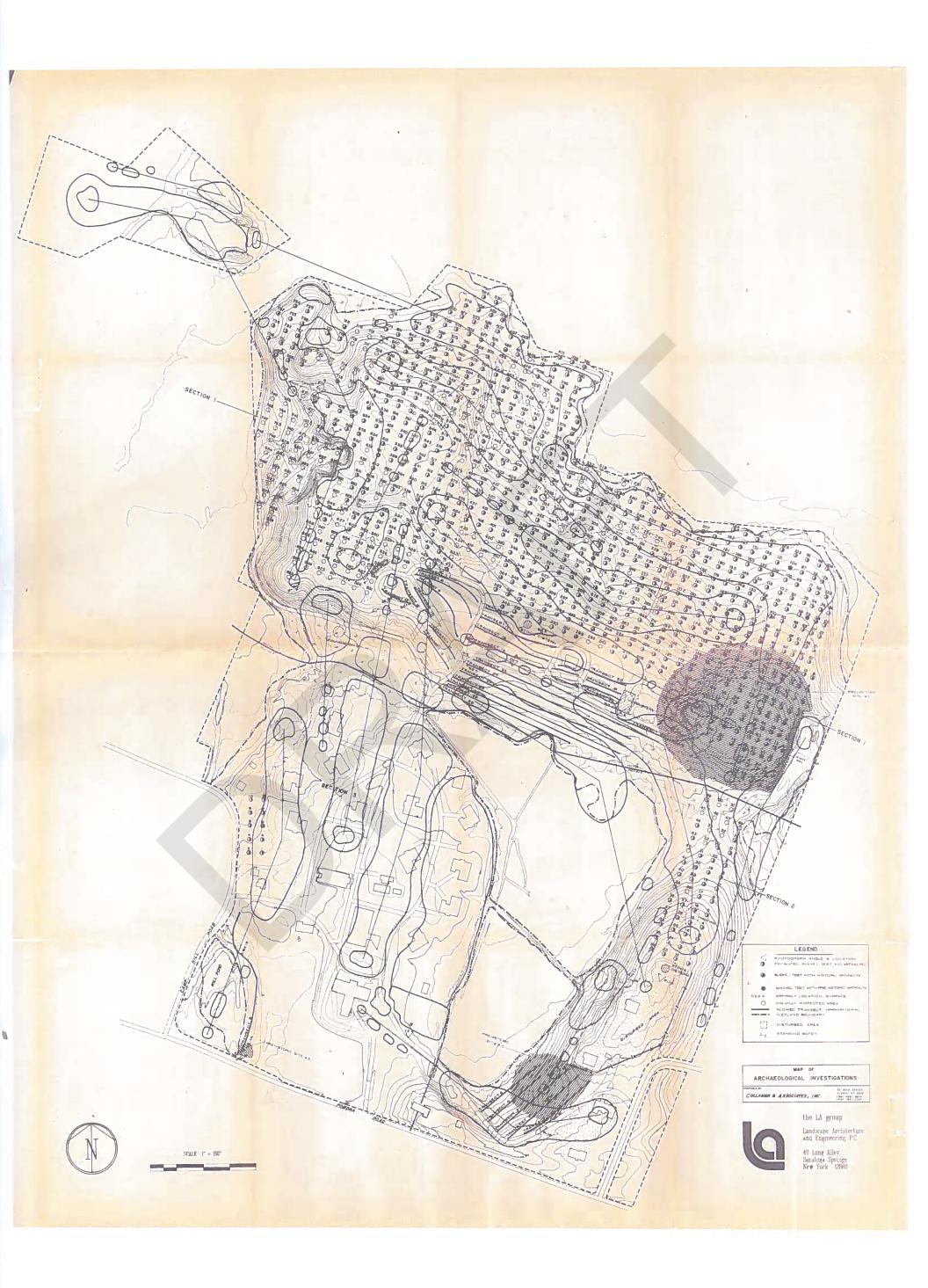
Figure 4 – 1991 Buildings/Structures Map

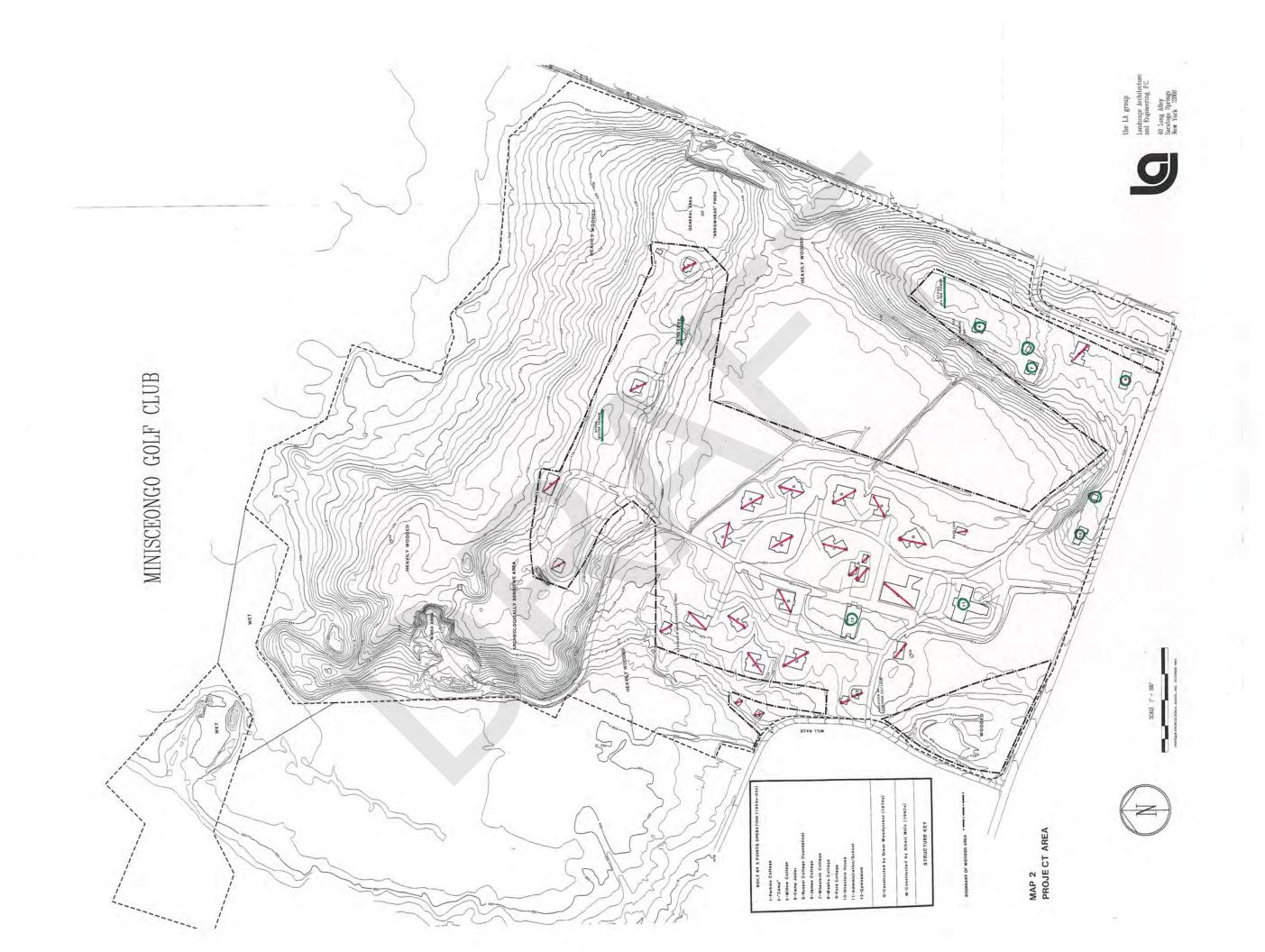


Source: ESRI USGS Historic Topographic, Thiells 1955 7.5-minute quad.









## **Attachment 01 Photographs**

Title	Description	Date of Photograph	Photo Name
Photo 1	Bldg. 1991-12, looking NE at the south façade.	20191018	Bldg12_2019_IMG_0680
Photo 2	Bldg. 1991-12, looking SW at the north (right) and east facades.	20191018	Bldg12_2019_IMG_0681
Photo 3	Bldg. 1991-11, the golf course clubhouse. Originally, the administration building and school. Looking NE at the south entrance and west wing.	20160504	Bldg11_20160504_P1010035
Photo 4	Bldg. 1991-11, looking N/NW at the south entrance and east wing.	20160504	Bldg11_20160504_P1010036
Photo 5	Bldg. 1991-11, looking south at the north façade.	20160504	Bldg11_20160504_P1010028
Photo 6	Bldg. 1991-10, the Director's House, looking E at the north (left) and west (right) facades. Stone retaining wall W2 across picture front.	20191018	Bldg10_2019_IMG_0657
Photo 7	Bldg. 1991-10 looking E. at the house drive with the unnumbered outbuilding to picture rear and Stone retaining wall W3 to left.	20191018	Bldg10_2019_IMG_0661
Photo 8	Bldg. 1991-10, looking SW at the north (right) and east (left) facades.	20191018	Bldg10_2019_IMG_0668
Photo 9	Bldg. 1991-9, Ford Cottage, looking E/NE at the west (left) and south (right) facades.	20191018	Bldg09_2019_IMG_0640
Photo 10	Bldg. 1991-9, looking NW at the south (left) and east (right)	20191018	Bldg09_2019_P1010055
Photo 11	Bldg. 1991-7, Wheelock Cottage, looking NW at the east (left) and north (right) facades.	20191018	Bldg07_2019_IMG_0635
Photo 12	Bldg. 1991-7, looking NE at the south (right) and west (left) facades.	20191018	Bldg07_2019_P1010050

Photo 13	Bldg. 1991-6, James Cottage, looking at the north (right) and east (left) facades.	20191018	Bldg06_2019-IMG_0629
Photo 14	Bldg. 1991-6, looking NW at the east (right) and south (left) facades.	20191018	Bldg06_2019_P1010044
Photo 15	Bldg. 2019-7, golf course restroom built after 1992. Looking at the north and east facades.	20191018	Bldg2019- 07_CourseRestRoom_P1010011
Photo 16	Bldg. 2019-8, water pump house not noted on Mackey's 1991 figure, looking at south facade.	20191018	Bldg2019_08_PumpHouse_IMG_0670
Photo 17	Cemetery, looking NE at the west facing entry.	20191018	CemeteryGate_2019_P1010031
Photo 18	Cemetery, looking W at the east (left) and north (right) rock walls.	20191018	CemeteryWall_2019_P1010022
Photo 19	Cemetery, interior looking NE.	20191018	CemeteryInterior_2019_P1010028
Photo 20	Stone Tower (T1), looking NW	20191018	TowerNW_2019_P1010017
Photo 21	Stone Tower (T1), door detail	20160503	TowerNW_Door_2016_P1010018
Photo 22	Stone Tower (T2), looking N	20191018	TowerSE_2019_P1010039
Photo 23	Stone Tower (T2), looking at the collapsed east side of the structure.	20191018	TowerSE_2019_IMG-0633
Photo 24	Recreational Feature S1, looking west at the tennis court fence line and foundation.	20160504	PoolTennis_2016_P1010032
Photo 25	Recreational Feature S2, looking W at the east façade of the pool house.	20140504	PoolTennis_2016_P1010022
Photo 26	Recreational Features S1 and S2, looking NE at the west (back) walls of the tennis court and pool house.	20191018	PoolTennis_2019_IMG_0678
Photo 27	Wood causeway C1, looking W.	20191018	Causeway01DamPond_2019_P1010063
Photo 28	Wood causeway C2, looking E.	20191018	Causeway02_2019_P1010001
Photo 29	Wood causeway C3, looking S with Bldg. 1991-6 in the distance.	20191018	Causeway03_2019_IMG-0688

Photo 30	Stone retaining wall W7,	20191018	TeeRetainingWallW07_2019_P1010032
	looking NE.		
Photo31	Stone retaining wall W10,	20191018	RetainingWallW10_2019_IMG_0686
	looking NW at what appears to		
	be the entry stairs.		
Photo32	Stone retaining wall W11,	20191018	TeeRetainingWallW11_2019_P1010010
	looking SE.		
Photo33	Golf Course, looking S. at	20150504	GolfCourse_2016_P1010022
	Bldgs. 1991-12 (right) and		
	1991-11 (left).		



Photograph 1. Building 12 (1991), looking NE at the south facade (Field Photograph Bldg12\_2019\_IMG-0680, 10/18/19).



Photograph 2. Building 12 (1991), looking SW at the north (right) and east facades (Field Photograph Bldg12\_2019\_IMG\_0681, 10/18/19).



Photograph 3. Bldg. 11 (1991), the golf course clubhouse; originally, the administration bldg. and school. Looking NE at the south entrance and west wing (Field Photograph Bldg11\_20160504\_P1010035, 5/4/16).



Photograph 4. Bldg. 11 (1991), looking N/NW at the south entrance and east wing. (Field Photograph  $Bldg11_20160504_P1010036, 5/4/16$ )



Photograph 5. Bldg. 11 (1991), looking south at the north façade (Field Photograph Bldg11\_20160504\_P1010028, 5/4/16).



Photograph 6. Building 10 (1991), the Director's House, looking E at the north (left) and west (right) facades. Stone retaining wall W2 across picture front (Field Photograph Bldg10 2019 IMG 0657, 10/18/19).



Photograph 7. Building 10 (1991), looking E at the house drive with the unnumbered outbuilding to picture rear and stone retaining wall W3 to left. (Field Photograph Bldg10 2019 IMG 0661, 10/18/19)



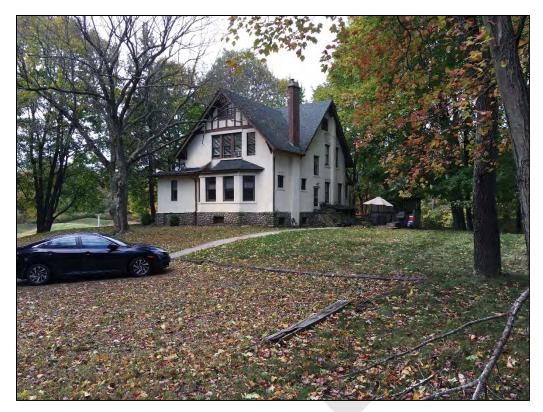
Photograph 8. Building 10 (1991), looking SW at the north (right) and east (left) facades (Field Photograph Bldg10 2019 IMG 0668, 10/18/19)



Photograph 9. Building 9 (1991), Ford Cottage, looking E/NE at the west (left) and south (right) facades (Field Photograph Bldg09\_2019\_IMG\_0640, 10/18/19).



Photograph 10. Building 9 (1991), looking NW at the south (left) and east (right) facades (Field Photograph  $Bldg09_2019_P1010055, 10/18/19$ ).



Photograph 11. Building 7 (1991), Wheelock Cottage, looking NW at the east (left) and north (right) facades (Field Photograph Bldg07\_2019\_IMG\_0635, 10/18/19).



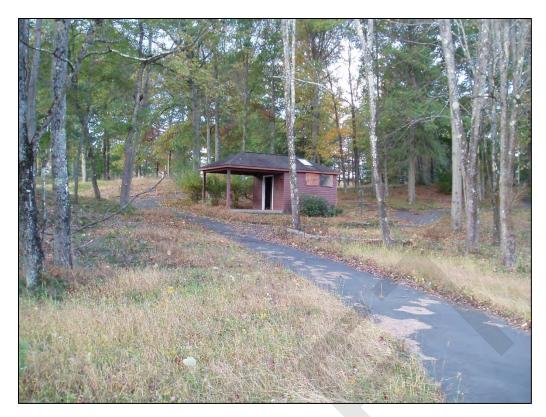
Photograph 12. Building 7 (1991), looking NE at the south (right) and west (left) facades (Field Photograph Bldg07\_2019\_P1010050, 10/18/19).



Photograph 13. Building 6 (1991), James Cottage, looking at the north (right) and east (left) facades (Field Photograph Bldg06\_2019\_IMG\_0629, 10/18/19).



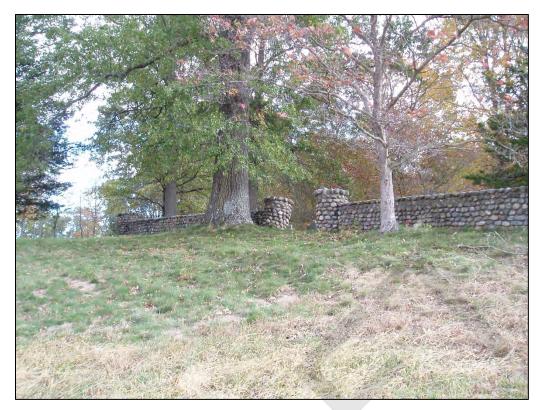
Photograph 14. Building 6 (1991), looking NW at the east (right) and south (left) facades (Field Photograph Bldg06\_2019\_P1010044, 10/18/19).



Photograph 15. Building 2019-7, golf course restroom built after 1992. Looking at the north and east (door) facades (Field Photograph Bldg2019-07\_CourseRestRoom\_P1010011, 10/18/19).



Photograph 16. Building 2019-8, water pump house not noted on Mackey's 1991 figure, looking at the south façade (Bldg2019-08\_PumpHouse\_IMG\_0670, 10/18/19).



Photograph 17. Cemetery, looking NE at the west facing entry (Field Photograph CemeteryGate\_2019\_P1010031, 10/18/19).



Photograph 18. Cemetery, looking W at the east (left) and north (right) rock walls (Field Photograph CemeteryWall\_2019\_P1010022, 10/18/19).



Photograph 19. Cemetery, interior looking NE (Field Photograph CemeteryInterior\_2019\_P1010028, 10/18/19).



Photograph 20. Stone tower (T1), looking NW (Field Photograph TowerNW\_2019\_P1010017, 10/18/19).



Photograph 21. Stone tower (T1), door detail (Field Photograph TowerNW\_Door\_2016\_P1010018, 5/4/16).



Photograph 22. Stone tower (T2), looking N (Field Photograph TowerSE\_2019\_P1010039, 10/18/19).



Photograph 23. Stone tower (T2), looking at the collapsed east side of the structure (Field Photograph TowerSE\_2019\_IMG\_0633, 10/18/19).



Photograph 24. Recreational Feature S1, looking W at the tennis court fence line and foundation (Field Photograph PoolTennis\_2016\_P1010032, 5/4/16).



Photograph 25. Recreational Feature S2, looking W at the east façade of the pool house (Field Photograph PoolTennis\_2016\_P1010022, 5/4/16).



Photograph 26. Recreational Features S1 and S2, looking NE at the west (back) walls of the tennis court (left) and the pool house (right) (Field Photograph PoolTennis\_2019\_IMG\_0678, 10/18/19).



Photograph 27. Wood causeway C1, looking W (Field Photograph Causeway01DamPond\_2019\_P1010063, 10/18/19).



Photograph 28. Wood causeway C2, looking E (Field Photograph Causeway O2\_2019\_P1010001, 10/18/19).



Photograph 29. Wood causeway C3, looking S with Building 6 (1991) in the background (Field Photograph Causeway03\_2019\_IMG\_0688, 10/18/19).



Photograph 30. Stone retaining wall W7, looking NE (TeeRetainingWall07\_2019\_P1010032, 10/18/19).



Photograph 31. Stone retaining wall W10, looking NW at what appears to be the entry stairs (RetainingWallW10\_2019\_IMG\_0686, 10/18/19).



Photograph 32. Stone retaining wall W11, looking SE (Field Photograph TeeRetainingWallW11\_2019\_P1010010, 10/18/19).



Photograph 33. Golf Course, looking S at Bldg. 12 (1991) to right and Bldg. 11 (1991) to left (Field Photograph GolfCourse\_2016\_P1010022, 05/04/16).



ANDREW M. CUOMO Governor ERIK KULLESEID
Commissioner

January 15, 2020

Carol Weed Principal Independent Contractor 50 Saw Mill Rd. Unit 13108 Danbury, CT 06810

Re: DEC

Miller's Pond - Minisceongo Golf Course Redevelopment

110 Pomona Rd., Pomona, NY 10970

20PR00125

Dear Carol Weed:

Thank you for requesting the comments of the Division for Historic Preservation of the Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation (OPRHP). We have reviewed the submitted materials in accordance with the New York State Historic Preservation Act of 1980 (section 14.09 of the New York Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation Law). These comments are those of the Division for Historic Preservation and relate only to Historic/Cultural resources. They do not include potential environmental impacts to New York State Parkland that may be involved in or near your project. Such impacts must be considered as part of the environmental review of the project pursuant to the State Environmental Quality Review Act (New York Environmental Conservation Law Article 8) and its implementing regulations (5NYCRR Part 617).

We have reviewed your Phase IA Due Diligence Memo dated December 20, 2019. As detailed in the Memo, between 1991 and 1992 an archaeological survey was conducted on the property in advance of the construction of the Minisceongo Golf Course. Two Native American archaeological sites were identified during the archaeological survey, and Phase II archaeological evaluations were subsequently conducted for both sites. One of the Native American archaeological sites (OPRHP Site No. 08704.000055) was determined eligible for listing in the New York State and National Registers of Historic Places, and a Phase III data retrieval excavation was conducted to mitigate the adverse impacts of the proposed golf course. Therefore, OPRHP concurs with your recommendation that no additional archaeological investigations are necessary in advance of the proposed redevelopment of the property.

The Memo states that the cemetery on the property will be preserved. The Memo also states that Site 08704.000055 will be preserved. OPRHP appreciates and encourages the intention of the project proponent to preserve the site, but preservation of Site 08704.000055 is not necessary, from a regulatory standpoint. The Phase III data retrieval excavation completed in 1994 mitigated the adverse impacts to the site. Further archaeological excavation and/or site preservation is not necessary.

Carol Weed January 15, 2020 Page 2

If further correspondence is required regarding this project, please refer to the OPRHP Project Review (PR) number noted above. If you have any questions, I can be reached at 518-268-2186.

Sincerely,

Tim Lloyd, Ph.D., RPA Scientist - Archaeology timothy.lloyd@parks.ny.gov

via e-mail only

cc: S. Kazarnovsky B. Von Ohlsen

# MEMORANDUM PROJECT 20PR00125: MILLER'S POND/MINISCEONGO GOLF COURSE REDEVELOPMENT, RESPONSE TO REQUEST 1/21/2020

TO: NEW YORK STATE OFFICE OF PARKS, RECREATION AND HISTORIC

PRESERVATION, COMPLIANCE REVIEWER (CHELSEA TOWERS)

**FROM:** CAROL S. WEED, M.A. (RPA #989090)

SUBJECT: MILLER'S POND, TOWN OF RAMAPO, ROCKLAND COUNTY, NY, EXISTING

**BUILDING INFORMATION** 

**DATE:** MARCH 22, 2020

**CC:** FILE 2019-002\_KH\_MILLERS POND/DELIVERABLE\_CLUBHOUSEDOC

By an information request received in January, 2020, the New York State Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation (NYOPRHP) requested supplemental information on the existing building at the Millers Pond Project Site referred to as the Clubhouse (Unique Site Number [USN] 08704.000380). Specifically, the NYOPRHP reviewer asked for "current photos of the interior of the clubhouse keyed to a current floor plan. Include historic construction drawings/plans and historic views of the property, if possible."

The following memorandum is supported by four figures, 59 photographs of the clubhouse exterior (Photographs 1-10) and interior (Photographs 11-59) that were taken on February 10, 2020 by the author, three historic-era photographs (Photographs 60-62) shot in their frames, and two tables. Table 1 contains dimensional data provided by the Project Applicant for Rooms 1 through 9 on the building's main floor. Table 2 is a concordance which lists the original field number for each photograph and the filing numbers assigned to selected photographs presented here. It is attached at the end of this memorandum.

The clubhouse building has three floors. The floors are designated 1-Ground, 2-Main, and 3-Upper herein. Figure 1 shows the interior footprint of floor 2-Main. No architectural drawings of 1-Ground and 3-Upper are known and two sketch maps were created for these floors. Figures 2-4 are the photograph keys for the three floors. The rooms are not to scale on Figures 3 and 4.

The discussion that follows is divided into five parts: Exterior, Floor 2-Main, Floor 1-Ground, Floor 3-Upper, and Historic Pictures.

#### **Exterior**

Photographs 1 through 10 show the existing conditions of the building's exterior. Of particular note is Photograph 1. The paved walkway/cart path between the landscaping and the east facing façade provides access to the entranceway to the Ladies Locker Room alcove. This entrance is shown in Photograph 48.

#### Floor 2-Main (Photographs 11-33)

Floor 2 is discussed first because it was the main focal floor when the building functioned as the Administration/School center for the children's home. During the clubhouse era, this floor appears to have used as event spaces that were supported by small kitchens.

The building is oriented to the south with two prominent wings on the east and west sides of the north end of Room 1. Room 1 also may have served as a chapel or auditorium during the school era. The central staircase is located centrally between the three wings and its services the three floors.

Nine rooms were assigned numbers during the photography survey. Three spaces on the floor are unnumbered. These are two closets that may have once functioned as telephone booths and the men's restroom. The men's restroom is adjacent to the women's restroom. The toilet facilities and sinks in the men's restroom are the same as those in the men's locker room on floor 1-Ground.

T-I-I- 1 II			
I ania i naiow siimmar	rizas tna room sizas as r	NY THA AN	nlicant for Floor 2 avant snaces
Table I below sulfillial	1203 1110 100111 31203 43 1	novided by the Ap	plicant for Floor 2 event spaces.

Room #	Function	Square Feet
1	"Chapel" (Banquet/Event)	2,200
2	Bar	2,300
3	Minor Banquet	750
8	Bar	609
9	Minor Banquet	741

Square footage for Rooms 4 (pantry), 5 (kitchen), 6 (kitchen), and 7 (ladies restroom) were not provided.

#### Floor 1-Ground (Photographs 34-53)

Floor 1 was a service floor during the golf-era. Its functions during the school-era are unknown but it may have contained schoolrooms. The men's and women's locker rooms are located on this floor as are another set of kitchen/service stations and another bar.

The men's locker room has internal subdivisions and these are labelled 10a through 10g. Rooms 10d through 10g contain wood lockers and all the spaces open to the central hall of the larger men's locker room. Rooms 10a, a shoe cleaning station with sink, 10b, the toilets and urinals, and 10c, showers, are individual rooms with doors that open to the central hallway.

Similarly, the women's locker room has subdivided space. These spaces are labelled 17a, a pantry, and 17b, a lounge, and both open to the central walk within the larger room. The only internal rooms with doors are two toilet stalls and a shower stall. These are located at the south end of the larger room. No photographs of these features are shown in the filed photographs.

CSW 2019-002\_KH\_Millers

The ground floor exits at four locations: into the breezeway from Room 12, an alcove outside Room 17, the west end of Room 10, and the main staircase well.

No photographs were taken of Room 14, a storage location off of Room 12; Room 15, which currently houses security equipment; and Room 16, which is currently serving as a light fixture storage location.

#### Floor 3-Upper (Photographs 54-59)

Floor 3 offers access to what seems to have been the original choir loft, a small office, and a larger office space. There are two exits. One is the main stair case well and the other is across the hall from the small office at the west end of the hall. An alcove feature in the east wall of Room 20, the large office, is reminiscent in form to a fireplace box but it is now completely sheathed in wallboard.

#### **Historic Photographs (Photographs 60-62)**

Three of the framed photographs curated by the Applicant show buildings. Photograph 60 shows the farm near the time the property was acquired for the first children's home. Photographs 61 and 62 show views of the James and Ford cottages in 1927 and 1917 respectively.

The Applicant proposes to demolish the James and Ford cottages and this was reported in December's filing. The plan for the renovation of the Clubhouse has been initiated. If you have any questions or concerns, I can be reached at csw13108@gmail.com or 646.276.2460.

Sincerely,

Carol S. Weed, M.A. (RPA #989090)

Carol S. Weed

cc: Bonnie Von Ohlsen, Applicant

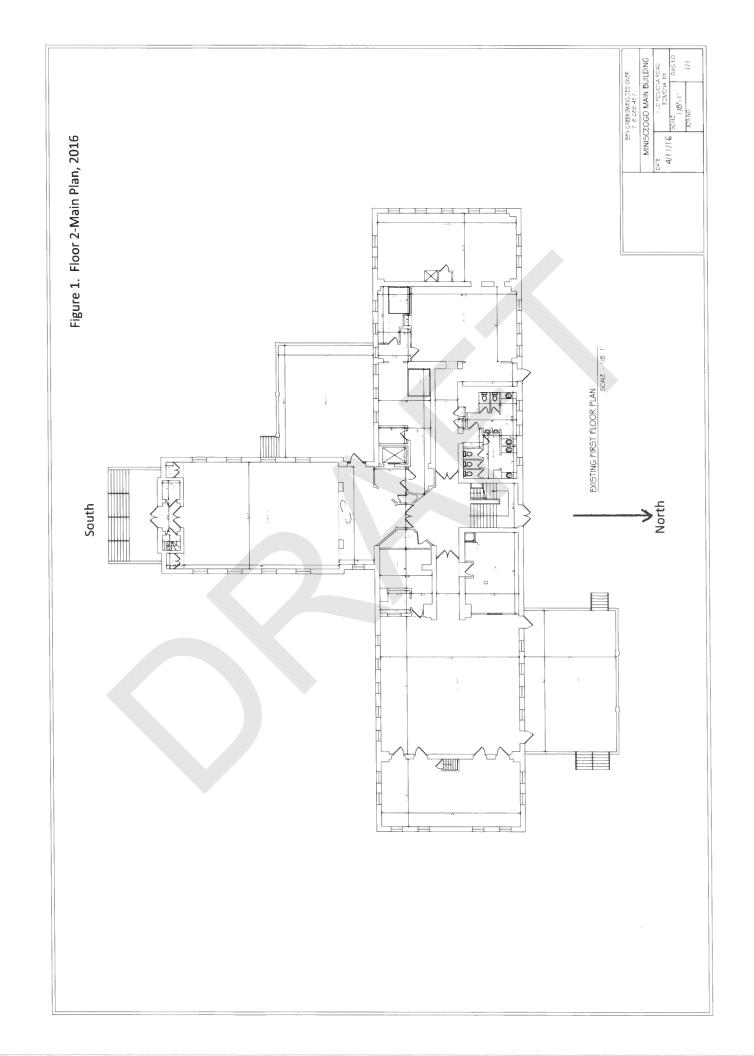
## **Attachment Figures**

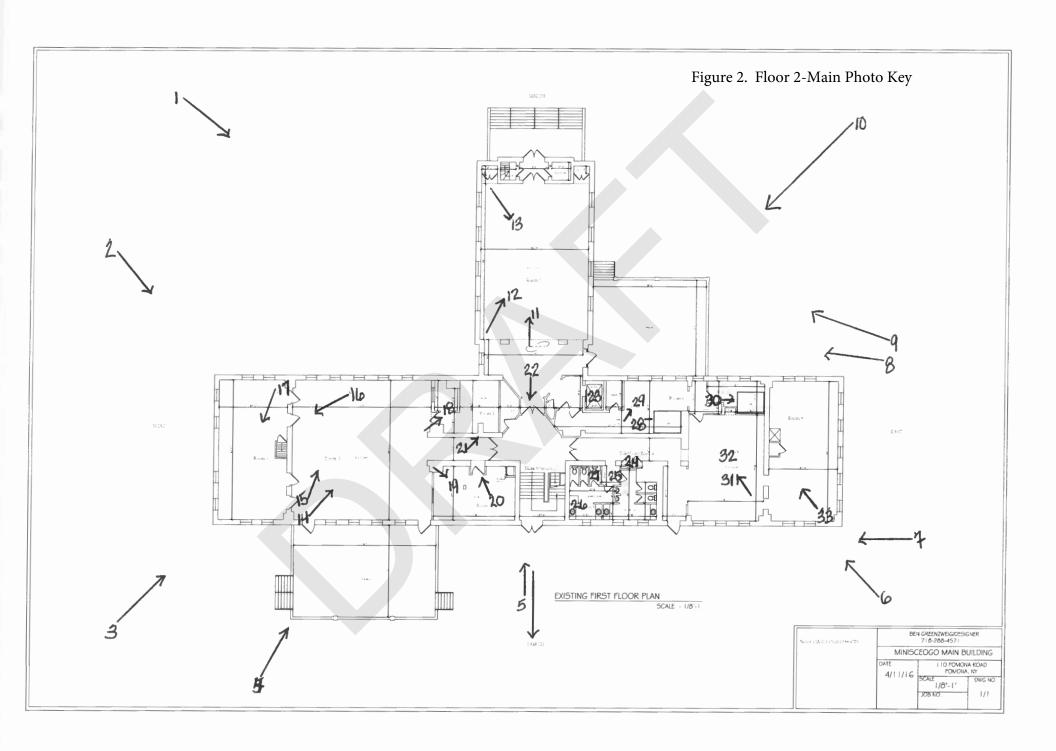
Figure 1 – Floor 2-Main Plan

Figure 2 – Floor 2-Main Photo Key

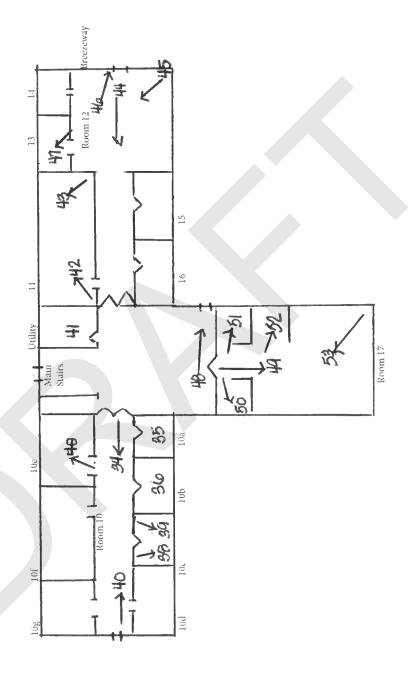
Figure 3 – Floor 1-Ground Photo Key

Figure 4 – Floor 3-Upper Photo Key





1 = Ground Floor





Stairs Stairs Store Floor Stairs Store Floor Store Floor Store Floor Flo

z <del>-----</del>

### **Attachment Photographs**

Table 2 – Photograph Log

Photographs01to10\_Exterior

Photographs11to24\_Floor2\_Main

Photographs25to33\_Floor2\_Main

Photographs34to46\_Floor1\_Ground

Photographs47to59\_Floors1and3

Photographs60to62\_Historic

Room #	Floor	Filing Photo #	Field Photo #	Description	Date Taken	Author	USN (Bldg) Name
							USN 08704.000380
							(Bldg. 1991-11)
Exterior	n/a	01	P1010001	Looking NW at the SE facades.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
				Looking NW at the S and E facades.			
				The lower level arch (to picture			USN 08704.000380
				right) is the south side of the			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Exterior	n/a	02	P1010003	breezeway.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
				Looking SW at the east side of the			
				North façade. The lower level arch			
				(to picture center, behind the			USN 08704.000380
				staircase) is the north side of the			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Exterior	n/a	03	P1010004	breezeway.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
				Looking SW at the east half of the			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Exterior	n/a	04	P1010005	north façade.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
				Looking S at the ground floor			
				entrance to the building showing			USN 08704.000380
				the flanking staircases to the 2nd			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Exterior	n/a	<mark>05</mark>	P1010008_Vertical	(main) floor.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
							(Bldg. 1991-11)
Exterior	n/a	<mark>06</mark>	P1010010	The west side of the north façade	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
				The service doors to the basement			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Exterior	n/a	<mark>07</mark>	P1010011	rooms.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
				Utility yard on the west side of the			USN 08704.000380
				patio. Photo 13 also shows other			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Exterior	n/a	08	P1010012	parts of the yard.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
				Utility yard on the west side of the			USN 08704.000380
				patio. Photo 12 also shows other			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Exterior	n/a	<mark>09</mark>	P1010013	parts of the yard.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
				South (left) and west (right)			USN 08704.000380
				facades. The utility yard is behind			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Exterior	n/a	10	P1010015	the wood door to picture left.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse

							USN 08704.000380
				From balcony/choir loft looking			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room01	3-Upper	<mark>11</mark>	P1010094	south into Room 1.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
				Looking SW at Room 1 interior			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room01	2-Main	<mark>12</mark>	P1010018_Vertical	from NE corner.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
				Looking N at the Room 1 interior			USN 08704.000380
				showing the location of the original			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room01	2-Main	13	P1010019	choir loft.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
				Looking W at the second service			
				station in Room 2. The pictures			
				propped on the table include the			USN 08704.000380
				historical building pictures included			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room02	2-Main	<mark>14</mark>	P1010026	here.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
				Looking SW at the Room 2 interior			
				showing the entry arch and one of			USN 08704.000380
				two service stations to left of entry			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room02	2-Main	<b>15</b>	P1010025	arch.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
				Looking E at the entry door from			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room02	2-Main	<mark>16</mark>	P1010027	Room 2 into Room 3.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
							(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room03	2-Main	<mark>17</mark>	P1010028	Looking NE at the Room nterior.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
				Room 4, pantry, that services			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room04	2-Main	<mark>18</mark>	P1010030	Rooms 2 and 5	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
				Room 5, full kitchen, which backs			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room05	2-Main	<mark>19</mark>	P1010035	to Room 2.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
					_	_	USN 08704.000380
							(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room05	2-Main	20	P1010037_Vertical	Room 5, entrance/exit door.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
				Entry/exit doors from Rooms 2, 3,			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Doors	2-Main	<mark>21</mark>	P1010038	4, 5 into main staircase hall.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse

				Looking at the main staircase from		
				2-Main to the entry/exit doors on		
				floor 1-Ground. These doors are		USN 08704.000380
				shown in Photograph 5 from the		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Stairs	2-Main	22	P1010039	outside.	2/10/2020 CSW	eed Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
				Floor 2-main looking at the		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Elevator	2-Main	23	P1010040 Vertical	elevator which is marked "2"	2/10/2020 CSW	eed Clubhouse
			_	Floor 2-main looking at the twin		USN 08704.000380
Telephone				telephone booths (listed on the		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Booth	2-Main	24	P1010054	plan as closets).	2/10/2020 CSW	eed Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
				Room 7, the ladies restroom on		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room07	2-Main	25	P1010044_Vertical	Floor 2-Main.	2/10/2020 CSW	eed Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
				Room 7, ladies restroom, interior		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room07	2-Main	26	P1010046_Vertical	fixtures.	2/10/2020 CSW	eed Clubhouse
			_			USN 08704.000380
				Room 7, ladies restroom, interior		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room07	2-Main	27	P1010047 Vertical	fixtures.	2/10/2020 CSW	eed Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
				Room 6, one of the two walk-in		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room06	2-Main	28	P1010042	storage refrigerators in this kitchen.	2/10/2020 CSW	eed Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
						(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room06	2-Main	29	P1010041	Room 6, storage area.	2/10/2020 CSW	eed Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
				Room 6, second walk-in storage		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room06	2-Main	30	P1010043_Vertical	refrigerator marked #1.	2/10/2020 CSW	eed Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
				Room 8, bar detail showing foot		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room08	2-Main	31	P1010050	rail.	2/10/2020 CSW	eed Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
				Room 8, light fixture suspended		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room08	2-Main	32	P1010051	above bar.	2/10/2020 CSW	eed Clubhouse
				Room 9, looking SW at stored		USN 08704.000380
				event tables, chairs, and other		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room09	2-Main	33	P1010052	materials	2/10/2020 CSW	eed Clubhouse

Room 10,							
Men's Locker							USN 08704.000380
Room, main				Men's locker room main hal looking			(Bldg. 1991-11)
hall.	1-Ground	34	P1010057	toward the outside exit	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
				Men's locker room shoe cleaning			USN 08704.000380
				room looking back toward the			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 10a	1-Ground	35	P1010059	room's entry door.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
				Men's locker room, toilet room			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 10b	1-Ground	<mark>36</mark>	P1010063	urinals.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
				Manda la disa na ana anatana masa			LICN 00704 000300
				Men's locker room easternmost		Ť	USN 08704.000380
D 40		27	D4.04.0050	locker room on the north side of	2/40/2020	66147	(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 10e	1-Ground	37	P1010060	the main hallway.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
				Men's locker room, shower stall	- / - /		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 10c	1-Ground	38	P1010065_vertical	room.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
				Men's locker room, toilet room			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 10b	1-Ground	39	P1010064	sinks.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
							(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 10	1-Ground	40	P1010068	Men's locker room, main hall.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
							(Bldg. 1991-11)
Utility Room	1-Ground	41	P1010091	Floor 1-ground utility room.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
							(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room11	1-Ground	42	P1010069	Floor 1 full kitchen, equipment	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
							(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room11	1-Ground	43	P1010071	Floor 1 full kitchen, equipment	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
				Floor 1 bar, looking west toward			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room12	1-Ground	44	P1010074	the floor main hall.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
				Floor 1 bar, looking NW toward the			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room12	1-Ground	45	P1010075	Room 13 doorway.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse

							USN 08704.000380
				Looking east from Room 12 toward			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Breezeway	1-Ground	46	P1010079	the Floor 1 breezeway.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
-							USN 08704.000380
							(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room13	1-Ground	47	P1010078	Room 13 equipment	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
				Exterior door accessing the Ladies			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Entrance, side	1-Ground	48	P1010080	locker-room entrance.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
							(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 17	1-Ground	<mark>49</mark>	P1010084	Ladies locker room locker clusters.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
Room 17a,							USN 08704.000380
Ladies Locker				Ladies locker room pantry with			(Bldg. 1991-11)
room.	1-Ground	50	P1010082	sink.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
							(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 17b	1-Ground	51	P1010083	Ladies locker room lounge.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
				Ladies locker room make-up			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 17	1-Ground	<mark>52</mark>	P1010085	station.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
				Ladies locker room, another view			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 17	1-Ground	53	P1010089	of the locker clusters.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
				Balcony walkway looking toward			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Balcony hall	3-Upper	54	P1010096	Room 19 doorway (left)	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
				Small office adjacent to the			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 19	3-Upper	<mark>55</mark>	P1010097	balcony/choir loft on its west side.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
				Balcony/choir loft looking down			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 18	3-Upper	<mark>56</mark>	P1010093	into Room 1.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
				Large office room on the east side			USN 08704.000380
				of the balcony/choir loft looking			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 20	3-Upper	<mark>57</mark>	P1010098	NE.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse

						USN 08704.000380
				Looking toward the SE corner of		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 20	3-Upper	<mark>58</mark>	P1010101	Room 20.	2/10/2020 CSWee	Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
				Alcove niche on the east wall of		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 20	3-Upper	<mark>59</mark>	P1010100	Room 20.	2/10/2020 CSWee	d Clubhouse
						Unnumbered, Happy
Historic	2-Main	60	P1010023	Pomona Mills Farm 1911	2/10/2020 CSWee	
				Y		USN 08704.000376
						(Bldg. 1991-06) James
Historic	2-Main	61	P1010020	James Cottage 1927	2/10/2020 CSWee	
						USN 08704.000378
						(Bldg. 1991-09) Ford
Historic	2-Main	62	P1010022	Ford Cottage 1917	2/10/2020 CSWee	ū
						USN 08704.000380
				Looking ESE toward Director's		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Exterior	n/a	not filed	P1010002	House (right) and X Cottage (left)	2/10/2020 CSWee	d Clubhouse
				Looking NW at the north façade.		USN 08704.000380
				The pool building is in the distance		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Exterior	n/a	not filed	P1010006	on the right side of the picture.	2/10/2020 CSWee	
						USN 08704.000380
				Looking S at the ground floor		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Exterior	n/a	not filed	P1010007	entrance to the building.	2/10/2020 CSWee	d Clubhouse
				Looking S at the ground floor		
				entrance to the building showing		USN 08704.000380
				the flanking staircases to the 2nd		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Exterior	n/a	not filed	P1010008	(main) floor.	2/10/2020 CSWee	
						USN 08704.000380
						(Bldg. 1991-11)
Exterior	n/a	not filed	P1010009	The east façade of the pool house.	2/10/2020 CSWee	
						USN 08704.000380
				South side of the East façade of the		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Exterior	n/a	not filed	P1010014	pool house.	2/10/2020 CSWee	
						USN 08704.000380
				Looking south at the ceiling of		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room01	2-Main	not filed	P1010016	Room 1.	2/10/2020 CSWee	Clubhouse

							USN 08704.000380
				Looking SE at Room 1 interior from			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room01	2-Main	not filed	P1010017	NW corner.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
				Looking SE at Room 1 interior from			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room01	2-Main	not filed	P1010017_Vertical	NW corner.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
				Looking SW at Room 1 interior			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room01	2-Main	not filed	P1010018	from NE corner.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
				Looking N at the Room 1 interior			USN 08704.000380
				showing the location of the original			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room01	2-Main	not filed	P1010019_Vertical	choir loft.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000376
							(Bldg. 1991-06) James
Historic	2-Main	not filed	P1010021	James Cottage 1927	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Cottage
				Looking NE at the Room 2 interior.			USN 08704.000380
				Push door in picture center leads to			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room02	2-Main	not filed	P1010024	an outdoor deck.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
				Looking from Room 3 south end			USN 08704.000380
				toward the parking lots and	. / /		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Exterior	2-Main	not filed	P1010029	Pomona Road in the distance.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
D = = == 0.4	2.84	. 61	D4040004	Barra Arranton Francisco de disco	2 /4 0 /2020	CCLL/	(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room04	2-Main	not filed	P1010031	Room 4, pantry. Equipment view.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
D = = == 0.4	2.84	4 61 - 4	D4040033	Barra Amandan Emiliana atai an	2/40/2020	CCM	(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room04	2-Main	not filed	P1010032	Room 4, pantry. Equipment view.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
D = = == 0.4	2.84	+	D4040033	Barra A mantan a Sandanani i	2/40/2020	CCM	(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room04	2-Main	not filed	P1010033	Room 4, pantry. Equipment view.	2/10/2020	csweed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380
Poom04	2 Main	mat filed	D1010024	Room 4 nantny Faviament view	2/10/2020	CCMeed	(Bldg. 1991-11) Clubhouse
Room04	2-Main	not filed	P1010034	Room 4, pantry. Equipment view.	2/10/2020	csweea	USN 08704.000380
Poom05	2 Main	not filed	D1010036	Room E full kitchen environget	2/10/2020	CCMcod	(Bldg. 1991-11) Clubhouse
Room05	2-Main	not filed	P1010036	Room 5, full kitchen, equipment.	2/10/2020	csweed	Ciubilouse

				1		USN 08704.000380
						(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room05	2-Main	not filed	P1010037	Room 5, entrance/exit door.	2/10/2020 CSWeed	Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
				Main staircase looking north from		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Stairs	2-Main	not filed	P1010039_Vertical	Floor 2-main.	2/10/2020 CSWeed	Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
						(Bldg. 1991-11)
Elevator	2-Main	not filed	P1010040	Floor 2-main elevator.	2/10/2020 CSWeed	Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
				Room 6, second walk-in storage		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room06	2-Main	not filed	P1010043	refrigerator marked #1.	2/10/2020 CSWeed	Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
				Room 7, the ladies restroom on		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room07	2-Main	not filed	P1010044	Floor 2-Main.	2/10/2020 CSWeed	Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
				Room 7, the ladies restroom on		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room07	2-Main	not filed	P1010045	Floor 2-Main.	2/10/2020 CSWeed	Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
				Room 7, the ladies restroom on		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room07	2-Main	not filed	P1010045_Vertical	Floor 2-Main.	2/10/2020 CSWeed	Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
				Room 7, ladies restroom, interior		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room07	2-Main	not filed	P1010046	fixtures.	2/10/2020 CSWeed	Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
				Room 7, ladies restroom, interior		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room07	2-Main	not filed	P1010047	fixtures.	2/10/2020 CSWeed	Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
				Outside Deck off of Room 2,		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Exterior	2-Main	not filed	P1010048	looking N	2/10/2020 CSWeed	Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
						(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room08	2-Main	not filed	P1010049	Room 8, bar, looking east.	2/10/2020 CSWeed	Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
						(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room09	2-Main	not filed	P1010053	Room 9, looking SE	2/10/2020 CSWeed	Clubhouse

				Floor 2-main looking at the twin			USN 08704.000380
Telephone				telephone booths (listed on the			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Booth	2-Main	not filed	P1010054_Vertical	plan as closets).	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
Locker-room				Men's locker-room sign adjacent to			USN 08704.000380 (Bldg. 1991-11)
sign, Mens	1-Ground	not filed	P1010055	entrance door	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
Room 10, Men's Locker				Dumbwaiter in the men's locker			USN 08704.000380
Room,				room. This dumbwaiter was			(Bldg. 1991-11)
Dumbwaiter	1-Ground	not filed	P1010056	serviced by the Room 5 full kitchen.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
				Men's locker room shoe cleaning stand. There is not an equivalent in			USN 08704.000380 (Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 10a	1-Ground	not filed	P1010058	the Ladies locker room.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
				Men's locker room middle locker			USN 08704.000380 (Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 10f	1-Ground	not filed	P1010061	room on the north side of the hall.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
				Men's locker room, toilet room			USN 08704.000380 (Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 10b	1-Ground	not filed	P1010062	urinal.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
				Men's locker room, shower stall			USN 08704.000380 (Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 10c	1-Ground	not filed	P1010065	room.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
Room 10	1-Ground	not filed	P1010066	Men's locker room, utility unit.	2/10/2020		USN 08704.000380 (Bldg. 1991-11) Clubhouse
KOOIII 10	1-Ground	not med	1010000	ivien's locker room, utility unit.	2/10/2020	CSweed	USN 08704.000380
Room 10	1-Ground	not filed	P1010066_vertical	Men's locker room, utility unit.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	(Bldg. 1991-11) Clubhouse
				Looking west at the pool house			USN 08704.000380 (Bldg. 1991-11)
Exterior	1-Ground	not filed	P1010067	from the Men's locker room.	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
							USN 08704.000380 (Bldg. 1991-11)
Room11	1-Ground	not filed	P1010070	Equipment manufacturer	2/10/2020	CSWeed	Clubhouse
					. ,		USN 08704.000380
Doom11	1 Cround	not filed	D1010073	Floor 1 full kitchen equipment	2/10/2020	CCMood	(Bldg. 1991-11) Clubhouse
Room11	1-Ground	not filed	P1010072	Floor 1 full kitchen, equipment	2/10/2020	csweed	Ciubilouse

						USN 08704.000380
				Floor 1 bar, looking NW toward the		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room12	1-Ground	not filed	P1010073	Room 13 doorway.	2/10/2020 CSWeed	Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
				Looking from Room 13 back toward		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 13	1-Ground	not filed	P1010076	Room 12 bar.	2/10/2020 CSWeed	Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
						(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 13	1-Ground	not filed	P1010077	Room 13 equipment	2/10/2020 CSWeed	Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
Locker-room						(Bldg. 1991-11)
sign, Ladies	1-Ground	not filed	P1010081	Ladies locker room sign.	2/10/2020 CSWeed	Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
				Ladies locker room, shower stall		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 17	1-Ground	not filed	P1010086	next to sinks.	2/10/2020 CSWeed	Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
				Ladies locker room, one of two		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 17	1-Ground	not filed	P1010087	sinks.	2/10/2020 CSWeed	Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
						(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 17	1-Ground	not filed	P1010088	Ladies locker room, toilet stalls.	2/10/2020 CSWeed	
						USN 08704.000380
				Ladies locker room, another view		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 17	1-Ground	not filed	P1010090	of the locker clusters.	2/10/2020 CSWeed	Clubhouse
						USN 08704.000380
						(Bldg. 1991-11)
Utility Room	1-Ground	not filed	P1010092	Floor 1-ground utility room.	2/10/2020 CSWeed	
						USN 08704.000380
				From balcony/choir loft with Room		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 1	3-Upper	not filed	P1010095	1 ceiling detail.	2/10/2020 CSWeed	
						USN 08704.000380
				Door, looking from Room 20 into		(Bldg. 1991-11)
Room 20	3-Upper	not filed	P1010099	the balcony hallway.	2/10/2020 CSWeed	Clubhouse



Photograph 1. Clubhouse Exterior, looking NW at the SE facades (Field Photograph P101001, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 2. Club Exterior, looking NW at the S and E facades. The lower level arch to picture center is the south side of the breezeway (Field Photograph P1010003, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 3. Club Exterior, looking SW at the E and N facades. The lower level arch to picture center, behind the staircase, is the north side of the breezeway (Field Photograph P1010004, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 4. Club Exterior, looking SW at the east half of the N façade (Field Photograph P1010005, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 5. Club Exterior, looking S at the ground floor entrance to the building showing the flanking staircases to Floor 2-Main (Field Photograph P1010008-Vertical, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 6. Club Exterior, the west side of the N facade (Field Photograph P1010010, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 7. Club Exterior, the service entrance to the Floor 1-Ground level (Field Photograph P1010011, 2/10/2020).



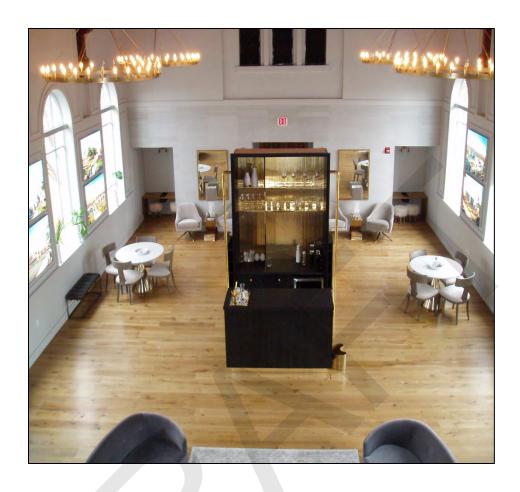
Photograph 8. Club Exterior, Utility yard on the west side of the clubhouse outside Floor 1-Ground (Field Photograph P1010012, 2/10/2020).



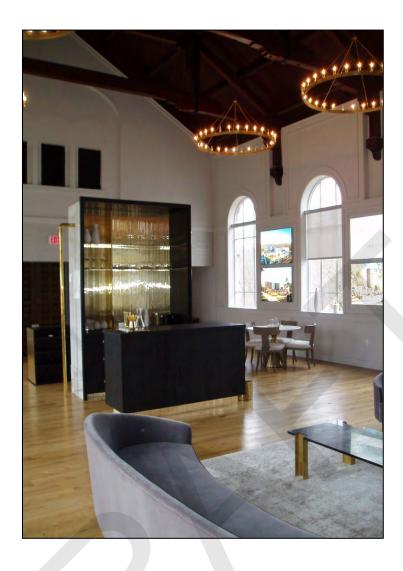
Photograph 9. Club Exterior, another section of the utility yard shown in Photographs 8 and 10 (Field Photograph P1010013, 2/10/2020).



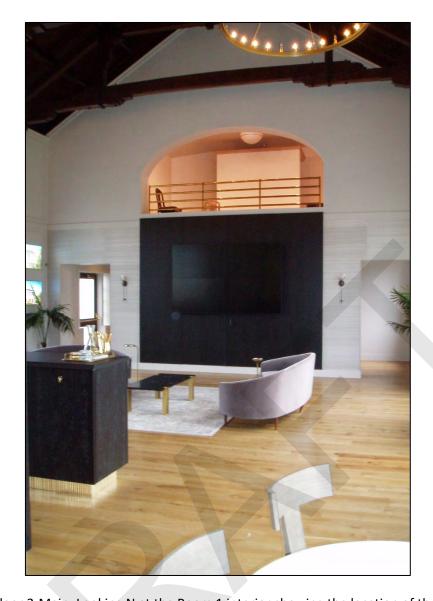
Photograph 10. Club Exterior, south and west facades. The utility yard is behind the swing doors to picture left (Field Photograph P1010015, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 11. Floor 3-Upper, looking south from the balcony/choir loft into Room 1 (Field Photograph P1010094, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 12. Floor 2-Main, Looking SW at Room 1 interior from NE corner (Field Photograph P1010018-Vertical, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 13. Floor 2-Main, Looking N at the Room 1 interior showing the location of the original choir loft (Field Photograph P1010019, 2/10/2020).

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Photograph 14. Floor 2-Main, Room 2 looking W at the north side service station in the room. The pictures propped on the table include the historical building pictures in Photographs 60-62 (Field Photograph P1010026, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 15. Floor 2-Main, Room 2, looking SW at the room interior showing the arched entry way and the south side service station, to left of entry arch (Field Photograph P1010025, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 16. Floor 2-Main, Room 2 looking east at the entry door from Room 2 to Room 3 (Field Photograph P1010027, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 17. Floor 2-Main, Room 3, looking NE at the room interior from the entry door in Photograph 16 (Field Photograph P1010025, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 18. Floor 2-Main, Room 4 pantry. This pantry services Rooms 2 and 5 (Field Photograph P1010030, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 19. Floor 2-Main, Room 5, full kitchen that backs to Room 2 (Field Photograph P1010035, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 20. Floor 2-Main, Room 5 kitchen main entry/exit door (Field Photograph P1010037-vertical, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 21. Floor 2-Main, Entry/exit doors from Rooms 2, 3, 4, and 5 into the main staircase hall (Field Photograph P1010038, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 22. Floor 2-Main, looking at the main staircase from 2-Main to the entry/exit doors on floor 1-Ground. These doors are shown in Photograph 5 from the outside (Field Photograph P1010039, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 23. Floor 2-Main, looking at the elevator which is marked "2" (Field Photograph P1010040-Vertical. 2/10/2020).



Photograph 24. Floor 2-Main, looking at the twin closets adjacent to the restrooms. The doors fold out and the 'closets' may have served as telephone booths at some point (Field Photograph P1010054, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 25. Floor 2-Main, Room 7, Ladies Room entry door from the entrance alcove (Field Photograph P1010044-Vertical, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 26. Floor 2-Main, Room 7, Ladies Room sink/mirror (Field Photograph P1010046-Vertical, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 27. Floor 2-Main, Room 7, Ladies Room toilet stall, one of three in this restroom (Field Photograph P1010047-Vertical, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 28. Floor 2-Main, Room 6 showing one of the two walk-in storage refrigerators in this kitchen (Field Photograph P1010042, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 29. Floor 2-Main, Room 6, buffet warming trays and other small equipment (Field Photograph P1010041, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 30. Floor 2-Main, Room 6, walk-in storage refrigerator marked "#1" (Field Photograph P1010043-Vertical, 2/10/2020).



 $Photograph\ 31.\ Floor\ 2-Main,\ Room\ 8,\ bar\ detail\ showing\ foot\ rail\ (Field\ Photograph\ P1010050,\ 2/10/2020).$ 



Photograph 32. Floor 2-Main, Room 8 bar light fixture suspended above bar (Field Photograph P1010051, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 33. Floor 2-Main, Room 9 looking SW at stored event tables, chairs, and other materials (Field Photograph P1010052, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 34. Floor 1-Ground, Men's Locker Room, main hall looking toward the outside exit (Field Photograph P1010057, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 35. Floor 1-Ground, Men's Locker Room 10a, shoe cleaning room looking back toward the room's entry door (Field Photograph P1010059, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 36. Floor 1-Ground, Men's Locker Room 10b, toilet room urinals (Field Photograph P1010063, 2/10/2020).



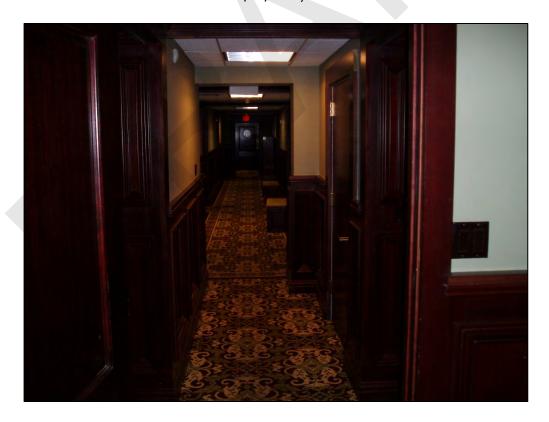
Photograph 37. Floor 1-Ground, Men's Locker Room 10e, easternmost locker room on the north side of the main hallway (Field Photograph P1010060, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 38. Men's Locker Room, Room 10c, stall on right is wheelchair accessible (Field Photograph P1010065-vertical, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 39. Floor 1-Ground, Men's Locker Room 10b, toilet room sinks (Field Photograph P1010064, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 40. Floor 1-Ground, Men's Locker Room main hall looking back toward the main staircase entryway (Field Photograph P1010068, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 41. Floor 1-Ground, utility room (Field Photograph P1010091, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 42. Floor 1-Ground, Room 11 full kitchen equipment section (Field Photograph P1010069, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 43. Floor 1-Ground, Room 11 equipment area (Field Photograph P1010071, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 44. Floor 1-Ground, Room 12 bar entry doors looking west toward the floor main hall (Field Photograph P1010074, 2/10/2020).



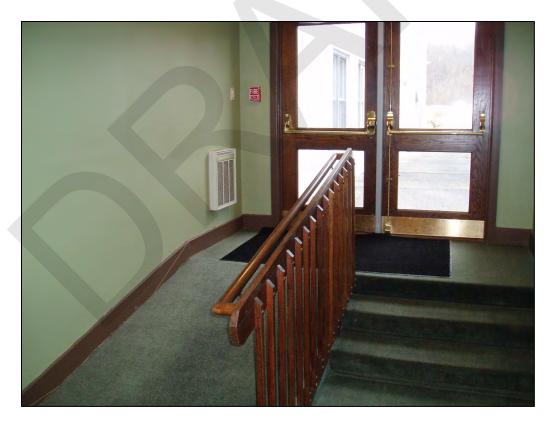
Photograph 45. Floor 1-Ground, Room 12 bar looking NW toward the Room 13 doorway (Field Photograph P1010075, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 46. Floor 1-Ground, looking east from Room 12 toward the Floor 1-Ground breezeway (Field Photograph P1010079).



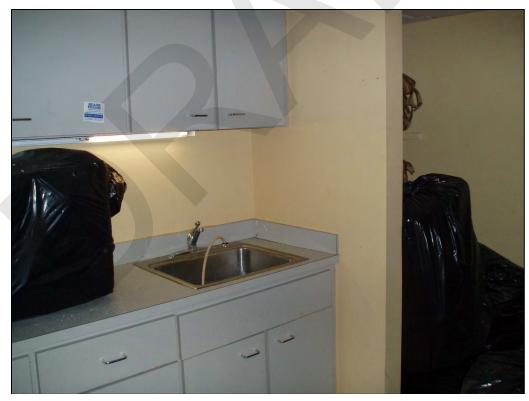
Photograph 47. Floor 1-Ground, Room 13 equipment storage (Field Photograph P1010078, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 48. Floor 1-Ground, Exterior door accessing the Ladies Locker Room entrance (Field Photograph P1010080, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 49. Floor 1-Ground, Room 17, Ladies Locker Room, showing main hall and locker clusters (Field Photograph P1010084, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 50. Floor 1-Ground, Ladies Locker Room 17a, pantry (Field Photograph P1010082, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 51. Floor 1-Ground, Ladies Locker Room 17b, lounge (Field Photograph P1010083, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 52. Floor 1-Ground, Ladies Locker Room 17, makeup table (Field Photograph P1010085, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 53. Floor 1-Ground, Ladies Locker Room 17, another view of the locker clusters (Field Photograph P1010089, 2/10/2020).



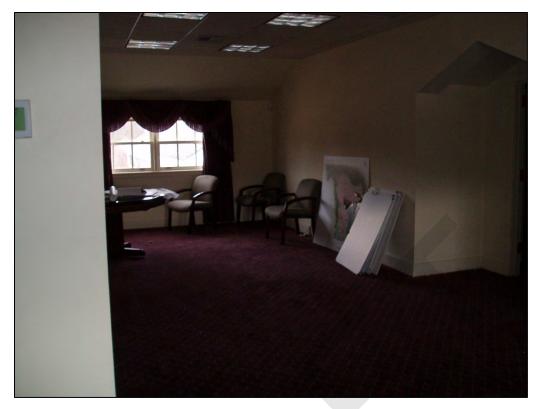
Photograph 54. Floor 3-Upper, balcony walkway looking toward Room 19 doorway to left (Field Photograph P1010096, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 55. Floor 3-Upper, Room 19, small office adjacent to choir loft on the west side of the floor (Field Photograph P1010097, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 56. Floor 3-Upper, choir loft showing rail detail and another view of Room 1 below (Field Photograph P1010093, 2/10/2020).



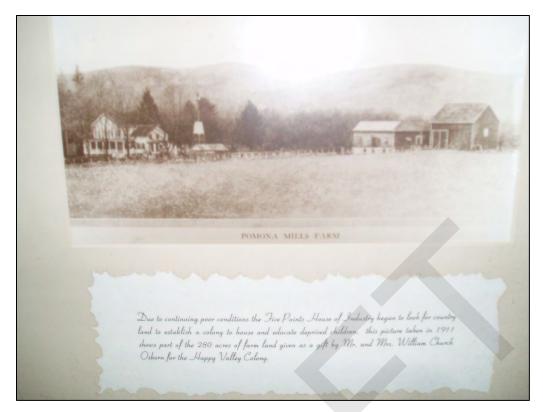
Photograph 57. Floor 3-Upper, Room 20 large office on the east side of the choir loft looking NE (Field Photograph P1010098, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 58. Floor 3-Upper, looking toward the SE corner of Room 20 (Field Photograph P1010101, 2/10/2020).



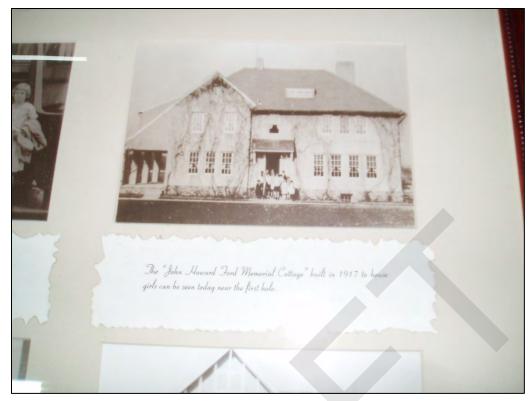
Photograph 59. Floor 3-Upper, Room 20 looking east at the alcove in the east wall (Field Photograph P1010100, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 60. Pomona Mills Farm in 1911 before the Happy Valley Colony was established (Field Photograph CSW\_P1010023, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 61. USN 08704.000376 (Bldg. 1991-006), James Cottage in 1927 (Field Photograph CSW\_P1010020, 2/10/2020).



Photograph 62. USN 08704.000378 (Bldg. 1991-009), Ford Cottage in 1917 (Field Photograph CSW\_P1010022, 2/10/2020).



ANDREW M. CUOMO Governor ERIK KULLESEID Commissioner

April 16, 2020

Carol Weed Principal Independent Contractor 50 Saw Mill Rd. Unit 13108 Danbury, CT 06810

Re: DEC

Miller's Pond - Minisceongo Golf Course Redevelopment

110 Pomona Rd., Pomona, NY 10970

20PR00125

## Dear Carol Weed:

Thank you for requesting the comments of the Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation (OPRHP). We have reviewed the project in accordance with the New York State Historic Preservation Act of 1980 (Section 14.09 of the New York Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation Law). These comments are those of the OPRHP and relate only to Historic/Cultural resources. They do not include potential environmental impacts to New York State Parkland that may be involved in or near your project. Such impacts must be considered as part of the environmental review of the project pursuant to the State Environmental Quality Review Act (New York Environmental Conservation Law Article 8) and its implementing regulations (6 NYCRR Part 617).

Based upon this review, it is the opinion of OPRHP that no properties, including archaeological and/or historic resources, listed in or eligible for the New York State and National Registers of Historic Places will be impacted by this project.

If further correspondence is required regarding this project, please be sure to refer to the OPRHP Project Review (PR) number noted above.

Sincerely,

R. Daniel Mackay

Deputy Commissioner for Historic Preservation Division for Historic Preservation



## DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY NEW YORK DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS JACOB K. JAVITS FEDERAL BUILDING 26 FEDERAL PLAZA NEW YORK, NEW YORK 10278-0090

Regulatory Branch

SEP 2 0 2018

SUBJECT:

Permit Application Number NAN-2018-00360

by Mount Ivy LLC

Peter Torgersen 110 Town Line Road Pearl River, NY 10965

Dear Mr. Torgersen:

On March 13, 2018, the New York District of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers received a request for a Department of the Army jurisdictional determination for the above referenced project. The site consists of approximately 144 acres, in the South Branch Minisceongo Creek watershed, in the Town of Ramapo, Rockland County, NY.

In the letter received on March 13, 2018, your office submitted a proposed delineation of the extent of waters of the United States within the project boundary. A site inspection was conducted by representatives of this office on July 26, 2018, in which it was agreed that changes would be made to the delineation and that the modified delineation would be submitted to this office. On September 7, 2018, this office received the modified delineation.

Based on the material submitted and the observations of the representatives of this office during the site visit, this site has been determined to contain jurisdictional waters of the United States based on: the presence of wetlands determined by the occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology according to criteria established in the 1987 "Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual," Technical Report Y-87-1 that are either adjacent to or part of a tributary system; the presence of a defined water body (e.g. stream channel, lake, pond, river, etc.) which is part of a tributary system; and the fact that the location includes property below the ordinary high water mark, high tide line or mean high water mark of a water body as determined by known gage data or by the presence of physical markings including, but not limited to, shelving, changes in the character of soil, destruction of terrestrial vegetation, the presence of litter or debris or other characteristics of the surrounding area.

These jurisdictional waters of the United States are shown on the drawing entitled "NYSDEC Wetlands – Wetland Delineation Map", prepared by AN&Z Engineers, dated January 29, 2016 and last revised September 4, 2018. This drawing indicates that there are five (5) principal wetland areas, four (4) distinct stream reaches and two (2) open water areas on the project site which are part of a tributary system, and are considered to be waters of the United States.

This determination regarding the delineation shall be considered valid for a period of five years from the date of this letter unless new information warrants revision of the determination before the expiration date.

This determination was documented using the Interim Approved Jurisdictional Determination Form, promulgated by the Corps of Engineers in October, 2015. A copy of that document is enclosed with this letter, and will be posted on the New York District website at:

http://www.nan.usace.army.mil/Missions/Regulatory/JurisdictionalDeterminations/Recent/JurisdictionalDeterminations.aspx

This delineation/determination has been conducted to identify the limits of the Corps Clean Water Act jurisdiction for the particular site identified in this request. If you object to this determination, you may request an administrative appeal under Corps regulations at 33 CFR Part 331. Enclosed is a combined Notification of Appeal Process (NAP) and Request For Appeal (RFA) form. If you request to appeal this determination you must submit a completed RFA form to the North Atlantic Division Office at the following address:

James W. Haggerty, Regulatory Program Manager, CENAD-PD-OR North Atlantic Division, U.S. Army Engineer Division Fort Hamilton Military Community General Lee Avenue, Building 301 Brooklyn, New York 11252-6700

In order for an RFA to be accepted by the Corps, the Corps must determine that it is complete, that it meets the criteria for appeal under 33 CFR Park 331.5, and that it has been received by the Division Office within 60 days of the date of the NAP. Should you decide to submit an RFA form, it must be received at the above address by NOV 1 9 2018. It is not necessary to submit an RFA form to the Division Office if you do not object to the determination in this letter.

This delineation/determination may not be valid for the wetland conservation provisions of the Food Security Act of 1985, as amended. If you or your tenant are USDA program participants, or anticipate participation in USDA programs, you should request a certified wetland determination from the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service prior to starting work.

It is strongly recommended that the development of the site be carried out in such a manner as to avoid as much as possible the discharge of dredged or fill material into the delineated waters of the United States. If the activities proposed for the site involve such discharges, authorization from this office may be necessary prior to the initiation of the proposed work. The extent of such discharge of fill will determine the level of authorization that would be required.

In order for us to better serve you, please complete our Customer Service Survey located at <a href="http://www.nan.usace.army.mil/Missions/Regulatory/CustomerSurvey.aspx">http://www.nan.usace.army.mil/Missions/Regulatory/CustomerSurvey.aspx</a>.

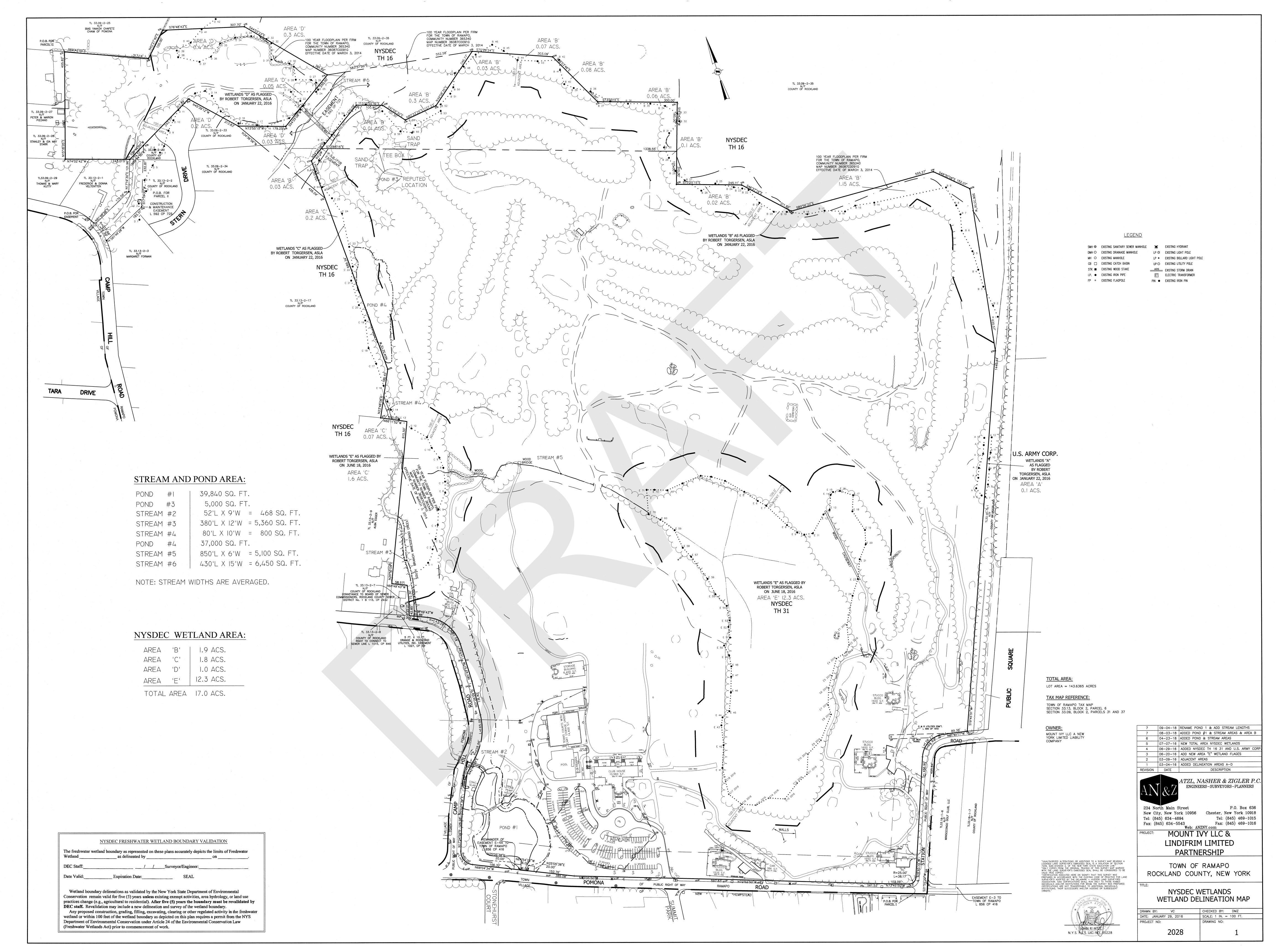
If any questions should arise concerning this matter, please contact Peter Steinour, of my staff, at (917) 790-8518.

Sincerely,

Rosita Miranda

Chief, Western Section

**Enclosures** 





## COMMUNITY HIGHLIGHTS

- A master planned community consisting of approximately 650 cluster type town homes and 90-120 rental apartments supported by a vibrant village center featuring a variety of retail and community uses as well as a multitude of community recreational and outdoor amenities.
- Approximately 40 acres of preserved wetlands & open space areas, Millers Pond, a village green, pocket parks, walking trails and preservation of historic elements including a historic cemetery and (2) stone silos.
- The Village Center/Mixed-Use area will include the clubhouse, mid-rise mixed use building with approx. 40,000 SF of retail space, 90-120 rental apartments and ground level amenities.

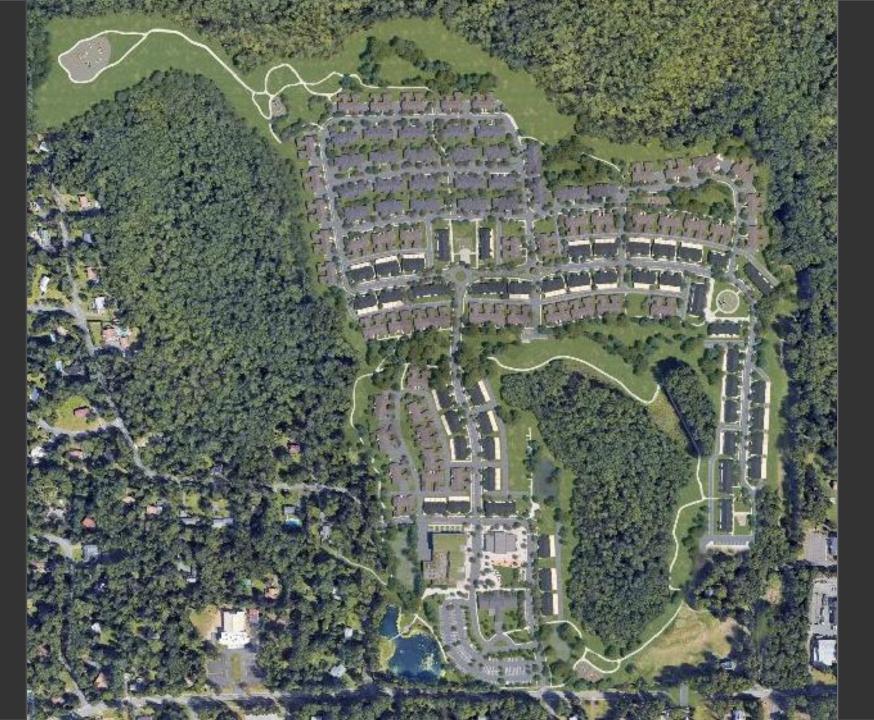


















#### ARCHITECTURAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The site will include a Town Center, a mid-rise mixed use building of retail, amenities and 90-120 rental apartments located within the Village Center.
- The town home portion of the site will include six (6) unique clustered designs:
  - Main Street Decked Town Homes
  - Valley Edge Town Homes
  - Courtyard Town Homes
  - Stacked Deck Manor Homes
  - · On-Street Town Homes
  - Quad Town Homes



# TOWN CENTER/TOWN HOME RENDERINGS































#### TOWN HOME SUMMARY

The community will include a mix of the six (6) unique clustered town home designs with a breakdown as follows:

Unit GFA	BuildingTypology	Unit Name	# Bldgs	# Units	# Bdrms
2,543 - 2,597 ft <sup>2</sup>	Main Street Decked TH (Laneway)	-	23	93	372
3,210 - 3,577 ft <sup>2</sup>	Valley EdgeTH (Laneway)	VE-1 &VE-2	8	31	171
3,198 ft <sup>2</sup>	CourtyardTH (Laneway) End	CY-1	29	58	290
3,194 ft <sup>2</sup>	CourtyardTH (Laneway) Int	CY-2		52	260
2,105 ft <sup>2</sup>	Stacked Decked Manor House (Lower)	SD-1	16	69	207
3,355 ft <sup>2</sup>	Stacked Decked Manor House (Upper)	SD-2		69	345
2474 ft <sup>2</sup>	Stacked Decked Manor House - Custom	C		5	30
3,337 ft <sup>2</sup>	On StreetTown House (OSTH) - Int	ST-2	15	23	115
3,738 ft <sup>2</sup>	On StreetTown House (OSTH) - End	ST-1		30	150
3,345 ft <sup>2</sup>	Quads Large - Int	QT-1	26	52	260
3,355 ft²	Quads Small - Ext	Н		27	135
		QT-2		25	125
	OVERALLTOTAL		117	534	2,460

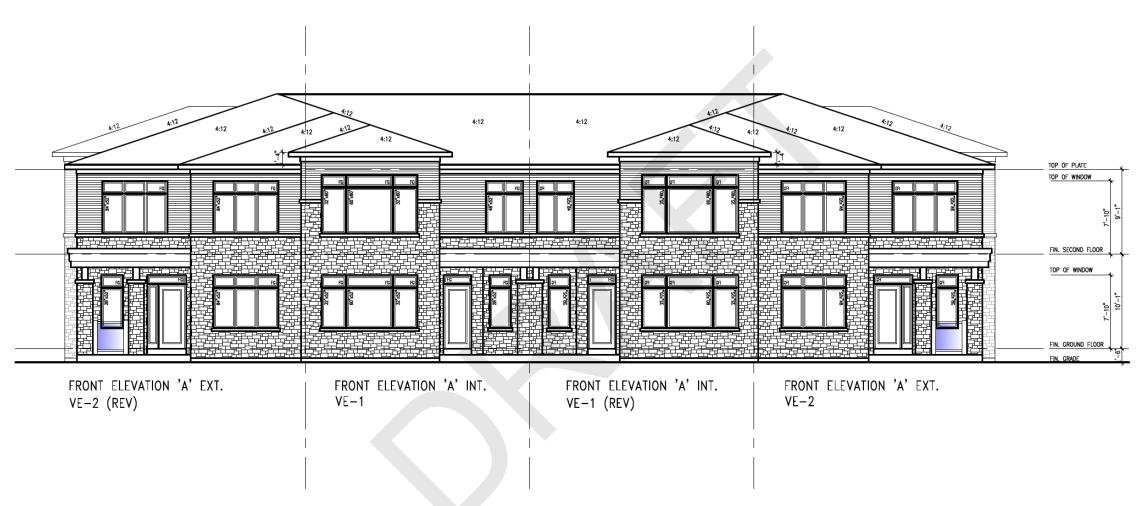


## MAIN STREET DECKED TOWN HOME ELEVATIONS & FLOORPLANS











FRONT ELEVATION 'A'



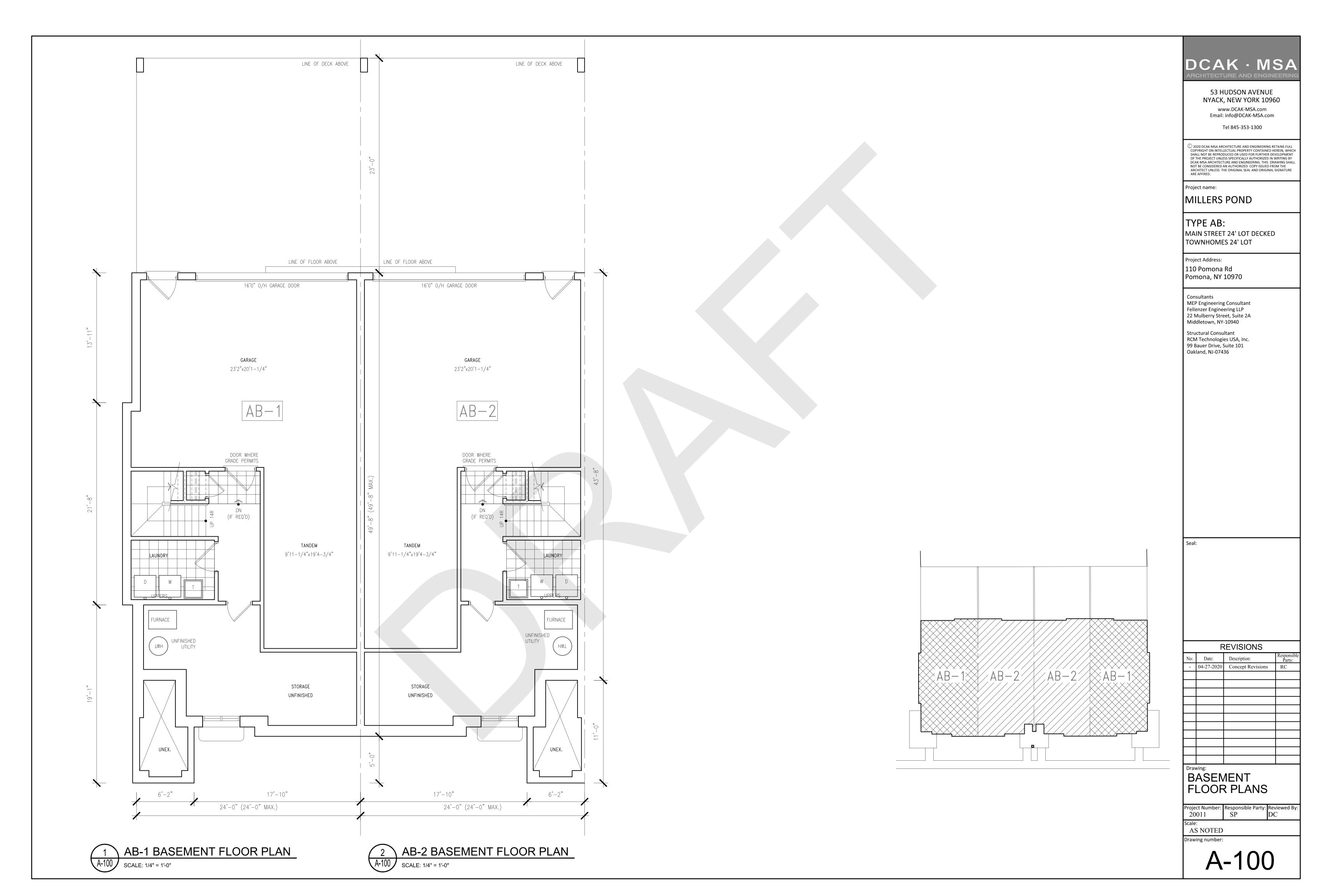


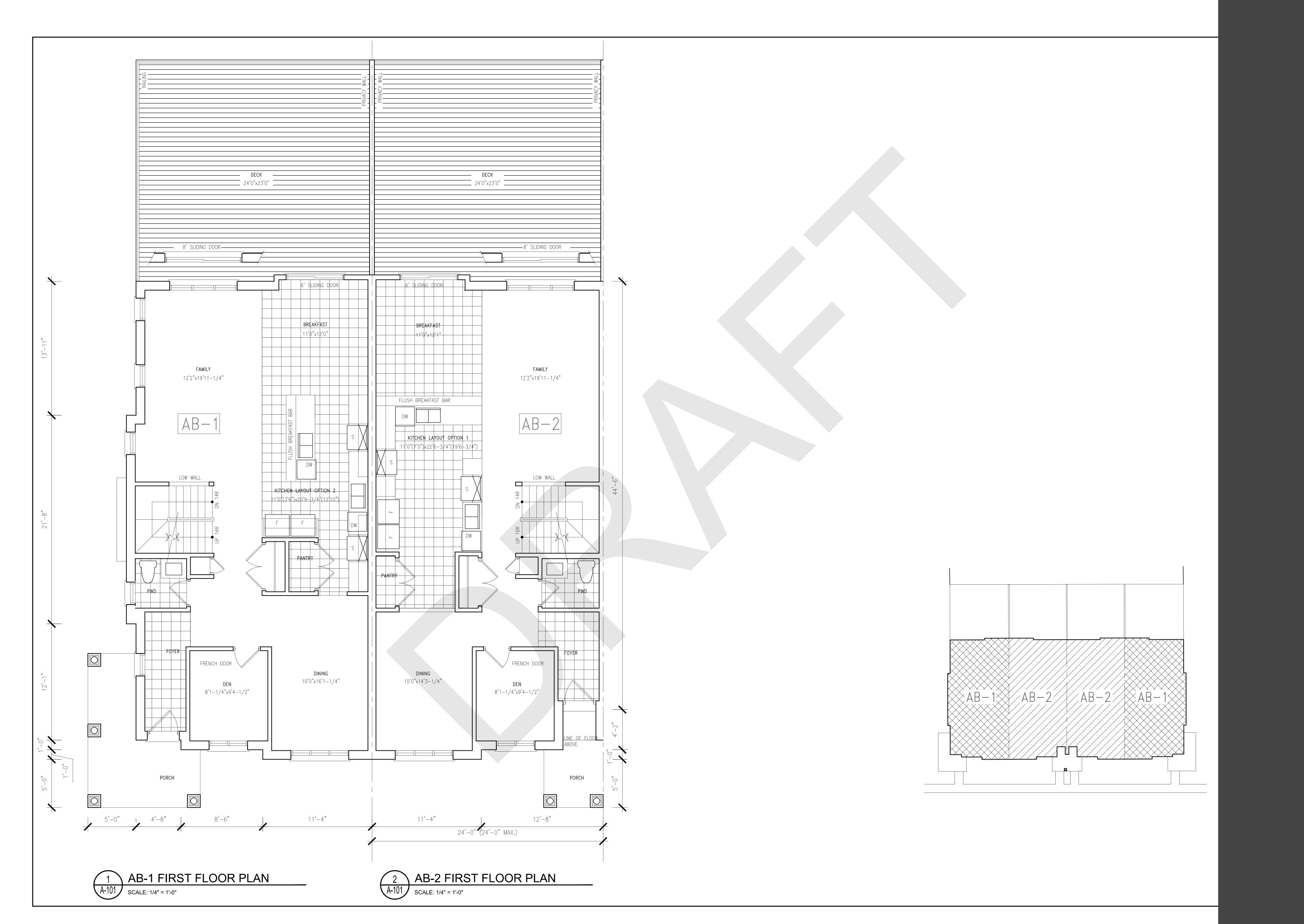


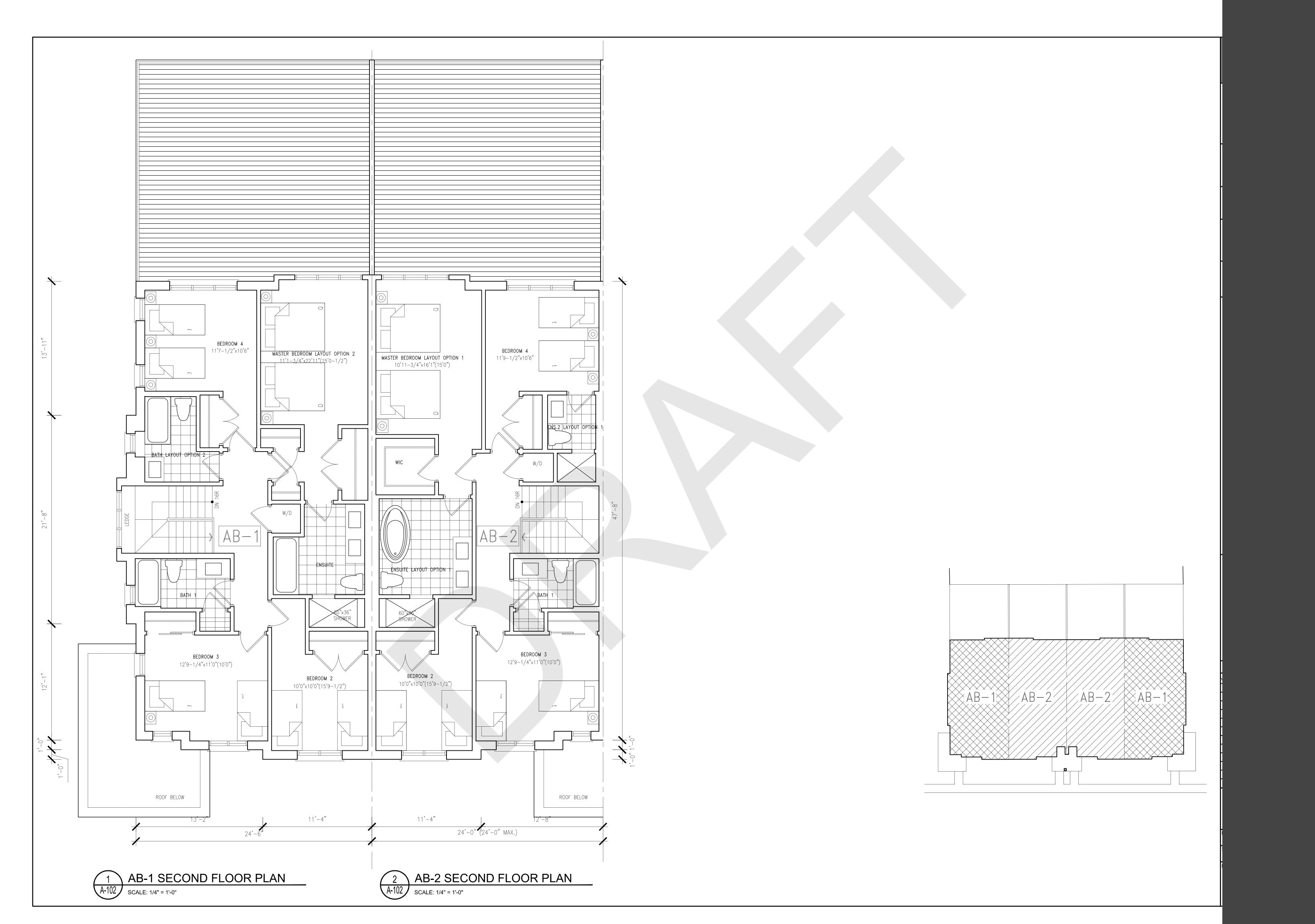






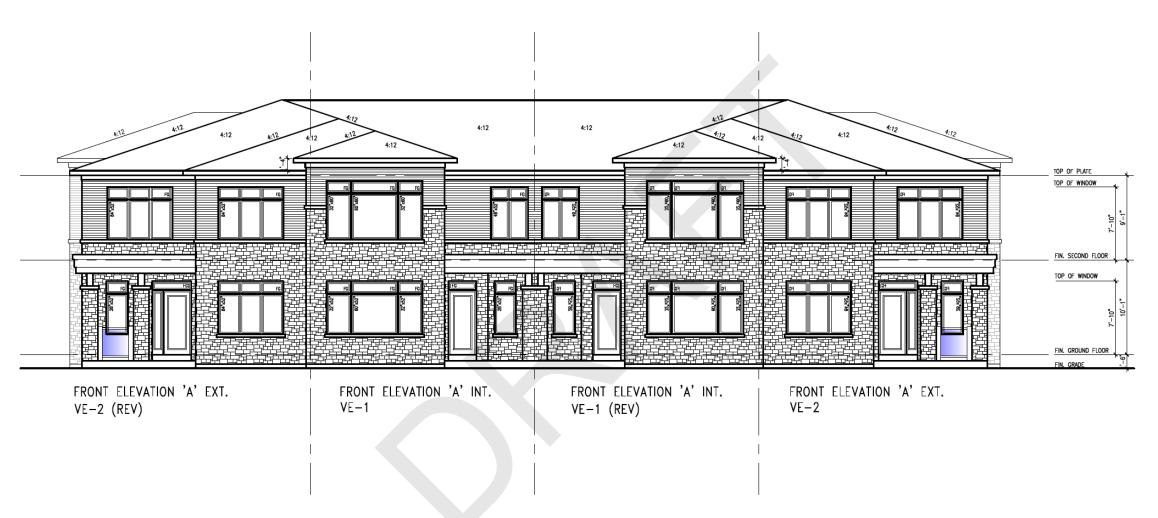






#### VALLEY EDGE TOWN HOME ELEVATIONS & FLOORPLANS







FRONT ELEVATION 'A'



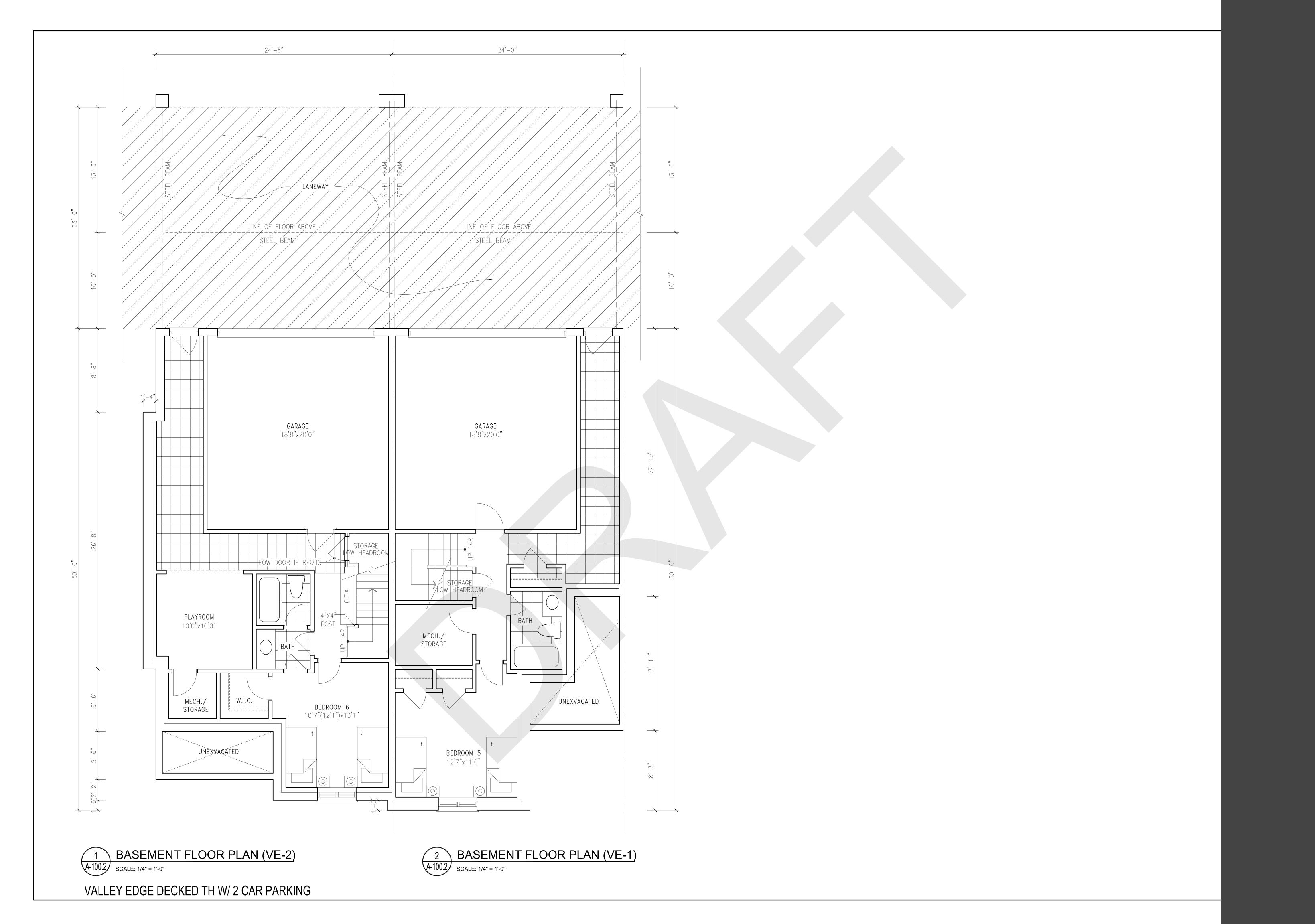


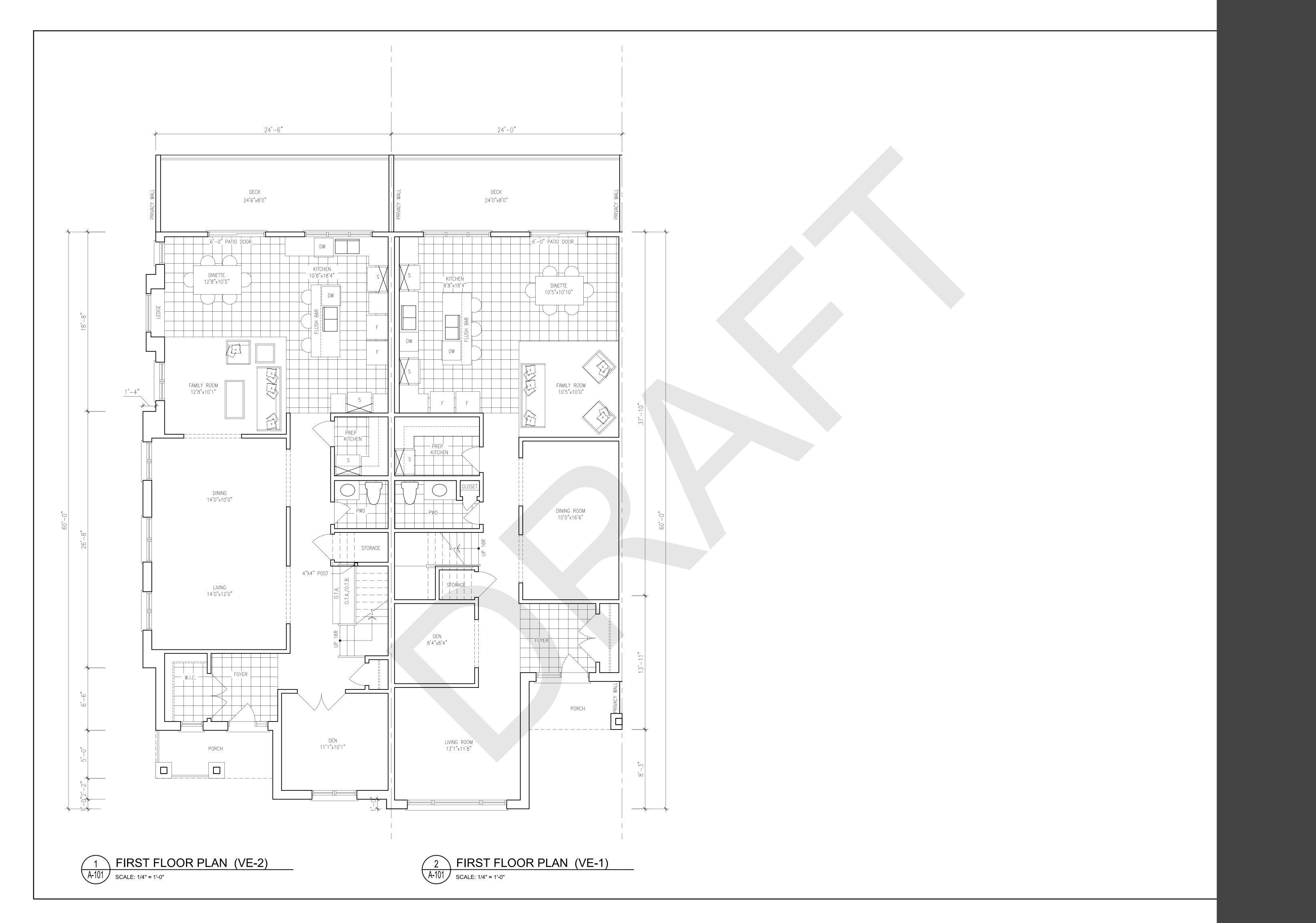


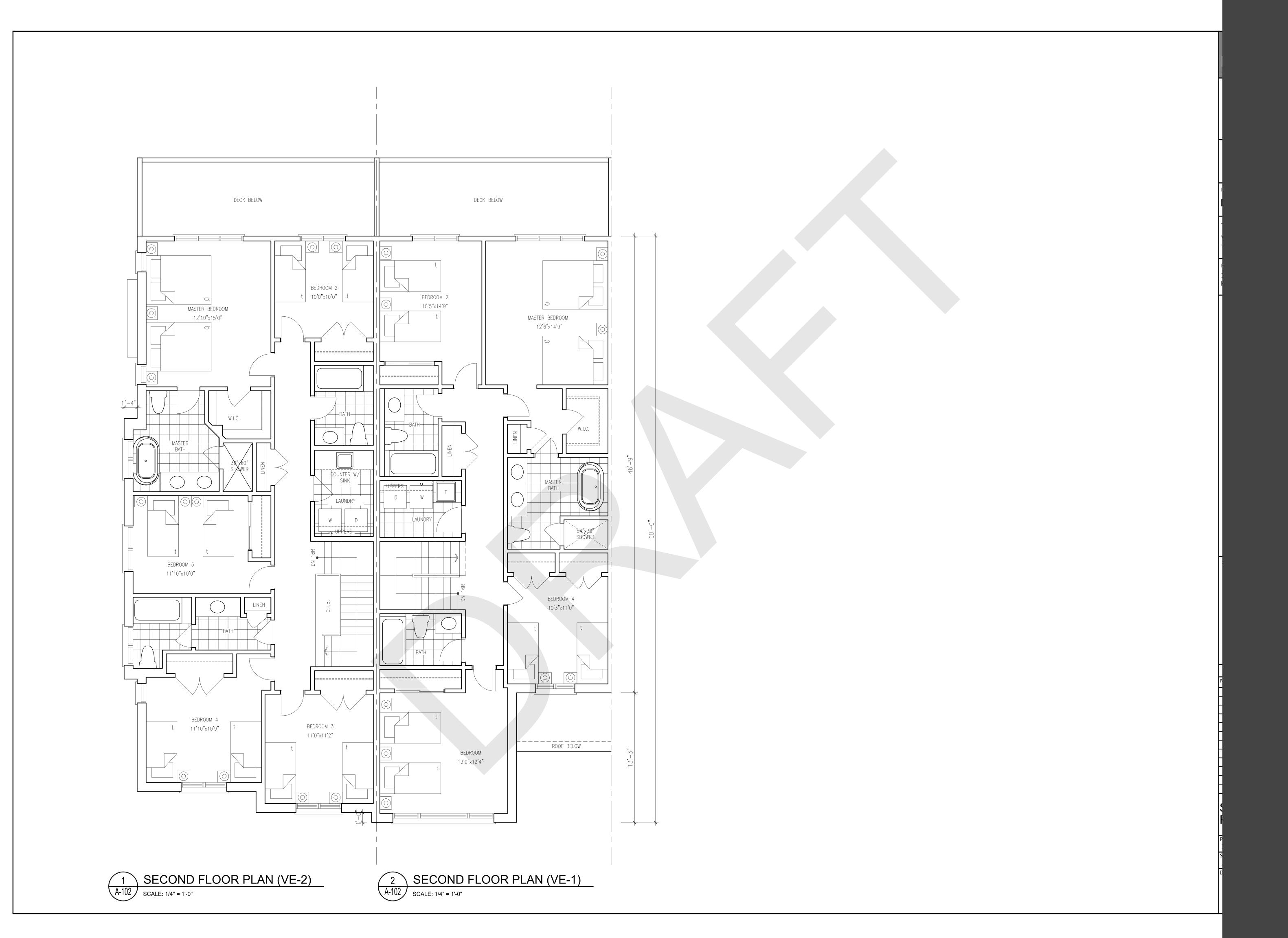












### COURTYARD TOWN HOME ELEVATIONS & FLOORPLANS





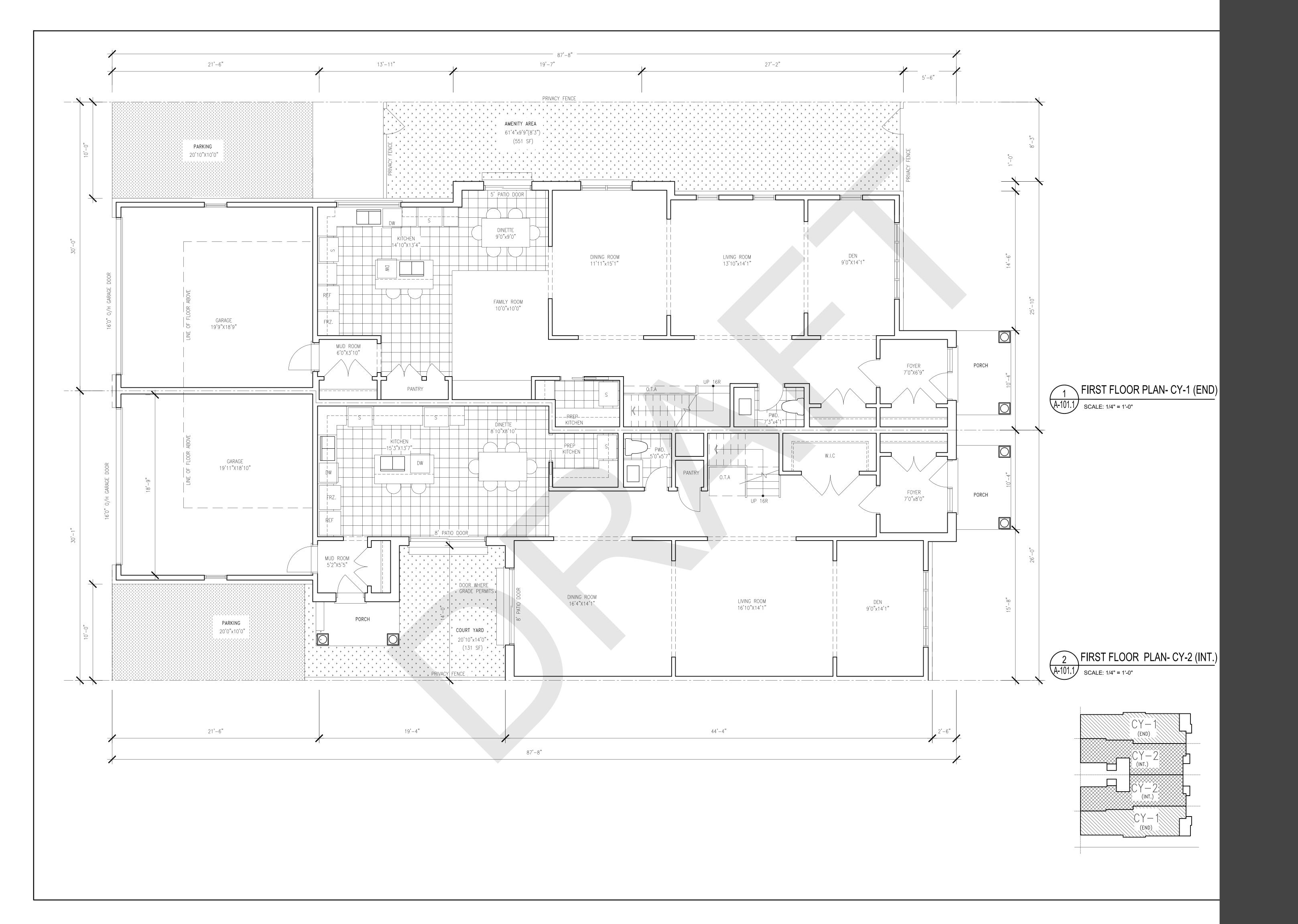


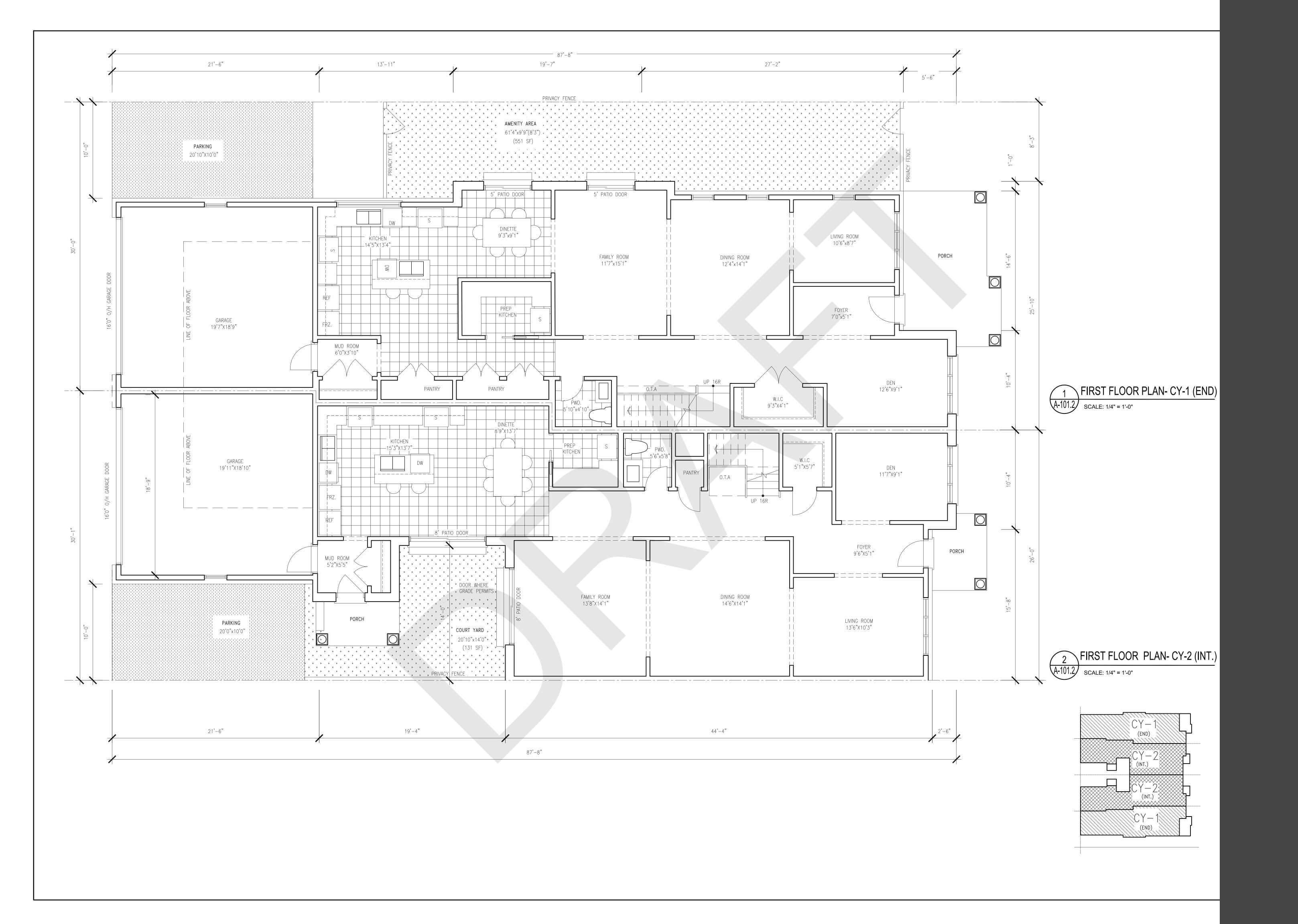
FRONT ELEVATION 'A'

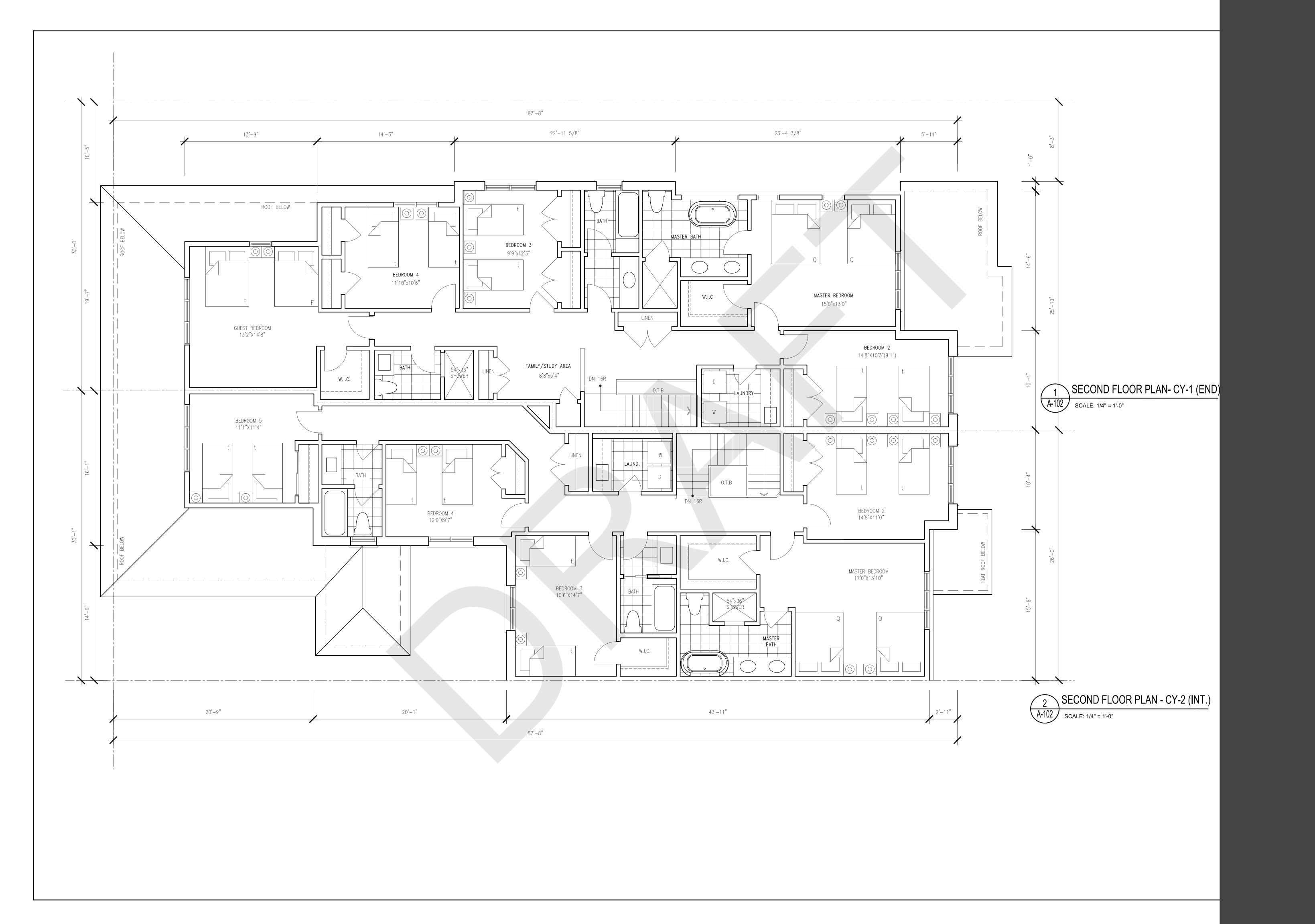












## STACKED DECK MANOR TOWN HOME ELEVATIONS & FLOORPLANS









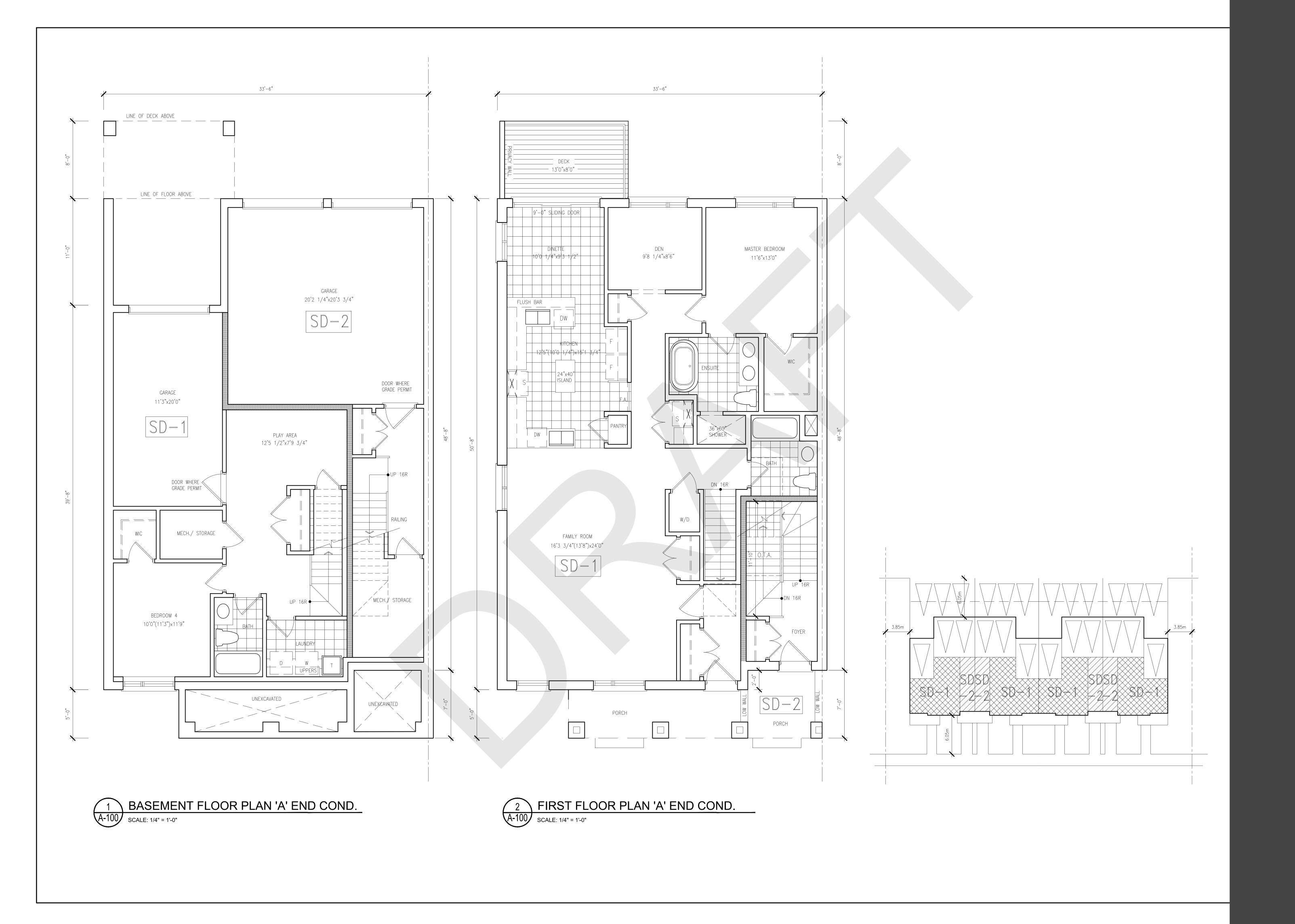
MILLERS

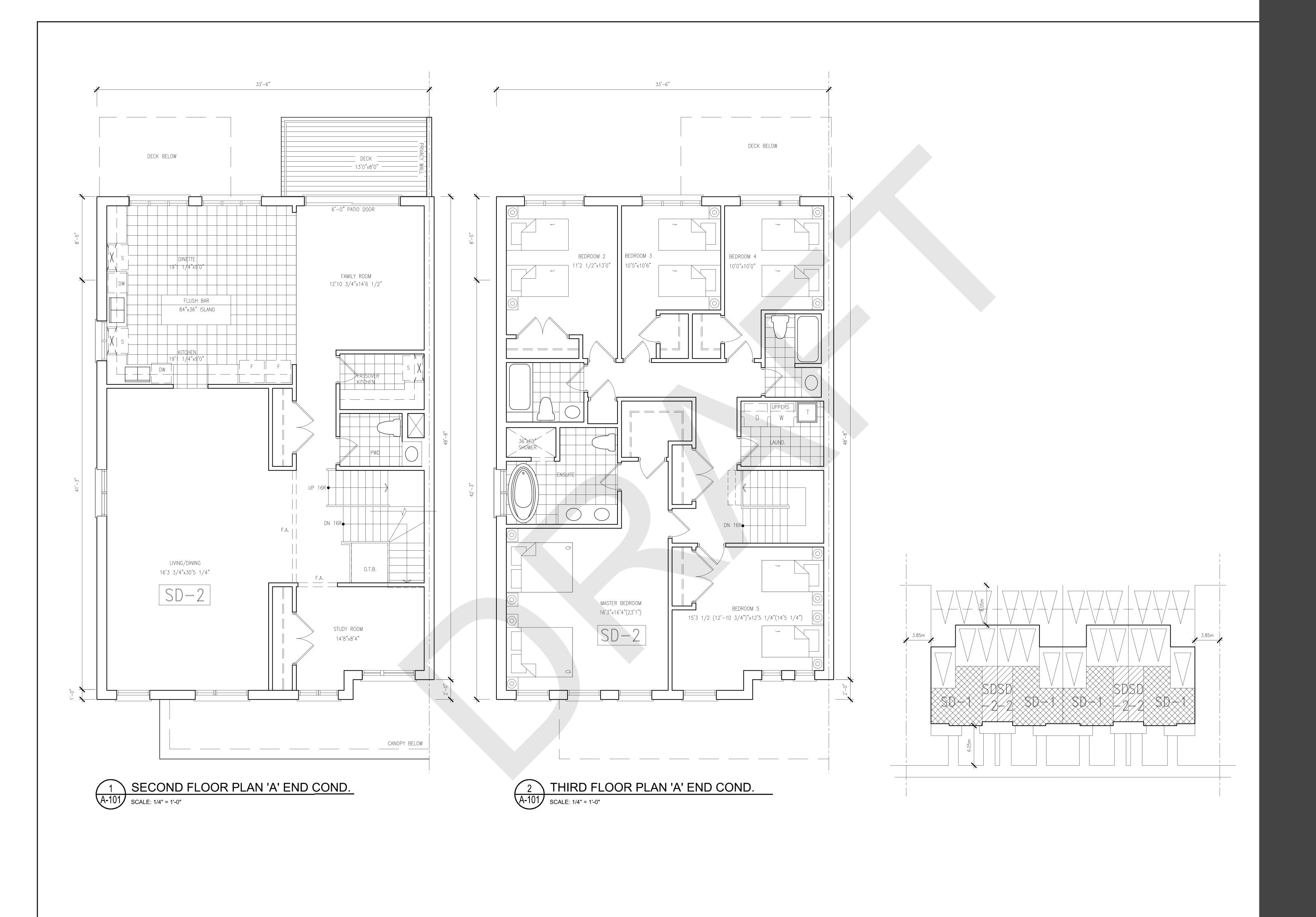
FRONT ELEVATION 'A'



MILLERS

FRONT ELEVATION 'B'





### ON-STREET TOWN HOME ELEVATIONS & FLOORPLANS

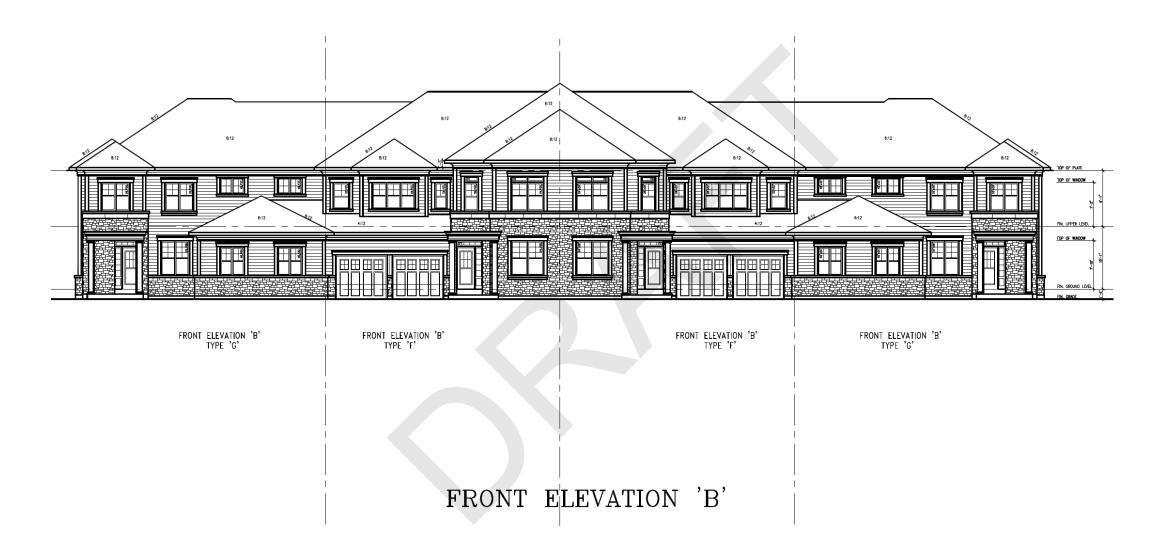




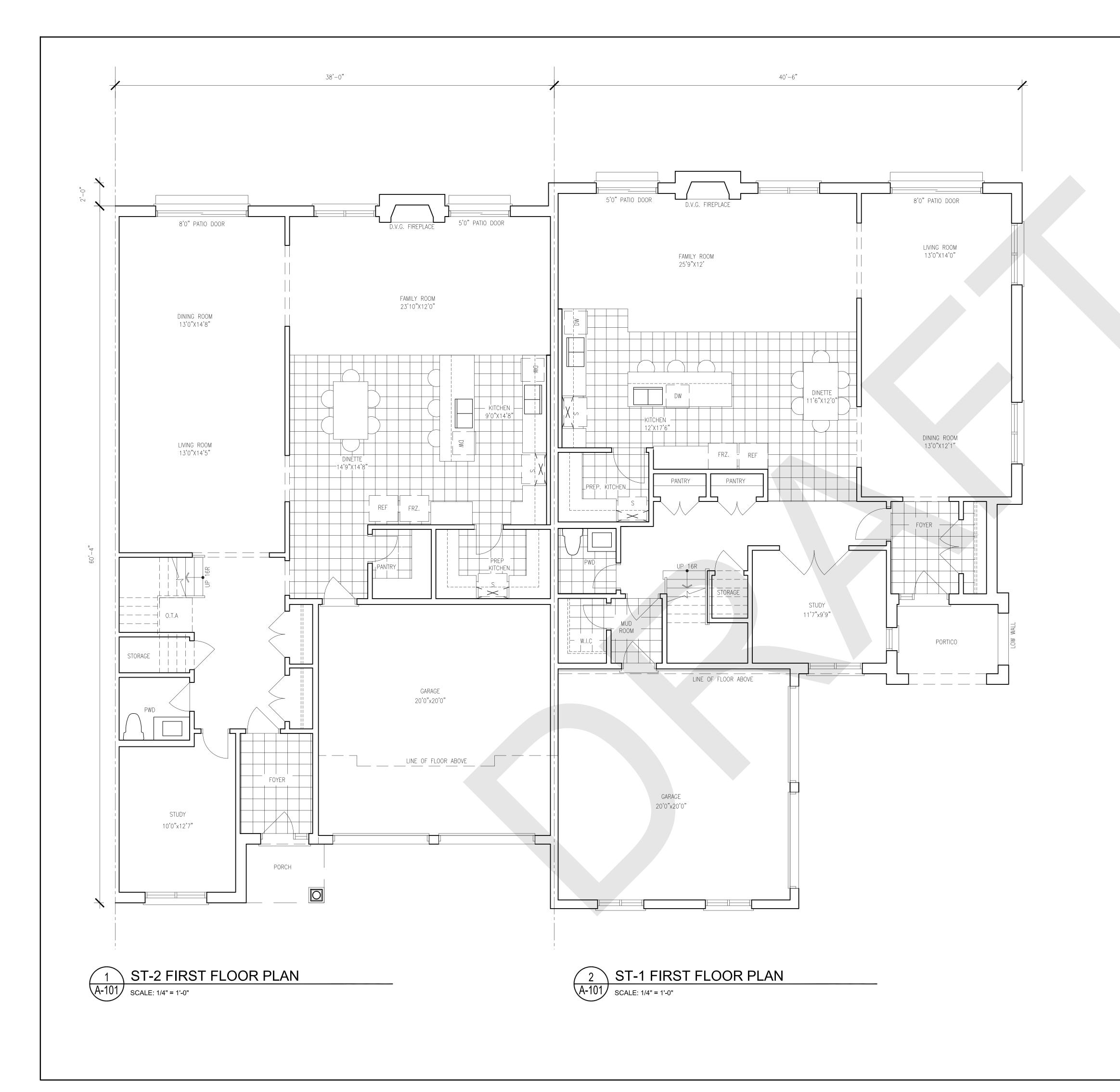














1 ST-2 SECOND FLOOR PLAN
A-102 SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"

2 ST-1 SECOND FLOOR PLAN
SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"

### QUAD TOWN HOME ELEVATIONS & FLOORPLANS







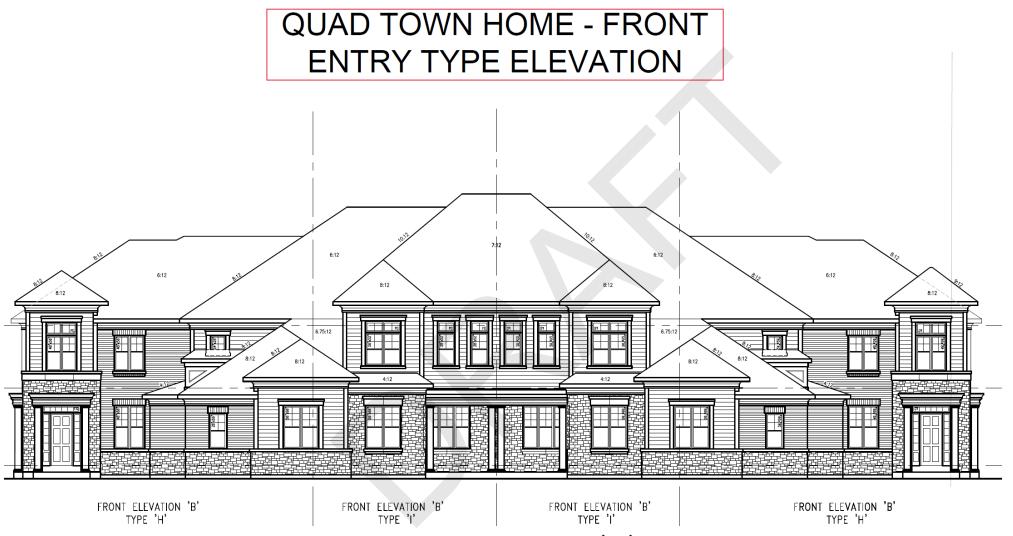


## QUAD TOWN HOME - FRONT ENTRY TYPE ELEVATION



FRONT ELEVATION 'A'







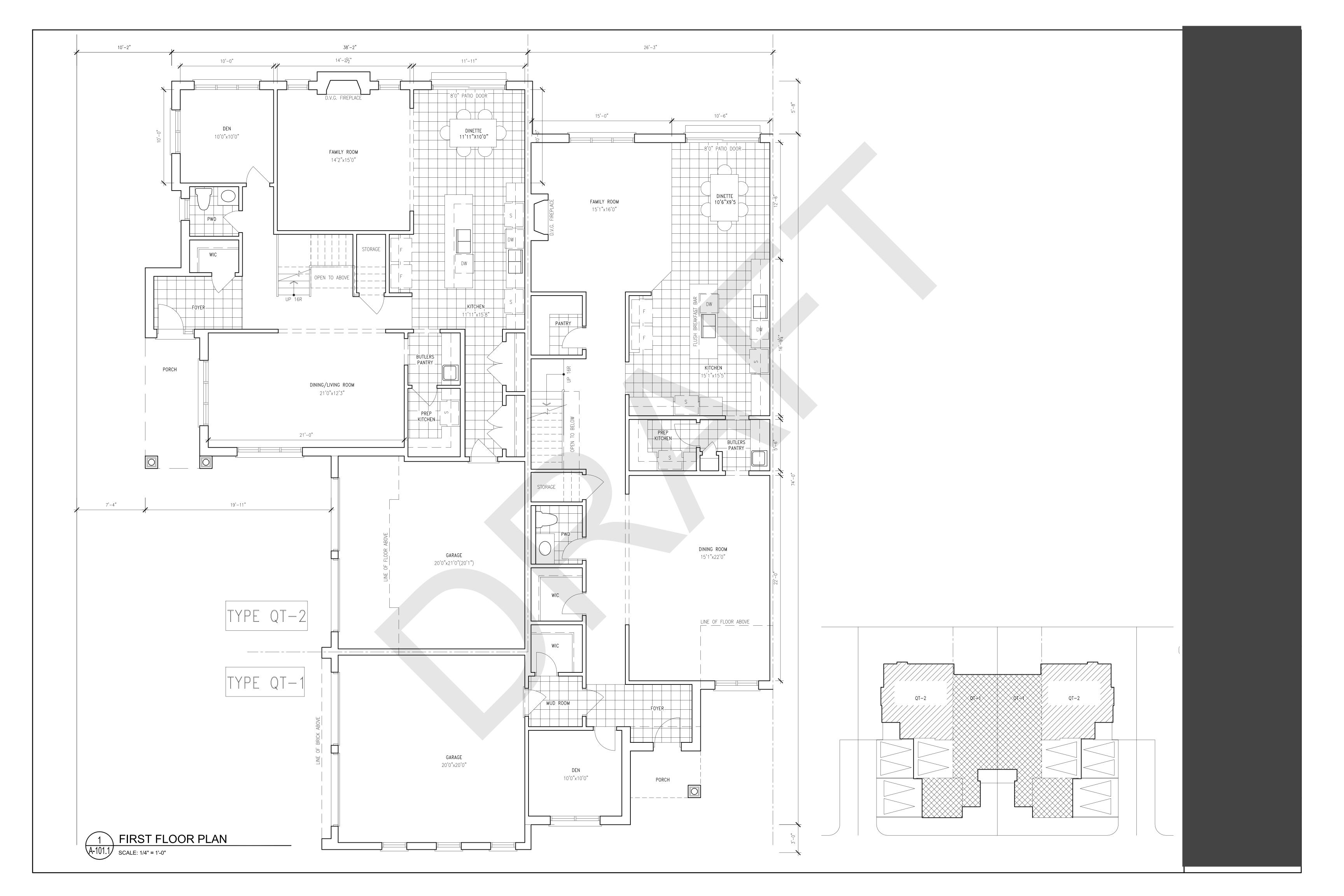


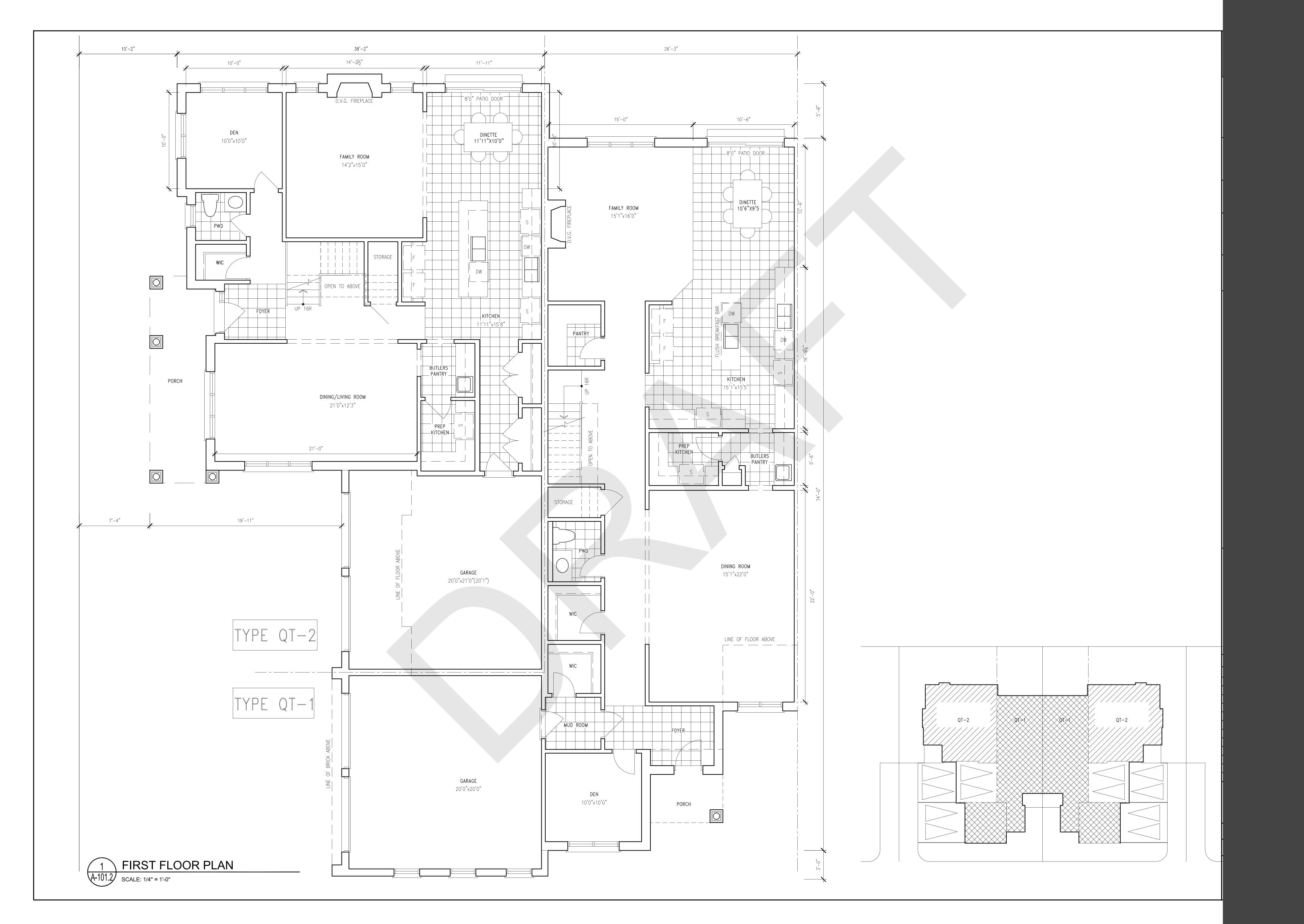
FRONT ELEVATION 'A'

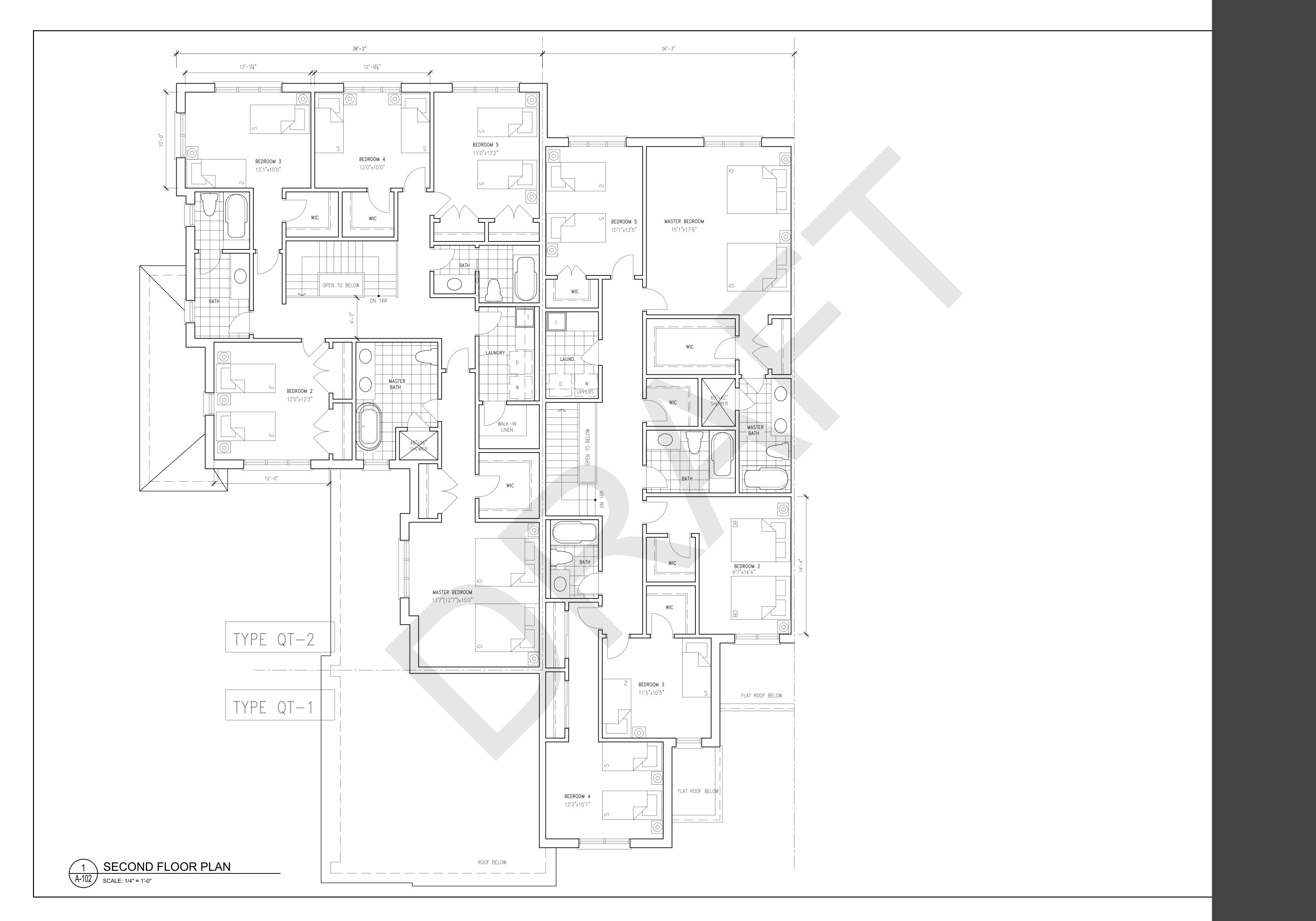
# QUAD TOWN HOME - SIDE ENTRY TYPE ELEVATION



FRONT ELEVATION 'B'







### MILLERS POND IMAGES







































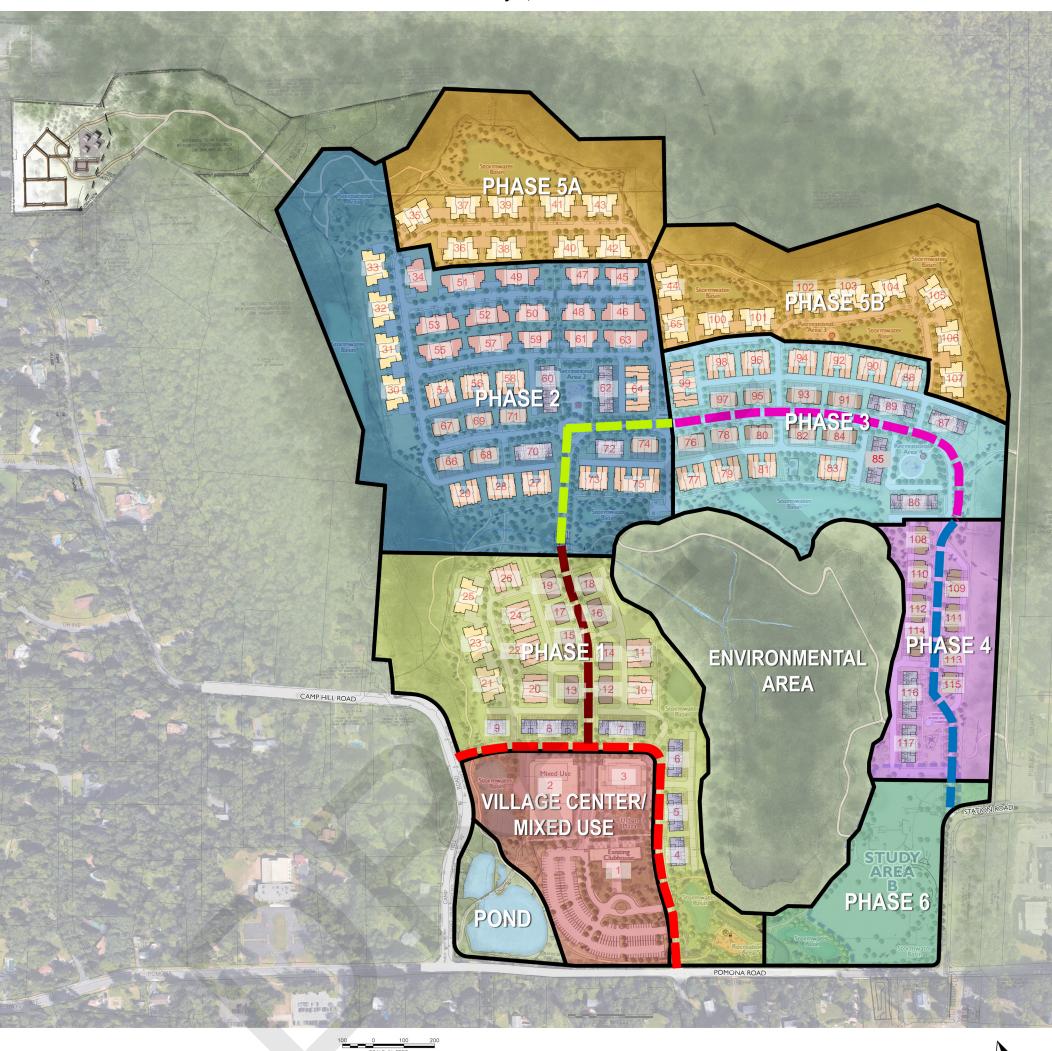


		Building	Building Height in Feet			
		Height in	Elevation Options:			
Bldg. No.	Dwelling Type	Stories	Option A	Option B	Option C	
1	Existing Clubhouse					
2	Mixed Use Building					
3	Retail Building					
4	Stacked Deck Manor Town Home	3	39.875	39.6		
5	Stacked Deck Manor Town Home	3	39.875	39.6		
6	Stacked Deck Manor Town Home	3	39.875	39.6		
7	Stacked Deck Manor Town Home	3	39.875	39.6		
8	Stacked Deck Manor Town Home	3	39.875	39.6		
9	Stacked Deck Manor Town Home	3	39.875	39.6		
10	Courtyard Town Home	2	23.25	25.125		
11	Courtyard Town Home	2	23.25	25.125		
12	Main Street Town Home	2	31.44			
13	Main Street Town Home	2	31.44			
14	Main Street Town Home	2	31.44			
15	Main Street Town Home	2	31.44			
16	Main Street Town Home	2	31.44			
17	Main Street Town Home	2	31.44			
18	Main Street Town Home	2	31.44			
19	Main Street Town Home	2	31.44			
20	Courtyard Town Home	2	23.25	25.125		
21	Quad Town Home	2	26.3	26.1		
22	Courtyard Town Home	2	23.25	25.125		
23	Quad Town Home	2	26.3	26.1		
24	Courtyard Town Home	2	23.25	25.125		
25	Quad Town Home	2	26.3	26.1		
26	Courtyard Town Home	2	23.25	25.125		
27	Courtyard Town Home	2	23.25	25.125		
28	Courtyard Town Home	2	23.25	25.125		
29	Courtyard Town Home	2	23.25	25.125		
30	Quad Town Home	2	26.3	26.1		
31	Quad Town Home	2	26.3	26.1		
32	Quad Town Home	2	26.3	26.1		
33	Quad Town Home	2	26.3	26.1		
34	On-Street Town Home	2	26.25	26.2		
35	Quad Town Home	2	26.3	26.1		
36	Quad Town Home	2	26.3	26.1		
37	Quad Town Home	2	26.3	26.1		
38	Quad Town Home	2	26.3	26.1		
39	Quad Town Home	2	26.3	26.1		
40	Quad Town Home	2	26.3	26.1		
41	Quad Town Home	2	26.3	26.1		
42	Quad Town Home	2	26.3	26.1		
43	Quad Town Home	2	26.3	26.1		
44	Quad Town Home	2	26.3	26.1		
45	On-Street Town Home	2	26.25	26.2		
46	On-Street Town Home	2	26.25	26.2		
47	On-Street Town Home	2	26.25	26.2		
48	On-Street Town Home	2	26.25	26.2		
49	On-Street Town Home	2	26.25	26.2		
50	On-Street Town Home	2	26.25	26.2		
51	On-Street Town Home	2	26.25	26.2		
52	On-Street Town Home	2	26.25	26.2		
53	On-Street Town Home	2	26.25	26.2		
54	Courtyard Town Home	2	23.25	25.125		
55	On-Street Town Home	2	26.25	26.2		
56	Courtyard Town Home	2	23.25	25.125		
57	On-Street Town Home	2	26.25	26.2		
J,	C. Serece rown nome	2	23.25	25.125		

	Dwelling Type	Building		ing Height in		
		Height in	Elevation Options:			
Bldg. No.		Stories	Option A	Option B	Option C	
59	On-Street Town Home	2	26.25	26.2		
60	Stacked Deck Manor Town Home	3	39.875	39.6		
61	On-Street Town Home	2	26.25	26.2		
62	Stacked Deck Manor Town Home	3	39.875	39.6		
63	On-Street Town Home	2	26.25	26.2		
64	Courtyard Town Home	2	23.25	25.125		
65	Quad Town Home	2	26.3	26.1		
66	Main Street Town Home	2	31.44			
67	Main Street Town Home	2	31.44			
68	Main Street Town Home	2	31.44			
69	Main Street Town Home	2	31.44			
70	Stacked Deck Manor Town Home	3	39.875	39.6		
71	Main Street Town Home	2	31.44			
72	Stacked Deck Manor Town Home	3	39.875	39.6		
73	Courtyard Town Home	2	23.25	25.125		
74	Main Street Town Home	2	31.44			
75	Courtyard Town Home	2	23.25	25.125		
76	Main Street Town Home	2	31.44			
77	Courtyard Town Home	2	23.25	25.125		
78	Main Street Town Home	2	31.44			
79	Courtyard Town Home	2	23.25	25.125		
80	Main Street Town Home	2	31.44			
81	Courtyard Town Home	2	23.25	25.125		
82	Main Street Town Home	2	31.44			
83	Courtyard Town Home	2	23.25	25.125		
84	Main Street Town Home	2	31.44			
85	Stacked Deck Manor Town Home	3	39.875	39.6		
86	Stacked Deck Manor Town Home	3	39.875	39.6		
87	Stacked Deck Manor Town Home	3	39.875	39.6		
88	Courtyard Town Home	2	23.25	25.125		
89	Stacked Deck Manor Town Home	3	39.875	39.6		
90	Courtyard Town Home	2	23.25	25.125		
91	Main Street Town Home	2	31.44			
92	Courtyard Town Home	2	23.25	25.125		
93	Main Street Town Home	2	31.44			
94	Courtyard Town Home	2	23.25	25.125		
95	Main Street Town Home	2	31.44			
96	Courtyard Town Home	2	23.25	25.125		
97	Main Street Town Home	2	31.44			
98	Courtyard Town Home	2	23.25	25.125		
99	Courtyard Town Home	2	23.25	25.125		
100	Quad Town Home	2	26.3	26.1		
101	Quad Town Home	2	26.3	26.1		
102	Quad Town Home	2	26.3	26.1		
103	Quad Town Home	2	26.3	26.1		
104	Quad Town Home	2	26.3	26.1		
105	Quad Town Home	2	39.875	39.6		
106	Quad Town Home	2	26.3	26.1		
107	Quad Town Home	2	26.3	26.1		
108	Valley Edge Town Home	2	31.1	31.125	31	
109	Valley Edge Town Home	2	31.1	31.125	31	
110	Valley Edge Town Home	2	31.1	31.125	31	
111	Valley Edge Town Home	2	31.1	31.125	31	
112	Valley Edge Town Home	2	31.1	31.125	31	
113	Valley Edge Town Home	2	31.1	31.125	31	
114	Valley Edge Town Home	2	31.1	31.125	31	
115	Stacked Deck Manor Town Home	3	39.875	39.6		
116	Valley Edge Town Home	2	39.873	31.125	31	
776		_	31.1	21.123		

### **BUILDING NUMBER REFERENCE SITE PLAN**

May 8, 2020

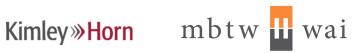


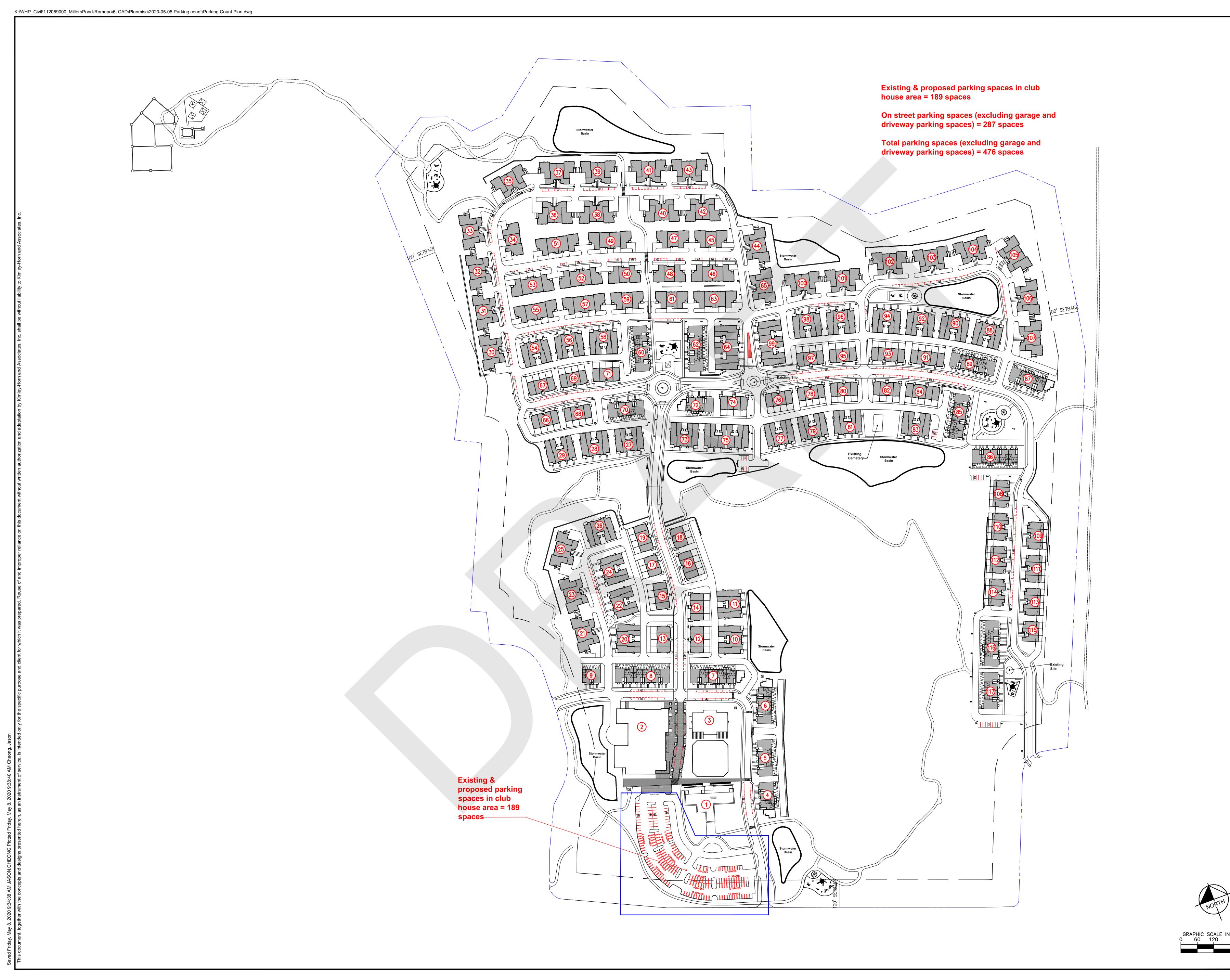


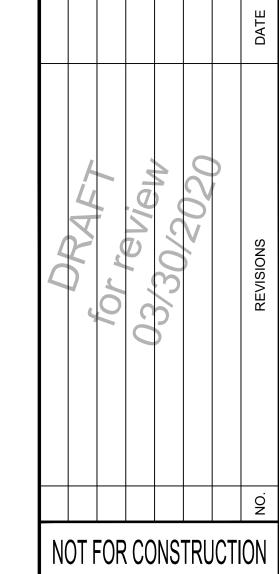












Kimley»Horn

Michael W. Junghans
N.Y. Professional Engineer
No. 072072

SHEET NUMBER



Proactive by Design





July 14, 2017

GZA Project No.: 41.0162511.00

Mr. Joseph Kazarnovsky Mount Ivy LLC 1 Chester Circle New Brunswick, NJ 08901

Re: Preliminary Geotechnical Engineering Report

Mount Ivy Estates

110 Pomona Road, Ramapo, New York

Dear Mr. Kazarnovsky:

GZA GeoEnvironmental of New York (GZA) is pleased to submit this preliminary geotechnical engineering report to Mount Ivy LLC (Client) for the proposed Mount Ivy Estates project. Our objectives were to evaluate the subsurface conditions at the site and provide preliminary geotechnical engineering design and construction recommendations for the proposed development.

### **SCOPE OF SERVICES**

Our services were performed in accordance with our proposal number 41.Pooo152.18, dated April 17, 2017, executed on April 20, 2017, and are subject to the terms of our proposal and the limitations presented in Appendix A.

Our scope of services included:

- Research of readily available subsurface data in the project vicinity;
- A preliminary subsurface exploration program consisting of 12 test borings;
- Limited geotechnical laboratory testing;
- Geotechnical engineering analyses of the subsurface conditions encountered at the site;
- Preparation of this preliminary geotechnical engineering report which summarizes our observations and preliminary engineering recommendations for the project.

Elevations in this report are in feet and are referenced to North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88), unless otherwise noted.

### SITE AND PROJECT BACKGROUND

Our project understanding is based on the *Concept Layout Drawing*, Drawing No. CSP-17, developed by VHB, dated March 15, 2016, the *Base Plan for Concept Design*, Drawing No. 2, developed by Atzl, Nasher & Zigler, P.C., dated March 9, 2016, our discussions with Kimley Horn and Associates, and through our site visits.

The project site is located on the grounds of the former Minisceogo Golf Course. The roughly 120-acre site is generally bounded by Pomona Road to south, South Camp Hill Road to the west, wooded areas to the north and east, and Station Road to the southeast. Existing golf course structures on the site include a club house, a storage building, tennis courts, a pool, and a parking lot in the southwest corner of the site, as well as four stucco buildings in the southeast corner of the site. The golf course fairways and paths occupy the site north of the existing structures. The South Branch Minisceongo Creek runs along the northwest corner of the site and then generally runs parallel to the western edge of the property in a





north-south direction. Wetlands have been identified around the northern perimeter of the site and also occupy the southeast quarter of the site.

The ground surface elevations vary widely across the site. In the southwest corner of the site, near the existing golf course facilities, the grades vary from a low of about El 420 to a high of about El 438, rising from west to east. Site grades in the eastern half of the site vary from a low of about El 430 to a high of about El 466 along the eastern property boundary. Site grades north of the central wetlands gradually grade down from a high of about El 440 to about El 400 in both the northeast and northwest corners of the site. A Site Locus has been included as Figure 1.

We understand that the former golf course will be redeveloped into a 582-building mixed-used development including new commercial/retail buildings in the southeast corner of the site and new single-family homes, townhouses, and multi-family residential units in the eastern corner and northern half of the site. The proposed development will also include new roadways, utilities, playgrounds, recreation areas, and stormwater detention basins. Grading plans were not available as of the writing of this report. We have assumed that overall site grading will be limited to cuts and fills of about 5 feet. We have assumed that the proposed buildings will be wood-framed with concrete slabs-on-grade with no below-grade levels. Based on our experience with similar developments, we estimate column loads will be about 75 kips and wall loads will be about 8 kips/linear foot (klf). Our geotechnical engineering recommendations may change depending on final grading plans, the inclusion of basement levels, and/or final structural loads.

#### SUBSURFACE EXPLORATION PROGRAM

We conducted a preliminary subsurface exploration and laboratory testing program to evaluate the materials underlying the project site. GZA's subsurface exploration program consisted of 12 test borings and geotechnical laboratory testing of selected soil samples obtained from the borings. Figure 2 shows the approximate boring locations. The boring logs and log key are included in Appendix B.

#### **Test Borings**

The test borings were advanced by Craig Test Boring Co., Inc., of Mays Landing, New Jersey, under the observation of our field representative between May 30 and June 1, 2017. The borings were advanced using an ATV-mounted drill rig with mud rotary drilling techniques and metal casing as needed to stabilize the boreholes. The borings extended to depths of approximately 11 to 27 feet below the ground surface.

Soil samples were visually classified in the field by our representative in accordance with the Modified Burmister Soil Classification System. Standard Penetration Tests (SPT) were performed during drilling within the top 12 feet of the borings and at five-foot intervals thereafter in general accordance with ASTM D-1586. A 140-pound automatic hammer was used to drive the split-spoon sampler through a distance of 24-inches for each SPT sample. The number of blows required to drive the split-spoon sampler from 6 to 18-inches is known as the N-value, a commonly used indicator of soil density and consistency. The hammer blows and SPT N-values at various depths are recorded on the boring logs as well as the Modified Burmister description for each stratum.

After practical split-spoon sampler refusal, rock coring was performed in five of the 12 test borings using a double-tube NQ-sized rock core barrel. Recovered rock cores were described using the Modified International Society for Rock Mechanics (ISRM) System. The rock description, the amount of rock core sample recovery and the Rock Quality Designations (RQD) for each core run are recorded on the test boring logs. The rock descriptions, recovery values, and RQD values provide a qualitative understanding of the physical and engineering properties of the rock. The RQDs reflect the fracture frequency and spacing within each core run. The RQD for each run is calculated as the summation of intact core pieces 4-inches or more in length divided by the total length of the core run.





Upon completion, the borings were backfilled with soil cuttings, except Boring B-o7. A temporary groundwater observation well was installed in Boring B-o7 to a depth of approximately 20 feet below the ground surface to enable measurement of groundwater depths. Groundwater depths were recorded during the subsurface exploration program and up to 28 days after drilling.

## Soil Laboratory Testing Program

Select soil samples from the borings were sent to Thielsch Engineering, LLC of Cranston, Rhode Island, to check our field classifications and provide data used in the development of our recommendations. Soil testing included grain size distribution tests (ASTM D-422). Laboratory test results are included in Appendix C and have been incorporated in the boring logs and subsurface stratigraphy where applicable.

#### SITE GEOLOGY AND SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

#### Local Geology

Based on our review of available resources, including the *Geologic Map of New York State*, the site is underlain by the Upper Triassic-aged Brunswick Formation, which is underlain by Sandstone and Conglomerate.

## Generalized Soil Stratigraphy

Based on the results of our subsurface exploration program, the subsurface conditions at the site generally consist of the following, in order of increasing depth:

- <u>SURFACE COVER</u> Surface cover at the borings consisted of about 3 to 6-inches of rootmat and topsoil.
- <u>FILL</u> Fill, consisting of light-brown to brown, fine to coarse grained sand, containing up to 35 percent silt, and up to 20 percent gravel, was encountered in 9 of 12 test borings to depths of approximately 2 to 6 feet. Borings B-01, B-08, and B-11 did not encounter the Fill stratum. The Fill was generally loose to medium dense with SPT N-values ranging from 2 to 15 blows per foot (bpf). The average SPT N-value for the Fill stratum was 8 bpf.
- <u>SAND</u> A natural Sand stratum, consisting of tan-brown to red-brown, fine to coarse grained sand, containing up to 50 percent silt, and up to 20 percent gravel, was encountered in the test borings to depths of approximately 8 to 27 feet. At boring locations B-04, B-05, B-06, and B-09, the Sand stratum extended to the maximum depth of exploration, about 27 feet. The Sand stratum was generally loose to very dense, with SPT N-values varying between 3 and 50. The average SPT N-value for the Sand stratum was 35 bpf. The USCS for this stratum is generally SM or SP-SM.
- <u>WEATHERED ROCK</u> Weathered Rock was encountered beneath the Sand stratum in Borings B-01, B-02, B-03, B-07, B-08, B-10, B-11 and B-12 to depths of approximately 6 to 26 feet (El 410 to 447. The Weathered Rock consists of red-brown, fine to coarse grained Sand and Gravel, containing up to 5 percent silt. The Weathered Rock was very dense, with SPT N-values ranging from greater than 50 to hammer refusal.
- ROCK Rock was encountered below the Weathered Rock stratum and cored at boring locations B-01, B-02, B-03, B-07, B-08, and B-11. The observed Rock consists of red, medium hard to hard, slightly to moderately weathered Sandstone. Measured core recovery values varied from 43 to 93 percent; measured Rock Quality Designation (RQD) values varied from about 41 to 88 percent. The approximate depth and elevation to the top of Weathered Rock and Rock are displayed in the table below.



## Approximate Depth and Elevation of Top of Weathered Rock and Rock

Boring	Approximate	Top of Weat	thered Rock	Top of Rock			
Number	Ground Surface Elevation (ft)	Approximate Depth (ft)	Approximate Elevation (ft)	Approximate Depth (ft)	Approximate Elevation (ft)		
B-01	425	9	416	15	410		
B-02	435	10	425	15	420		
B-03	455	2	453	20	435		
B-07	455	9	446	15	440		
B-08	425	3	422	6	419		
B-10	440	18	422	N/E	N/E		
B-11	430	9	421	20	410		
B-12	435	25	410	N/E	N/E		
*N/E = not enco	ountered						

#### Groundwater

A temporary groundwater observation well was installed in Boring B-o6 to a depth of approximately 20 feet below the ground surface. Groundwater was measured during the subsurface exploration program and approximately four weeks after drilling. The measured depth to groundwater varied from about 15.3 feet to 17.0 feet, or about El 414.7 to 413.0. Due to the geologic conditions at the project site, we have assumed that groundwater is likely to be present along the soil-to-rock interface.

Changes in groundwater levels will occur due to variations in seasonal influences, stream levels, precipitation amounts, local pumping, surface runoff, utility leakage, and other factors different from those existing at the time the observations were made.

## GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PRELIMINARY DESIGN

#### **General Discussion**

Our preliminary geotechnical analysis is based on the information developed from our subsurface exploration and laboratory testing programs, the initial design plans, and our assumptions related to site grading and structural loading. We have also assumed that buildings will not be constructed in wetland areas, where highly compressible, unsuitable bearing material is expected to be present.

Existing site grades vary widely across the site and the proposed final site grades are not yet known. For our preliminary analyses, we have assumed that proposed grading will be fairly limited, with maximum cuts and fills of about 5 feet; however, more extensive site grading may impact our design and construction recommendations. Fill was generally encountered in borings to the north and east of the central wetlands, while shallow weathered rock and rock were generally encountered in the borings advanced in the southern half of the site. Final site grading may impact foundation design and constructability.

Based on our preliminary analysis, we recommend shallow spread footing foundations for support of the proposed Mount ly Estates structures. Ground improvement techniques may be required in the areas where new structures will be supported on existing fill soils. Rock excavation techniques may also be required to facilitate foundation construction where weathered rock and rock were encountered at shallow depths.





Selection of the final foundation system will depend upon the results of the supplemental subsurface exploration program, the configuration of the proposed structures, finished floor grades, and site grades. If the foundation loads are greater than we have estimated, or if the supplemental subsurface exploration program encounters soft, loose, or otherwise unsuitable materials at proposed foundation bearing grades, an intermediate or deep foundation system may be required.

## **Shallow Spread Footings**

Preliminarily, shallow spread footings are considered suitable for support of the proposed structures. Spread footings should be supported on suitable improved existing Fill (after implementation of some ground improvement), suitable natural Sand, Weathered Rock, Rock, or on new compacted Sand/Gravel structural fill. We anticipate that the allowable bearing pressures for footings founded on the materials mentioned above will range from 2,000 to 12,000 pounds per square foot (psf) per the requirements of the 2015 International Building Code as adopted by New York State (IBCNYS). To account for the variability in the subsurface conditions at the site, we recommend considering a net allowable bearing pressure of 2,000 psf for preliminary design. The preliminary design bearing pressure can be further refined after a review of final grading plans, completion of the supplemental subsurface exploration program, and consideration of the materials encountered at foundation bearing grades.

If unsuitable soils are encountered at the foundation bearing grades (soils that are soft, loose, or wet beyond optimum moisture content), these soils should be excavated and replaced with new compacted Sand/Gravel structural fill.

Section 1809 of the 2015 IBCNYS stipulates a minimum shallow foundation width of 12-inches, and a minimum thickness of 8-inches. However, we recommend a minimum design width of 24-inches for strip footings and 36-inches for spread footings for shear considerations. Footings should be designed to bear a minimum depth of 48-inches below grade for frost protection. Footings bearing on rock may be designed to bear at shallower depths as rock is not susceptible to freeze/thaw cycles.

The recommended coefficient of friction for sliding resistance between concrete footings and natural soils or Sand/Gravel structural fill is 0.25.

#### Foundation Settlement

We estimate settlement for shallow foundations bearing on suitable fill, undisturbed natural sands, Weathered Rock, and Rock will not exceed about 1-inch. The majority of the settlement will be elastic (short-term) and is expected to occur as structural loads are applied.

Differential settlement between similarly loaded footings bearing on similar materials is not expected to exceed about three quarters of the total settlement value. Potential abrupt differential settlement may occur where adjacent footings are founded on different types of bearing materials (i.e. foundation on rock adjacent to foundations on compacted Sand/Gravel fill). "Hard spots" can be eliminated by undercutting rock at footing subgrade levels and backfilling up to the design subgrade elevation with new compacted Sand/Gravel fill.

#### Floor Slabs-On-Grade

Floor slabs can be constructed as slabs-on-grade and should be supported on undisturbed natural soil subgrades consisting of the natural Sand strata or upon new compacted Sand/Gravel fill placed over the undisturbed Sand or Weathered Rock. Compacted fill shall meet the gradation and compaction requirements specified in Table 1 and Table 2 at the end of this report, respectively.





Floor slabs-on-grade should be designed using a unit modulus of subgrade reaction of 125 pounds per cubic inch, referenced to a 1-foot by 1-foot square plate area. The recommended modulus value is contingent on subgrade preparation work being performed as described in the Construction Considerations section of this report.

## Lateral Earth Pressures (Below-Grade Walls)

If below-grade foundation walls with unbalanced loading are required for the project, they should be designed to resist lateral earth pressures due to soil weight, groundwater, construction equipment, and other surcharges. We recommend an equivalent fluid pressure of 60 pounds per cubic foot (pcf) for the design of all permanent (rigid, fixed) walls and an equivalent fluid pressure of 40 pcf for the design of temporary (flexible, cantilever) walls when exposed to soil lateral loads.

An additional uniform horizontal pressure equal to one-half of the anticipated vertical surcharge load should be used for design of permanent and temporary walls where surcharges are anticipated due to vehicular traffic, adjacent footings, etc.

#### Seismic Design Parameters

Based on the subsurface conditions encountered in the boring and in accordance with the IBCNYS and ASCE-7, we recommend adopting a Seismic Site Class D for calculation of seismic loading and the corresponding response spectrum as defined in the IBCNYS.

We performed a liquefaction analysis using the methodology set forth by Idriss & Boulanger (2008) considering the SPT N-values, overburden stress, hammer energy, approximate fines content, and design earthquake magnitude of 5.2. The results of the analysis indicate that liquefaction of soil at the site is unlikely for the design earthquake magnitude and does not need to be considered for the building design.

## **Groundwater Control and Waterproofing**

Groundwater was observed in the observation well at depths of approximately 15.3 to 17 feet, about El 414.7 to El 413, indicating that groundwater is potentially perched/trapped or traveling along the top of rock surface. We recommend using a design groundwater elevation of 416 feet (NAVD 88) considering some rise in elevation over time.

We recommend waterproofing all below grade foundation and cellar walls and floor slabs in order to reduce the potential for water infiltration. The waterproofing manufacturer should perform laboratory testing to confirm the compatibility of the waterproofing material with the foundation soils and submit a certificate of compliance to the Client. The contractor installing the waterproofing shall be approved by the waterproofing manufacturer.

#### CONSTRUCTION RECOMMENDATIONS

## Site and Subgrade Preparation

Surface cover, topsoil, tree stumps, and any existing utilities should be completely removed from subgrades prior to placement of grading fill. We encountered about 4 to 6-inches of topsoil in the borings at the Site. Considering the variable nature of the topsoil depth, we recommend a minimum topsoil stripping depth of 6-inches for project planning. The actual depth of topsoil stripping will be dependent on the depths encountered in the field.

Compacted structural fill subgrades should consist of suitable existing fill and the natural soils of the Sand Stratum, Weathered Rock, or Rock. Very loose to loose density Fill and natural Sands were encountered from just below the ground cover materials to depths of 2 to 8 feet in roughly half of the borings. These very loose to loose soils may not be suitable for support of new structural fill, foundations, floor slabs, or pavements, and some additional evaluation of the suitability





of the existing fill soils will likely be required if they are encountered at the proposed fill subgrade elevations. This additional evaluation will likely include proof-rolling, as described below, probing with a penetrometer, drilling hand-auger borings, observing test pits, or a combination of these methods.

Before commencing with fill placement activities, the exposed fill subgrades should be compacted to a stable and firm consistency with a minimum of four passes of a vibratory walk behind double drum roller, or other large compaction equipment. Subgrades should be proof-rolled with a loaded dump truck or other heavy, wheeled equipment to evaluate the subgrade suitability. Areas of unstable ground observed during proof-rolling evidenced by pumping, weaving, or rutting, should be scarified, dried and re-compacted, or over-excavated until the exposed ground is stable and firm and replaced with new compacted granular fill meeting the gradation requirements of Table 1. Compaction methods should be performed as according to Table 2, included at the end of this report.

Subgrades should be kept free of standing water, debris, and ice. Subgrades should be protected from frost and fill should not be placed over frozen soil.

#### Earthwork

Imported fill material should consist of granular fill and/or Sand-Gravel fill that meets the gradation requirements outlined in Table 1. The fill should be compacted to at least 95 percent of its maximum dry density, as determined by the Modified Proctor Test (ASTM D1557). The recommended maximum loose lift thickness of fill and minimum number of passes of compaction equipment are presented in Table 2. We recommend performing at least one gradation and one moisture-density test per each 300 cubic yards of fill imported to the site.

If on-site excavated material meets the requirements of Table 1, they may be re-used as fill material. Based on the results of the laboratory testing, we anticipate that excavated on-site soils can be reused as granular/structural fill provided they are culled of organics, boulders, construction debris and other deleterious materials and can be adequately compacted. Fill should not contain particles greater than 3-inches.

Scarifying and drying of fill soils is likely to result in delay and may not be possible during the late fall, winter, and spring seasons. We recommend that earthwork be performed during the warmer times of the year – generally from May to October.

Any excess soil should be disposed of off-site in accordance with any applicable local, State, and Federal regulations.

#### Excavation

The Owner and the Contractor should make themselves aware of and become familiar with applicable local, state, and federal safety regulations, including the current Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Excavation and Trench Safety Standards. Construction site safety generally is the sole responsibility of the Contractor, who shall also be solely responsible for the means, methods, and sequencing of construction operations. We are providing this information solely as a service to our client. Under no circumstances should the information provided herein be interpreted to mean that GZA is assuming responsibility for construction site safety or the Contractor's activities, such responsibility is not being implied and shall not be inferred.

The Contractor should be aware that slope height, slope inclination, or excavation depth should in no case exceed those specified in local, state, or federal safety regulations, such as OSHA Health and Safety Standards for Excavations, 29 CFR Part 1926, or successor regulations. Such regulations are strictly enforced and, if they are not followed, the Owner, Contractor, and/or earthwork and utility subcontractors could be liable for substantial penalties.





Per OSHA requirements, if any excavation is extended to a depth of more than 20 feet, a Professional Engineer must design the side slopes and shoring.

#### **Rock Excavation**

Weathered Rock and Rock were generally encountered in the southern portion of the Site. Depending on final site grading, Weathered Rock and Rock may be encountered at proposed foundation bearing grades. If rock excavation is required, suitable rock excavation techniques include mechanical excavation with hydraulic hoe-ram/breakers, drilling and chemical splitting, and/or controlled blasting. The method of rock excavation is typically a function of multiple factors, including the Contractor's ability, Owner/Contractor preference, cost analyses, and perceived risk to adjacent structures. We anticipate that drilling and chipping will be the method of choice.

## **Temporary Groundwater Control**

Based on our current understanding of the project, we do not anticipate deep excavations will be required for foundation construction at the site. Considering a design groundwater elevation of 416 feet, we do not anticipate that construction dewatering will be required at the site. However, in the event that construction dewatering is required, we anticipate that pumping of groundwater using submersible pumps will be adequate.

## RECOMMENDATIONS FOR A SUPPLEMENTAL GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING STUDY

The above discussion of preliminary geotechnical engineering recommendations is intended to give a generalized assessment of the area for site planning and is not intended for final design. A supplemental geotechnical engineering study should be performed at the site during the design phase after final grading plans and structural loading estimates have been completed. The supplemental study should include a sufficient number of borings to determine the depth to the top of rock and bearing stratums for foundations. A more robust geotechnical laboratory testing program should be part of the supplemental engineering study to evaluate the strength and compressibility of the on-site soils, soil permeability, and the moisture content and compaction criteria of anticipated cut soils. Foundation recommendations should include net allowable soil bearing pressure, bearing grades, estimated settlements for spread footings, or intermediate foundation recommendations, if required. Earthwork recommendations should include subgrade preparation and structural fill requirements, recommendations for retaining walls, detention basins, and include pavement design. Additional construction considerations related to the geotechnical engineering recommendations should also be provided in the supplemental geotechnical engineering report.



#### **CLOSING**

We appreciate the opportunity to work with you on this project. Should you have any questions, please contact us. Very truly yours,

## GZA GEOENVIRONMENTAL OF NEW YORK

Jesse M. Volpe, P.E. Assistant Project Manager

Cassandra A. Wetzel, P.E. Associate Principal

Frank J. Romano, P.E. Project Manager

Patrick D. Mahon, P.E. Consultant Reviewer

Attachments: Table 1 – Recommended Use and Gradation Criteria for Fill Materials

Table 2 – Suggested Compaction Methods

Figure 1 – Site Locus

Figure 2 - Boring Location Plan

Appendix A – Geotechnical Limitations Appendix B – Boring Log Key and Boring Logs

Appendix C – Laboratory Testing Results





TABLES



#### Table 1: Recommended Use and Gradation Criteria For Fill Materials

## **USE OF FILL MATERIAL**

Granular Fill: Below footings and slab base course, and 3 feet laterally behind walls provided that

amount passing Sieve No. 200 is less than 8 percent.

Sand-Gravel: Slab base course and 3 feet laterally behind walls

<u>Crushed Stone:</u> Drain line backfill and foundation protective layer. Crushed stone should be wrapped in

non-woven filter fabric.

## **GRADATION REQUIREMENTS**

Siev	e Size	Percent Finer by Weight					
Granular Fill	Shall be free from i	ce and snow, roots, sod, rubbish and other					
	deleterious or orga	nic matter. Granular Fill shall conform to the					
	following gradation	requirements:					
2/3 of the loos	se lift thickness	100					
No	0. 10	30-95					
No	0. 40	10-70					
No.	. 200	*0-15					
		*o – 8 where used behind walls					
Sand-Gravel	Shall consist of dur	able sand and gravel and shall be free from ice					
	and snow, roots, so	od, rubbish and other deleterious or organic					
	matter. Sand-Grav	tter. Sand-Gravel shall conform to the following gradation					
	requirements:						
3 i	nch	100					
1/2	inch	50 – 85					
No	0. 4	40 – 75					
No	0. 40	10 – 35					
No.	. 200	0-8					
Crushed Stone	Shall consist of dur	able crushed rock or durable crushed gravel					
	stone and shall be f	ree from ice and snow, roots, sod, rubbish and					
	other deleterious o	r organic matter or material. Crushed Stone					
	shall conform to th	e following gradation requirements:					
1 i	nch	100					
3/4	inch	90 – 100					
1/2	inch	10 – 50					
3/8	inch	0 – 20					
No	0. 4	0-5					
No.	. 200	0-1					



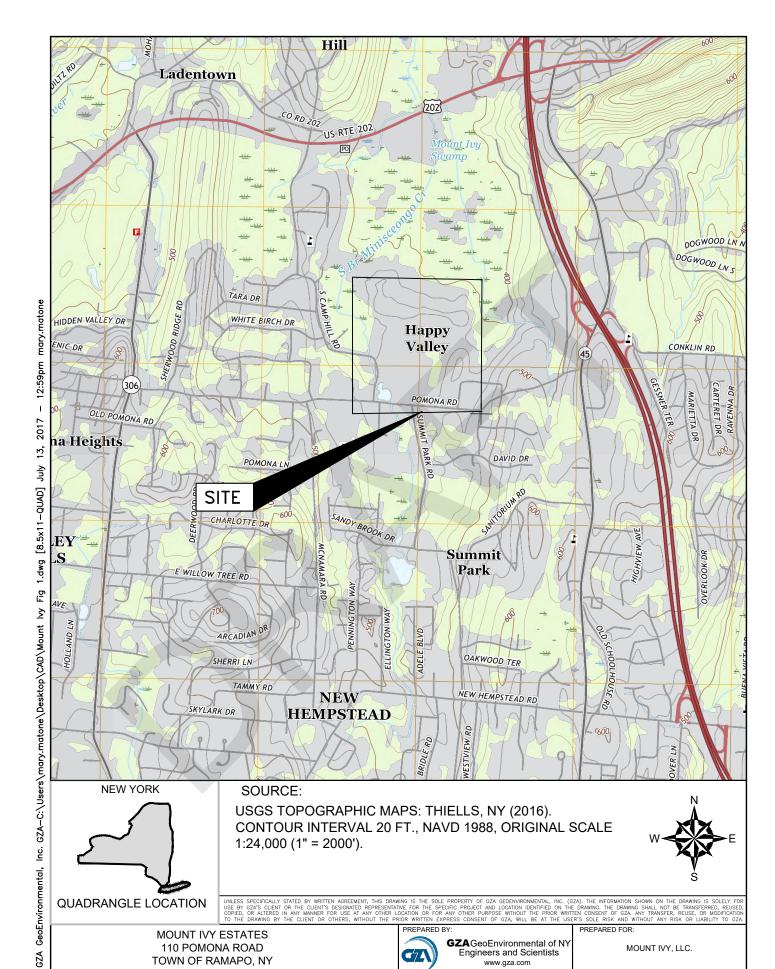
Table 2: Compaction Methods

		Maximum Lo	oose Lift	Minimum N	Number of
	Max.	Thickne	ess	Pass	ses
	Stone	Below	Less	Below	Less
Compaction Method	Size*	Structures	Critical	Structures	Critical
		and	Area	and	Area
		Pavement		Pavement	
GRANULAR FILL,	SAND-GRA	VEL FILL, CRU	SHED ST	ONE	
Hand-operated vibratory plate or	4"	6"	8"	,	,
light roller in confined areas	4	0	0	4	4
Hand-operated vibratory drum					
rollers weighing at least 1,000# in	6"	10"	12"	4	4
confined areas					
Light vibratory drum roller					
Min. weight at Min dynamic	8"	12"	18"	4	4
drum 3000# force 10,000#					
Medium vibratory drum roller					
Min. weight at Min dynamic	8"	18"	24"	6	6
drum 10,000# force 20,000#					

<sup>\*</sup> Indicates not to exceed more than 2/3 the lift thickness







REVIEWED BY:

PROJECT NO

41.0162511.00

DRAWN BY:

DESIGNED BY

**JULY 2017** 

DATE:

CHECKED BY:

REVISION NO.

0

1" = 2000

SCALE:

**FIGURE** 

SHEET NO.

0

**SITE LOCUS** 

## GENERAL NOTES

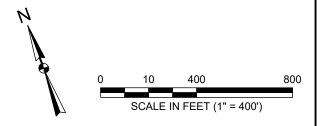
- 1. BASE MAP DEVELOPED FROM DRAWING ENTITLED CSP-17, PREPARED BY VHB ENGINEERING, SURVEYING & LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE, P.C., DATED MARCH 15, 2016. ORIGINAL SCALE 1" = 200' AND FROM DRAWING ENTITLED BASE PLAN FOR CONCEPT DESIGN, PREPARED BY ATZL, NASHER & ZIGLER, P.C. ENGINEERS, SURVEYORS, PLANNERS, DATED MARCH 9, 2016.
- 2. THE SOIL BORING LOCATIONS WERE APPROXIMATELY DETERMINED BY TAPE MEASUREMENTS FROM EXISTING SITE FEATURES AND SHOULD BE CONSIDERED ACCURATE ONLY THE DEGREE IMPLIED BY THE METHOD USED.
- 3. THE SOIL BORINGS WERE COMPLETED BY CRAIG TEST BORING OF MAYS LANDING, NEW JERSEY BETWEEN MAY 30 AND JUNE 1, 2017. THE TEST BORINGS WERE OBSERVED AND LOGGED BY GZA PERSONNEL.

## **LEGEND**

**\rightarrow** 

APPROXIMATE SOIL BORING LOCATION

B-01



NO. ISSUE/DESCRIPTION BY DATE

INLESS SPECIFICALLY STATED BY WRITTEN AGREEMENT, THIS DRAWING IS THE SOLE PROPERTY OF GZ.

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MOUNT IVY ESTATES 110 POMONA ROAD TOWN OF RAMAPO, NEW YORK

## **BORING LOCATION PLAN**

PREPARED BY:		PREPARED FOR:	
Engine	Environmental of NY ers and Scientists ww.gza.com	MOUNT	IVY, LLC.
PROJ MGR: FR	REVIEWED BY: REV	CHECKED BY: CAW	FIGURE
DESIGNED BY: DSP	DRAWN BY: DSP	SCALE: 1" = 400'	2
DATE:	PROJECT NO.	REVISION NO.	
JULY, 2017	41.062511.00	0	SHEET NO. 2 OF 2



## APPENDIX A GEOTECHNICAL LIMITATIONS



#### **GEOTECHNICAL LIMITATIONS**

#### Use of Report

1. GZA prepared this report on behalf of, and for the exclusive use of our Client for the stated purpose(s) and location(s) identified in the Proposal for Services and/or Report. Use of this report, in whole or in part, at other locations, or for other purposes, may lead to inappropriate conclusions; and we do not accept any responsibility for the consequences of such use(s). Further, reliance by any party not expressly identified in the agreement, for any use, without our prior written permission, shall be at that party's sole risk, and without any liability to GZA.

#### Standard of Care

- 2. GZA's findings and conclusions are based on the work conducted as part of the Scope of Services set forth in Proposal for Services and/or Report, and reflect our professional judgment. These findings and conclusions must be considered not as scientific or engineering certainties, but rather as our professional opinions concerning the limited data gathered during the course of our work. If conditions other than those described in this report are found at the subject location(s), or the design has been altered in any way, GZA shall be so notified and afforded the opportunity to revise the report, as appropriate, to reflect the unanticipated changed conditions.
- 3. GZA's services were performed using the degree of skill and care ordinarily exercised by qualified professionals performing the same type of services, at the same time, under similar conditions, at the same or a similar property. No warranty, expressed or implied, is made.

#### **Subsurface Conditions**

- 4. The generalized subsurface conditions provided in our Report are based on widely-spaced subsurface explorations and are intended only to convey trends in subsurface conditions. The boundaries between strata are approximate and idealized, and were based on our assessment of subsurface conditions. The composition of strata, and the transitions between strata, may be more variable and more complex than indicated. For more specific information on soil conditions at a specific location refer to the exploration logs.
- 5. In preparing this report, GZA relied on certain information provided by the Client, state and local officials, and other parties referenced therein which were made available to GZA at the time of our evaluation. GZA did not attempt to independently verify the accuracy or completeness of all information reviewed or received during the course of this evaluation.
- 6. Water level readings have been made in test holes (as described in the Report) and monitoring wells at the specified times and under the stated conditions. These data have been reviewed and interpretations have been made in this Report. Fluctuations in the level of the groundwater however occur due to temporal or spatial variations in areal recharge rates, soil heterogeneities, the presence of subsurface utilities, and/or natural or artificially induced perturbations. The water table encountered in the course of the work may differ from that indicated in the Report.
- 7. GZA's services did not include an assessment of the presence of oil or hazardous materials at the property. Consequently, we did not consider the potential impacts (if any) that contaminants in soil or groundwater may have on construction activities, or the use of structures on the property.
- 8. Recommendations for foundation drainage, waterproofing, and moisture control address the conventional geotechnical engineering aspects of seepage control. These recommendations may not preclude an environment that allows the infestation of mold or other biological pollutants.



## Compliance with Codes and Regulations

9. We used reasonable care in identifying and interpreting applicable codes and regulations. These codes and regulations are subject to various, and possibly contradictory, interpretations. Compliance with codes and regulations by other parties is beyond our control.

## Additional Services

10. GZA recommends that we be retained to provide services during any future: site observations, design, implementation activities, construction and/or property development/redevelopment. This will allow us the opportunity to: i) observe conditions and compliance with our design concepts and opinions; ii) allow for changes in the event that conditions are other than anticipated; iii) provide modifications to our design; and iv) assess the consequences of changes in technologies and/or regulations.



## APPENDIX B BORING LOG KEY AND BORING LOGS

## **Modified Burmister Soil Classification**

Soil samples are visually classified by the Modified Burmister System using the following format and order:

- 1. Density or Consistency
- 2. Color
- 3. MAJOR SOIL TYPE
- 4. Minor Components
- 5. Special Components

**Density or Consistency** – Density or consistency estimates are based on the measured N-Values obtained from the Standard Penetration Test (SPT). For granular soils (sand, gravel, silt), density is reported. For plastic soils, consistency is reported. Broken gravel, if encountered at the tip of the spoon, is indicated on the log and will affect the measured SPT N-Value.

Table A-1: Density and Consistency of Soils

Granular Se	oils	Plastic Soils			
SPT N-Value	Relative Density	SPT N-Value	Consistency		
0-4 4-10 10-30 30-50 >50	Very Loose Loose Medium Dense Dense Very Dense	<2 2-4 4-8 8-15 15-30 >30	Very Soft Soft Medium Stiff Stiff Very Stiff Hard		

**Color** - The color of the soil matrix is estimated in the field by the engineer or geologist observing the borehole.

**Major Soil Type** - The soil type is determined by the major component of the soil that comprises 50% or more of the sample by weight. The major component in the description is capitalized (e.g. SAND, GRAVEL, SILT).

Table A-2: Soil Types/Components

	Sieve Size	Description	Visual Description
		SILT	No grains, cannot roll into thread
		Clayey SILT	Can roll into 1/4" thread*
	Dossina No. 200	SILT & CLAY	Can roll into 1/8" thread*
	Passing No. 200	CLAY & SILT	Can roll into 1/16" thread*
		Silty CLAY	Can roll into 1/32" thread*
		CLAY	Can roll into 1/64" thread*
1	No. 200 - No. 40	Fine SAND	Finest Visible Particles
	No. 40 – No. 10	Medium SAND	1/64 to 1/16"
	No. 10 – No. 4	Coarse SAND	1/16 to 1/4"
	No. $4 - 3/4$ Inch	Fine GRAVEL	1/4 to 3/4"
	3/4 Inch $-3$ Inch	Coarse GRAVEL	
	3 Inch - 6 Inch	Cobbles	
	>6 Inch	Boulders	

<sup>\*</sup> May need to moisten sample to determine thread diameter

Table A-3: Expanded Sand/Gravel Soil Descriptions

Granular Description	Proportions of Component
Fine	Less than 10% coarse and medium
Medium	Less than 10% coarse and fine
Fine to Medium	Less than 10% coarse
Medium to Coarse	Less than 10% fine
Fine to Coarse	All greater than 10%

**Minor Components** – Minor components are described after the major component in order of decreasing percentages. Only the first letter of the minor component is capitalized, except if "and" is used (e.g. trace Silt).

Table A-4: Definition of Proportional Terms

Proportional Term	Percent by Weight of Total Sample				
and	35-50				
some	20-35				
little	10-20				
trace	<10				

**Special Components** – anthropogenic materials encountered in the fill such as Glass, Brick fragments, etc. Proportional terms used are occasional (<15% by weight) and frequent (15% or more by weight).

## **Modified ISRM Rock Classification**

Rock cores are visually classified by the Modified ISRM System using the following format and order: Field hardness, weathering, grain size, color, ROCK TYPE, foliation thickness, foliation dip angle, foliation joint/fracture shape and roughness, foliation joint/fracture spacing, dip angle of other joints and fractures, condition of joint surfaces, other features such as minerals.

#### FIELD HARDNESS

Very Hard – Cannot be scratched with knife or sharp pick. Breaking of hand specimens requires several hard blows of geologists pick.

Hard - Can be scratched with knife or pick only with difficulty. Hard blow of hammer required to detach hand specimen.

**Medium** – Can be grooved or gouged 1/16 in. deep by firm pressure on knife or pick point. Can be excavated in small chips to pieces about 1 in. maximum size by hard blows from the point of a geologist's pick.

Soft – Can be gouged or grooved readily with knife or pick point. Can be excavated in chips to pieces several inches in size by moderate blows of a pick point. Small thin pieces can be broken by finger pressure.

Very Soft – Can be carved with knife. Can be excavated readily with point of pick. Pieces 1 in. or more in thickness can be broken with finger pressure. Can be scratched readily by fingernail.

#### WEATHERING:

Fresh - Rock fresh, crystals bright, few joints may show slight staining. Rock rings under hammer if crystalline.

Slight – Rock generally fresh, joints stained, and discoloration and weathering effects. In granitoid rocks some occasional feldspar crystals are dull and discolored. Crystalline rocks ring under hammer.

**Moderate** – Significant portions of rock show discoloration and weathering effects. In granitoid rock, most feldspars are dull and discolored; some show clayey. Rock has dull sound under hammer and shows significant loss of strength as compared with fresh rock.

Severe – All rock except quartz discolored or stained. Rock "fabric" clear and evident, but reduced in strength to strong soil. In granitoid rocks, all feldspars kaolinized to some extent. Some fragments of strong rock usually left.

Complete – Rock reduced to "soil". Rock "fabric" not discernible or discernible only in small scattered locations. Quartz may be present as dikes or Stringers.

GRAIN SIZE:
Amorphous: Too small to be seen with naked eye.

Medium Grained: Barely seen with naked eye to 1/8 in.

Coarse Grained: 1/8 in. to 1/4 in. Very Coarse Grained: >1/4 in.

#### DISCONTINUITIES:

**Healed Joi**nt – A partial or incomplete fracture.

Joint/Fracture – A simple fracture along which no shear displacement has occurred. May form sets.

**Shear** – A zone of fractures along which differential movement has taken place parallel to the surface sufficient to produce slickensides, striations, or polishing. May be accompanied by a zone of fractured rock up to a few inches wide.

Fault – A fracture along which there has been displacement and accompanying slickensides, striations, or polishing by gouge and/or severely fractured adjacent zone.

Shear or Fault Zone - A band or zone of parallel, closely spaced shears or faults accompanied by gouge, maylonite, and breccia.

Attitude Foliation Fractures **Spacing** Angle Very thin Very close Less than 2 in. Horizontal  $0^{\circ}$  -  $5^{\circ}$ Close Thin 2 in. - 1 ft. Subhorizontal 5° - 35° Moderately close Medium 1 ft. - 3 ft. Moderately dipping 35° - 55° Wide Thick 3 ft. - 10 ft. Subvertical 55° - 85° Very Wide Very thick More than 10 ft. Vertical 85° - 90°

Table A-5: Fractures and Foliation Spacing and Attitude

Table A-6: Condition of Joint/Fracture Surfaces

Descriptive Term	Conditions
Planar	A flat surface
Curved	A curved surface
Irregular	Multi-curved surface
Slick	A polished and striated surface indicating sliding along a plane; also referred to as slickensided.
Smooth	Few irregularities, but no obvious indication of sliding; adjacent pieces of core can be slid past on another with relative ease.
Rough	Many irregularities; difficult to slide adjacent pieces of core by each other.

GZA reports the total core recovery and rock quality designation for each core run\* on the boring logs. The definitions of these terms are as follows:

## TOTAL CORE RECOVERY (REC) REC (%) = Sum of Recovered Core x 100

Length of Core Run

#### ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (RQD)

**RQD** (%) = Sum of Lengths of intact Core with Full Diameter in Pieces 4 in. and Longer x = 100 Length of Core Run

The RQD is in general accordance with methodology described by Deere and Deere (1988). In addition, significant vertical to sub-vertical foliation/cross-foliation joints/fractures occur within the rock mass and influence ground behavior. The length of core exhibiting the vertical to sub-vertical joints/fractures has been deducted from the RQD, which is consistent with the "pieces of intact rock core" criteria. The vertical to sub-vertical joints/fractures have been identified on the rock core or the upside divider in the core box with permanent "dots" spaced every 0.1 feet apart. These dots have been counted and entered in the fractures per foot column on the boring log.

st - RQD not reported for severely and/or completely weathered rock or core runs with length of 2.0 feet or less.

GZA
GeoEnvironmental, Inc.
Engineers and Scientists

Mount Ivy LLC Mount Ivy Estates 110 Pomona Road Ramapo, New York EXPLORATION NO.: B-01 SHEET: 1 of 1

SHEET: 1 of 1 PROJECT NO: 41.0162511.00 REVIEWED BY: F. Romano

Logged By: J. Jackson
Drilling Co.: Craig Test Boring Co., Inc.

Type of Rig: ATV
Rig Model: CME-550X
Drilling Method: MR

Boring Location: See Location Plan Ground Surface Elev. (ft.): 425 Final Boring Depth (ft.): 20

Date

Date Start - Finish: 6/1/2017 - 6/1/2017

V. Datum: NAVD 88

H. Datum: N/A

Hammer Type: Automatic Hammer

Hammer Weight (lb.): 140 Hammer Fall (in.): 30 Auger or Casing O.D./I.D Dia (in.): 4.00

Foreman: P. Mullins

Sampler Type: SS Sampler O.D. (in.): 2.0 Sampler Length (in.): 24 Rock Core Size: NQ2 Groundwater Depth (ft.)

Time Water Depth Stab. Time

	Casing			Samp	le				돈	Field	C Stratum .
Depth (ft)	Blows/ Core Rate	No.	Depth (ft.)		Rec.	Blows (per 6 in.)	SPT Value	Sample Description and Identification (Modified Burmister Procedure)	Remark	Test	Stratum . (:)
-	, tato	S1 S2	0.0- 2.0 2.0- 4.0	24	13	2 6 5 5 12 12 10 12	11 22	S1: 6-Inches: Rootmat and topsoil.  12-inches: Medium dense, red-brown, fine to medium, SAND, little Silt.  S2: Medium dense, red-brown, fine to medium SAND, little Silt.			0.5 TOPSOIL 424.5
5 _		S3	4.0- 6.0	24	11	4 4 5 2	9	S3: Loose, red-brown, fine to medium SAND, little Silt.			SAND
-		S4	6.0- 8.0	24	15	2 2 2 2	4	S4: Loose, red-brown, fine to medium SAND, little Silt, trace Gravel.			
10		S5	8.0- 9.1	13	10	20 45 50/1"	R	S5: Very dense, red-brown, fine to coarse, SAND, little Silt, trace Gravel.			9 416.0
-		S6	10.0- 10.2	2	1	50/2"	R	S6: Very dense, red-brown, fine to coarse SAND & GRAVEL, trace Silt.	1		WEATHERED ROCK
- 15 _ - -		C1	15.0- 20.0	60	26			C1: Medium hard, moderately weathered, SANDSTONE (REC = 43%; RQD = 44%).			15 410.0 ROCK
20 _								End of exploration at 20 feet.	2		20 405.0
-											
25 _ - -											
30											

1 - 4-inch diameter steel casing installed to a depth of about 10 feet.

2 - Borehole backfilled with soil cuttings upon completion.

See Log Key for exploration of sample description and identification procedures. Stratification lines represent approximate boundaries between soil and bedrock types. Actual transitions may be gradual. Water level readings have been made at the times and under the conditions stated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the times the measurements were made.

Exploration No.: B-01

3ZA TEMPLATE TEST BORING - GZA 2016\_01\_26.GDT

REMARKS

**GZA** GeoEnvironmental, Inc. Engineers and Scientists

Mount Ivy LLC Mount Ivy Estates 110 Pomona Road Ramapo, New York EXPLORATION NO.: SHEET: 1 of 1

PROJECT NO: 41.0162511.00 **REVIEWED BY: F. Romano** 

Logged By: J. Volpe Drilling Co.: Craig Test Boring Co., Inc. Type of Rig: ATV Rig Model: CME-550X Drilling Method: MR

Ground Surface Elev. (ft.): 435 Final Boring Depth (ft.):

H. Datum: N/A

Foreman: P. Mullins

Sampler Type: SS

Date Start - Finish: 5/30/2017 - 5/30/2017

Boring Location: See Location Plan

V. Datum: NAVD 88

Hammer Type: Automatic Hammer Hammer Weight (lb.): 140 Hammer Fall (in.): 30 Auger or Casing O.D./I.D Dia (in.): 4.00

Sampler O.D. (in.): 2.0 Sampler Length (in.): 24 Rock Core Size: NQ2

Groundwater Depth (ft.) Date Time Water Depth Stab. Time

	Casing			<u> </u>	1-				<del>  </del>		
)enth	Blows/			Samp				Sample Description and Identification	ar	Field	≨ Stratum > ∠
(ft)	Core	No.	Depth		Rec.	Blows	SPT	(Modified Burmister Precedure)	Remark	Test	Stratum . (etc.) Description
(,	Rate		(ft.)	(in)	(in)		Value		Ř	Data	
		S-1	0.0-	24	18	2 4		S-1: 6-Inches: Rootmat and topsoil.			0.5 TOPSOIL 434
+	1		2.0			6 7	10	12-Inches: Medium dense, light brown, fine to medium			FILL
	0.5							SAND, dry.			243
	0.5	S-2	2.0-	24	12	9 20		S-2: Very dense, brown, fine to coarse SAND, little fine to			
+	0.5		4.0			42 20	62	medium Gravel, dry.			
								inediani Gravei, dry.			
_ ]	0.5	S-3	4.0-	24	0	8 8		S-3: No Recovery.	1		
5 _	0.5		6.0			10 10	18				
											SAND
		S-4	6.0-	24	9	12 9		S-4: Medium dense, brown to red, fine to medium SAND,			SAND
4			8.0			14 14	23	little fine Gravel, trace Silt, moist.	2		
									-		
٦		S-5	8.0-	24	9	14 6		S-5: Dense, red, fine to coarse SAND, some Silt, little fine			
4			10.0			39 27	45	Gravel.			
0											10 42
		S-6	10.0-	3	2	50/3"	R	S-6: Very dense, red, fine to coarse SAND, little Silt, little			
4			10.3					fine Gravel, rock fragment in tip.			
									3		
1											WEATHERED ROC
4											
1											
5 _					_		R				15 4
		S-7	15.0-	0	0	50/0"	11	S-7: No Recovery.			
+		C-1	15.0	60	56			C-1: Medium to moderately hard, slightly weathered,			
1			15.0-					slightly fractured, fine-grained, red SANDSTONE (REC =			
			20.0					93%; RQD = 73%).			ROCK
+								1111,			
_											
0											20 4
Ĭ								End of exploration at 20 feet.	4		
4											
1											
4											
-											
5 _											
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			at 7 to a at 11 to								
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3   4   4											
r											
See	Loa K	ev fo	r explor	ration	of s	sample de	scrinti	on and identification procedures. Stratification lines repr	eser	nt I	Exploration No.:
appro	ximate	boun	daries b	etwe	en so	il and bedro	ock tyr	on and identification procedures. Stratification lines repr pes. Actual transitions may be gradual. Water level readings	hav	ë  <b>'</b>	
een	made	at the	times a	and u	nder	the condition	ons sta	ated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other fa	ıctor	'S	B-02
nan i	nose p	resen	t at the t	umes	tne n	neasureme	nts we	ere made.			

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Mount Ivy LLC Mount Ivy Estates 110 Pomona Road Ramapo, New York EXPLORATION NO.: B-03
SHEET: 1 of 1
PROJECT NO: 41.0162511.00

York REVIEWED BY: F. Romano

Boring Location: See Location Plan H. Datum: N/A

Logged By: J. Volpe
Drilling Co.: Craig Test Boring Co., Inc.
Foreman: P. Mullins

Type of Rig: ATV
Rig Model: CME-550X
Drilling Method: MR

Final Boring Depth (ft.): 25

Date Start - Finish: 5/30/2017 - 5/30/2017

Ground Surface Elev. (ft.): 455

V. Datum: NAVD 88

Hammer Type: Automatic Hammer Hammer Weight (lb.): 140 Hammer Fall (in.): 30 Auger or Casing O.D./I.D Dia (in.): 4.00 Sampler Type: SS Sampler O.D. (in.): 2.0 Sampler Length (in.): 24 Rock Core Size: NQ2 Groundwater Depth (ft.)

Date Time Water Depth Stab. Time

4h	Casing			Samp				Comple Description and Identification	ž	Field	£ Stratum ∴
Depth (ft)	Blows/ Core Rate	No.	Depth (ft.)	(in)	(in)	Blows (per 6 in.)	SPT Value	Sample Description and Identification (Modified Burmister Procedure)	Remark	Test Data	O Stratum
-		S-1	0.0- 2.0	24	14	2 2 2 2	4	S-1: 4-Inches: Rootmat and topsoil.  10-Inches: Loose, brown, fine to medium SAND, some Silt, moist.			0.3 <u>TOPSOIL</u> 454 FILL 2 453
-		S-2	2.0- 4.0	24	4	3 2 2 2	4	S-2: Loose, brown, fine to medium SAND, little Silt, moist.			
5_		S-3	4.0- 6.0	24	3	3 2 3 4	5	S-3: Loose, brown, fine to medium SAND, little Silt.			SAND
-		S-4	6.0- 8.0	24	4	6 1 2 1	3	S-4: Loose, brown, fine to medium SAND, little Silt.			8 44
- 10		S-5	8.0- 9.1	13	7	9 42 50/1"	R	S-5: Very dense, brown, fine to medium SAND, little Silt.			<u></u>
- -		S-6	10.0- 10.0	0	0	50/0"	R				
- 15											WEATHERED ROC
-		S-7	15.0- 16.8	22	13	5 21 47 50/4"	68	S-7: Very dense, red, fine to medium SAND, little Silt, little fine Gravel, moist.			
20 _		C-1	20.0-	60	56			C-1: Hard, slightly weathered, red-brown SANDSTONE			2043
-		0-1	25.0	00	30			(REC = 93%; RQD = 58%).			
-											ROCK
25 _								End of exploration at 25 feet.	1		25 43
-											
٦											

See Log Key for exploration of sample description and identification procedures. Stratification lines represent approximate boundaries between soil and bedrock types. Actual transitions may be gradual. Water level readings have been made at the times and under the conditions stated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the times the measurements were made.

Exploration No.: B-03

32A TEMPLATE TEST BORING - GZA 2016\_01\_26.GDT

REMARKS

**GZA** GeoEnvironmental, Inc. Engineers and Scientists

Mount Ivy LLC Mount Ivy Estates 110 Pomona Road Ramapo, New York EXPLORATION NO.: SHEET: 1 of 1 PROJECT NO: 41.0162511.00

**REVIEWED BY: F. Romano** 

Logged By: J. Jackson Drilling Co.: Craig Test Boring Co., Inc.

Rig Model: CME-550X Foreman: P. Mullins Drilling Method: MR

Ground Surface Elev. (ft.): 430 Final Boring Depth (ft.): Date Start - Finish: 6/1/2017 - 6/1/2017

Boring Location: See Location Plan

V. Datum: NAVD 88

H. Datum: N/A

Hammer Type: Automatic Hammer Hammer Weight (lb.): 140

Hammer Fall (in.): 30 Auger or Casing O.D./I.D Dia (in.): 4.00 Sampler Type: SS Sampler O.D. (in.): 2.0 Sampler Length (in.): 24 Rock Core Size: NQ2

Type of Rig: ATV

Groundwater Depth (ft.) Date Time Water Depth Stab. Time

D 11	Casing			Samp	le			0 1 5 111 65 6	¥	Field	£ Stratum > ○
Depth (ft)	Blows/ Core Rate	No.	Depth (ft.)	Pen. (in)	Rec. (in)	Blows (per 6 in.)	SPT Value		Remark	Test Data	Description (H)
		S1	0.0-	24	11	1 2		S1: 4-Inches: Rootmat and topsoil.			0.3 <u>TOPSOIL</u> 429.7
	1		2.0			4 13	6	7-Inches: Loose, brown, fine SAND, some Silt			FILL
	1			١.,				00.14    1   1    6   0.112    1111			2 428.0
		S2	2.0-	24	13	43 13		S2: Medium dense, tan-brown, fine to coarse, SAND, little			
	1		4.0			17 15	30	Silt, little fine Gravel.			
	-	62	4.0	24	12	15 10		C2: Dance tan brown fine to seerce CAND & CDAVEL			
5		S3	4.0-	24	12	15 18		S3: Dense, tan-brown, fine to coarse, SAND & GRAVEL,			
			6.0			19 15	37	little Silt.			
	+	S4	6.0-	24	6	27 20		S4: Dense, tan-brown, fine to coarse, SAND & GRAVEL,			
		07	8.0	~	"	20 19	40	trace Silt.			
			0.0			20 19	40	trace Siit.			
	1	S5	8.0-	24	7	15 16		S5: Dense, tan-brown, fine to coarse, SAND & GRAVEL,			
			10.0			19 7	35	trace Silt.			
10			10.0				55	udoo ont.			
-	1	S6	10.0-	24	6	6 6		S6: Medium dense, tan-brown, fine to coarse SAND, little			
			12.0			10 8	16	Gravel, trace Silt.			
5											
	1										
	_										
15											SAND
	1	S7	15.0-	24	7	27 25		S7: Very dense, tan-brown, fine to coarse, SAND &	1		
Š.	4		17.0			26 30	51	GRAVEL, little Silt.			
2							01	5.5 (1 <u>22</u> , mas sm.			
t .	1										
- 45	+										
26.5511 - 1/13/11 T0:25 - J.:GINT PROJECT DATABASES/41.019230041.0192311.5F2 5 5 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1											
5 20											
5 - 2	1	S8	20.0-	24	8	11 11		S8: Medium dense, gray-brown, fine to coarse SAND,			
	4		22.0			12 12	23	little Gravel, trace Silt.			
·	1										
	+										
25											
:  ~~ -		S9	25.0-	24	9	15 10		S9: Medium dense, gray-tan, fine to coarse, SAND, trace			
	_		27.0			10 7	20	Gravel, trace Silt.			
							20	Graver, trace one.			27 403.0
	1							End of exploration at 27 feet.	2		
	-										
	_										
30											
;  <u> </u>	1 - 4-inc	h diar	neter sta	ലം	sina	advanced to	n a de	pth of about 15 feet.	-	-	1
						cuttings upo					
						0 1		•			
<b>8 8</b> 1											
REMARK											
<u> </u>											
<u> </u>											
See								on and identification procedures. Stratification lines repr			Exploration No.:
appr	oximate	boun	daries b	etwe	en so	il and bedro	ock typ	pes. Actual transitions may be gradual. Water level readings	hav	e	B-04
	those r	at tile resen	t at the f	inu u imes	the r	neasureme	ภาธ ริโล nts we	ated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other fa ere made.	CIUI	٥	<b>□ ∀</b> 1
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**GZA** GeoEnvironmental, Inc. Engineers and Scientists

Mount Ivy LLC Mount Ivy Estates 110 Pomona Road Ramapo, New York EXPLORATION NO.: SHEET: 1 of 1 PROJECT NO: 41.0162511.00

**REVIEWED BY: F. Romano** H. Datum: N/A

Logged By: J. Jackson Drilling Co.: Craig Test Boring Co., Inc.

Foreman: P. Mullins

Boring Location: See Location Plan Rig Model: CME-550X Ground Surface Elev. (ft.): 435 Drilling Method: MR

Final Boring Depth (ft.): Date Start - Finish: 6/1/2017 - 6/1/2017

V. Datum: NAVD 88

Hammer Type: Automatic Hammer Hammer Weight (lb.): 140

Hammer Fall (in.): 30

Auger or Casing O.D./I.D Dia (in.): 4.00

Sampler Type: SS Sampler O.D. (in.): 2.0 Sampler Length (in.): 24 Rock Core Size: NQ2

Type of Rig: ATV

Groundwater Depth (ft.) Date Time Water Depth Stab. Time

C	asing			Samp	le				돈	Field	€ Stratum >
Depth B	Blows/ Core Rate	No.	Depth (ft.)			Blows (per 6 in.)	SPT Value	Sample Description and Identification (Modified Burmister Procedure)	Remark	Test	Stratum (#) Description (#)
-		S1 S2	0.0- 2.0 2.0- 4.0	24	8	1 1 1 8 6 6 9 8	2	S1: 3-Inches: Rootmat and topsoil. 4-Inches: Very loose, brown & tan, fine to medium, SAND, trace Silt. S2: Medium dense, tan-brown, fine to coarse SAND and Gravel, trace Silt.			025 <u>TOPSOIL</u> 434.8)
5_		S3	4.0- 6.0	24	7	6 5 4 3	9	S3: Medium dense, tan-brown, fine to medium SAND, trace Silt.			6 429.0
-		S4	6.0- 8.0	24	4	4 4 5 5	9	S4: Loose, brown, fine SAND, little Silt.			
10		S5	8.0- 10.0	24	12	6 5 7 5	12	S5: Medium dense, light brown, fine SAND and SILT.			
		S6	10.0- 12.0	24	13	10 11 12 11	23	S6: Medium dense, tan-brown, fine SAND, little Silt.			
15		<b>S</b> 7	15.0- 17.0	24	11	8 7 9 9	16	S7: Medium dense, tan-brown, fine SAND, little Silt.	1		SAND
20		S8	20.0-22.0	24	10	15 10 11 6	21	S8: Medium dense, brown, fine SAND, some Silt, trace Gravel.			
25		S9	25.0- 27.0	24	16	16 12 13 11	25	S9: Medium dense, brown, fine to coarse SAND, little Silt, little Gravel.			27 408.0
30								End of exploration at 27 feet.	2		

1 - 4-inch diameter steel casing advanced to a depth of about 15 feet.

2 - Borehole backfilled with soil cuttings upon completion.

3ZA TEMPLATE TEST BORING - GZA 2016 REMARKS

See Log Key for exploration of sample description and identification procedures. Stratification lines represent approximate boundaries between soil and bedrock types. Actual transitions may be gradual. Water level readings have been made at the times and under the conditions stated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the times the measurements were made.

**Exploration No.:** B-05

GZA
GeoEnvironmental, Inc.
Engineers and Scientists

Mount Ivy LLC Mount Ivy Estates 110 Pomona Road Ramapo, New York

EXPLORATION NO.: B-06 SHEET: 1 of 1 PROJECT NO: 41.0162511.00 REVIEWED BY: F. Romano

Logged By: J. Jackson
Drilling Co.: Craig Test Boring Co., Inc.

Type of Rig: ATV Rig Model: CME-550X Drilling Method: MR **Boring Location:** See Location Plan **Ground Surface Elev. (ft.):** 430

Date Start - Finish: 5/31/2017 - 5/31/207

Final Boring Depth (ft.):

V. Datum: NAVD 88

H. Datum: N/A

Hammer Type: Automatic Hammer

Hammer Weight (lb.): 140 Hammer Fall (in.): 30

Foreman: P. Mullins

Auger or Casing O.D./I.D Dia (in.): 4.00

Sampler Type: SS Sampler O.D. (in.): 2.0 Sampler Length (in.): 24 Rock Core Size: NQ2 
 Groundwater Depth (ft.)

 Date
 Time
 Water Depth
 Stab. Time

 05/31/2017
 11:45:00 AM
 17.00
 0 min

 06/28/2017
 11:15:00 AM
 15.30
 672.0 hours

			•	, .			J. 30.0 0.20. 1142					
Depth Casing Blows/ Core	No.	Depth	Pen.	Rec.	Blows	SPT	Sample Description and Identification (Modified Burmister Procedure)	Remark	Field Test	epth	Stratum Description	Elev. (ft.)
Rate	S1 S2	(ft.) 0.0- 2.0 2.0- 4.0	(in) 24 24	(in) 20 18	(per 6 in.)  2 2 5 7  14 8 8 27	7 16	S1: 6-Inches: Rootmat and topsoil.  14-Inches: Loose, green-brown, fine to medium SAND, some Silt.  S2: Medium dense, brown, fine to medium, SAND, some Silt, little Gravel.	Ä	Data	0.5	TOPSOIL FILL	429.5 428.0
5 _	S3	4.0- 6.0	24	8	6 43 36 8	79	S3: Very dense, brown, fine to medium SAND, little Silt, trace Gravel.					
-	S4	6.0- 8.0	24	13	5 5 5 5	10	S4: Medium dense, brown, fine to medium SAND, some Silt, trace Gravel.					
-	S5	8.0- 10.0	24	15	5 5 5 4	10	S5: Medium dense, brown, fine to coarse, SAND, some Silt, trace Gravel.					
10 _	S6	10.0- 12.0	24	19	5 6 10 8	16	S6: Medium dense, green-brown, SAND & SILT.					
15	S7	15.0- 17.0	24	18	33 14 15 14	29	S7: Medium dense, tan-brown, fine SAND & SILT.	1			SAND	
20 _	S8	20.0-22.0	24	12	12 12 12 6	24	S8: Medium dense, green-brown, fine SAND, some Silt, little Gravel.					
25	S9	25.0- 27.0	24	11	14 4 7 4	11	S9: Medium dense, brown, fine to medium SAND, some Silt, little Gravel.	2		27		403.0
30							End of exploration at 27 feet.					

1 - 4-inch diameter steel casing advanced to a depth of about 15 feet.

2 - Groundwater monitoring well installed upon completion to depth of 20 feet.

REMARKS

See Log Key for exploration of sample description and identification procedures. Stratification lines represent approximate boundaries between soil and bedrock types. Actual transitions may be gradual. Water level readings have been made at the times and under the conditions stated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the times the measurements were made.

Exploration No.: B-06

GZA TEMPLATE TEST BORING - GZA 2016\_01\_26.GDT - 7/13/17 10:25 - J:\GINT PROJECT DATABASES\41.0162500\41.0162511.GPJ

GZA
GeoEnvironmental, Inc.
Engineers and Scientists

Mount Ivy LLC Mount Ivy Estates 110 Pomona Road Ramapo, New York EXPLORATION NO.: B-07 SHEET: 1 of 1

SHEET: 1 of 1 PROJECT NO: 41.0162511.00 REVIEWED BY: F. Romano

Logged By: J. Jackson

Drilling Co.: Craig Test Paring Co.

**Drilling Co.:** Craig Test Boring Co., Inc.

Type of Rig: ATV Rig Model: CME-550X Drilling Method: MR **Boring Location:** See Location Plan **Ground Surface Elev. (ft.):** 455

H. Datum: N/A

Foreman: P. Mullins

hod: MR Final Boring Depth (ft.): 20
Date Start - Finish: 5/31/2017 - 5/31/207

V. Datum: NAVD 88

Hammer Type: Automatic Hammer Hammer Weight (lb.): 140 Hammer Fall (in.): 30

Auger or Casing O.D./I.D Dia (in.): 4.00

Sampler Type: SS Sampler O.D. (in.): 2.0 Sampler Length (in.): 24 Rock Core Size: NQ2 Groundwater Depth (ft.)

Date Time Water Depth Stab. Time

					, .						
Depth	Casing Blows/ Core	No	Depth	Samp Pen.		Blows	SPT	Sample Description and Identification	Remark	Field Test	କ ⊭ Description ≗ ⊭
(ft)	Rate	No.	(ft.) 0.0-	(in)		(per 6 in.)	Value	(Modified Burmister Procedure)  S1: 3-Inches: Rootmat and topsoil.	Re	Data	о тормон 454.
_			2.0			2 1	3	2-Inches: Very loose, brown, fine to medium SAND, some Silt.			FILL 2 453.
_		S2	2.0- 4.0	24	6	7 3 4 8	7	S2: Loose, red-brown, SAND & SILT.			
5 _		S3	4.0- 6.0	24	4	16 7 13 60/3"	20	S3: Medium dense, red-brown, fine to coarse SAND, little Silt, trace Gravel.			SAND
-		S4	6.0- 8.0	24	7	73 50/1"	R	S4: Very dense, red-brown, fine to medium SAND, some Silt, trace fine Gravel.			0, 11, 12
-		S5	8.0- 10.0	24	12	4 4 60 50/3"	64	S5: Very dense, red-brown, fine to coarse SAND, little Silt, trace Gravel.			9446
10 _		S6	10.0- 12.0	24	5	7 50/3"	R	S6: Very dense, red-brown, fine to coarse SAND, little Gravel, little Silt.	1		
- 15 _ -		C1	15.0- 20.0	60	50			C1: Medium hard, moderately fractured, red-brown, SANDSTONE (REC = 83%; RQD = 53%).			WEATHERED ROCK
- - 20											ROCK 20 438
-								End of exploration at 20 feet.			
-											
- 25 _ -											
_											
-											
30 1		h dian	neter sta	مما دء	einc	installed to	a dan	l th of about 10 feet	1		

1 - 4-inch diameter steel casing installed to a depth of about 10 feet.

See Log Key for exploration of sample description and identification procedures. Stratification lines represent approximate boundaries between soil and bedrock types. Actual transitions may be gradual. Water level readings have been made at the times and under the conditions stated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the times the measurements were made.

Exploration No.: B-07

3ZA TEMPLATE TEST BORING - GZA 2016\_01\_26.GDT

REMARKS

GZA
GeoEnvironmental, Inc.
Engineers and Scientists

Mount Ivy LLC Mount Ivy Estates 110 Pomona Road Ramapo, New York EXPLORATION NO.: B-08 SHEET: 1 of 1 PROJECT NO: 41.0162511.00 REVIEWED BY: F. Romano

**Logged By:** J. Volpe **Drilling Co.:** Craig Test Boring Co., Inc.

Type of Rig: ATV Rig Model: CME-550X

Ground Surface Elev. (ft.): 425 Final Boring Depth (ft.): 11

Boring Location: See Location Plan

H. Datum: N/A

Foreman: P. Mullins

Final Boring Depth (ft.): 11

Date Start - Finish: 5/30/2017 - 5/30/2017

V. Datum: NAVD 88

Hammer Type: Automatic Hammer Hammer Weight (lb.): 140 Hammer Fall (in.): 30 Auger or Casing O.D./I.D Dia (in.): 4.00 Sampler Type: SS Sampler O.D. (in.): 2.0 Sampler Length (in.): 24 Rock Core Size: NQ2

Drilling Method: MR

Groundwater Depth (ft.)

Date Time Water Depth Stab. Time

	Casing			Samp	le .				논	Field	C Ctroture
Depth (ft)	Blows/ Core Rate	No.	Depth (ft.)		Rec.	Blows (per 6 in.)	SPT Value	Sample Description and Identification (Modified Burmister Procedure)	Remark	Test	Description (f.:)  (A. C.
		S-1	0.0-	24	14	1 5		S-1: 6-Inches: Rootmat and topsoil.			0.5 TOPSOIL 424.5
	1.5		2.0			13 9	18	8-Inches: Medium dense, red-brown, fine to medium			
	1.5	S-2	2.0-	20	19	37 48		SAND, little Silt, dry.			SAND
	1.5	0-2	3.7	20	13	76 50/2"	>100	S-2: Very dense, red-brown, fine to medium SAND, little Silt, dry.			3 422.0
5_	1.5	S-3	4.0- 4.1	1	0	50/1"	R	S-3: Rock fragment in spoon tip, dry.	1		WEATHERED ROCK
	1.5		4.1				_				6 419.0
	1	S-4	6.0-	0	0	50/0"	R	S-4: No recovery.			
	1	C-1	6.0	60	55			C-1: Moderately hard to hard, slightly weathered, slightly			
	-		6.0-					fractured, fine grained, red SANDSTONE (REC = 83%;			DOCK
	4		11.0					RQD = 42%).			ROCK
10											
											11 414.0
								End of exploration at 11 feet.	2		
	1										
	-										
	1										
15											
	1										
	1						l ,				
	+										
	4										
20											
	1										
	1										
	4										
25	1										
25 -	1										
	-										
15 _ 20 _ 25 _	]										
1	]										
	1										
30											

1 - Rig chatter at 4.5 feet bgs.

2 - Borehole backfilled with soil cuttings upon completion.

See Log Key for exploration of sample description and identification procedures. Stratification lines represent approximate boundaries between soil and bedrock types. Actual transitions may be gradual. Water level readings have been made at the times and under the conditions stated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the times the measurements were made.

Exploration No.: B-08

52A TEMPLATE TEST BORING - GZA 2016\_01\_26.GDT - 7/13/17 10:25 - J:\GINT PROJECT DATABASES\41.0162500\41.0162511.GPJ

REMARKS

**GZA** GeoEnvironmental, Inc. Engineers and Scientists

Mount Ivy LLC Mount Ivy Estates 110 Pomona Road Ramapo, New York

EXPLORATION NO.: SHEET: 1 of 1 PROJECT NO: 41.0162511.00 **REVIEWED BY: F. Romano** 

Logged By: J. Jackson

Type of Rig: ATV Drilling Co.: Craig Test Boring Co., Inc. Rig Model: CME-550X Drilling Method: MR

Boring Location: See Location Plan Ground Surface Elev. (ft.): 430 Final Boring Depth (ft.):

H. Datum: N/A

Foreman: P. Mullins

Date Start - Finish: 5/31/2017 - 5/31/207

V. Datum: NAVD 88

Hammer Type: Automatic Hammer Hammer Weight (lb.): 140 Hammer Fall (in.): 30

Auger or Casing O.D./I.D Dia (in.): 4.00

Sampler Type: SS Sampler O.D. (in.): 2.0 Sampler Length (in.): 24 Rock Core Size: NQ2

Groundwater Depth (ft.) Date Time Water Depth Stab. Time

	Cooina			<u> </u>	1.				1~	1	<u> </u>
Depth	Casing Blows/			Samp		Diama	CDT	Sample Description and Identification	Jarl	Field	€ Stratum
(ft)	Core	No.	Depth (ft.)	(in)	(in)	Blows (per 6 in.)	SPT Value	(Modified Burmister Procedure)	Remark	Test Data	Stratum S
	Rate	S1	0.0-	24	20	1 1	Value	S1: 6-Inches: Rootmat and topsoil.	14	Data	0.5 TOPSOIL 42
4			2.0			3 2	4	14-Inches: Loose, tan-brown, fine to medium SAND, little			
							_	Silt.			
7		S2	2.0-	24	14	1 1		S2: Very loose, brown, fine, SAND, some Silt.			
+			4.0			2 1	3	oz. Voly locoo, blown, mic, or ave, come can.			FILL
4		00	4.0		40			00 I			
5		S3	4.0-	24	16	2 3	_	S3: Loose, gray, tan, fine, SAND & SILT, little Gravel.			
٦			6.0			4 8	7				6 42
+		S4	6.0-	24	11	16 13		S4: Dense, tan, fine to medium, SAND & SILT, trace			<del> </del>
4			8.0			23 22	36	Gravel.			
		S5	8.0-	12	11	56 35	R	S5: Very dense, tan-brown, fine to coarse SAND &			
_			9.0			50/0"		GRAVEL, little Silt.			
9 -		S6	10.0-	24	15	24 23		CG: Dance tan brown fine to energy CAND some Cilt			
		30	12.0	24	13	23 23	40	S6: Dense, tan-brown, fine to coarse, SAND, some Silt, little Gravel.			
			12.0			23 23	46	iillie Gravei.			
1											
+											
4											
5											
		S7	15.0-	24	11	11 11		S7: Medium dense, tan-brown, SAND & GRAVEL, some	1		
+			17.0			11 11	22	Silt.			SAND
4											SAND
1											
. 1											
۵ ــا		S8	20.0-	24	13	7 7		S8: Medium dense, brown, fine to coarse SAND &			
		30	22.0	24	13	11 26	18	GRAVEL, little Silt.			
			22.0			11 20	10	OTAVEE, IIILIE OIII.			
٦											
┪											
4											
5											
		S9	25.0-	18	12	17 17	40	S9: Dense, red-brown, fine SAND & Silt, little Gravel.			
1			26.5			26 50/0"	43				
$\dashv$								End of exploration at 27 feet.	2		27 4
4								End of exploration at 27 rest.	_		
ן כ											
$\neg$	- 4-inc	h diar	neter eta	ما مع	eina	advanced to	) a do	pth of about 15 feet.		-	I
,   ż	- Bore	hole b	ackfilled	d with	soil o	cuttings upo	n com	ipletion.			
ا جُ								•			
REMARK											
-											
ee	Log K	ey fo	r explor	ration	of s	sample des	scription	on and identification procedures. Stratification lines reproses. Actual transitions may be gradual. Water level readings ated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other for	ese	nt E	Exploration No.:
een	made	at the	times a	and u	nder	the condition	ons sta	ated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other fa	acto	ŝ	B-09
nan t	tnose p	resen	it at the f	times	the r	neasureme	nts we	ere made.			

**GZA** GeoEnvironmental, Inc. Engineers and Scientists

Mount Ivy LLC Mount Ivy Estates 110 Pomona Road Ramapo, New York EXPLORATION NO.: SHEET: 1 of 1 PROJECT NO: 41.0162511.00 **REVIEWED BY: F. Romano** 

Logged By: J. Jackson

Drilling Co.: Craig Test Boring Co., Inc.

Type of Rig: ATV Rig Model: CME-550X Boring Location: See Location Plan Ground Surface Elev. (ft.): 440

Date

H. Datum: N/A

Foreman: P. Mullins

Drilling Method: MR Final Boring Depth (ft.): Date Start - Finish: 5/31/2017 - 5/31/207

V. Datum: NAVD 88

Hammer Type: Automatic Hammer Hammer Weight (lb.): 140

Hammer Fall (in.): 30 Auger or Casing O.D./I.D Dia (in.): 4.00 Sampler Type: SS Sampler O.D. (in.): 2.0 Sampler Length (in.): 24 Rock Core Size: NQ2

Groundwater Depth (ft.) Time Water Depth Stab. Time

	sing			Samp	le			0 1 0 1 11 115 11	돈	Field	- Stratum .:
(ft) Co	ows/ core cate	No.	(ft.)	Pen. (in)	Rec. (in)	Blows (per 6 in.)	SPT Value	Sample Description and Identification (Modified Burmister Procedure)	Remark	Test Data	Description (#)
-		S1	0.0- 2.0	24	11	2 2 11 11	13	S1: 6-Inches: Rootmat and topsoil. 5-Inches: Medium dense, tan, fine SAND, little Silt.			0.5 <u>TOPSOIL</u> 439.5 FILL
-		S2	2.0- 4.0	24	5	11 11 11 13	22	S2: No Recovery.			2438.0
5_		S3	4.0- 6.0	24	6	5 7 22 16	29	S3: Medium dense, tan, fine to coarse, SAND, some Silt, little Gravel.			
-		S4	6.0- 8.0	24	8	13 12 16 13	28	S4: Medium dense, tan, fine to coarse SAND & GRAVEL, little Silt.			
10		S5	8.0- 10.0	24	6	18 16 15 18	31	S5: Dense, tan, fine to coarse SAND, some Gravel, little Silt.			
		S6	10.0- 12.0	24	5	24 15 13 8	28	S6: Medium dense, fine to coarse SAND & GRAVEL, little Silt.			SAND
15		<b>S</b> 7	15.0- 17.0	24	11	19 17 19 22	36	S7: Dense, tan and brown, SAND & GRAVEL, little Silt.	1		18 422.0
20 _		S8_	20.0-	7	5	12 50/1"	R	S8: Very dense, fine to coarse, SAND & GRAVEL, little	2		WEATHERED ROCK
-			20.6					Silt.  End of exploration at 20.6 feet.	_		
25 <u> </u>											
-											
30								who we also and 45 for all			

1 - 4-inch diameter steel casing advanced to a depth of about 15 feet.

2 - Borehole backfilled with soil cuttings upon completion.

See Log Key for exploration of sample description and identification procedures. Stratification lines represent approximate boundaries between soil and bedrock types. Actual transitions may be gradual. Water level readings have been made at the times and under the conditions stated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the times the measurements were made.

**Exploration No.: B-10** 

3ZA TEMPLATE TEST BORING - GZA 2016\_01\_26.GDT

REMARKS

**GZA** GeoEnvironmental, Inc. Engineers and Scientists

Mount Ivy LLC **EXPLORATION NO.: B-11** Mount Ivy Estates 110 Pomona Road SHEET: PROJECT NO: 41.0162511.00 Ramapo, New York **REVIEWED BY: F. Romano** 

Logged By: J. Volpe

Drilling Co.: Craig Test Boring Co., Inc.

Foreman: P. Mullins

Type of Rig: ATV Boring Location: See Location Plan Rig Model: CME-550X Ground Surface Elev. (ft.): 430

Final Boring Depth (ft.):

Date Start - Finish: 5/30/2017 - 5/30/2017

H. Datum: N/A

V. Datum: NAVD 88

Hammer Type: Automatic Hammer Hammer Weight (lb.): 140 Hammer Fall (in.): 30

Auger or Casing O.D./I.D Dia (in.): 4.00

Sampler Type: SS Sampler O.D. (in.): 2.0 Sampler Length (in.): 24 Rock Core Size: NQ2

Drilling Method: MR

Groundwater Depth (ft.) Date Time Water Depth Stab. Time

1 of 1

	Casing			Samp	ole				돈	Field	C Stratum
Depth (ft)	Blows/ Core Rate	No.	Depth (ft.)		Rec.	Blows (per 6 in.)	SPT Value	Sample Description and Identification (Modified Burmister Procedure)	Remark	Test	Stratum . (#)
-	1 0.5 0.5	S-1 S-2	0.0- 2.0 2.0- 4.0	24	11	3 6 10 6 8 10 28 32	16 38	S-1: 6-Inches: Rootmat and topsoil. 15-Inches: Medium dense, brown, fine to medium SAND, some Silt, fine to medium Gravel, dry. S-2: Dense, orange-brown, fine to medium SAND, little Silt, little fine Gravel, moist, rock fragment in spoon tip.			0.5 TOPSOIL 429.5
5_	0.5 0.5	S-3	4.0- 6.0	24	11	10 9 10 6	19	S-3: Medium dense, orange-brown, fine to medium SAND, little Silt, little Gravel.	1		SAND
-		S-4	6.0- 8.0	24	10	9 7 15 15	22	S-4: Medium dense, orange-brown, fine to medium SAND, some Silt.			
10		S-5	8.0- 10.0	24	0	19 18 43 44	61	S-5: No Recovery.			9421.0
_		S-6	10.0- 11.3	15	11	45 26 50/3"	R	S-6: Very dense, orange-brown, fine to medium SAND, little Silt, trace Gravel.	2		
15 _ - - 20 _ - - 25 _ - 30		S-7	15.0- 15.1	1	0	50/1"	R	S-7: No Recovery.	3		WEATHERED ROCK
20 _ - - - -		S-8 C-1	20.0- 20.0 20.0- 25.0	0 60	0 56	50/0"	R	S-8: No recovery. C-1: Medium to moderately hard, slightly weathered, sound, fine-grained, red SANDSTONE (REC 93%; RQD = 88%).			20410.0
25 _								End of exploration at 25 feet.	4		25 405.0
30											
il I 1	- Ria c	hatter	at 4 fee	et bas	3						

1 - Rig chatter at 4 feet bgs.

2 - Rig chatter at 10 feet bgs. 3 - Hard drilling at 13 feet bgs.

4 - Borehole backfilled with soil cuttings upon completion.

See Log Key for exploration of sample description and identification procedures. Stratification lines represent approximate boundaries between soil and bedrock types. Actual transitions may be gradual. Water level readings have been made at the times and under the conditions stated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the times the measurements were made.

**Exploration No.:** B-11

3ZA TEMPLATE TEST BORING - GZA 2016\_

REMARKS

**GZA** GeoEnvironmental, Inc. Engineers and Scientists

Mount Ivy LLC Mount Ivy Estates 110 Pomona Road Ramapo, New York EXPLORATION NO.: SHEET: 1 of 1

PROJECT NO: 41.0162511.00 **REVIEWED BY: F. Romano** 

Logged By: J. Jackson Drilling Co.: Craig Test Boring Co., Inc. Type of Rig: ATV Rig Model: CME-550X Drilling Method: MR

Boring Location: See Location Plan Ground Surface Elev. (ft.): 435

Date Start - Finish: 6/1/2017 - 6/1/2017

Final Boring Depth (ft.):

V. Datum: NAVD 88

H. Datum: N/A

Hammer Type: Automatic Hammer Hammer Weight (lb.): 140

Hammer Fall (in.): 30

Foreman: P. Mullins

Auger or Casing O.D./I.D Dia (in.): 4.00

Sampler Type: SS Sampler O.D. (in.): 2.0 Sampler Length (in.): 24 Rock Core Size: NQ2

Groundwater Depth (ft.) Date Time Water Depth Stab. Time

	Casing			Samp	ıle				논	Field	Ctuatura
Depth (ft)		No.	Depth (ft.)		Rec.		SPT Value	Sample Description and Identification (Modified Burmister Procedure)	Remark	Test Data	Description (#)
		S1	0.0-	24	6	1 4		S1: 3-Inches: Rootmat and topsoil.			0. <u>25</u> <u>TOPSOIL</u> <u>434.</u> 8
-	1		2.0			4 5	8	3-Inches: Loose, tan, fine to medium SAND, little Silt.			FILL
_											2 433.
		S2	2.0-	24	8	6 5		S2: Medium dense, brown, fine to coarse, SAND, little			
-	1		4.0			7 7	12	Silt, trace Gravel.			
_											
5		S3	4.0-	24	4	11 9		S3: Medium dense, tan-brown, fine to coarse, SAND,			
· _	1		6.0			12 10	21	trace Gravel, trace Silt.			
-	-	C 4		24	40	11 10		C4. Madium dames too brown fine to seems CAND			
		S4	6.0-	24	18	11 10	<b>.</b> .	S4: Medium dense, tan-brown, fine to coarse SAND,			
_	1		8.0			11 10	21	trace Gravel, trace Silt.			
-	-	S5	8.0-	24	5	9 13		S5: Medium dense, tan-brown, SAND & GRAVEL, trace			
		33		24	3						
10			10.0			13 12	26	Silt.			
10 _	1	S6	10.0-	24	13	9 6		S6: Medium dense, brown, fine to coarse, SAND &			
_		00	12.0		'	7 6	12	GRAVEL, trace Silt.			
			12.0			' 0	13	GRAVEL, trace Sitt.			
-	1										
_											
											SAND
-											
15 _	1	07	45.0			20.01		07 D			
		S7	15.0-	24	14	32 24		S7: Dense, tan-brown, fine to coarse SAND & GRAVEL,	1		
-	1		17.0			20 18	44	trace Silt.			
-											
-	1										
-	-										
20											
		S8	20.0-	24	18	11 20		S8: Dense, gray-brown, fine to coarse, SAND, little			
-	1		22.0			20 21	40	Gravel, trace Silt.			
_											
-	1										
_											
25											25 410
	1	S9	25.0-	13	11	29 50	_	S9: Very dense, gray-brown, SAND & GRAVEL, trace			
			26.1			50/1"	R	Silt.			2MEATHERED ROGM
				1					2_		
i -	1							End of exploration at 26.1 feet.			
-	-										
_	]										
30											
	1 4 inc	h dia-	noter etc	201.00	L	advanced to		pth of about 15 feet.		L	l
1 1 2	- 4-1110	n uidi hole h	ackfiller	with	soil (	cuttings upo	o a ue on com	puror about 15 leet.			
XX   2								r · · · ·			
	- 5016										
₹	- DOIG										
EMAF	- 5016										
REMARK	- Dore										
REMAF	- Bore										
REMAR		ev fo	r eynlor	ration	of	sample de	scrinti	on and identification procedures. Stratification lines rep	eser	nt I	Exploration No :
See	Log K	hour	daries b	etwe	en so	il and bedro	ock tvr	on and identification procedures. Stratification lines reposes. Actual transitions may be gradual. Water level readings	hav	e I -	Exploration No.:
See appro	Log K oximate ı made	boun at the	daries b times a	etwe	en so nder	il and bedro	ock typons sta	pes. Actual transitions may be gradual. Water level readings ated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other f	hav	e I -	Exploration No.: B-12



# APPENDIX C LABORATORY TESTING RESULTS

## LABORATORY TESTING DATA SHEET

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1 MILL	1 ILAN	
	0	

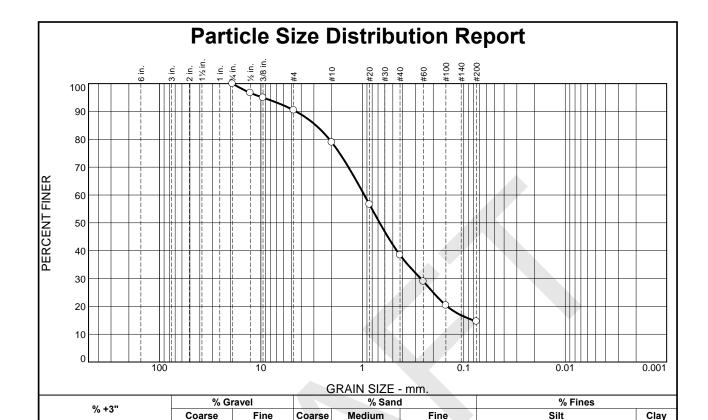
Project Name Mount Ivy Estates	Location New York, NY	Reviewed By	0
Project No. 41.0162511.00	Assigned By Dharmil Patel		
Project Manager Frank Romano	Report Date 06.14.17	Date Reviewed	<i>06.16.17</i>

					Ide	entific	cation Te	ests				Co	rrosivity		
Boring/ Test Pit No.	Sample No.	Depth ft.	Lab No.	Water Content %	LL %	PL %	Gravel %	Sand %	Fines (<#200)	Org. %	Sulfate (mg/kg)	Chloride (mg/kg)	Resistivity (Mohms-cm)	GTL Resist	Laboratory Log and Soil Description
B-1	S-2	2-4	1				9.5	75.9	14.6						Red f-c SAND, little Silt, trace fine Gravel
B-2	S-5	8-10	2				15.4	61.5	23.1						Red f-c SAND, some Silt, little fine Gravel
B-4	S-2	2-4	3				16.9	63.6	19.5						Yellowish Brown f-c SAND, little Silt, little fine Gravel
B-5	S-2	2-4	4				41.1	53.4	5.5						Yellowish Brown f-c SAND and f-c GRAVEL, trace Silt
B-5	S-5	8-10	5				0.0	50.3	49.7						Brown fine SAND and SILT
B-6	S-4	6-8	6				6.6	61.4	32.0						Dark Brown f-m SAND, some Silt, trace fine Gravel
B-7	S-4	6-8	7				3.8	73.0	23.2						Red f-m SAND, some Silt, trace fine Gravel
B-9	S-3	4-6	8				16.6	47.2	36.2						Yellow f-c SAND and SILT, little f- c Gravel
B-10	S-4	6-8	9				37.5	53.3	9.2						Grey f-c SAND and fine GRAVEL, trace Silt
B-12	S-2	2-4	10				5.1	83.2	11.7						Yellowish Brown f-c SAND, little Silt, trace fine Gravel



195 Frances Avenue Cranston, RI 02910

401-467-6454



Medium

40.5

Fine

23.8

Opening	Percent	Spec.*	Pass?
Size	Finer	(Percent)	(X=Fail)
0.75"	100.0		
0.5"	96.7		
0.375"	95.0		
#4	90.5		
#10	78.9		
#20	56.6		
#40	38.4		
#60	28.9		
#100	20.4		
#200	14.6		
	*		

0.0

0.0

Fine

9.5

11.6

Material Description				
Red f-c SAND, little Silt, trace fine Gravel				
Attorborg Limits (ASTM D 4349)				
PL= NP LL= NV PI= NP				
USCS (D 2487)= SM AASHTO (M 145)= A-1-b				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
Date Received: 06.09.17 Date Tested: 06.12.17				
Tested By: SA				
Checked By: Matthew Colman P.E.				
Title: Laboratory Manager				

Source of Sample: Borings Sample Number: B-1 / S-2 **Depth: 2-4'** 

Thielsch Engineering Inc.

Cranston, RI

Client: GZA GeoEnviormental

**Project:** Mount Ivy Estates New York, NY

**Project No:** 41.0162511.00

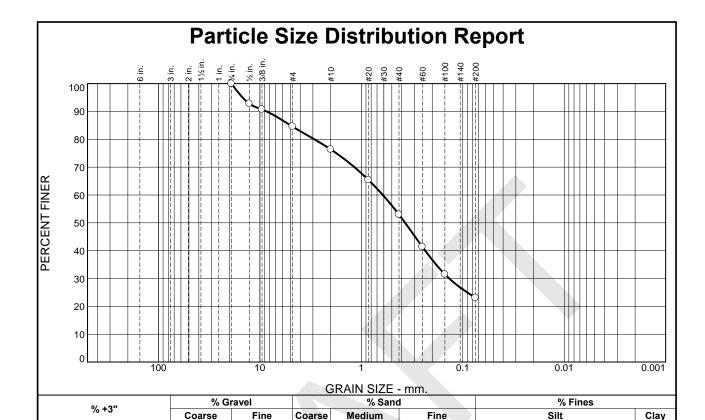
Figure

S-1

**Date Sampled:** 

Clay

14.6



Medium

23.4

Fine

29.9

TEST RESULTS (D6913)				
Opening	Percent	Spec.*	Pass?	
Size	Finer	(Percent)	(X=Fail)	
0.75"	100.0			
0.5"	92.8			
0.375"	90.7			
#4	84.6			
#10	76.4			
#20	65.4			
#40	53.0			
#60	41.4			
#100	31.5			
#200	23.1			

0.0

Material Description					
Red f-c SAND, some Silt, little fine Gravel					
Atterberg Limits (ASTM D 4318) PL= NP					
USCS (D 2487)= SM AASHTO (M 145)= A-2-4(0)					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					
Remarks					
Date Received: 06.09.17 Date Tested: 06.12.17 Tested By: SA					
Checked By: Matthew Colman P.E.					
Title: Laboratory Manager					

0.0

Source of Sample: Borings Sample Number: B-2 / S-5

**Depth:** 8-10'

Fine

15.4

8.2

**Date Sampled:** 

Thielsch Engineering Inc.

Client: GZA GeoEnviormental **Project:** Mount Ivy Estates

New York, NY

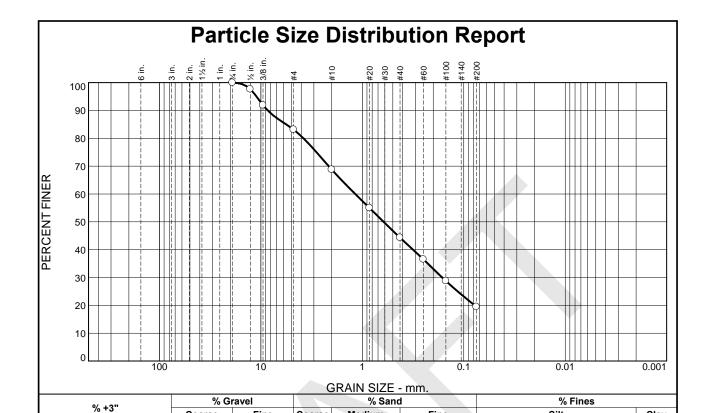
Cranston, RI **Project No:** 41.0162511.00

Figure

S-2

Clay

23.1



TEST RESULTS (D6913)			
Opening	Percent	Spec.*	Pass?
Size	Finer	(Percent)	(X=Fail)
0.75"	100.0		
0.5"	97.6		
0.375"	91.9		
#4	83.1		
#10	68.8		
#20	55.0		
#40	44.3		
#60	36.5		
#100	28.7		
#200	19.5		

0.0

0.0

Fine

16.9

Coarse

14.3

Medium

24.5

Fine

24.8

Material Description				
Yellowish Brow	n f-c SAND, little Silt, li	ttle fine Gravel		
Atterberg Limits (ASTM D 4318) PL= NP				
USCS (D 2487)= SM				
D <sub>90</sub> = 8.5490 D <sub>50</sub> = 0.6166 D <sub>10</sub> =	Coefficients D <sub>85</sub> = 5.6281 D <sub>30</sub> = 0.1633 C <sub>u</sub> =	D <sub>60</sub> = 1.1738 D <sub>15</sub> = C <sub>c</sub> =		
Remarks				
Date Received:	06.09.17 <b>Date Te</b>	ested: 06.12.17		
Tested By:	SA			
Checked By:	Checked By: Matthew Colman P.E.			
Title:	Title: Laboratory Manager			

Source of Sample: Borings Sample Number: B-4 / S-2 **Depth: 2-4'** 

**Date Sampled:** 

Silt

19.5

Clay

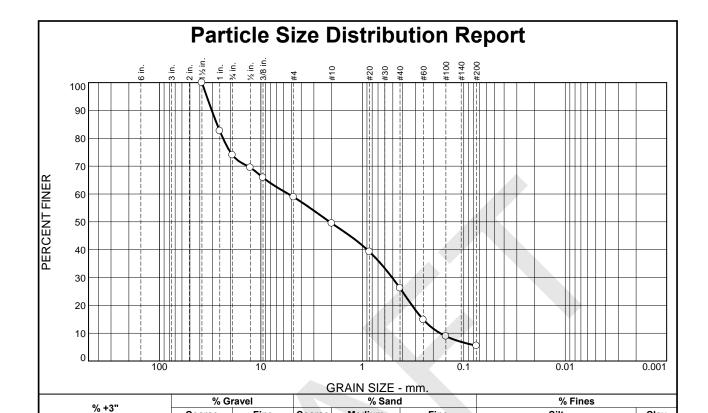
Thielsch Engineering Inc.

Client: GZA GeoEnviormental **Project:** Mount Ivy Estates

New York, NY

Cranston, RI **Project No:** 41.0162511.00

Figure S-3



TEST RESULTS (D6913)			
Opening	Percent	Spec.*	Pass?
Size	Finer	(Percent)	(X=Fail)
1.5"	100.0		
1"	82.6		
0.75"	74.0		
0.5"	69.5		
0.375"	65.9		
#4	58.9		
#10	49.5		
#20	39.2		
#40	26.2		
#60	14.9		
#100	8.9		
#200	5.5		
* (	cification provid	- 4\	

26.0

0.0

Fine

15.1

Coarse

9.4

Medium

23.3

Fine

20.7

Material Description				
Yellowish Brown f-c SAND and f-c GRAVEL, trace Silt				
Atterberg Limits (ASTM D 4318) PL= NP LL= NV PI= NP				
Classification USCS (D 2487)= SP-SM AASHTO (M 145)= A-1-a				
Coefficients				
D90= 30.4475       D85= 26.9965       D60= 5.3489         D50= 2.0978       D30= 0.5083       D15= 0.2522         D10= 0.1712       Cu= 31.25       Cc= 0.28				
Remarks				
Date Received: 06.09.17 Date Tested: 06.12.17				
Tested By: SA				
Checked By: Matthew Colman P.E.				
Title: Laboratory Manager				

Source of Sample: Borings Sample Number: B-5 / S-2

**Depth:** 2-4'

**Date Sampled:** 

Silt

5.5

Clay

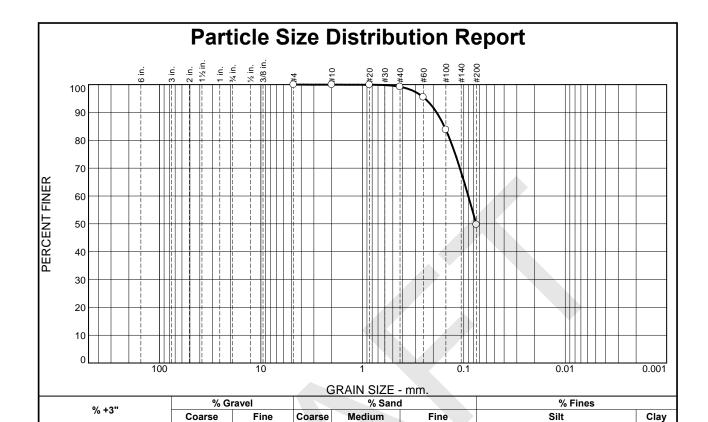
Thielsch Engineering Inc.

Client: GZA GeoEnviormental
Project: Mount Ivy Estates

New York, NY

Cranston, RI Project No: 41.0162511.00

Figure S-4



Opening	Percent	Spec.*	Pass?
Size	Finer	(Percent)	(X=Fail)
#4	100.0		
#10	100.0		
#20	99.9		
#40	99.2		
#60	95.5		
#100	83.8		
#200	49.7		

0.0

0.0

0.0

0.8

49.5

0.0

Material Description		
Brown fine SAND and SILT		
Atterberg Limits (ASTM D 4318)		
PL= NP LL= NV PI= NP		
Classification   USCS (D 2487)= SM   AASHTO (M 145)= A-4(0)		
Coefficients           D90= 0.1851         D85= 0.1554         D60= 0.0903           D50= 0.0754         D30=         D15=           D10=         Cu=         Cc=		
Remarks		
Date Received: 06.09.17 Date Tested: 06.12.17		
Tested By: SA		
Checked By: Matthew Colman P.E.		
Title: Laboratory Manager		

Source of Sample: Borings D Sample Number: B-5 / S-5

**Depth:** 8-10'

**Date Sampled:** 

49.7

Thielsch Engineering Inc.

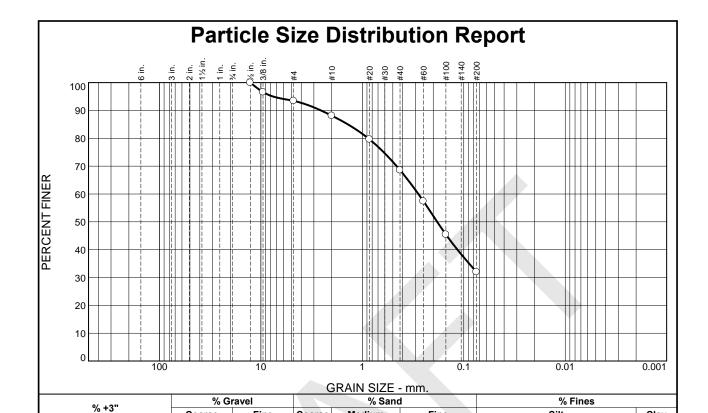
Cranston, RI

Client: GZA GeoEnviormental
Project: Mount Ivy Estates

New York, NY

**Project No:** 41.0162511.00

Figure



Opening	Percent	Spec.*	Pass?
Size	Finer	(Percent)	(X=Fail)
0.5"	100.0		
0.375"	96.6		
#4	93.4		
#10	88.1		
#20	79.6		
#40	68.6		
#60	57.4		
#100	45.4		
#200	32.0		

0.0

Fine

6.6

Coarse

5.3

Medium

19.5

Fine

36.6

Material Description			
Dark Brown f-m SAND, some Silt, trace fine Gravel			
Atterberg Limits (ASTM D 4318) PL= NP			
Classification   USCS (D 2487)= SM   AASHTO (M 145)= A-2-4(0)			
Coefficients         D90= 2.5586       D85= 1.3877       D60= 0.2801         D50= 0.1828       D30=       D15=         D10=       Cu=       Cc=			
Remarks			
Date Received: 06.09.17 Date Tested: 06.12.17			
Tested By: SA			
Checked By: Matthew Colman P.E.			
Title: Laboratory Manager			

Source of Sample: Borings Sample Number: B-6 / S-4

0.0

**Depth:** 6-8'

**Date Sampled:** 

Silt

32.0

Clay

Thielsch Engineering Inc.

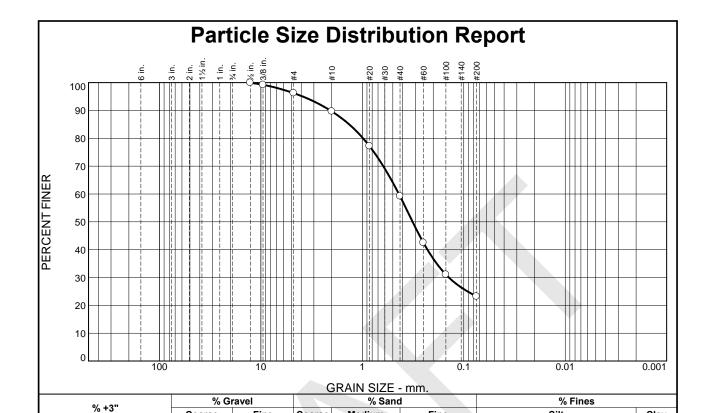
Cranston, RI

Client: GZA GeoEnviormental

**Project:** Mount Ivy Estates New York, NY

**Project No:** 41.0162511.00

Figure



	TEST RESUL		
Opening	Percent	Spec.*	Pass?
Size	Finer	(Percent)	(X=Fail)
0.5"	100.0		
0.375"	99.2		
#4	96.2		
#10	89.7		
#20	77.2		
#40	59.2		
#60	42.5		
#100	31.1		
#200	23.2		
*			

0.0

0.0

Fine

3.8

Coarse

6.5

Medium

30.5

Fine

36.0

Material Description					
Red f-m SAND, some Silt, trace fine Gravel					
Attaubaum	Limita /ACTM D 4240\				
PL= NP LL	<u>Limits (ASTM D 4318)</u> .= NV				
C	Classification				
USCS (D 2487)= SM					
	Coefficients				
<b>D<sub>90</sub>=</b> 2.0662 <b>D<sub>85</sub> D<sub>50</sub>=</b> 0.3191 <b>D<sub>85</sub></b>	<b>D<sub>60</sub>=</b> 0.4360 <b>D<sub>15</sub>=</b> 0.1403 <b>D<sub>15</sub>=</b>				
D <sub>10</sub> = 0.3171 D <sub>30</sub>	C <sub>C</sub> =				
Remarks					
Date Received: 06.09.1	Date Tested: 06.12	17			
	Date lested. 00.12	.17			
	Tested By: SA				
Checked By: Matthe	w Colman P.E.				
Title: Laboratory Manager					

Source of Sample: Borings Sample Number: B-7 / S-4

**Depth:** 6-8'

**Date Sampled:** 

Silt

23.2

Clay

Thielsch Engineering Inc.

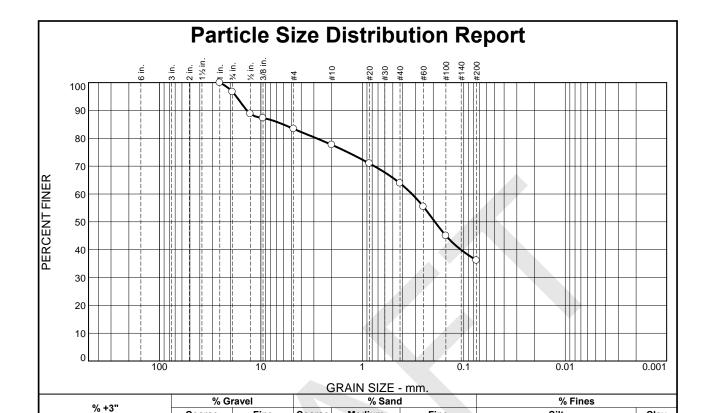
Cranston, RI

Client: GZA GeoEnviormental

**Project:** Mount Ivy Estates New York, NY

**Project No:** 41.0162511.00

Figure



TEST RESULTS (D6913)			
Opening	Percent	Spec.*	Pass?
Size	Finer	(Percent)	(X=Fail)
1"	100.0		
0.75"	96.7		
0.5"	88.8		
0.375"	87.3		
#4	83.4		
#10	77.7		
#20	71.0		
#40	63.9		
#60	55.4		
#100	45.0		
#200	36.2		
* /	ecification provid	1)	

3.3

0.0

Fine

13.3

Coarse

5.7

Medium

13.8

Fine

27.7

Material	Description		
Yellow f-c SAND and SILT	, little f-c Gravel		
Atterberg Lim	nits (ASTM D 4318) NV PI= NP		
	, ,		
	sification		
USCS (D 2487)= SM	<b>AASHTO (M 145)=</b> A-4(0)		
	efficients		
<b>D<sub>90</sub>=</b> 13.7177 <b>D<sub>85</sub>=</b> 6. <b>D<sub>50</sub>=</b> 0.1925 <b>D<sub>30</sub>=</b>	0296 <b>D<sub>60</sub>=</b> 0.3238 <b>D<sub>15</sub>=</b>		
D <sub>10</sub> = C <sub>u</sub> =	C <sub>C</sub> =		
Remarks			
Date Received: 06.09.17	Date Tested: 06.12.17		
Tested By: SA			
Checked By: Matthew Colman P.E.			
Title: Laboratory Manager			
<u></u>			

Source of Sample: Borings Sample Number: B-9 / S-3

**Depth:** 4-6'

**Date Sampled:** 

Silt

36.2

Clay

Thielsch Engineering Inc.

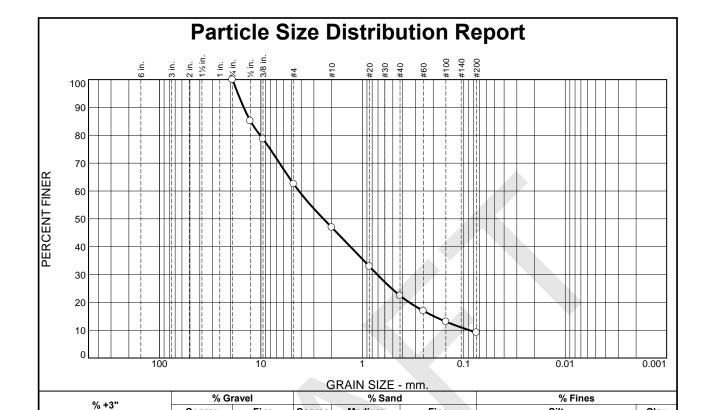
Cranston, RI

Client: GZA GeoEnviormental

**Project:** Mount Ivy Estates New York, NY

**Project No:** 41.0162511.00

Figure



Opening	Percent	Spec.*	Pass?
Size	Finer	(Percent)	(X=Fail)
0.75"	100.0		
0.5"	85.2		
0.375"	78.7		
#4	62.5		
#10	46.9		
#20	32.9		
#40	22.4		
#60	17.0		
#100	13.1		
#200	9.2		_

0.0

Fine

37.5

Coarse

15.6

Medium

24.5

Fine

13.2

<u>Material Description</u>			
Grey f-c SAND and fine GRAVEL, trace Silt			
Atterberg Limits (ASTM D 4318) PL= NP			
USCS (D 2487)= SW-SM AASHTO (M 145)= A-1-a			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
Date Received: 06.09.17 Date Tested: 06.12.17 Tested By: SA			
Checked By: Matthew Colman P.E.			
Title: Laboratory Manager			

Source of Sample: Borings Sample Number: B-10 / S-4

0.0

**Depth:** 6-8'

**Date Sampled:** 

Silt

9.2

Clay

Thielsch Engineering Inc.

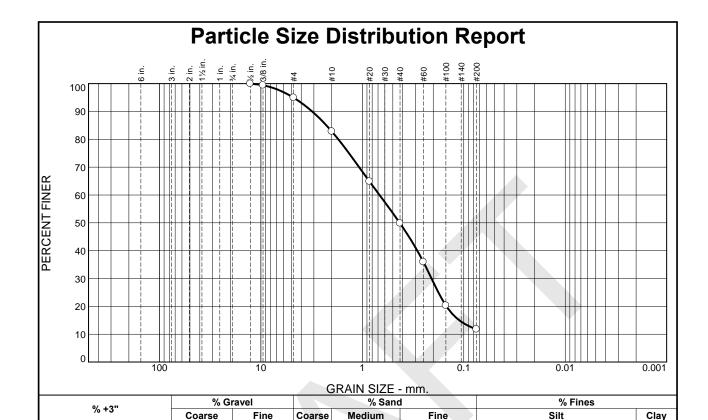
**Client:** GZA GeoEnviormental **Project:** Mount Ivy Estates

New York, NY

Cranston, RI

**Project No:** 41.0162511.00

Figure



Medium

33.0

Fine

38.1

Opening	Percent	Spec.*	Pass?
Size	Finer	(Percent)	(X=Fail)
0.5"	100.0		
0.375"	99.4		
#4	94.9		
#10	82.8		
#20	64.9		
#40	49.8		
#60	35.9		
#100	20.3		
#200	11.7		

0.0

0.0

Material Description			
Yellowish Brown f-c SAND, little Silt, trace fine Gravel			
PL= NP LL= NV PI= NP			
Classification USCS (D 2487)= SP-SM AASHTO (M 145)= A-1-b			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
Remarks			
Date Received: 06.09.17 Date Tested: 06.12.17			
Tested By: SA			
Checked By: Matthew Colman P.E.			
Title: Laboratory Manager			

Source of Sample: Borings Sample Number: B-12 / S-2

**Depth: 2-4'** 

Fine

5.1

12.1

**Date Sampled:** 

Thielsch Engineering Inc.

Cranston, RI

Client: GZA GeoEnviormental **Project:** Mount Ivy Estates

New York, NY

**Project No:** 41.0162511.00

S-10 Figure

Clay

11.7

Millers Pond, Ramapo, NY

Notes from Environmental Mapper/Desktop review:

5/7/20

Initial site information was pulled using the EAF Mapper tool on the NYSDEC website on 5/06/2020. According to the EAF Mapper, the site is within 2,000 feet of a NYSDEC Environmental Remediation and Superfund site (DEC ID 344064) known as the "Ramapo Paint Sludge Site." The address of the site is 24 Chestnut St, Spring Valley,NY 10977. According to the DEC, remediation of on-site paint sludge in OperableU 1 and 2 was substantially completed in April 2016. However, contaminants are still present in Operable-Unit 3, which is the OU-3 is the Camp Hill Road Area. See attached pdf for more information regarding the site.

The EAF mapper identified a classification C stream (ID 864-501) on site, in addition to state and federal regulated wetlands in the vicninity: NYS Wetland TH-16 (269.9 acres), NYS Wetland TH-31 (19.6 acres). Portions of the site are located in the 100-year floodplain, and surrounding principal and primary aquifers.

According to the US Fish and Wildlife IPaC tool report (attached) pulled on 5/06/2020, the threatened bog turtle is the only endangered or threatened species that exists within the vicinity. There are no critical habitats identified on site. The US Fish and Wildlife Service should be contacted directly to determine if there is a potential impact to the bog turtle on site. The IPaC tool also identified 12 migratory bird species of particular concern either because they occur on the USFWS Birds of Conservation Concern (BCC) list or warrant special attention in the project site. These birds are detailed in the attached IPaC report.

A project screening request was submitted to the New York Natural Heritage Program on 5/07/2020. Response time is 3-4 weeks, although projects extending over large areas or requiring more information may take longer.



# Environmental Site Remediation Database Search Details

# Site Record

# **Administrative Information**

Site Name: Ramapo Paint Sludge Site

Site Code: 344064

**Program:** State Superfund Program

Classification: A EPA ID Number:

# Location

**DEC Region:** 3 **Address:** Route 17

City:Ramapo Zip: 10911

County:Rockland

Latitude: 41.138128386 Longitude: -74.165382784

Site Type:

Estimated Size: 10 Acres

# Site Owner(s) and Operator(s)

# **Site Document Repository**

Name: Finkelstein Memorial Library

Address: 24 Chestnut St Spring Valley,NY 10977 Name: Village of Hillburn Address: Village Hall

31 Mountain Avenue Hillburn, NY 10931

Name: Town of Ramapo Address: 237 Route 59

Suffern, NY 10901

# **Site Description**

Location: The Ramapo Paint Sludge Site consists of areas where paint sludge was reportedly disposed of in the Town of Ramapo, Rockland County. At present, three locations have been identified. These include the North of Ramapo Well Field Area, the Torne Valley Road Area and the Camp Hill Road Area. The North of Ramapo Well Field and the Torne Valley Road Area are located in

an undeveloped area approximately two miles north of the Village of Suffern. The Camp Hill Road Area is located in a suburban area approximately one mile southwest of the intersection of the Palisades Parkway and Route 202. Current Zoning/Use: The North of Ramapo Well Field is undeveloped and is utilized as a well field operated by United Water. Access to the Ramapo Well Field is restricted by a site access gate. The Torne Valley Road Area is vacant and primarily wooded. Both of these areas are zoned for residential use; however, the town has filed a restrictive covenant that prohibits single family homes in these areas. The Camp Hill Road Area includes a pond approximately one acre in size and encroaches on New York State (NYS) regulated wetland TH-16. The Camp Hill Road area is adjacent to an area that is zoned residential. Past Uses of the Site: The North of Ramapo Well Field and Torne Valley Road Area have had several historic uses including rock mining and heavy equipment storage. The Torne Valley Road Area was reportedly used as a waste transfer station for the adjacent Ramapo Landfill and may have been reworked during the time that the landfill was in operation. The Camp Hill Road Area was formally used as a day camp in the early 1970s. All three areas were the location of illegal disposal of waste paint sludge from the Ford¿s Mahwah, New Jersey assembly plant. Operable Units: The site is divided into three operable units. An operable unit represents a portion of a remedial program for a site that for technical or administrative reasons can be addressed separately to investigate, eliminate or mitigate a release, threat of release or exposure pathway resulting from the site contamination. Operable Unit 1 (OU-1) is the North of Ramapo Well Field and consists of a 40-acre area bounded on the east by the Ramapo River and bounded on the west by railroad tracks and Bridge Street. OU-2 is the Torne Valley Road Area and consists of an area to the west of Torne Valley Road and to the east of the Torne Brooke (northern area), and an additional smaller area to the east of Torne Valley Road (southern area). OU-3 is the Camp Hill Road Area and consists of a small area that encroaches on a NYS regulated wetland and is adjacent to a residential development. OU-3 is approximately six miles northeast of OU-1 and OU-2. Site Geology and Hydrogeology: The North of Ramapo Well Field and Torne Valley Road Area are adjacent to the Ramapo River and Torne Brook. The depth to competent bedrock varies at the site from between 72 and 100 feet. Bedrock is covered by stratified drift which consists of unconsolidated deposits composed of sand, gravel, silt, and clay. Overburden groundwater is present at approximately 10 feet below ground surface and generally flows south following the Torne Brook and Ramapo River. United Water supply wells in Operable Unit 1 are screened at depths ranging from 46 feet to 98 feet within the stratified drift. The Camp Hill Road Area is adjacent to a man-made pond. The pond is fed by a small stream from the northwest and has an overflow which discharges to another small stream on the east side of the pond, which then flows into the regulated wetland.

# **Contaminants of Concern (Including Materials Disposed)**

**Contaminant Name/Type** 

benzo(a)pyrene ethylbenzene manganese methyl ethyl ketone zinc toluene acetone xylene (mixed) benzene benzo(b)fluoranthene chrysene benzo(a)anthracene indeno(1,2,3-CD)pyrene arsenic mercury selenium barium cadmium copper lead naphthalene

nickel

# **Site Environmental Assessment**

Based upon investigations conducted to date, the primary contaminant of concern (COC) for all OUs were those associated with paint sludge. The paint sludge contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) including benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylene (BTEX), the semi-volatile organic compound (SVOC) naphthalene, as well as several metals including barium, cadmium, copper mercury, nickel, zinc and most notably lead. Remediation of paint sludge has been completed in OU-1 and OU-2. An Interim Remedial Measure was completed in OU-1 in April 2014. Following the IRM, post-excavation samples in OU-1 indicate exceedances of Unrestricted SCOs for VOCs, SVOCs, and metals. Remediation of on-site paint sludge was substantially completed in OU-2 in April 2016. Off-site paint sludge near OU-2 must still be addressed. In the OU-3 areas, paint sludge is present in one concentrated area in the sub-surface within a regulated dam adjacent to a pond, and some pieces of paint sludge material are present along the shallow eastern bank of the on-site pond and the surface of the dam. Paint sludge in OU-3 extends from 0 to 16 feet below the ground surface.

# Site Health Assessment

Measures are in place to prevent people from coming into contact with any remaining contamination in Operable Unit (OU) 1 and OU-2. OU-3 is not fenced and persons who enter OU-3 could contact contaminants in soil by digging or otherwise disturbing the soil.

For more Information: E-mail Us

# IPaC resource list

This report is an automatically generated list of species and other resources such as critical habitat (collectively referred to as *trust resources*) under the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's (USFWS) jurisdiction that are known or expected to be on or near the project area referenced below. The list may also include trust resources that occur outside of the project area, but that could potentially be directly or indirectly affected by activities in the project area. However, determining the likelihood and extent of effects a project may have on trust resources typically requires gathering additional site-specific (e.g., vegetation/species surveys) and project-specific (e.g., magnitude and timing of proposed activities) information.

Below is a summary of the project information you provided and contact information for the USFWS office(s) with jurisdiction in the defined project area. Please read the introduction to each section that follows (Endangered Species, Migratory Birds, USFWS Facilities, and NWI Wetlands) for additional information applicable to the trust resources addressed in that section.

# Location

Rockland County, New York



# Local offices

Long Island Ecological Services Field Office

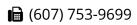
**4** (631) 286-0485

**(631)** 286-4003

340 Smith Road Shirley, NY 11967-2258

New York Ecological Services Field Office

**(**607) 753-9334



3817 Luker Road Cortland, NY 13045-9385

http://www.fws.gov/northeast/nyfo/es/section7.htm



# Endangered species

This resource list is for informational purposes only and does not constitute an analysis of project level impacts.

The primary information used to generate this list is the known or expected range of each species. Additional areas of influence (AOI) for species are also considered. An AOI includes areas outside of the species range if the species could be indirectly affected by activities in that area (e.g., placing a dam upstream of a fish population, even if that fish does not occur at the dam site, may indirectly impact the species by reducing or eliminating water flow downstream). Because species can move, and site conditions can change, the species on this list are not guaranteed to be found on or near the project area. To fully determine any potential effects to species, additional site-specific and project-specific information is often required.

Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act **requires** Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of such proposed action" for any project that is conducted, permitted, funded, or licensed by any Federal agency. A letter from the local office and a species list which fulfills this requirement can **only** be obtained by requesting an official species list from either the Regulatory Review section in IPaC (see directions below) or from the local field office directly.

For project evaluations that require USFWS concurrence/review, please return to the IPaC website and request an official species list by doing the following:

- 1. Draw the project location and click CONTINUE.
- 2. Click DEFINE PROJECT.
- 3. Log in (if directed to do so).
- 4. Provide a name and description for your project.
- 5. Click REQUEST SPECIES LIST.

Listed species<sup>1</sup> and their critical habitats are managed by the <u>Ecological Services Program</u> of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and the fisheries division of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA Fisheries<sup>2</sup>).

Species and critical habitats under the sole responsibility of NOAA Fisheries are **not** shown on this list. Please contact <u>NOAA Fisheries</u> for <u>species under their jurisdiction</u>.

- 1. Species listed under the <u>Endangered Species Act</u> are threatened or endangered; IPaC also shows species that are candidates, or proposed, for listing. See the <u>listing status page</u> for more information.
- 2. <u>NOAA Fisheries</u>, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

The following species are potentially affected by activities in this location:

# Reptiles

NAME STATUS

Bog Turtle Clemmys muhlenbergii No critical habitat has been designated for this species. https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6962

# Critical habitats

Potential effects to critical habitat(s) in this location must be analyzed along with the endangered species themselves.

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS AT THIS LOCATION.

# Migratory birds

Certain birds are protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty  $Act^{1}$  and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection  $Act^{2}$ .

Any person or organization who plans or conducts activities that may result in impacts to migratory birds, eagles, and their habitats should follow appropriate regulations and consider implementing appropriate conservation measures, as described <u>below</u>.

- 1. The Migratory Birds Treaty Act of 1918.
- 2. The Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act of 1940.

Additional information can be found using the following links:

- Birds of Conservation Concern <a href="http://www.fws.gov/birds/management/managed-species/birds-of-conservation-concern.php">http://www.fws.gov/birds/management/managed-species/birds-of-conservation-concern.php</a>
- Measures for avoiding and minimizing impacts to birds
   <a href="http://www.fws.gov/birds/management/project-assessment-tools-and-guidance/conservation-measures.php">http://www.fws.gov/birds/management/project-assessment-tools-and-guidance/conservation-measures.php</a>
- Nationwide conservation measures for birds <a href="http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/pdf/management/nationwidestandardconservationmeasures.pdf">http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/pdf/management/nationwidestandardconservationmeasures.pdf</a>

The birds listed below are birds of particular concern either because they occur on the <u>USFWS Birds of Conservation Concern</u> (BCC) list or warrant special attention in your project location. To learn more about the levels of concern for birds on your list and how this list is generated, see the FAQ <u>below</u>. This is not a list of every bird you may find in this location, nor a guarantee that every bird on this list will be found in your project area. To see exact locations of where birders and the general public have sighted birds in and around your project area, visit the <u>E-bird data mapping tool</u> (Tip: enter your location, desired date range and a species on your list). For projects that occur off the Atlantic Coast, additional maps and models detailing the relative occurrence and abundance of bird species on your list are available. Links to additional information about Atlantic Coast birds, and other important information about your migratory bird list, including how to properly interpret and use your migratory bird report, can be found <u>below</u>.

For guidance on when to schedule activities or implement avoidance and minimization measures to reduce impacts to migratory birds on your list, click on the PROBABILITY OF PRESENCE SUMMARY at the top of your list to see when these birds are most likely to be present and breeding in your project area.

NAME

BREEDING SEASON (IF A
BREEDING SEASON IS INDICATED
FOR A BIRD ON YOUR LIST, THE
BIRD MAY BREED IN YOUR
PROJECT AREA SOMETIME WITHIN
THE TIMEFRAME SPECIFIED,
WHICH IS A VERY LIBERAL
ESTIMATE OF THE DATES INSIDE
WHICH THE BIRD BREEDS
ACROSS ITS ENTIRE RANGE.
"BREEDS ELSEWHERE" INDICATES
THAT THE BIRD DOES NOT LIKELY
BREED IN YOUR PROJECT AREA.)

Bald Eagle Haliaeetus leucocephalus

This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1626

Black-billed Cuckoo Coccyzus erythropthalmus

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9399

Black-capped Chickadee Poecile atricapillus practicus

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) only in particular Bird

Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA

**Bobolink** Dolichonyx oryzivorus

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Canada Warbler Cardellina canadensis

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Cerulean Warbler Dendroica cerulea

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/2974

Breeds Sep 1 to Aug 31

Breeds May 15 to Oct 10

Breeds Apr 10 to Jul 31

Breeds May 20 to Jul 31

Breeds May 20 to Aug 10

Breeds Apr 27 to Jul 20

Golden-winged Warbler Vermivora chrysoptera

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8745

Breeds May 1 to Jul 20

Prairie Warbler Dendroica discolor

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds May 1 to Jul 31

Rusty Blackbird Euphagus carolinus

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds elsewhere

Wood Thrush Hylocichla mustelina

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

Breeds May 10 to Aug 31

Yellow-bellied Sapsucker sphyrapicus varius

This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA <a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8792">https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8792</a>

Breeds May 10 to Jul 15

# **Probability of Presence Summary**

The graphs below provide our best understanding of when birds of concern are most likely to be present in your project area. This information can be used to tailor and schedule your project activities to avoid or minimize impacts to birds. Please make sure you read and understand the FAQ "Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report" before using or attempting to interpret this report.

# Probability of Presence (■)

Each green bar represents the bird's relative probability of presence in the 10km grid cell(s) your project overlaps during a particular week of the year. (A year is represented as 12 4-week months.) A taller bar indicates a higher probability of species presence. The survey effort (see below) can be used to establish a level of confidence in the presence score. One can have higher confidence in the presence score if the corresponding survey effort is also high.

How is the probability of presence score calculated? The calculation is done in three steps:

- 1. The probability of presence for each week is calculated as the number of survey events in the week where the species was detected divided by the total number of survey events for that week. For example, if in week 12 there were 20 survey events and the Spotted Towhee was found in 5 of them, the probability of presence of the Spotted Towhee in week 12 is 0.25.
- 2. To properly present the pattern of presence across the year, the relative probability of presence is calculated. This is the probability of presence divided by the maximum probability of presence across all weeks. For example, imagine the probability of presence in week 20 for the Spotted Towhee is 0.05, and that the probability of presence at week 12 (0.25) is the maximum of any

- week of the year. The relative probability of presence on week 12 is 0.25/0.25 = 1; at week 20 it is 0.05/0.25 = 0.2.
- 3. The relative probability of presence calculated in the previous step undergoes a statistical conversion so that all possible values fall between 0 and 10, inclusive. This is the probability of presence score.

To see a bar's probability of presence score, simply hover your mouse cursor over the bar.

# Breeding Season (

Yellow bars denote a very liberal estimate of the time-frame inside which the bird breeds across its entire range. If there are no yellow bars shown for a bird, it does not breed in your project area.

## Survey Effort (1)

Vertical black lines superimposed on probability of presence bars indicate the number of surveys performed for that species in the 10km grid cell(s) your project area overlaps. The number of surveys is expressed as a range, for example, 33 to 64 surveys.

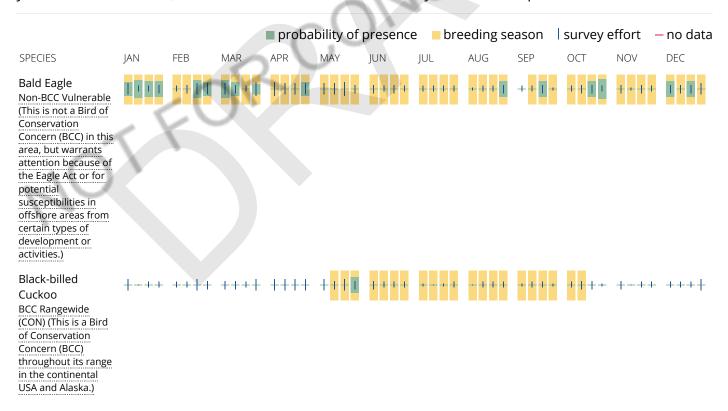
To see a bar's survey effort range, simply hover your mouse cursor over the bar.

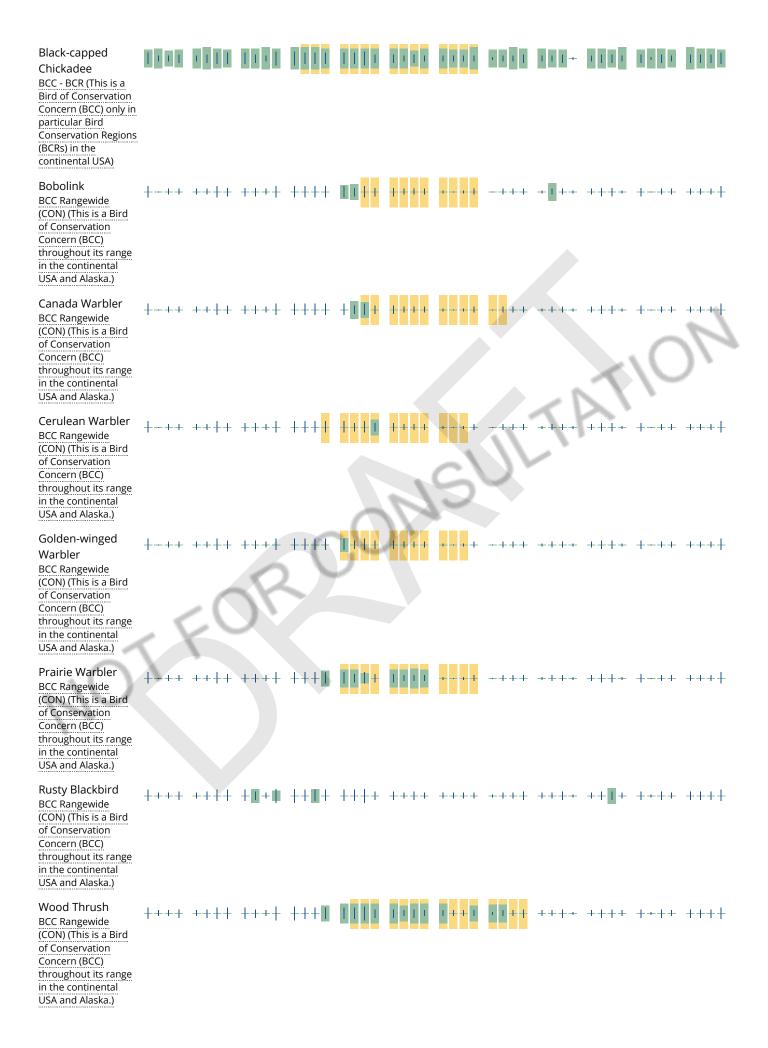
#### No Data (-)

A week is marked as having no data if there were no survey events for that week.

## **Survey Timeframe**

Surveys from only the last 10 years are used in order to ensure delivery of currently relevant information. The exception to this is areas off the Atlantic coast, where bird returns are based on all years of available data, since data in these areas is currently much more sparse.





Yellow-bellied
Sapsucker
BCC - BCR (This is a
Bird of Conservation
Concern (BCC) only in
particular Bird
Conservation Regions
(BCRs) in the
continental USA)

Tell me more about conservation measures I can implement to avoid or minimize impacts to migratory birds.

Nationwide Conservation Measures describes measures that can help avoid and minimize impacts to all birds at any location year round. Implementation of these measures is particularly important when birds are most likely to occur in the project area. When birds may be breeding in the area, identifying the locations of any active nests and avoiding their destruction is a very helpful impact minimization measure. To see when birds are most likely to occur and be breeding in your project area, view the Probability of Presence Summary. Additional measures and/or permits may be advisable depending on the type of activity you are conducting and the type of infrastructure or bird species present on your project site.

#### What does IPaC use to generate the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location?

The Migratory Bird Resource List is comprised of USFWS <u>Birds of Conservation Concern (BCC)</u> and other species that may warrant special attention in your project location.

The migratory bird list generated for your project is derived from data provided by the <u>Avian Knowledge Network (AKN)</u>. The AKN data is based on a growing collection of <u>survey</u>, <u>banding</u>, <u>and citizen science datasets</u> and is queried and filtered to return a list of those birds reported as occurring in the 10km grid cell(s) which your project intersects, and that have been identified as warranting special attention because they are a BCC species in that area, an eagle (<u>Eagle Act</u> requirements may apply), or a species that has a particular vulnerability to offshore activities or development.

Again, the Migratory Bird Resource list includes only a subset of birds that may occur in your project area. It is not representative of all birds that may occur in your project area. To get a list of all birds potentially present in your project area, please visit the <a href="https://example.com/AKN Phenology Tool">AKN Phenology Tool</a>.

# What does IPaC use to generate the probability of presence graphs for the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location?

The probability of presence graphs associated with your migratory bird list are based on data provided by the <u>Avian Knowledge Network (AKN)</u>. This data is derived from a growing collection of <u>survey</u>, <u>banding</u>, <u>and citizen science datasets</u>.

Probability of presence data is continuously being updated as new and better information becomes available. To learn more about how the probability of presence graphs are produced and how to interpret them, go the Probability of Presence Summary and then click on the "Tell me about these graphs" link.

#### How do I know if a bird is breeding, wintering, migrating or present year-round in my project area?

To see what part of a particular bird's range your project area falls within (i.e. breeding, wintering, migrating or year-round), you may refer to the following resources: The Cornell Lab of Ornithology All About Birds Bird Guide, or (if you are unsuccessful in locating the bird of interest there), the Cornell Lab of Ornithology Neotropical Birds guide. If a bird on your migratory bird species list has a breeding season associated with it, if that bird does occur in your project area, there may be nests present at some point within the timeframe specified. If "Breeds elsewhere" is indicated, then the bird likely does not breed in your project area.

Migratory birds delivered through IPaC fall into the following distinct categories of concern:

- 1. "BCC Rangewide" birds are <u>Birds of Conservation Concern</u> (BCC) that are of concern throughout their range anywhere within the USA (including Hawaii, the Pacific Islands, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands);
- 2. "BCC BCR" birds are BCCs that are of concern only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA; and
- 3. "Non-BCC Vulnerable" birds are not BCC species in your project area, but appear on your list either because of the <u>Eagle Act</u> requirements (for eagles) or (for non-eagles) potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities (e.g. offshore energy development or longline fishing).

Although it is important to try to avoid and minimize impacts to all birds, efforts should be made, in particular, to avoid and minimize impacts to the birds on this list, especially eagles and BCC species of rangewide concern. For more information on conservation measures you can implement to help avoid and minimize migratory bird impacts and requirements for eagles, please see the FAQs for these topics.

#### Details about birds that are potentially affected by offshore projects

For additional details about the relative occurrence and abundance of both individual bird species and groups of bird species within your project area off the Atlantic Coast, please visit the Northeast Ocean Data Portal. The Portal also offers data and information about other taxa besides birds that may be helpful to you in your project review. Alternately, you may download the bird model results files underlying the portal maps through the NOAA NCCOS Integrative Statistical Modeling and Predictive Mapping of Marine Bird Distributions and Abundance on the Atlantic Outer Continental Shelf project webpage.

Bird tracking data can also provide additional details about occurrence and habitat use throughout the year, including migration. Models relying on survey data may not include this information. For additional information on marine bird tracking data, see the <u>Diving Bird Study</u> and the <u>nanotag studies</u> or contact <u>Caleb Spiegel</u> or <u>Pam Loring</u>.

#### What if I have eagles on my list?

If your project has the potential to disturb or kill eagles, you may need to <u>obtain a permit</u> to avoid violating the Eagle Act should such impacts occur.

#### Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report

The migratory bird list generated is not a list of all birds in your project area, only a subset of birds of priority concern. To learn more about how your list is generated, and see options for identifying what other birds may be in your project area, please see the FAQ "What does IPaC use to generate the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location". Please be aware this report provides the "probability of presence" of birds within the 10 km grid cell(s) that overlap your project; not your exact project footprint. On the graphs provided, please also look carefully at the survey effort (indicated by the black vertical bar) and for the existence of the "no data" indicator (a red horizontal bar). A high survey effort is the key component. If the survey effort is high, then the probability of presence score can be viewed as more dependable. In contrast, a low survey effort bar or no data bar means a lack of data and, therefore, a lack of certainty about presence of the species. This list is not perfect; it is simply a starting point for identifying what birds of concern have the potential to be in your project area, when they might be there, and if they might be breeding (which means nests might be present). The list helps you know what to look for to confirm presence, and helps guide you in knowing when to implement conservation measures to avoid or minimize potential impacts from your project activities, should presence be confirmed. To learn more about conservation measures, visit the FAQ "Tell me about conservation measures I can implement to avoid or minimize impacts to migratory birds" at the bottom of your migratory bird trust resources page.



# National Wildlife Refuge lands

Any activity proposed on lands managed by the <u>National Wildlife Refuge</u> system must undergo a 'Compatibility Determination' conducted by the Refuge. Please contact the individual Refuges to discuss any questions or concerns.

THERE ARE NO REFUGE LANDS AT THIS LOCATION.

# Fish hatcheries

THERE ARE NO FISH HATCHERIES AT THIS LOCATION.

# Wetlands in the National Wetlands Inventory

Impacts to <u>NWI wetlands</u> and other aquatic habitats may be subject to regulation under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, or other State/Federal statutes.

For more information please contact the Regulatory Program of the local <u>U.S. Army Corps of Engineers District</u>.

Please note that the NWI data being shown may be out of date. We are currently working to update our NWI data set. We recommend you verify these results with a site visit to determine the actual extent of wetlands on site.

This location overlaps the following wetlands:

FRESHWATER FORESTED/SHRUB WETLAND

PFO1Ed

PSS1E

PFO1C

PFO1E

PSS1C

FRESHWATER POND

**PUBHx** 

**PUBHh** 

**RIVERINE** 

R2UBH

R5UBH

A full description for each wetland code can be found at the National Wetlands Inventory website

**Data limitations** 

The Service's objective of mapping wetlands and deepwater habitats is to produce reconnaissance level information on the location, type and size of these resources. The maps are prepared from the analysis of high altitude imagery. Wetlands are identified based on vegetation, visible hydrology and geography. A margin of error is inherent in the use of imagery; thus, detailed on-the-ground inspection of any particular site may result in revision of the wetland boundaries or classification established through image analysis.

The accuracy of image interpretation depends on the quality of the imagery, the experience of the image analysts, the amount and quality of the collateral data and the amount of ground truth verification work conducted. Metadata should be consulted to determine the date of the source imagery used and any mapping problems.

Wetlands or other mapped features may have changed since the date of the imagery or field work. There may be occasional differences in polygon boundaries or classifications between the information depicted on the map and the actual conditions on site.

#### **Data exclusions**

Certain wetland habitats are excluded from the National mapping program because of the limitations of aerial imagery as the primary data source used to detect wetlands. These habitats include seagrasses or submerged aquatic vegetation that are found in the intertidal and subtidal zones of estuaries and nearshore coastal waters. Some deepwater reef communities (coral or tuberficid worm reefs) have also been excluded from the inventory. These habitats, because of their depth, go undetected by aerial imagery.

#### **Data precautions**

Federal, state, and local regulatory agencies with jurisdiction over wetlands may define and describe wetlands in a different manner than that used in this inventory. There is no attempt, in either the design or products of this inventory, to define the limits of proprietary jurisdiction of any Federal, state, or local government or to establish the geographical scope of the regulatory programs of government agencies. Persons intending to engage in activities involving modifications within or adjacent to wetland areas should seek the advice of appropriate federal, state, or local agencies concerning specified agency regulatory programs and proprietary jurisdictions that may affect such activities.



# **MEMORANDUM**

To: David Gilmour, Laberge Group

From: Bonnie Von Ohlsen, AICP, RLA

Kimley Horn of NY, PC

Date: May 8, 2020

Subject: Millers Pond (former Minisceongo golf course site), Ramapo NY

**Response to Site Information request** 

As per our phone conversations and virtual meetings in April 2020, we are providing several responses to your requests for information regarding the Millers Pond site. Where we are still compiling some information/responses, and we have indicated below when we anticipate that to be delivered as well. The responses are listed in no particular order.

- 1. Are there are plans for sidewalks on Pomona Rd.?
  - Response While there are no current plans for sidewalks on Pomona Road, we are open to including sidewalks or other traffic control systems that might be necessary on Pomona Road.
- 2. Regarding the stone pillars on either side of the existing entry driveway, are they proposed to be removed, preserved, or rebuilt?
  - Response Our intent is to preserve and update the monuments, but should Pomona Road improvements (i.e. egress lane, traffic light, potential sidewalk, etc.) encroach too close to the monuments, we will replace them with new monuments and use the existing monuments for inspiration.
- 3. Is the intention for the adaptively reused clubhouse to be open to the public? Or will it be for homeowners assoc./residents only? What facilities will be available?
  - Response It is likely that the lower level will be dedicated homeowner association amenities such as men's and women's fitness, yoga, lounge, etc. The main level, including the center space with vaulted ceiling, will initially support sales and marketing of the project, continuing to serve as our sales information center. As part of this, we will build out 3 new temporary sales offices in the western end of the large meeting room. The balance of the main level, including the dining room, kitchen and outside deck, may be converted to a restaurant that would likely be open to the public. The balance of the large meeting room will likely be made available for homeowner association events and could be open to the public for select community events. Finally, a portion of the loft/upper



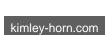
level will be dedicated to property management and developer support staff.

- 4. Regarding dedication of the roadways to the town, road ownership and road maintenance:
  - Response Our preference is to retain ownership of the roads in an effort to ensure timely, on-going maintenance.
- **5.** Regarding length of proposed trails, and materials envisioned:
  - Response The proposed trail system shown on the initial plan is approximately 11,100 linear feet (or 2.1 miles total). This includes proposed new trails connecting to existing cart paths to remain. New trails are intended to meet the same design width and material as the existing cart paths that traverse the site.
- 6. Regarding the documentation from NYSOPRHP (SHPO) and submittals on CRIS, we have provided the attached (see attachment 1):
  - Historic and archaeology letters received from SHPO
  - Copies of the 2 historic data submittals to CRIS (including photos of stone towers, clubhouse, cemetery)
- 7. Regarding wetlands, we have provided (see attachment 2):
  - Jurisdictional Determination letter from USACOE, dated 9/20/18
  - Wetland map dated 9/4/18, confirmed in the field by NYSDEC (signed map to be forwarded once available)
- 8. Project description, building types, visual appearance, architectural styles (preliminary elevations) are provided in Community-Architectural Overview dated 5/8/20 (see attachment 3).
- 9. Proposed building height summary (in stories and feet), with building number reference plan (provided in attachment 4).
- 10. Preliminary surface parking summary, excluding garages and driveways (provided in attachment 5).
- 11. Preliminary Geotechnical Engineering Report (GZA), July 2017 (provided in attachment 6).
- 12. Results of habitat/species desktop review (provided in attachment 7).



13. Perspective view from Camp Hill Road looking into the site (to the east) from the intersection of the proposed new road – to be provided next week (Tuesday, 5/12/20).

Enclosures/attachments 1 through 7





# Ramapo Paint Sludge Site - 344064



Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

0.35

0.17

0.7 km

MOUNT IVY LLC A NEW YORK LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

# RECEIVED

NYSDEC Region 3 - New Paltz Natural Resources

OLATION LAW."
JUCATION LAW."
PIRVEY MAP MARKED
TO BE



AMAPO E-3 TO

> REVISION 03-09-16 06-20-16 06 - 29 - 1603-04-16 ADDED DELINEATION AREAS A-D ADJACENT AREAS ADD NEW AREA "E" WETLAND FLAGES ADDED NYSDEC TH 16 31 AND U.S.ARMY NEW TOTAL AREA NYSDEC WETLANDS DESCRIPTION CORP.



ATZL, NASHER & ZIGLER P.C.

234 North Main Street

ENGINEERS-SURVEYORS-PLANNERS

New City, New York 10956 Fax: (845) 634-5543 Tel: (845) 634-4694

Fax: (845) 469-1016 (845) 469-1015

Chester, New York 10918

P.O. Box 636

Web: ANZNY.com

\_INDIFRIM LIMITED MOUNT IVY LLC &

**PARTNERSHIP** 

ROCKLAND COUNTY, NEW YORK TOWN OF RAMAPO

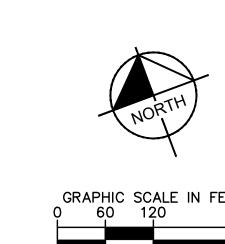
WETLAND DELINEATION MAP **NYSDEC WETLANDS** 

2028	PROJECT NO:	DATE: JANUARY 29, 2016	DRAWN BY: VC	
<b>—</b>	DRAWING NO:	SCALE: 1 IN. = 100 FT.	CHECKED BY: DMZ	

# NYSDEC FRESHWATER WETLAND BOUNDARY VALIDATION

Wetland boundary delineations as validated by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation remain valid for five (5) years unless existing exempt activities, area hydrology, or land use practices change (e.g., agricultural to residential). After five (5) years the boundary in ust be revalidated by	Date Valid: 8/1/6 Expiration Date: 8/1/8/ SEAL SEAL	DEC Staff: Midal Set 1 / / Surveyor/Engineer:	The freshwater wetland boundary as represented on these plans accurately depicts the limits of Freshwater Wetland 1H-16 TH-31 as delineated by 12 best 16 research
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wetland or within 100 feet of the wetland boundary as depicted on this plan requires a permit from the NYS (Freshwater Wetlands Act) prior to commencement of work. DEC staff. Revalidation may include a new delineation and survey of the wetland boundary. Department of Environmental Conservation under Article 24 of the Environmental Conservation Law Any proposed construction, grading, filling, excavating, clearing or other regulated activity in the freshwater



NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

Michael W. Junghans
N.Y. Professional Engineer
No. 072072

Kimley » Horn

SHEET NUMBER PK

From: <u>Von Ohlsen, Bonnie</u>

To: <u>David Gilmour (DGilmour@labergegroup.com)</u>

Cc: Nicole Allen (nallen@labergegroup.com); Junghans, Mike; Matt Rodgers (MRogers@Labergegroup.com); David

Schiff (David.Schiff@kimley-horn.com)

Bcc: Jay McDermott; Jessica Petraccoro; raphael@lantreedev.com; Daniel A. Ruzow (druzow@woh.com)

**Subject:** responses to email - Millers Pond Site **Date:** Monday, July 13, 2020 9:40:00 AM

Attachments: NYSDEC Natural Heritage Letter 06012020.pdf

2020-07-10 notes on Veg Wildlife.pdf

Plan to SHPO Dec 2019.pdf

Hi David - in response to your email of 7/10/20, please see below and attached:

- SHPO map with Area of Disturbance provided in December 2019 area of disturbance corresponding with that footprint is 94.3 acres.
- Steep slopes (provide information on areas of disturbance of slopes 15% or greater, and 25% or greater) areas provided on attachment
- See attached vegetation and wildlife narrative prepared by Peter Torgersen (2018)
- See attached NYSDEC Natural Heritage letter (June 2020)
- We will not be providing a grading plan at this point in the process.

#### Thank you

#### Bonnie Von Ohlsen, AICP, RLA (NY, CT, NJ), LEED Green Assoc. | Associate

**Kimley-Horn** | 1 North Lexington Avenue, Suite 1575, White Plains, NY 10601 Direct: 914 368 9196 | Main: 914 368 9200 | Mobile: 203 830 9081

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#### **Vegetation and Wildlife**

Notes from Peter Torgersen – Millers Pond site

#### Vegetation

Because the site was developed as a golf course the majority of the onsite habitat has been significantly altered. Because of this development there are a number of unranked cultural habitats to be found. Terrestrial Communities onsite are Urban Structure Exterior, Paved Path, Mowed Lawn and Mowed Lawn with Trees. There are two Riverine Communities onsite, Natural Stream with a ranking of G4 S3 and Ditch/Artificial Stream which is unranked cultural. There are two examples of Palustrine Communities onsite. The first is Red Maple/Hardwood Swamp with a rank of GS S4S5. The second is Shallow Emergent Marsh with a rank of GS SS. Terrestrial Communities found onsite is the Chestnut Oak Forest with a rank of GS S4. There are two Lacustrine Communities onsite, the first is Farm Pond/artificial pond and the second is Reservoir/artificial impoundment. The pond is located along the west edge of the site about halfway back and the artificial impoundment is the pond located at the south west corner of the site next to Pomona Road.

The upland forested portions of the site have Red Oak, White Oak, Red Maple, Black Cherry, Poplar, Tulip and Ash as typical species. Shrub species are Black Huckleberry, Multiflora Rose and Spice Bush. The forested wetland areas have Swamp White Oak, Red Maple, Pin Oak and River Birch as the dominant tree species. These wetlands have Highbush Blueberry, Spice Bush and Silky Dogwood as the dominant shrub layer. Ground cover within the forested wetlands is Soft Rush, Sensitive Fern, Cinnamon Fern, Sphagnum Moss, Skunk Cabbage and Tussock Sedge. There are a few small areas of emergent meadow wetlands to found onsite. These areas are dominated by Highbush Blueberry, Broadleaf Cattail, Skunk Cabbage, Soft Rush, Sensitive Fern and Tussock Sedge.

# Wildlife

The animal species present onsite are the usual ones found in a semirural setting in lower New York State. While working onsite during 2016 I saw Whitetail Deer, Cottontail Rabbit, Ground Hog, Grey Squirrel and Chipmunk. I saw footprints of Raccoons and Opossums along the banks of the stream. Reptile species observed were Garter Snake and Painted Turtle. American Toad, Green Frog Wood Frog and Leopard Frog were the only amphibians seen. Regarding bird sightings I consistently saw or heard Red tail Hawks, Wild Turkey, Blue Jay, Robin, Starlings, Catbirds and Carolina Wrens. The U.S Fish & Wildlife Service currently lists three animals that are known or believed to occur in Rockland County, these are the Indiana Bat, the Northern Long Eared Bat and the Bog Turtle. According to the11-30-17 letter from NYSDEC there are no state listed species within or near the project site. There have been no documented occurrences of either bat or turtle in Rockland County. The Timber Rattlesnake is a federally protected animal that is known to exist in the Palisade Park system specifically west of Route 202. The Indiana Bat and the Northern Long Eared Bat both prefer to roost and den in trees that have peeling or exfoliated bark and also receive a significant amount of sun. Living trees such as Shagbark Hickories are their first choice. Trees that are dead or damaged that have cracks or holes also are a prime example. Due to the previous golf course use any dead or damaged trees were routinely

removed. There is a small number of Shagbark Hickories still to be found onsite. Further north offsite and within the large wetland itself one may find numerous trees that conform to the published definition of potential roost trees. The Bog Turtle lives in fens or marshes that have a ground water source of hydrology as well as open habitat to allow them to sun themselves. The emergent meadow portions of the project site are fed primarily by storm water runoff, a feature that effectively eliminates these areas from being potential Bog Turtle habitat. Areas fed by storm water runoff have a water table that varies too much for the turtles to successfully hatch since any large storm will drown the eggs.



#### NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

Division of Fish and Wildlife, New York Natural Heritage Program 625 Broadway, Fifth Floor, Albany, NY 12233-4757 P: (518) 402-8935 | F: (518) 402-8925 www.dec.ny.gov

June 1, 2020

Audrey Vogel Kimley-Horn 1 N Lexington Ave, Suite 1575 White Plains, NY 1575

Re: Millers Pond

County: Rockland Town/City: Ramapo

Dear Ms. Vogel:

In response to your recent request, we have reviewed the New York Natural Heritage Program database with respect to the above project.

We have no records of rare or state-listed animals or plants, or significant natural communities at the project site or in its immediate vicinity.

The absence of data does not necessarily mean that rare or state-listed species, significant natural communities, or other significant habitats do not exist on or adjacent to the proposed site. Rather, our files currently do not contain information that indicates their presence. For most sites, comprehensive field surveys have not been conducted. We cannot provide a definitive statement on the presence or absence of all rare or state-listed species or significant natural communities. Depending on the nature of the project and the conditions at the project site, further information from on-site surveys or other resources may be required to fully assess impacts on biological resources.

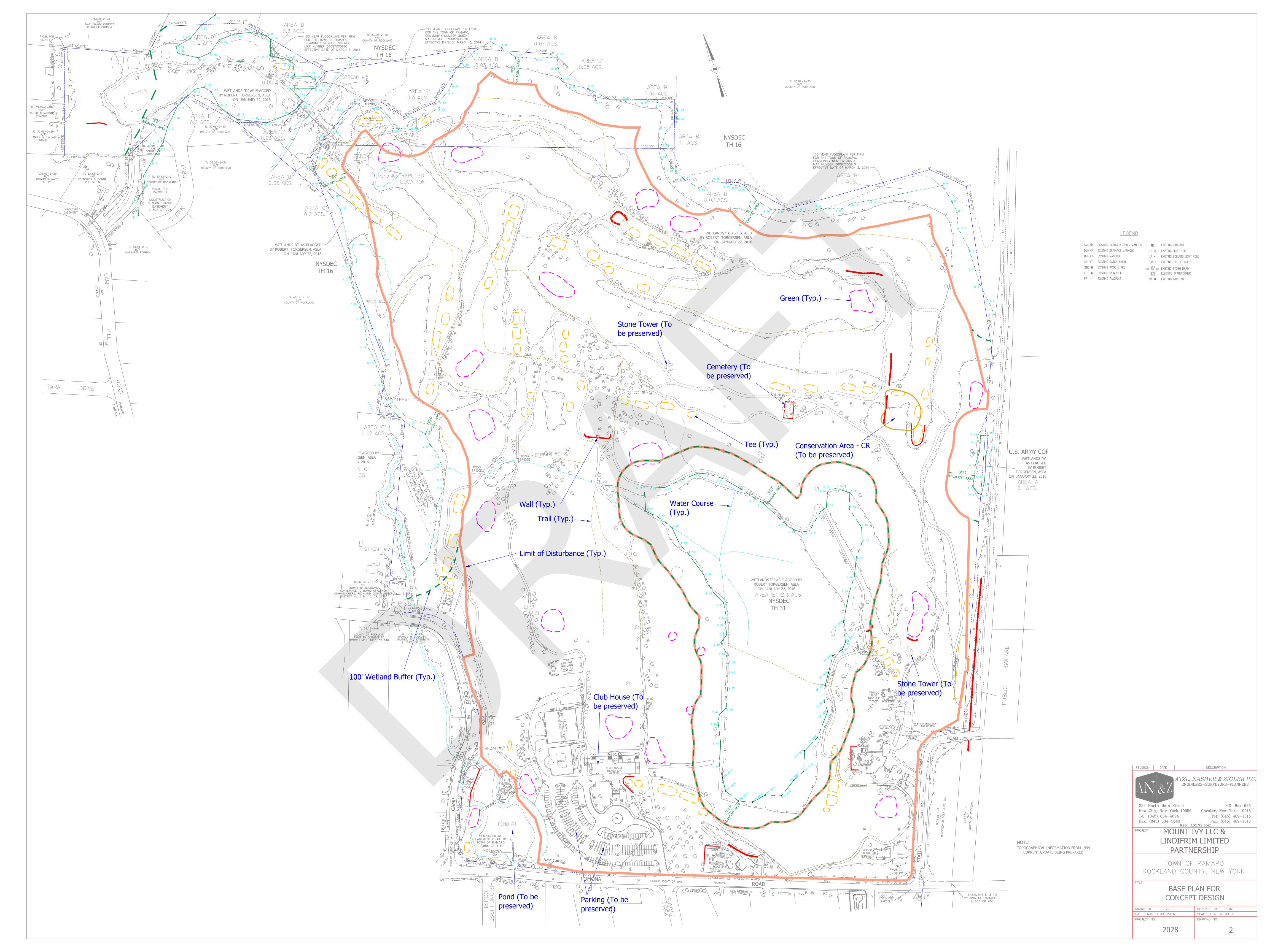
This response applies only to known occurrences of rare or state-listed animals and plants, significant natural communities, and other significant habitats maintained in the Natural Heritage database. Your project may require additional review or permits; for information regarding other permits that may be required under state law for regulated areas or activities (e.g., regulated wetlands), please contact the NYS DEC Region 3 Office, Division of Environmental Permits, at dep.r3@dec.ny.gov.

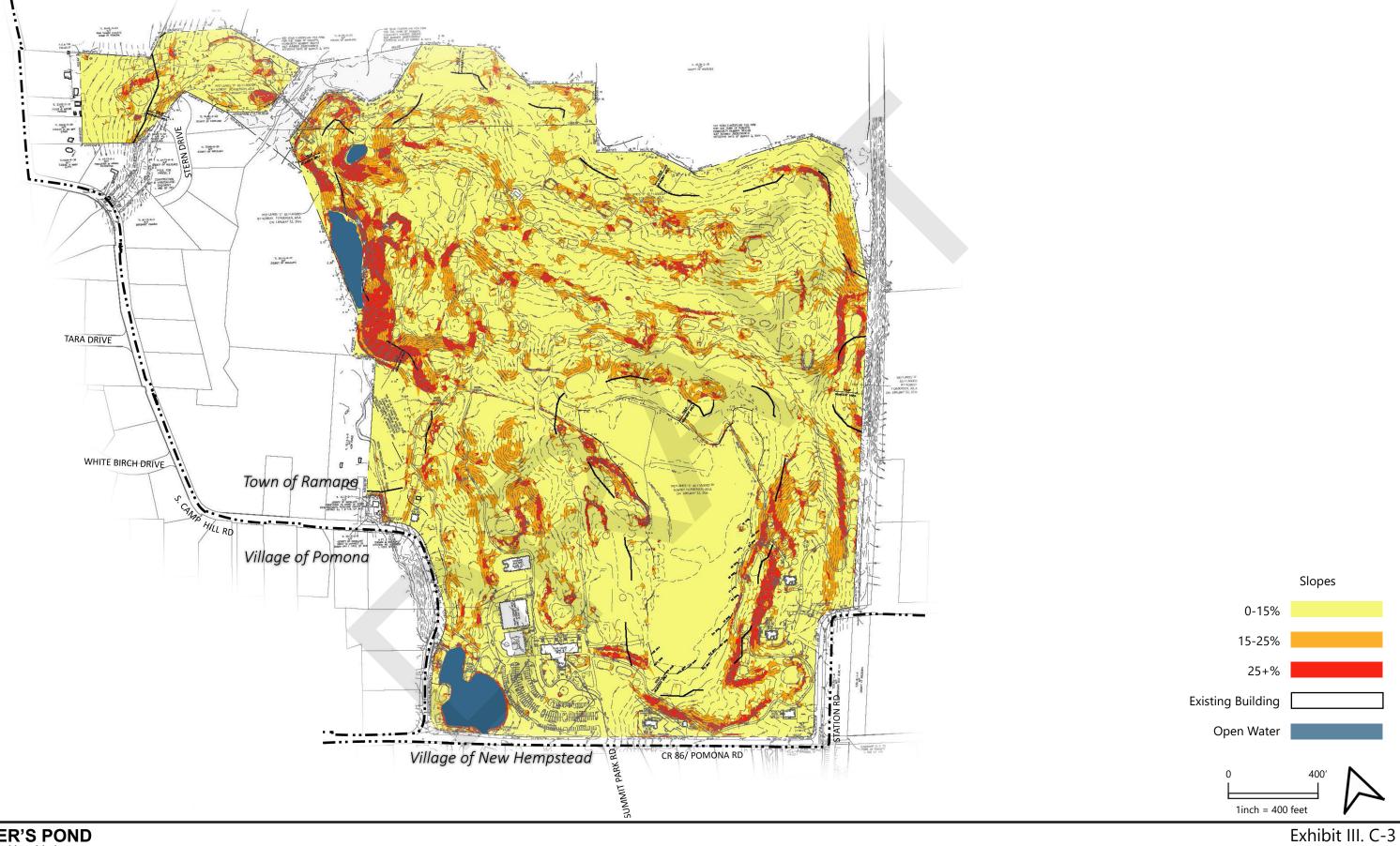
Sincerely,

Heidi Krahling

Environmental Review Specialist New York Natural Heritage Program







MILLER'S POND
Ramapo, New York
Kimley » Horn

Exhibit III. C-3

Slope Analysis

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